

1990

CENSUS OF
POPULATION
AND HOUSING

SERIES CPH (5)

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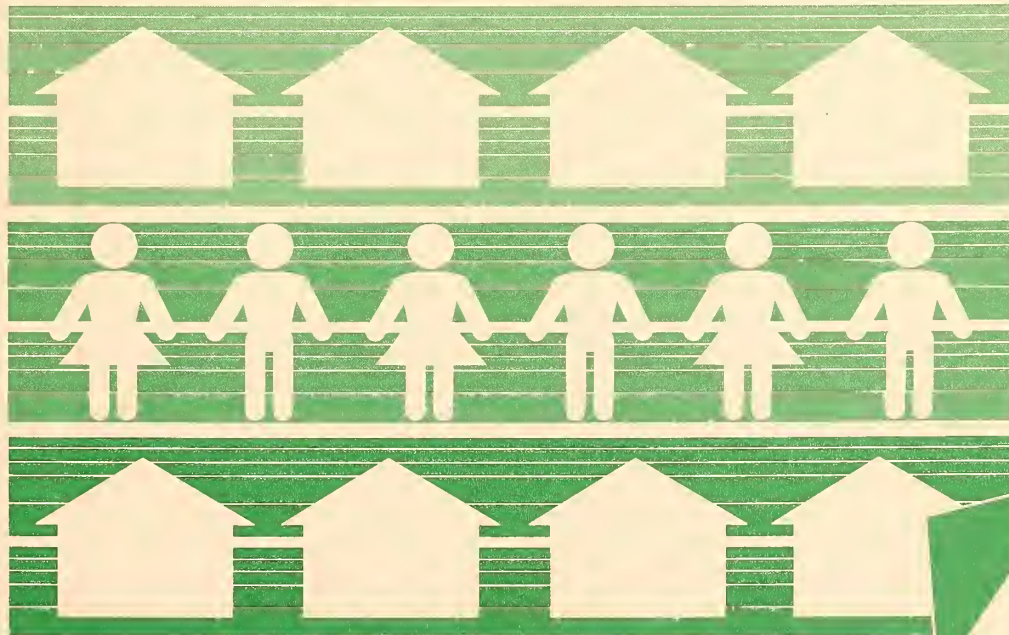


1990 Census of
Population and Housing
Summary Social, Economic,
and Housing Characteristics
Connecticut

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Decennial Planning Division, **Susan M. Miskura**, Chief, coordinated and directed all census operations. **Patricia A. Berman**, Assistant Division Chief for Content and Data Products, directed the development and implementation of the 1990 Census Tabulation and Publication Program. Other assistant division chiefs were **Robert R. Balr**, **Rachel F. Brown**, **James L. Dinwiddie**, **Allan A. Stephenson**, and **Edwin B. Wagner, Jr.** The following branch chiefs made significant contributions: **Cheryl R. Landman**, **Adolfo L. Paez**, **A. Edward Pike**, and **William A. Starr**. Other important contributors were **Linda S. Brudvig**, **Cindy S. Easton**, **Avis L. Foote**, **Carolyn R. Hay**, **Douglas M. Lee**, **Gloria J. Porter**, and **A. Nishea Quash**.

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The Technical Services Division, **C. Thomas DiNenna**, Chief, designed, developed, deployed, and produced automated technology for census data processing.

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1990 Census of
Population and Housing
Summary Social, Economic,
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County Subdivision			

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INTRODUCTION

Data from the 1990 census are presented in several different report series. These series are published under the following three subject titles:

1. 1990 Census of Population (1990 CP)
2. 1990 Census of Housing (1990 CH)
3. 1990 Census of Population and Housing (1990 CPH)

The types of data and the geographic areas shown in reports differ from one series to another. In most series, there is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands), plus a United States summary report. Some series include reports for American Indian and Alaska Native areas, metropolitan areas, and urbanized areas. See appendix F for detailed information about the various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; other related materials; and sources of assistance.

The data from the 1990 census were derived from a limited number of basic questions asked of the entire population and about every housing unit (referred to as the 100-percent questions), and from additional questions asked of a sample of the population and housing units (referred to as the sample questions). Two primary versions of questionnaires were used: a short form containing only the 100-percent questions and a long form containing both the 100-percent questions and the additional sample questions. Appendix E presents facsimiles of the questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data included in this report. Appendix F lists the subjects that are covered by the 100-percent and sample components of the 1990 census.

Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1990, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which is codified in Title 13, United States Code.

HOW TO FIND GEOGRAPHIC AREAS AND SUBJECT-MATTER DATA

This report includes a table finding guide to assist the user in locating those statistical tables that contain the data that are needed. The table finding guide lists alphabetically, by geographic area, the subjects shown in this report. To determine which tables in this report show data for a particular topic, find the subject in the left-hand column of the table finding guide and then look across the columns using the headings at the top for the desired type of geographic area. Below is an example of a table finding guide.

TABLE FINDING GUIDE

Subjects by Type of Geographic Area and Table Number

Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and types of geographic areas are shown at the top. For a description of area classifications, see appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B. Table numbers without reference letters in parentheses indicate data for the total population only. Data by race and Hispanic origin are indicated with reference letters in parentheses after the table numbers. Reference letters for population counts and subjects by race and Hispanic origin follow.

- (A) White, Black, American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut; Asian or Pacific Islander; Hispanic origin; White, not of Hispanic origin.
 (B) American Indian, Eskimo, Aleut, All Asian, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Cambodian, Hmong, Laotian, Thai, All Pacific Islander, Hawaiian, Samoan, Guamanian.
 (C) Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Other Hispanic origin, Dominican, Central American, Guatemalan, Honduran, Nicaraguan, Panamanian, Salvadoran, South American, Colombian, Ecuadorian, Peruvian.
 (D) Race by Hispanic origin.

Subject	The State		County		Place and (in selected States) county subdivision ²		American Indian and Alaska Native area ³
	Total	Urban, rural, size of place, and rural farm ¹	Total	Rural or rural farm	10,000 or more	2,500 to 9,999	
Age	20, 34, 65(B)	20, 56(A)	95, 106(A)	189, 171	135(A)	151	173(A)
Ancestry ...	17, 31	17	82	...	121	150	...
Disability ...	20, 34, 84(D)	20, 57(A)	95, 107(A)	...	136(A)	152	174(A)
Educational attainment	22, 36	22, 57(A)	97, 107(A)	169, 171	138(A)	160(A)	174(A)
Household type and relationship	21, 35	21, 56(A)	98, 108(A)	169, 171	135(A)	160(A)	173(A)
Industry	28, 40, 67(B)	28, 58(A)	101, 108(A), 116(B)	170, 172	137(A), 148(C)	181(A), 187(C)	175(A)
Poverty status	29, 43, 72(B)	29, 63(A)	104, 113(A), 117(B)	170, 172	142(A), 149(C)	182(A), 189(C)	180(A)
Residence in 1985 ...	23, 37, 67(B)	23, 60(A)	98, 110(A)	...	139(A)	155	177(A)
Veteran status	23, 37, 69(B)	23, 60(A)	98, 110(A)	...	139(A)	155	177(A)
Work status in 1989 ...	27, 41, 69(B)	27, 60(A)	102, 110(A)	...	139(A)	155	177(A)

... Not applicable.

¹Type of residence categories are less detailed in tables 56-64 (which show characteristics by race and Hispanic origin) than in other tables.

²The selected States are Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

³Characteristics are shown only for the American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut population.

Tables identified in the table finding guide with a reference letter in parentheses after the table number present characteristics for racial groups or persons of Hispanic origin. The tables without reference letters contain data for the total population only. The table finding guide does not include cross-classifications of subject-matter items, nor does it distinguish among tables presenting data for all persons or housing units and tables presenting data for subgroups (for example, persons under 18 years or renter-occupied housing units) unless it is necessary to locate the subject.

Additional information to locate data within specific reports often is provided in the headnote at the top of the table finding guide and in the footnotes at the bottom of the guide.

HOW TO USE THE STATISTICAL TABLES

Parts of a Statistical Table

The census data included in printed reports are arranged in tables. Each table includes four major parts: (1) *heading*, (2) *boxhead*, (3) *stub*, and (4) *data field*.

A typical census report table is illustrated below.

PARTS OF A STATISTICAL TABLE											
Table number and title			Headnote			Column head					
Heading			Stubhead			Boxhead					
Table 47. Labor Force Characteristics: 1999			Total			Total					
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- (NA) means not available.
- The prefix “r” indicates that the count has been revised since publication of 1980 reports or that the area was erroneously omitted or not shown in the correct geographic relationship in the 1980 census reports. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* reports.
- A dagger “†” next to the name of a geographic area indicates that there has been a geographic change(s) (for example, an annexation or detachment, a new incorporation, or a name change) since the information published for the 1980 census for that area. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* reports. The geographic change information for the entities in a State is shown in the “User Notes” section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* report, for that State. The information for all States appears in the “User Notes” section of the technical documentation for Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.
- A plus sign “+” or a minus sign “-” following a figure denotes that the median falls in the initial or terminal category of an open-ended distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under “Derived Measures” in appendix B.)
- A minus sign “-” preceding a figure denotes decrease.

The following geographic abbreviations are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A “(pt.)” next to the name of a geographic area in a hierarchical presentation indicates that the geographic entity is only partially located in the superior geographic entity. For example, a “(pt.)” next to a place name in a county subdivision-place hierarchy indicates that the place is located in more than one county subdivision. (Places also may be “split” by county, congressional district, urban/rural, metropolitan area, voting district, and other geographic boundaries, depending on the presentation.) Other geographic entities also can be “split” by a higher-level entity. The exception is a tabulation block, which is unique within all geographic entities in census products.
- BG is block group.
- BNA is block numbering area.
- CDP is census designated place.
- CMSA is consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- MA is metropolitan area.
- MSA is metropolitan statistical area.
- PMSA is primary metropolitan statistical area.
- TDSA is tribal designated statistical area.
- TJSA is tribal jurisdiction statistical area.

- unorg. is unorganized territory.
- VTD is voting district.

Census tables often include derived measures such as medians, means, percents, and ratios. More detailed information about derived measures is provided in appendix B.

GRAPHICS

Charts, statistical maps, and other graphic summaries are included in some 1990 census reports. If graphics are shown in a report, they are presented immediately after the “User Notes” section.

USER NOTES

User notes include corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. This section appears directly before the statistical tables in census reports unless graphics are shown. It presents information about unique characteristics of the report and changes or corrections made too late to be reflected in the text or tables themselves.

CONTENTS OF THE APPENDICES

Appendix A—Provides definitions of the types of geographic areas and related information used in census reports.

Appendix B—Contains definitions for the subject-matter items used in census reports, including explanations of derived measures, limitations of the data, and comparability with previous censuses. The subjects are listed alphabetically. In reports that contain both population and housing characteristics, the population characteristics are described first, followed by the explanations of the housing subjects.

Appendix C—Provides information on confidentiality of the data, allocations and substitutions, and sources of errors in the data.

Appendix D—Explains the residence rules used in counting the population and housing units, presents a brief overview of data collection operations, and describes processing procedures used to convert data from unedited questionnaires to final 1990 publications and tapes. This appendix also clarifies the procedures used to collect data for persons abroad at the time of the census, where persons on military bases or away at school were counted, how data were collected for persons in institutions, and which citizens of foreign countries were included in the U.S. data.

Appendix E—Presents a facsimile of the 1990 census questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data in this report.

Appendix F—Summarizes the 1990 census data products program by describing the information available in printed reports and in other sources, such as microfiche or computer tape; and provides information on where to obtain assistance.

Appendix G—Contains maps depicting the geographic areas shown in this report.

TABLE FINDING GUIDE

Subjects by Type of Geographic Area and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and types of geographic areas are shown at the top. For a description of area classifications, see appendix A. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B]

Subject	The State	County	Place		County subdivision		American Indian and Alaska Native area
			By county and county subdivision	Alphabetically for the State	By county	Alphabetically for the State ¹	
POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS							
Disability	7,8	7,8	7	8	7	8	
Educational attainment	3,4	3,4	3	4	3	4	17
Family type and presence of own children ..	1,2	1,2	1	2	1	2	...
Income in 1989	9,10	9,10	9	10	9	10	17
Labor force status	5,6	5,6	5	6	5	6	17
For persons 16 to 19 years by school enrollment and educational attainment ..	3,4	3,4	3	4	3	4	17
Labor force status in 1989—							
Weeks and hours worked	5,6	5,6	5	6	5	6	...
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English	1,2	1,2	1	2	1	2	...
Means of transportation to work	5,6	5,6	5	6	5	6	...
Nativity	1,2	1,2	1	2	1	2	...
Place of birth	1,2	1,2	1	2	1	2	...
Poverty status in 1989	9,10	9,10	9	10	9	10	17
Residence in 1985	1,2	1,2	1	2	1	2	...
School enrollment and type of school	3,4	3,4	3	4	3	4	17
Veteran status	3,4	3,4	3	4	3	4	...
HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS							
Bedrooms	11,12	11,12	11	12	11	12	...
Condominium	11,12	11,12	11	12	11	12	...
Gross rent	15,16	15,16	15	16	15	16	18
House heating fuel	13,14	13,14	13	14	13	14	...
Kitchen facilities	11,12	11,12	11	12	11	12	...
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	15,16	15,16	15	16	15	16	18
Plumbing facilities	11,12	11,12	11	12	11	12	18
Sewage disposal	11,12	11,12	11	12	11	12	...
Source of water	11,12	11,12	11	12	11	12	...
Telephone in unit	13,14	13,14	13	14	13	14	...
Tenure	15,16	15,16	15	16	15	16	18
Vehicles available	13,14	13,14	13	14	13	14	18
Year householder moved into unit	15,16	15,16	15	16	15	16	...
Year structure built	11,12	11,12	11	12	11	12	...

... Not applicable for this report.

¹County subdivisions within the State are shown alphabetically with places only in the reports for the following 12 States: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

USER NOTES

Additional information concerning this 1990 census product may be available at a later date. If you wish to receive these *User Notes*, contact:

Data User Services Division
Customer Services
Bureau of the Census
Washington, DC 20233
301-763-4100

Questions concerning the content of this report may be directed to:

Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division
Bureau of the Census
Washington, DC 20233

Population Division
Bureau of the Census
Washington, DC 20233

ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF DATA

GENERAL

User Note 1

Age Reporting—Review of detailed 1990 information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age on April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round up their age if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in completed months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous

censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the discussion on comparability under "Age" in appendix B.)

User Note 2

The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the text provided with this report for further explanations on the limitations of the data.

User Note 3

The data shown in this product for persons enumerated in "visible in street locations" are incorrect and should not be used. Only the 100-percent data shown in data products, such as Summary Tape Files (STF's) 1 and 2 and in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics* State reports should be used for persons enumerated at "visible in street locations."

During "Shelter and Street Night Enumeration," all visible persons on the streets were asked only the basic 100-percent population questions (age, sex, marital status, race, and Hispanic origin).

During census processing of sample data, information from the long-form questionnaire was inadvertently assigned to a very small percentage of the visible in street population.

User Note 4

The estimated population totals for persons in group quarters, specifically by group quarters type, that are based on census sample tabulations may differ from comparable figures shown in 100-percent tabulations. Such differences result, in part, from sampling variability which occurs because information was obtained from a sample of the population rather than from all persons. Differences also occur because of nonsampling errors which affect the 100-percent and sample data. Examples of nonsampling errors include respondent and enumerator errors, processing errors, and nonresponse.

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source for data on group quarters type when the primary focus is on counts of the population in group quarters, especially for small areas such as census tracts/BNAs or blocks. When the group quarters population is shown by characteristics covered only on a sample

basis (for example, education, labor force status, income, etc.), the sample figures should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

For more information on the limitations of 100-percent and sample data for persons in group quarters and the classification of group quarters type, see appendix B. Reasons for the differences between 100-percent and sample totals will be an important focus of post-census research and evaluation.

User Note 5

Estimated population and housing unit totals based on tabulations from only the sample questionnaires (sample tabulations) may differ from the official counts as tabulated from every census questionnaire (100-percent tabulations). Such differences result, in part, because the sample tabulations are based on information from a sample of households rather than from all households (sampling error). Differences also can occur because the interview situation (length of questionnaire, effect of the interviewer, etc.) and the processing rules differ between the 100-percent and sample tabulations. These types of differences are referred to as nonsampling errors. (For more information on nonsampling error, see appendix C.)

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source of information on population and housing items collected on the 100-percent questionnaire, such as age, race, Hispanic origin, number of rooms, and tenure. This is especially appropriate when the primary focus is on counts of the population or housing units for small areas such as census tracts/BNAs, block groups, and for American Indian and Alaska Native areas. For estimates of counts of persons and housing units by characteristics asked only on a sample basis (such as education, labor force status, income, and source of water), the sample estimates should be used within the context of the error associated with them.

Many users are interested in tabulations of items collected on the sample cross-classified by items collected on a 100-percent basis such as age, race, sex, Hispanic origin, and housing units by tenure. Given the way the weights were applied during sample tabulations, generally, there is exact agreement between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for total population and total housing units for most geographic areas. At the State level and higher geographic levels, sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on would be reasonably similar and, in some cases, the same.

At smaller geographic levels, including census tract/ BNA, there is still general agreement between 100-percent counts and sample estimates of total population or housing units. At smaller geographic levels, however, there will be expected differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of

rooms and so on. In these cases, users may want to consider using derived measures (such as means and medians) or percent distributions. Whether using absolute numbers or derived measures for small population groups and for a small number of housing units in small geographic areas, users should be cautioned that the sampling error associated with these data may be large.

Even though the differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for these categories are generally small, the differences for the American Indian, as well as the Hispanic origin populations, are relatively larger than for other groups. The following provides some explanation for these differences.

State-level sample estimates of the number of American Indians are generally higher than the corresponding 100-percent counts. It appears the differences are primarily the result of proportionately higher reporting of "Cherokee" tribe on sample questionnaires. This phenomenon occurs primarily in off-reservation areas. The reasons for the greater reporting of Cherokee on sample forms are not fully known at this time. The Census Bureau will do research to provide more information on this phenomenon.

For the Hispanic origin population, sample estimates at the State level are generally lower than the corresponding 100-percent counts. The majority of difference is caused by the 100-percent and sample processing of the Hispanic question on the sample questionnaire when the respondent did not mark any response category. When processing the sample, we used written entries in race or Hispanic origin as well as responses to questions only asked on the sample, such as ancestry and place of birth. These procedures led to a lower proportion of persons being assigned as Hispanic in sample processing than were assigned during 100-percent processing. The Census Bureau will evaluate the effectiveness of the 100-percent and sample procedures.

As in previous censuses, the Census Bureau will evaluate the quality of the data and make this information available to data users. In the meanwhile, both 100-percent and sample data serve very important purposes and, therefore, should be used within the limitations of the sampling and nonsampling errors.

User Note 6

Data presented in tables 15 and 16 for "Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989" (With a mortgage), "Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989" (Not mortgaged), and "Median gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989" are inconsistent with the explanations for derived measures in appendix B. Specifically, when the median falls in the lower interval of the tabulation distribution, the estimated value obtained by linear interpolation is shown rather than the upper value of the category followed by a minus sign (-). The lower interval has an assumed range of 0.0 to 19.9 percent.

User Note 7

Some American Indian areas that have small counts of American Indians, Eskimos, and Aleuts in the 100-percent data have zero estimates of American Indians, Eskimos, and Aleuts based on the sample tabulations shown in selected data products. This occurs because there is a statistical chance that a small population will not appear in sample. The American Indian area affected is Golden Hill Reservation.

User Note 8

The latitude and longitude values shown by tick marks in the margins of the County Subdivision Outline Maps in appendix G are approximate. They are shown only for general reference. They are displayed accurately on the State and County Outline Maps.

Table 1. Selected Social Characteristics: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Subdivision Place	All persons			Persons 5 years and over		Persons 18 years and over		Persons who speak a language other than English at home		Family households		Female householder, no husband present				
	Total	Percent foreign born	Native	Percent living in different household in 1985	Persons 5 to 17 years		Persons 18 years and over		Percent with own children under 18 years	Married-couple family						
					Total	Percent who do not speak English "very well"	Total	Percent who do not speak English "very well"		Total	Percent with own children under 18 years					
The State	3 287 116	8.5	3 007 733	62.3	3 040 000	42.6	78 041	34.3	388 134	40.5	872 211	44.9	698 701	44.1	136 381	52.6
Fairfield County	827 645	12.2	726 684	53.0	770 921	41.5	25 792	32.4	116 451	43.0	221 562	44.0	179 266	44.0	33 249	48.3
Berlin town	16 845	9.2	16 015	53.3	16 178	40.5	132	12.1	11 144	39.0	4 663	53.5	4 088	55.2	430	50.5
Berlin COP	8 835	9.5	8 015	53.3	8 178	40.5	115	12.1	11 144	39.0	4 663	53.5	4 088	55.2	430	50.5
Bridgport town	141 686	14.6	120 955	61.7	130 224	49.9	10 922	38.6	36 136	49.1	34 819	50.5	22 076	46.4	10 484	40.8
Bridgport COP	141 686	14.6	120 955	61.7	130 224	49.9	10 922	38.6	36 136	49.1	34 819	50.5	22 076	46.4	10 484	40.8
Brookfield town	14 113	7.2	13 099	39.6	13 149	45.2	226	6.2	1 150	22.8	3 981	48.2	3 653	47.3	272	63.6
Danbury town	65 585	15.0	55 747	51.6	60 844	47.4	1 969	38.5	10 440	54.6	16 794	45.0	13 634	46.5	2 362	42.4
Danbury COP	65 585	15.0	55 747	51.6	60 844	47.4	1 969	38.5	10 440	54.6	16 794	45.0	13 634	46.5	2 362	42.4
Darien town	18 120	10.9	16 151	36.4	16 724	36.1	326	28.8	1 385	28.9	5 197	46.9	4 515	47.5	456	38.4
Darien COP	18 120	10.9	16 151	36.4	16 724	36.1	326	28.8	1 385	28.9	5 197	46.9	4 515	47.5	456	38.4
Easton town	6 319	8.5	5 780	61.6	5 918	23.3	79	21.5	584	35.4	1 820	42.0	1 629	44.9	172	18.6
Easton COP	6 319	8.5	5 780	61.6	5 918	23.3	79	21.5	584	35.4	1 820	42.0	1 629	44.9	172	18.6
Fairfield town	53 418	7.9	49 203	55.5	50 301	36.2	594	16.5	4 610	47.2	14 955	38.4	12 374	39.6	1 121	32.4
Greenwich town	58 441	17.5	48 242	37.9	55 212	40.2	1 824	32.6	7 275	38.2	15 932	40.5	13 230	41.8	2 026	41.1
Monroe town	16 896	5.8	15 924	62.9	15 626	36.0	276	13.4	1 723	21.8	4 712	51.9	4 351	53.2	276	40.6
Monroe COP	16 896	5.8	15 924	62.9	15 626	36.0	276	13.4	1 723	21.8	4 712	51.9	4 351	53.2	276	40.6
New Canaan town	12 911	6.6	12 061	35.0	11 987	42.7	98	13.3	1 068	25.4	3 550	47.3	3 275	47.2	276	40.6
New Canaan COP	12 911	6.6	12 061	35.0	11 987	42.7	98	13.3	1 068	25.4	3 550	47.3	3 275	47.2	276	40.6
Newtown town	20 779	5.5	19 640	55.3	19 299	40.3	1 112	17.0	1 111	25.4	5 540	51.4	4 975	52.3	440	51.6
Newtown COP	20 779	5.5	19 640	55.3	19 299	40.3	1 112	17.0	1 111	25.4	5 540	51.4	4 975	52.3	440	51.6
Newtown borough	78 800	5.6	1 700	52.6	1 687	36.1	18	33.3	88	26.1	528	44.5	467	45.2	51	43.1
Norwalk town	78 331	13.3	67 910	55.7	73 009	41.5	2 622	29.1	11 075	49.1	20 662	39.9	16 455	39.1	3 339	46.0
Norwalk COP	78 331	13.3	67 910	55.7	73 009	41.5	2 622	29.1	11 075	49.1	20 662	39.9	16 455	39.1	3 339	46.0
Redding town	7 920	4.0	7 361	59.4	7 368	40.7	77	28.6	393	19.1	2 283	48.0	2 101	47.4	132	15.6
Redding COP	7 920	4.0	7 361	59.4	7 368	40.7	77	28.6	393	19.1	2 283	48.0	2 101	47.4	132	15.6
Georgetown COP (pt.)	351	6.8	19 517	28.8	19 415	41.5	234	14.5	1 228	20.4	6 010	47.6	5 408	49.1	475	36.8
Ridgfield town	6 363	8.9	5 795	29.9	5 945	46.9	65	9.2	555	22.3	1 802	43.7	1 565	47.2	176	23.0
Shelton town	35 418	7.6	32 726	73.3	32 889	38.0	590	15.9	3 351	35.8	9 733	44.6	8 521	44.9	866	43.0
Shelton COP	35 418	7.6	32 726	73.3	32 889	38.0	590	15.9	3 351	35.8	9 733	44.6	8 521	44.9	866	43.0
Shelton town	2 784	18.5	2 603	37.7	2 619	34.7	22	22.7	19 432	33.3	28 860	43.4	21 788	44.7	5 181	32.4
Shelton COP	2 784	18.5	2 603	37.7	2 619	34.7	22	22.7	19 432	33.3	28 860	43.4	21 788	44.7	5 181	32.4
Stamford town	108 056	18.6	87 981	51.5	100 663	45.2	3 647	29.2	19 432	46.4	28 103	41.3	21 485	41.2	5 181	45.5
Stamford COP	108 056	18.6	87 981	51.5	100 663	45.2	3 647	29.2	19 432	46.4	28 103	41.3	21 485	41.2	5 181	45.5
Stamford town	49 389	6.2	46 348	73.3	46 497	30.5	543	26.7	4 634	33.2	13 949	37.3	11 470	38.5	1 909	37.0
Stamford COP	49 389	6.2	46 348	73.3	46 497	30.5	543	26.7	4 634	33.2	13 949	37.3	11 470	38.5	1 909	37.0
Stamford town	32 000	9.6	28 939	64.9	30 089	28.4	608	19.4	3 743	32.9	9 142	39.7	8 152	40.9	747	31.3
Stamford COP	32 000	9.6	28 939	64.9	30 089	28.4	608	19.4	3 743	32.9	9 142	39.7	8 152	40.9	747	31.3
Trombly town	8 637	9.6	8 041	26.3	8 031	39.2	92	46.7	484	18.4	2 516	47.8	2 346	48.1	124	48.4
Trombly COP	8 637	9.6	8 041	26.3	8 031	39.2	92	46.7	484	18.4	2 516	47.8	2 346	48.1	124	48.4
Weston town	166	7.2	154	24.7	155	25.2	—	—	13	53.8	54	—	—	—	—	—
Weston COP (pt.)	166	7.2	154	24.7	155	25.2	—	—	13	53.8	54	—	—	—	—	—
Westport town	24 424	12.2	21 450	28.8	23 057	40.3	354	27.4	2 116	23.9	7 001	38.5	6 072	38.9	665	41.7
Westport COP (pt.)	24 424	12.2	21 450	28.8	23 057	40.3	354	27.4	2 116	23.9	7 001	38.5	6 072	38.9	665	41.7
Wilton town	15 993	8.1	14 705	30.9	14 883	41.3	181	24.9	1 015	21.6	4 576	47.3	4 338	47.8	383	40.5
Georgetown COP (pt.)	1 147	13.5	1 092	45.3	1 066	40.9	8	—	129	45.7	356	51.4	138	50.0	16	—
Hartford County	851 783	10.0	766 436	63.0	794 497	43.2	26 134	37.7	122 979	43.9	226 004	44.5	175 391	42.5	40	55.9
Avon town	13 937	5.8	13 124	48.0	13 171	46.4	87	21.8	848	29.7	4 009	41.0	3 739	40.8	192	48.4
Berlin town	16 787	8.8	15 302	82.8	15 707	29.7	339	19.5	2 972	32.0	4 777	42.4	4 294	42.4	360	44.2
Berlin COP	16 787	8.8	15 302	82.8	15 707	29.7	339	19.5	2 972	32.0	4 777	42.4	4 294	42.4	360	44.2
Kensington town	8 306	10.1	7 470	84.4	7 795	30.0	154	30.5	1 134	31.8	2 306	43.1	2 062	42.3	75	57.7
Kensington COP	8 306	10.1	7 470	84.4	7 795	30.0	154	30.5	1 134	31.8	2 306	43.1	2 062	42.3	75	57.7
Blue Hills COP	3 290	15.6	2 776	56.9	3 110	35.9	29	—	213	16.9	815	37.7	4 561	37.6	180	32.2
Bristol town	60 640	7.0	56 392	74.0	56 412	41.9	781	24.3	7 559	38.3	16 750	43.7	13 852	43.1	2 242	55.0
Bristol COP	60 640	7.0	56 392	74.0	56 412	41.9	781	24.3	7 559	38.3	16 750	43.7	13 852	43.1	2 242	55.0
Bristol town	9 026	4.0	8 372	70.1	8 471	34.7	64	41.9	739	19.3	16 900	52.1	2 242	55.0	173	56.1
Bristol COP	9 026	4.0	8 372	70.1	8 471	34.7	64	41.9	739	19.3	16 900	52.1	2 242	55.0	173	56.1
Canton town	8 268	3.0	8 022	64.4	7 690	39.6	43	—	380	28.2	2 327	44.9	2 037	44.7	747	47.7
Canton COP	8 268	3.0	8 022	64.4	7 690	39.6	43	—	380	28.2	2 327	44.9	2 037	44.7	747	47.7
Collinsville COP	1 482	5.7	1 398	65.5	1 395	39.1	5	100.0	115	31.3	389	44.2	1 181	55.1	54	45.9
East Granby town	4 302	4.5	4 110	59.6	3 987	36.1	6	—	195	16.4	1 273	44.2	1 149	43.9	78	52.6
Windsor Locks COP (pt.)	50 452	10.7	45 035	67.8	47 256	41.5	1 002	27.8	7 457	39.6	13 521	40.2	10 323	37.5	2 755	50.9
East Hartford town	50 452	10.7	45 035	67.8	47 256	41.5	1 002	27.8	7 457	39.6	13 521	40.2	10 323	37.5	2 755	50.9
East Hartford COP	50 452	10.7	45 035	67.8	47 256	41.5	1 002	27.8	7 457	39.6	13 521	40.2	10 323	37.5	2 755	50.9
Enfield town	45 532	5.6	43 1 8													

Table 1. Selected Social Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Country Subdivision Place	All persons			Persons 5 years and over			Persons who speak a language other than English at home			Family households			Female householder, no hus- band present	
	Total	Percent foreign born	Native	Persons 5 to 17 years		Percent living in different house in 1985	Persons 18 years and over		Married-couple family		Percent with own children under 18 years			
				Total	Percent who do not speak English "very well"		Total	Percent who do not speak English "very well"	Total	Percent with own children under 18 years				
Hartford County—Con.	139 739	15.3	118 297	51.7	128 130	55.1	12 819	44.1	37 704	52.3	14 413	45.7	14 503	68.9
Hartford town—Con.	1 865	3.4	1 801	70.4	1 690	36.6	3	100.0	67	34.3	51.3	52.2	51.3	52.8
Hartford town	32	—	32	21.9	32	71.9	—	—	—	—	33.3	33.3	—	—
North Granby, CDP (pt.)	51 618	6.4	48 340	66.3	48 078	46.6	496	31.0	3 756	33.8	13 930	44.3	2 210	58.4
Manchester town	30 934	6.1	29 047	67.7	28 761	46.6	262	33.6	2 117	32.4	8 260	44.3	1 372	57.9
Central Manchester CDP	5 355	4.3	5 299	63.0	5 047	32.3	160	53.3	1 177	39.3	1 588	51.6	95	40.0
Middletown town	12 017	1.2	11 793	67.0	11 623	36.3	160	63.0	37	33.3	1 263	51.6	126	40.0
New Britain town	75 491	16.5	63 047	66.4	70 359	48.3	4 793	48.0	21 110	50.5	19 074	43.5	4 489	58.0
New Britain city	75 491	16.5	63 047	66.4	70 359	48.3	4 793	48.0	21 110	50.5	19 074	43.5	4 489	58.0
Newington town	29 208	10.9	26 014	75.0	27 684	35.5	620	20.6	4 313	43.1	8 252	38.2	1 133	41.4
Newington CDP	29 208	10.9	26 014	75.0	27 684	35.5	620	20.6	4 313	43.1	8 252	38.2	1 133	41.4
Plainville town	17 392	8.9	15 846	74.7	16 307	35.8	225	13.3	2 105	42.1	4 786	42.3	617	49.7
Plainville CDP	16 554	8.8	15 095	70.8	15 278	35.8	215	13.3	2 105	42.1	4 786	42.3	617	49.7
Rocky Hill town	25 638	7.9	25 140	60.8	25 988	43.8	439	23.1	2 605	32.6	7 474	36.3	880	41.1
Simsbury town	25 638	7.9	25 140	60.8	25 988	43.8	439	23.1	2 605	32.6	7 474	36.3	880	41.1
Simsbury Center CDP	1 447	4.4	1 383	55.5	1 315	41.7	46	10.9	332	35.2	1 577	48.6	519	57.2
Torrville CDP	607	6.6	581	68.1	603	39.7	128	38.3	979	43.6	3 444	38.4	454	36.8
West Hartford town	2 482	7.1	2 307	40.5	2 344	39.7	9	55.6	102	42.2	683	49.0	52	50.0
West Simsbury CDP	2 482	7.1	2 307	40.5	2 344	39.7	9	55.6	102	42.2	683	49.0	52	50.0
West Hartford CDP	2 041	5.8	1 923	44.9	1 965	35.8	427	22.2	85	35.3	572	48.1	48	48.3
South Windsor town	38 510	6.0	36 194	74.7	36 036	35.1	199	19.9	1 764	37.9	10 914	45.4	1 099	40.3
South Windsor CDP	22 090	5.9	20 584	64.8	20 506	44.7	314	29.4	1 764	37.9	6 323	47.9	592	43.6
Surfield town	11 427	3.7	11 003	47.0	10 676	40.6	292	26.0	585	41.7	3 212	44.6	281	33.4
Surfield Depot CDP	1 286	5.8	1 212	43.8	1 249	51.4	25	80.0	86	50.0	267	37.8	25	24.0
West Hartford town	60 110	12.4	52 686	61.2	56 856	36.7	1 196	28.3	7 668	44.1	16 229	38.8	2 099	40.7
West Hartford CDP	60 110	12.4	52 686	61.2	56 856	36.7	1 196	28.3	7 668	44.1	16 229	38.8	2 099	40.7
West Hartford CDP (pt.)	25 451	12.3	22 485	76.8	24 318	28.6	350	8.0	4 176	41.7	7 308	34.3	907	33.2
Wethersfield town	25 451	12.3	22 485	76.8	24 318	28.6	350	8.0	4 176	41.7	7 308	34.3	907	33.2
Wethersfield CDP (pt.)	27 817	9.6	25 140	60.8	25 988	43.8	439	23.1	2 605	32.6	7 474	36.3	880	41.1
Windsor town	27 817	9.6	25 140	60.8	25 988	43.8	439	23.1	2 605	32.6	7 474	36.3	880	41.1
Windsor Locks town	12 358	6.6	11 537	68.1	11 591	39.7	128	38.3	979	43.6	3 444	38.4	454	36.8
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	12 358	6.6	11 537	68.1	11 591	39.7	128	38.3	979	43.6	3 444	38.4	454	36.8
Litchfield County	174 092	5.4	164 671	68.6	162 113	39.6	1 596	29.1	11 563	33.5	48 011	44.8	5 298	45.7
Berkshires town	3 369	1.4	3 322	65.4	3 142	40.9	22	50.0	71	26.8	1 028	45.0	86	32.6
Berkshires CDP	3 369	1.4	3 322	65.4	3 142	40.9	22	50.0	71	26.8	1 028	45.0	86	32.6
Bethlehem town	3 112	4.7	2 966	71.0	2 911	38.1	5	—	149	23.5	830	48.4	10	66.7
Bethlehem CDP	2 004	4.9	1 906	70.5	1 878	39.8	—	—	90	32.2	545	45.9	18	44.4
Canaan town	1 654	5.4	1 565	53.7	1 578	35.7	14	—	80	10.7	471	39.3	30	33.3
Canterbury town	1 325	5.1	1 277	76.0	1 248	30.6	—	—	43	36.7	401	41.1	29	51.7
Canterbury CDP	1 325	5.1	1 277	76.0	1 248	30.6	—	—	43	36.7	401	41.1	29	51.7
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390	39.7	39	33.3
Canterbury CDP (pt.)	1 414	6.9	1 316	52.2	1 319	37.0	—	—	93	26.9	390			

Table 1. Selected Social Characteristics: 1990—Cont.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	All persons			Persons 5 years and over		Persons who speak a language other than English at home		Persons 18 years and over		Percent with own children under 18 years		Family households		Female householder, no husband present	
	Total	Percent foreign born	Native	Total	Percent living in different household in 1985	Total	Percent who do not speak English "very well"	Total	Percent who do not speak English "very well"	Total	Percent with own children under 18 years	Married-couple family	Total		
Middlesex County—Con.															
Chester town	3 422	3.0	3 319	3 259	41.8	7	100.0	101	36.6	931	49.9	830	51.3	88	44.3
Chester Center CDP	1 628	4.2	1 599	1 548	49.7	99	25.3	54	48.1	438	52.7	392	55.1	38	39.5
Clinon town	12 736	2.8	12 736	11 757	45.1	99	25.3	578	35.8	3 458	50.3	2 926	51.4	405	47.4
Cromwell CDP	3 374	4.0	3 374	3 108	51.2	91	100.0	232	37.9	884	40.3	711	40.4	105	49.1
Deep River town	4 298	4.9	4 086	4 019	38.1	3	—	138	36.9	3 235	39.5	2 778	41.9	384	25.8
Deep River Center CDP	2 375	5.8	2 375	2 366	38.4	—	—	241	25.3	1 142	44.7	954	45.3	136	42.5
Enfield town	2 520	2.0	2 520	2 385	32.7	25	24.0	180	24.4	1 566	49.9	1 367	52.7	94	35.1
Enfield Center CDP	2 520	2.0	2 520	2 385	32.7	25	24.0	180	24.4	1 566	49.9	1 367	52.7	94	35.1
East Haddam town	6 326	3.3	6 326	6 217	49.3	25	100.0	331	17.5	1 877	48.0	1 650	48.9	165	39.4
East Haddam CDP	1 125	1.5	1 108	1 012	44.3	—	—	74	43.2	303	52.1	223	57.8	55	30.9
East Hampton town	10 428	2.5	10 166	9 654	40.1	61	11.5	349	31.2	2 928	48.6	2 537	48.6	217	58.1
East Hampton CDP	2 327	1.2	2 300	2 112	37.3	21	33.3	76	31.6	667	42.9	499	38.3	74	47.0
Lake Pocotung CDP	3 072	2.1	3 009	2 867	50.3	19	—	118	33.1	809	48.5	670	47.5	80	77.5
Essex town	5 044	4.0	5 044	4 828	45.4	17	58.8	190	41.6	1 618	37.9	1 404	40.4	204	55.4
Essex Village CDP	2 604	3.7	2 568	2 460	37.1	17	—	54	33.3	1 660	37.9	1 347	36.7	106	46.2
Haddam town	6 769	2.9	6 588	6 359	27.4	72	—	440	22.0	1 883	47.7	1 707	47.6	134	50.7
Higdon CDP	1 644	2.9	1 597	1 542	25.9	9	—	125	8.0	451	37.7	395	38.0	52	30.8
Killingworth town	4 905	3.8	4 719	4 603	35.4	36	—	153	12.4	1 390	47.1	1 254	49.4	99	28.3
Madison town	3 925	1.8	3 853	3 639	32.2	33	—	234	24.4	1 156	41.1	1 018	40.9	97	32.0
Middlefield town	4 762	7.5	39 543	39 901	52.1	62	32.6	4 968	35.4	10 350	42.8	7 894	40.3	1 989	53.1
Middletown city	42 762	4.5	39 543	39 901	52.1	62	32.6	4 968	35.4	10 350	42.8	7 894	40.3	1 989	53.1
Old Saybrook town	9 583	4.5	9 155	9 060	39.1	86	37.2	569	21.3	2 754	36.4	2 375	35.0	1 900	42.5
Old Saybrook CDP	94	6.4	88	94	54.3	—	—	11	—	28	32.1	28	32.1	—	—
Old Saybrook Center CDP	1 930	4.5	1 843	1 908	31.3	8	100.0	187	31.0	568	23.1	482	22.2	71	33.8
Saybrook Manor CDP	1 055	4.8	1 047	1 007	45.5	—	—	52	—	321	25.9	285	23.9	22	36.4
Portland town	8 418	3.5	8 124	7 907	34.6	92	12.0	511	17.2	2 364	42.3	2 030	42.7	254	41.3
Portland CDP	5 645	4.3	5 403	5 354	36.6	73	8.2	384	16.9	1 539	40.0	1 277	39.9	182	42.9
Westbrook town	2 056	6.4	1 924	1 957	49.1	14	64.3	264	28.8	1 483	34.9	1 271	34.5	146	39.0
Westbrook Center CDP	2 056	6.4	1 924	1 957	49.1	14	64.3	130	31.5	611	29.5	515	27.8	72	43.1
New Haven County	804 219	6.8	749 414	747 742	41.3	17 445	33.7	89 864	38.3	211 657	44.7	165 290	43.8	36	90.4
Ansonia town	18 403	7.6	17 005	16 935	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Ansonia CDP	18 403	7.6	17 005	16 935	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Bloomfield town	5 083	4.5	4 856	4 708	36.9	34	35.3	331	18.7	1 438	45.0	1 291	46.2	105	48.6
Bloomfield CDP	4 608	6.9	4 289	4 281	34.3	92	34.8	403	32.3	1 291	46.5	1 202	47.7	60	33.3
Brentford town	27 603	4.6	26 344	25 883	45.9	218	28.4	1 793	28.1	7 459	39.6	6 215	40.4	938	40.1
Brentford Center CDP	5 688	4.2	5 430	5 323	47.8	—	8.0	365	36.2	1 490	34.8	1 170	34.6	249	41.4
Brentford CDP	25 484	5.0	24 393	24 090	40.6	182	33.5	1 666	31.7	6 754	48.9	6 005	49.8	620	45.6
Cheshire town	5 759	4.5	5 501	5 452	34.2	29	—	306	27.5	1 638	42.7	1 399	44.5	187	36.9
Cheshire Village CDP	12 199	10.3	10 947	10 446	41.0	229	39.3	1 951	41.8	3 330	37.4	2 602	36.9	563	46.5
Derby town	12 199	10.3	10 947	10 446	41.0	229	39.3	1 951	41.8	3 330	37.4	2 602	36.9	563	46.5
Derby CDP	12 199	10.3	10 947	10 446	41.0	229	39.3	1 951	41.8	3 330	37.4	2 602	36.9	563	46.5
East Haven town	24 882	4.8	24 882	24 388	36.1	224	29.5	2 552	32.1	7 201	37.9	5 924	39.9	977	31.5
East Haven CDP	19 848	4.8	19 848	19 388	36.1	224	29.5	2 552	32.1	7 201	37.9	5 924	39.9	977	31.5
Guilford town	2 588	6.0	2 432	2 428	41.6	61	18.2	157	36.3	703	40.2	4 859	49.7	133	47.3
Guilford Center CDP	52 434	7.2	48 681	49 198	39.7	4 883	20.1	4 883	27.3	13 963	38.7	11 710	40.0	1 666	50.8
Hamden town	15 485	4.9	14 727	14 638	37.3	122	24.6	591	20.5	4 404	45.1	3 864	44.9	447	50.8
Madison town	2 174	6.5	2 032	2 066	44.4	10	—	89	42.0	586	34.6	517	34.2	69	37.7
Madison Center CDP	59 477	6.0	55 896	54 833	43.5	2 163	35.3	8 849	42.0	16 050	47.2	12 203	45.5	2 846	59.0
Meriden town	39 477	6.1	35 976	35 843	33.3	2 163	35.3	8 849	42.0	16 050	47.2	12 203	45.5	2 846	59.0
Meriden CDP	39 477	6.1	35 976	35 843	33.3	2 163	35.3	8 849	42.0	16 050	47.2	12 203	45.5	2 846	59.0
Milford town	49 938	5.2	47 334	46 959	33.3	361	30.7	3 178	30.1	13 555	41.9	11 116	43.0	1 836	39.1
Milford CDP	48 168	5.2	45 675	45 025	32.9	361	30.7	3 022	30.7	13 101	41.9	10 773	43.0	1 750	39.3
Milford city (remainder)	30 475	6.3	27 659	27 000	43.3	716	24.3	3 156	19.9	8 454	40.5	7 343	44.3	86	34.9
Woodmont borough	30 475	6.3	27 659	27 000	43.3	716	24.3	3 156	19.9	8 454	40.5	7 343	44.3	86	34.9
Naugatuck town	30 625	8.9	27 904	27 633	44.2	769	24.7	3 624	38.6	8 315	51.2	6 888	52.1	1 082	49.6
Naugatuck borough	30 625	8.9	27 904	27 633	44.2	769	24.7	3 624	38.6	8 315	51.2	6 888	52.1	1 082	49.6
New Britain town	130 474	8.1	119 841	120 320	54.5	4 897	40.4	19 946	43.0	28 583	50.0	16 427	42.1	1 082	49.6
New Britain CDP	130 474	8.1	119 841	120 320	54.5	4 897	40.4	19 946	43.0	28 583	50.0	16 427	42.1	1 082	49.6
New Hartford town	122 996	3.0	122 996	122 996	28.7	119	21.0	648	27.8	3 713	45.0	3 236	47.7	376	27.1
North Branford town	22 232	5.8	20 945	21 059	28.1	228	23.2	1 934	37.8	6 328	38.0	5 079	39.8	639	28.6
North Haven town	12 832	7.8	12 832	12 832	21.0	128	23.2	1 054	37.5	5 628	39.8	4 959	43.5	359	35.9
North Haven CDP	12 832	7.8	12 832	12 832	21.0	128	23.2	1 054	37.5	5 628	39.8	4 959	43.5	359	35.9
Orange town	12 830	7.3	11 895	12 148	24.0	190	16.3	1 054	33.5	3 828	39.8	3 457	40.9	284	35.2
Orange CDP	8 830	3.3	8 401	7 998	31.1	190	16.3	1 054	33.5	3 828	39.8	3 457	40.9	284	35.2
Orange Center CDP	8 830	3.3	8 401	7 998	31.1	190	16.3	1 054	33.5	3 828	39.8	3 457	40.9	284	35.2
Prospect town	7 775	5.0	7 385	7 234	34.7	62	32.3	724	30.2	2 209	44.6	1 844	49.0	278	19.1
Seymour town	14 288	3.6	13 776	13 320	34.4	145	22.1	520	26.1	4 095	42.0	3 401	42.7	528	39.4
Southbury town	15 818	5.6	14 925	14 955	40.4	82	42.7	858	27.4	4 057	38.4	3 942	39.3	353	35.3
Wallingford town	3 623	9.4	3 281	3 363	40.2	38	11.8	338	19.2	1 089	33.1	947	3.6	102	45.8
Wallingford CDP	40 837	6.0	38 401	38 015	38.6	605	31.9	3 293	35.9	11 444	45.1	9 774	45.6	1 257	45.8
Wallingford Center CDP	17 827	7.1	16 555	16 610	42.2	328	32.3	1 894	41.7	4 678	44.1	3 899	44.1	617	47.6

Table 1. Selected Social Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	All persons			Persons 5 years and over		Persons who speak a language other than English at home			Family households			Female householder, no husband present	
	Total	Percent foreign born	Native	Total	Percent living in different household in 1985	Persons 18 years and over		Percent with own children under 18 years	Married-couple family		Percent with own children under 18 years		
						Total	Percent who do not speak English well		Total	Percent with own children under 18 years			
New Haven County—Con.													
Waterbury town	108 961	8.7	72.9	99 500	44.3	4 665	34.4	19 056	28 535	45.7	43.6	6 389	56.6
Waterbury city	108 961	8.7	72.9	99 500	44.3	4 665	34.4	19 056	28 535	45.7	43.6	6 389	56.6
West Haven town	54 021	8.4	70.7	50 236	40.9	712	34.4	5 828	14 136	44.5	45.0	2 656	46.3
West Haven city	54 021	8.4	70.7	50 236	40.9	712	34.4	5 828	14 136	44.5	45.0	2 656	46.3
Westport town	13 700	5.5	83.4	12 948	29.5	229	32.3	5 828	1 939	43.3	43.5	2 656	46.3
Woodbridge town	7 924	8.4	67.4	7 466	28.2	97	7.2	1 655	2 341	40.5	41.5	145	40.0
New London County													
Borah town	254 937	4.2	54.2	244 323	47.4	2 703	36.3	17 708	67 291	47.2	45.9	8 706	55.1
Borah city	254 937	4.2	54.2	244 323	47.4	2 703	36.3	17 708	67 291	47.2	45.9	8 706	55.1
Colchester town	10 266	4.7	74.3	9 727	36.4	85	9.2	1 288	3 635	45.8	47.8	56	44.6
Colchester city	10 266	4.7	74.3	9 727	36.4	85	9.2	1 288	3 635	45.8	47.8	56	44.6
Colchester Borough	3 212	6.8	65.7	2 995	46.4	61	13.1	2 222	840	47.0	46.8	118	44.1
East Lyme town	15 340	3.1	57.9	14 870	42.2	114	28.1	14 443	4 116	45.0	43.1	414	59.9
Niantic town	3 042	3.1	61.0	2 932	44.9	44	34.1	126	858	33.3	43.8	96	60.4
Niantic city	3 042	3.1	61.0	2 932	44.9	44	34.1	126	858	33.3	43.8	96	60.4
Franklin town	1 811	2.3	80.0	1 769	27.0	17	29.4	114	2 890	43.6	43.4	416	59.9
Franklin city	1 811	2.3	80.0	1 769	27.0	17	29.4	114	2 890	43.6	43.4	416	59.9
Greensward town	9 384	2.7	69.9	9 309	45.9	41	24.4	621	2 890	50.6	49.1	416	59.9
Greensward city	9 384	2.7	69.9	9 309	45.9	41	24.4	621	2 890	50.6	49.1	416	59.9
Jewett City Borough	45 144	3.7	57.9	43 468	33.7	147	25.4	2 570	10 892	53.8	53.8	1 252	57.9
Groton town	10 013	3.3	71.9	9 685	36.1	148	21.6	454	2 574	78.8	79.0	92	78.3
Groton city	10 013	3.3	71.9	9 685	36.1	148	21.6	454	2 574	78.8	79.0	92	78.3
Conning Towers-Norfolk Park CDP	9 837	3.8	46.2	9 468	35.7	110	27.3	661	2 713	48.0	40.9	580	67.9
Groton city	9 837	3.8	46.2	9 468	35.7	110	27.3	661	2 713	48.0	40.9	580	67.9
Pequotack Bridge CDP	2 770	2.5	49.5	2 701	46.3	26	23.5	87	740	48.0	44.4	136	59.6
West Mystic CDP	3 595	5.8	34.3	3 385	44.8	34	34	163	963	41.6	41.9	73	53.4
Lebanon town	1 911	3.0	76.8	1 799	32.6	141	25.1	128	1 669	44.5	45.0	99	72.3
Lebanon city	1 911	3.0	76.8	1 799	32.6	141	25.1	128	1 669	44.5	45.0	99	72.3
Libran town	3 790	1.8	70.2	3 722	35.7	9	44.4	148	1 083	33.8	35.4	45	15.6
Libran city	3 790	1.8	70.2	3 722	35.7	9	44.4	148	1 083	33.8	35.4	45	15.6
Monville town	16 673	4.4	64.2	16 063	38.7	160	24.4	1 007	4 544	45.7	45.1	394	52.3
Monville city	16 673	4.4	64.2	16 063	38.7	160	24.4	1 007	4 544	45.7	45.1	394	52.3
Uncasville-Doraboo Valley CDP	2 975	5.7	69.2	2 804	42.6	31	49.7	307	756	44.4	48.1	74	32.4
New London town	28 540	6.6	58.5	26 651	58.5	946	49.7	4 185	6 113	48.4	43.1	641	62.8
New London city	28 540	6.6	58.5	26 651	58.5	946	49.7	4 185	6 113	48.4	43.1	641	62.8
North Stonington town	24 884	2.8	40.6	24 527	35.6	70	18.6	4 139	1 383	50.7	50.1	104	64.3
North Stonington city	24 884	2.8	40.6	24 527	35.6	70	18.6	4 139	1 383	50.7	50.1	104	64.3
Norwich town	37 391	4.4	66.1	35 737	47.0	315	28.3	3 117	10 003	47.4	43.3	1 870	63.3
Norwich city	37 391	4.4	66.1	35 737	47.0	315	28.3	3 117	10 003	47.4	43.3	1 870	63.3
Old Lyme town	6 535	4.3	54.5	6 252	41.7	42	28.6	261	1 917	39.6	40.2	135	48.1
Old Lyme city	6 535	4.3	54.5	6 252	41.7	42	28.6	261	1 917	39.6	40.2	135	48.1
Preston town	5 006	2.4	67.9	4 885	37.6	12	—	217	323	43.0	43.6	86	46.5
Preston city	5 006	2.4	67.9	4 885	37.6	12	—	217	323	43.0	43.6	86	46.5
Sharon town	3 008	5.8	76.1	2 899	39.2	39	51.3	176	831	60.3	61.3	86	46.5
Sharon city	3 008	5.8	76.1	2 899	39.2	39	51.3	176	831	60.3	61.3	86	46.5
Stonington town	16 919	3.6	59.6	15 941	39.5	171	48.5	1 336	4 853	39.3	38.4	566	39.4
Stonington city	16 919	3.6	59.6	15 941	39.5	171	48.5	1 336	4 853	39.3	38.4	566	39.4
Mystic CDP	2 618	5.0	43.5	2 486	52.5	31	54.8	175	730	38.1	36.2	58	50.0
Powoluck CDP	5 289	7.8	47.6	4 876	41.3	74	40.5	447	1 474	45.9	44.3	219	48.9
Stonington Borough	1 004	8.7	35.7	1 004	40.1	11	54.5	118	293	31.4	28.6	42	38.1
Voluntown town	17 930	5.9	63.7	16 987	51.8	108	55.4	1 052	5 521	38.3	35.5	653	30.9
Voluntown city	17 930	5.9	63.7	16 987	51.8	108	55.4	1 052	5 521	38.3	35.5	653	30.9
Westford town	2 939	6.2	66.2	2 809	37.2	8	100.0	172	5 812	32.9	32.6	112	34.8
Central Waterford CDP	2 939	6.2	66.2	2 809	37.2	8	100.0	172	5 812	32.9	32.6	112	34.8
Tolland County													
Andover town	128 699	5.2	63.6	121 960	46.0	1 104	29.0	8 924	32 237	48.8	48.0	3 378	56.4
Andover city	128 699	5.2	63.6	121 960	46.0	1 104	29.0	8 924	32 237	48.8	48.0	3 378	56.4
Cromwell town	4 510	6.8	68.8	4 307	42.1	27	18.5	272	1 346	48.2	45.8	149	56.2
Cromwell city	4 510	6.8	68.8	4 307	42.1	27	18.5	272	1 346	48.2	45.8	149	56.2
Cromwell town	10 063	4.5	69.8	9 656	40.0	51	27.5	439	2 730	50.1	50.8	264	50.0
Cromwell city	10 063	4.5	69.8	9 656	40.0	51	27.5	439	2 730	50.1	50.8	264	50.0
Cromwell town	2 879	4.2	70.1	2 652	39.7	19	73.7	112	705	54.6	58.6	64	37.5
Cromwell city	2 879	4.2	70.1	2 652	39.7	19	73.7	112	705	54.6	58.6	64	37.5
South Coventry CDP	1 273	5.4	70.0	1 204	56.0	35	74.3	61	336	44.9	43.8	53	45.3
South Coventry town	1 197	2.0	65.5	1 071	41.6	4	—	580	2 684	47.2	47.4	213	56.3
South Coventry city	1 197	2.0	65.5	1 071	41.6	4	—	580	2 684	47.2	47.4	213	56.3
Crystal Lake CDP (pt.)	7 079	6.7	68.7	6 873	37.4	9	30.9	320	2 006	59.9	59.0	77	71.4
Crystal Lake town	7 079	6.7	68.7	6 873	37.4	9	30.9	320	2 006	59.9	59.0	77	71.4
Hebron town	21 103	10.8	57.8	18 817	68.3	286	30.4	2 077	3 141	45.7	45.0	357	53.8
Manfield town	12 198	13.7	57.7	10 523	86.8	172	50.6	736	2 662	45.0	44.5	73	68.5
Storrs CDP	9 108	3.6	49.7	8 781	37.2	6	44.7	649	2 133	44.6	45.7	167	32.9
Somers town	9 108	3.6	49.7	8 781	37.2	6	44.7	649	2 133	44.6	45.7	167	32.9
Somers city	9 108	3.6	49.7	8 781	37.2	6	44.7	649	2 133	44.6	45.7	167	32.9
Central Somers CDP	1 596	4.0	46.8	1 532	32.0	6	20.0	67	3 024	39.4	41.3	31	22.6
Central Somers town	1 088	5.6	70.6	1 089	53.1	40	20.0	179	3 024	39.4	41.3	31	22.6
Shelton town	11 001	6.4	63.7	10 899	39.2	134	21.6	277	3 140	53.7	53.7	197	64.3
Shelton city	11 001	6.4	63.7	10 899	39.2	134	21.6	277	3 140	53.7	53.7	197	64.3
Tolland town	615	61.0	61.0	605	35.5	—	—	11	182	36.8	39.6	18	33.3
Union town	29 841	1.6	62.5	28 104	45.1	352	27.3	26.2	6 624	46.7	43.7	1 157	62.1
Vernon town	5 979	5.4	47.5	5 567	47.5	—	—	302	1 451	53.8	53.1	150	60.0
Willington town	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Crystal Lake CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Windham County													

Table 1. Selected Social Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Country Subdivision Place	All persons			Persons 5 years and over			Persons who speak a language other than English at home			Family households			Female householder, no husband present
	Total	Percent foreign born	Native	Total	Percent living in different house in 1985	Persons 5 to 17 years	Persons 18 years and over	Percent who do not speak English "very well"	Percent who do not speak English "very well"	Total	Percent with own children under 18 years	Total	Percent with own children under 18 years
Windham County—Con.													
Hampden town	1 578	4.1	1 514	65.9	1 470	35.2	73	23.3	47.1	452	47.1	391	46.3
Hamden town	15 889	4.1	15 243	66.1	14 661	43.3	1 379	30.7	50.4	4 200	50.4	3 351	48.4
Danelsan borough	4 441	5.2	4 212	62.1	4 037	50.5	369	44.4	51.9	1 147	51.9	763	44.8
Plainfield town	14 363	3.2	13 908	69.0	13 237	41.2	891	35.8	53.1	3 857	53.1	3 062	49.2
Maassup COP	3 289	2.9	3 195	66.3	3 005	47.1	260	37.7	55.6	903	55.6	648	51.4
Plainfield Village COP	2 156	3.5	2 056	71.0	1 931	44.6	189	46.0	58.8	675	58.8	536	46.0
Plainfield COP	774	3.2	744	67.4	694	44.3	6	17.2	38.8	272	38.8	201	41.9
Vauregan COP	3 667	3.3	3 567	63.4	3 340	44.3	178	17.2	53.2	818	53.2	711	50.4
Puritan town	9 064	5.3	8 590	66.2	8 340	46.4	180	38.7	48.9	2 465	48.9	1 841	44.9
Puritan COP	6 835	4.0	6 565	65.1	6 258	49.8	858	38.1	50.9	1 869	50.9	1 315	45.9
Puritan District COP	1 215	4.6	1 159	76.6	1 108	36.6	55	30.9	45.1	337	45.1	312	46.8
Scotland town	2 357	2.4	2 301	62.1	2 168	46.0	121	34.1	52.1	649	52.1	535	47.1
Sterling town	8 668	1.8	8 609	62.0	8 354	38.3	254	29.5	34.3	2 461	34.3	2 083	40.1
Thompson town	1 009	3.0	979	58.3	948	38.3	89	40.4	51.0	461	51.0	341	47.8
North Granby COP	22 039	7.7	20 343	65.6	20 455	53.2	3 784	43.9	28.1	5 408	28.1	2 996	27.4
South Windham COP	1 021	5.2	1 536	74.4	1 506	46.5	185	31.9	49.4	3 872	49.4	3 872	45.0
South Windham COP	14 769	9.3	13 400	65.8	13 754	54.7	2 889	38.2	45.8	3 387	45.8	2 397	40.1
Willimantic COP	6 008	1.4	5 922	57.4	5 619	42.6	83	29.6	42.4	1 295	42.4	1 131	43.3
Woodstock town	1 113	1.3	1 100	57.3	1 039	50.0	83	47.0	42.4	295	42.4	271	40.2
South Woodstock COP													

Table 2. Selected Social Characteristics: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	All persons			Persons 5 years and over		Persons who speak a language other than English at home			Family households			Female householder, no hus- band present				
	Total	Percent foreign born	Native		Percent living in different house in 1985	Persons 5 to 17 years		Persons 18 years and over		Percent with own children under 18 years	Married-couple family		Percent with own children under 18 years			
			Total	Percent born in State of residence		Total	Percent who do not speak English "very well"	Total	Percent who do not speak English "very well"		Total	Percent with own children under 18 years				
The State -----	3 287 116	8.5	3 007 733	62.3	3 060 000	42.6	78 041	34.3	388 134	40.5	872 211	44.9	698 701	44.1	136 381	52.6
COUNTY																
Fairfield County -----	827 645	12.2	726 484	53.0	770 921	41.5	25 792	32.4	116 451	43.0	221 562	44.0	179 246	44.0	33 249	48.3
Hartford County -----	851 783	10.0	766 436	63.0	794 497	43.2	26 134	37.7	122 979	43.9	226 004	44.5	175 391	42.5	40 110	55.9
Litchfield County -----	174 092	5.4	164 671	68.6	162 113	39.6	1 596	29.1	11 563	33.5	48 011	44.8	40 552	45.2	5 298	45.7
Middlesex County -----	143 196	4.8	136 268	66.5	133 705	43.7	1 462	25.6	10 217	31.5	38 125	43.9	31 922	43.8	4 712	46.8
New Haven County -----	804 219	6.8	749 414	70.7	747 762	41.3	17 645	33.7	89 864	38.3	211 657	43.4	165 230	43.8	36 904	52.5
New London County -----	256 957	4.2	244 323	54.2	236 143	47.4	2 703	36.3	17 708	30.4	67 291	47.2	56 462	45.9	8 706	55.1
Windham County -----	128 699	5.2	121 960	63.6	119 946	46.0	1 804	29.0	8 924	29.6	32 237	48.8	27 994	48.0	3 378	56.4
Andover town, Tolland County -----	102 325	4.4	97 977	64.0	94 913	44.2	1 605	27.9	10 426	35.3	27 324	49.8	21 994	47.6	4 024	63.2
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION																
Andover town, Tolland County -----	2 540	2.9	2 466	70.6	2 337	38.1	8	25.0	94	29.8	703	46.9	643	46.8	31	54.8
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8	16 955	35.5	294	26.2	2 337	36.5	5 216	44.3	3 953	43.4	965	58.0
Andover town, Tolland County -----	18 403	7.6	17 005	81.8												

Table 2. **Selected Social Characteristics: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	All persons			Persons 5 years and over		Persons who speak a language other than English at home			Family households			Female householder, no hus- band present				
	Total	Percent foreign born	Native	Percent living in different house in 1985	Persons 5 to 17 years		Persons 18 years and over		Percent with own children under 18 years	Married-couple family			Percent with own children under 18 years			
					Total	Percent who do not speak English "very well"	Total	Percent who do not speak English "very well"		Total	Percent with own children under 18 years					
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION — Con.																
Utahfield town, Utahfield County	8 391	4.6	8 008	69.0	7 850	31.1	91	42.9	385	22.1	2 300	43.4	2 014	44.1	182	39.6
ymie town, New Haven County	1 949	4.4	1 863	55.8	1 839	35.7	9	44.4	128	24.2	589	43.4	526	35.4	45	15.6
Madison town, New London County	15 485	4.9	14 727	52.8	14 638	37.3	122	24.6	591	20.5	4 404	43.1	3 864	44.9	45	50.8
Madison Center CDP, New Haven County	2 174	6.5	2 032	47.1	2 066	46.4	89	—	89	—	586	34.6	517	37.7	69	37.7
Manchester town, Hartford County	51 618	6.5	48 340	66.3	48 078	46.6	496	31.0	3 756	33.8	13 930	34.6	11 057	42.0	2 210	58.4
Manchester town, Tolland County	21 038	10.8	18 917	57.8	20 423	68.3	286	37.8	2 736	31.0	3 141	45.7	2 662	45.0	357	53.8
Manchester town, New Britain County	15 535	4.0	14 917	57.8	15 035	43.3	163	35.3	849	16.4	16 059	33.5	12 605	36.6	84	42.9
Hartford town, New Haven County	59 279	4.0	55 896	71.0	54 842	43.3	2 163	35.3	8 849	15.1	16 059	41.2	12 605	36.6	2 940	59.0
Hartford town, New Haven County	59 279	6.0	55 896	71.0	54 842	43.3	2 163	35.3	8 849	15.1	16 059	41.2	12 605	36.6	2 940	59.0
Middlebury town, New Haven County	6 145	6.1	5 770	75.8	5 835	31.5	117	25.6	417	45.0	1 788	47.1	1 578	40.5	159	44.0
Middlefield town, Middlesex County	3 925	1.8	3 853	73.5	3 639	32.2	33	—	234	24.4	1 156	41.1	1 018	40.9	97	32.0
Middlefield town, Middlesex County	42 762	7.5	39 543	64.3	39 901	52.1	622	32.6	4 968	35.4	10 350	42.8	7 894	40.3	1 989	53.1
Middlefield town, Middlesex County	42 762	7.5	39 543	64.3	39 901	52.1	622	32.6	4 968	35.4	10 350	42.8	7 894	40.3	1 989	53.1
Utahfield town, New Haven County	49 938	5.2	47 334	69.9	46 965	33.3	361	30.7	3 178	30.1	13 555	43.0	11 116	43.0	1 836	39.1
Utahfield town (remained), New Haven County	48 148	5.2	45 675	70.0	45 025	32.9	361	30.7	3 022	30.7	13 101	41.9	10 773	43.0	1 750	39.3
Utahfield town, Fairfield County	16 896	3.8	15 924	62.9	15 626	36.0	276	13.4	1 223	21.8	4 712	51.9	4 351	53.2	276	40.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544	45.7	3 964	45.7	394	52.3
Utahfield town, New London County	16 673	3.7	16 063	64.2	15 535	38.7	266	24.4	1 067	26.2	4 544					

Table 2. Selected Social Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Place and (in Selected States) County Subdivision	All persons			Persons 5 years and over			Persons who speak a language other than English at home			Family households			Female householder, no husband present
	Total	Percent foreign born	Native	Total	Percent living in different house in 1985	Persons 5 to 17 years	Persons 18 years and over	Percent with own children under 18 years	Married-couple family	Percent with own children under 18 years	Total		
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.	Total	Percent foreign born	Native	Total	Percent living in different house in 1985	Persons 5 to 17 years	Persons 18 years and over	Percent with own children under 18 years	Married-couple family	Percent with own children under 18 years	Total		
Voluntown town, New London County	2 113	3.0	2 050	63.4	1 963	41.9	9	115	28.7	52.1	523	53.5	53
Wallingford town, New Haven County	40 837	6.0	38 401	75.6	38 015	38.6	605	3 293	35.9	45.1	9 474	45.6	1 257
Wallingford Center CDP, New Haven County	17 827	7.1	16 555	73.7	16 110	42.2	328	1 894	41.7	44.1	3 839	44.1	617
Warren town, Windham County	1 226	3.9	1 179	50.5	1 147	35.3	59	192	27.6	39.7	1 086	38.9	200
Washington town, New Haven County	3 925	3.9	3 773	50.5	3 430	42.9	59	192	27.6	39.7	1 086	38.9	200
Waterbury city, New Haven County	108 961	8.7	99 500	72.9	100 417	44.3	4 665	19 056	43.9	45.7	20 390	43.6	6 389
Waterbury town, New Haven County	108 961	8.7	99 500	72.9	100 417	44.3	4 665	19 056	43.9	45.7	20 390	43.6	6 389
Waterford town, New London County	17 930	5.3	16 987	65.7	17 033	34.8	108	1 056	26.7	35.6	4 371	36.5	537
Watertown town, Litchfield County	20 456	8.9	18 643	78.0	19 158	35.4	267	2 350	41.8	55.2	4 737	45.2	613
Waurogon CDP, Windham County	994	2.2	972	71.3	881	31.0	6	85	17.8	58.8	577	55.7	61.9
Wethersfield CDP, Hartford County	2 482	7.1	2 307	48.5	2 344	39.7	9	122	42.2	49.0	617	50.4	50.0
West Hartford town, Hartford County	2 395	5.2	2 100	42.0	2 079	38.0	25	104	28.6	48.3	1 483	39.0	146
Westbrook Center CDP, Middlesex County	2 056	6.4	1 924	48.0	1 957	49.1	14	130	31.5	29.5	515	27.8	72
West Hartford town, Hartford County	60 110	12.4	52 686	61.2	56 856	36.7	1 196	7 668	44.1	16 229	13 549	39.4	2 099
West Hartford city, New Haven County	54 021	8.4	49 500	76.7	50 236	40.9	1 196	7 668	44.1	16 229	13 549	39.4	2 099
West Haven town, New Haven County	54 021	8.4	49 500	76.7	50 236	40.9	712	5 828	39.6	47.5	10 529	46.5	1 266
Weston town, Fairfield County	3 592	5.6	3 385	44.3	3 592	44.8	34	563	16.6	41.6	10 863	41.9	2 636
Weston town, Fairfield County	8 637	6.9	8 041	24.3	8 031	39.2	34	484	18.4	25.6	2 349	48.1	124
Westport town, Fairfield County	24 424	12.2	21 450	28.8	23 057	40.3	354	2 116	23.9	38.5	6 072	38.9	665
Westport CDP, Fairfield County	24 407	12.1	21 450	28.8	23 040	40.3	354	2 111	24.0	38.5	6 067	38.9	665
West Simsbury CDP, Hartford County	2 041	5.8	1 923	44.9	1 965	35.8	—	85	—	48.1	502	48.0	55
Wethersfield town, Hartford County	25 651	12.3	22 485	76.8	24 318	28.6	8.0	4 176	41.7	34.3	6 155	33.0	332
Wethersfield CDP, Hartford County	23 111	12.3	20 485	76.8	24 318	35.8	30.5	2 689	48.2	49.3	6 155	33.0	332
Willington town, Windham County	5 979	3.4	5 774	45.6	5 567	47.5	—	302	23.8	53.8	1 337	42.3	862
Wilton town, Fairfield County	15 993	8.1	14 705	30.9	14 883	41.3	181	1 015	21.6	47.3	1 247	53.1	150
Winchester town, Litchfield County	11 524	3.6	11 114	77.3	10 731	44.1	59	649	39.3	40.5	1 388	47.8	383
Winchester town, Windham County	22 039	7.7	20 343	65.6	20 455	53.2	957	3 784	43.9	49.8	2 440	42.2	496
Windsor town, Hartford County	27 817	9.6	25 140	60.8	25 988	43.8	439	2 605	32.6	44.9	3 872	45.0	1 267
Windsor Locks town, Hartford County	12 358	6.6	11 537	68.1	11 591	39.7	128	979	43.6	35.9	2 844	36.4	454
Windsor CDP, Hartford County	8 258	6.6	7 876	99.8	7 483	42.7	128	979	32.8	32.9	2 844	36.4	454
Wolcott town, New Haven County	6 254	4.6	5 798	79.8	5 791	39.3	10	563	36.8	45.5	1 618	41.4	422
Woodbridge town, New Haven County	13 700	5.5	12 948	83.4	12 853	29.5	229	32.3	27.1	42.3	3 364	41.5	398
Woodbridge town, New Haven County	7 924	8.4	7 257	67.4	7 466	28.2	97	655	25.6	40.5	2 127	41.5	145
Woodbury town, Litchfield County	8 131	3.9	7 817	61.5	7 584	47.5	31	286	31.8	42.2	1 933	41.1	259
Woodbury Center CDP, Litchfield County	1 211	3.1	1 173	66.5	1 091	49.7	—	139	17.9	42.2	1 933	41.1	259
Woodmont borough, New Haven County	4 070	6.3	3 659	97.9	3 610	43.3	—	136	27.9	42.2	1 933	41.1	259
Woodstock town, Windham County	6 070	5.7	5 659	97.9	5 107	43.3	—	301	27.9	42.2	1 933	41.1	259
Wolcott town, New Haven County	49 938	5.2	47 334	69.9	46 695	33.3	68	42.6	26.6	1 687	11 116	43.6	35.6
Wolcott town, New Haven County	49 938	5.2	47 334	69.9	46 695	33.3	68	42.6	26.6	1 687	11 116	43.6	35.6

Table 3. Education and Veteran Status: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school				Persons 16 to 19 years					Persons 25 years and over			Civilian veterans 16 years and over	
	Preprimary school	Elementary or high school		College	Not enrolled in school and not high school graduate					Total	Percent high school graduate or higher	Percent with bachelor's degree or higher	Total	65 years and over
		Total	Percent in private school		Total	Employed	Unemployed	Not in labor force						
The State	69 085	493 500	11.9	242 901	171 472	15 499	6 542	2 504	6 357	2 198 963	79.2	27.2	373 933	103 606
Fairfield County	19 131	124 638	15.3	53 867	40 838	3 208	1 341	471	1 396	564 538	81.0	34.2	89 489	26 433
Bethel town	578	3 198	6.1	1 178	976	45	21	14	10	11 318	86.4	32.2	1 930	328
Bethel CDP	303	1 373	4.9	533	420	39	21	14	4	5 932	83.3	27.2	946	199
Bridgeport town	2 053	25 028	18.3	8 477	7 801	1 566	514	278	774	88 975	61.1	12.3	11 095	3 450
Bridgeport city	2 053	25 028	18.3	8 477	7 801	1 566	514	278	774	88 975	61.1	12.3	11 095	3 450
Brookfield town	274	2 365	9.7	926	785	29	10	6	13	9 391	90.5	41.2	1 651	290
Danbury town	1 342	9 187	19.0	4 814	3 249	239	114	69	56	43 761	76.5	26.9	6 743	1 715
Danbury city	1 342	9 187	19.0	4 814	3 249	239	114	69	56	43 761	76.5	26.9	6 743	1 715
Darien town	682	2 627	10.9	1 160	860	26	9	—	17	12 530	93.7	59.3	2 271	711
Darien CDP	682	2 609	11.0	1 155	860	26	9	—	17	12 471	93.7	59.3	2 258	711
Easton town	216	1 081	13.6	481	361	24	8	—	16	4 324	91.0	49.3	823	281
Fairfield town	1 491	6 614	16.2	5 402	3 293	115	63	13	39	36 898	86.6	40.9	6 409	2 235
Greenwich town	1 357	8 041	24.4	3 463	2 549	97	31	—	66	42 240	88.7	49.0	6 910	2 454
Monroe town	624	3 244	9.1	881	930	16	—	—	7	10 843	89.1	36.1	1 935	366
New Canaan town	496	3 022	20.4	1 014	891	13	13	—	7	12 416	94.9	62.6	2 240	717
New Fairfield town	402	2 397	1.8	705	750	28	14	—	14	8 271	90.1	35.5	1 477	242
Newtown town	666	3 600	11.0	1 178	1 220	71	26	6	39	13 890	88.6	39.7	2 410	496
Newtown borough	50	315	10.5	104	100	2	2	—	—	1 241	94.1	46.5	228	63
Norwalk town	1 591	10 215	12.2	5 454	3 267	250	141	26	83	55 487	79.5	29.5	8 066	2 376
Norwalk city	1 591	10 215	12.2	5 454	3 267	250	141	26	83	55 487	79.5	29.5	8 066	2 376
Redding town	303	1 325	10.8	419	386	—	—	—	—	5 399	95.1	49.7	992	272
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	6	29	—	29	—	—	—	—	—	245	92.7	33.5	52	15
Ridgefield town	722	3 515	10.4	1 151	1 082	35	35	—	—	14 189	93.2	56.1	2 405	512
Ridgefield CDP	184	856	11.2	380	313	5	5	—	—	4 541	91.4	51.5	712	190
Shelton town	832	5 431	17.0	2 430	1 618	85	45	11	29	24 010	83.1	23.9	4 526	1 065
Shelton city	832	5 431	17.0	2 430	1 618	85	45	11	29	24 010	83.1	23.9	4 526	1 065
Sherman town	41	402	19.9	178	182	—	—	—	—	2 026	93.0	40.1	359	92
Stamford town	2 200	14 270	15.9	6 531	4 372	333	197	9	127	76 382	81.2	35.1	10 651	3 523
Stamford city	2 200	14 270	15.9	6 531	4 372	333	197	9	127	76 382	81.2	35.1	10 651	3 523
Storrs town	904	6 771	14.0	2 706	2 135	46	24	9	13	35 420	77.8	21.2	6 582	2 332
Storrs CDP	904	6 771	14.0	2 706	2 135	46	24	9	13	35 420	77.8	21.2	6 582	2 332
Trumbull town	877	4 899	13.7	2 228	1 593	55	26	9	20	22 210	83.8	36.0	4 031	1 261
Trumbull CDP	877	4 899	13.7	2 228	1 593	55	26	9	20	22 210	83.8	36.0	4 031	1 261
Weston town	264	1 395	10.8	540	456	—	—	—	—	5 885	96.1	68.1	1 017	253
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	—	7	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	133	94.7	78.9	21	9
Westport CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Westport town	677	3 313	11.6	1 660	1 219	29	7	—	22	17 798	93.0	60.5	3 133	1 007
Westport CDP (pt.)	677	3 313	11.6	1 660	1 219	29	7	—	22	17 798	93.0	60.5	3 133	1 007
Wilton town	539	2 698	11.6	891	899	88	25	12	51	10 875	94.7	62.2	1 833	455
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	18	204	8.3	24	37	—	—	—	—	797	89.7	47.1	144	34
Hartford County	16 168	128 982	10.0	62 411	43 809	4 421	1 693	681	2 047	572 676	77.7	25.8	93 683	26 559
Avon town	274	2 195	13.1	712	600	45	23	—	22	9 939	92.4	52.4	1 897	531
Berlin town	407	2 500	9.4	1 161	833	26	19	—	7	11 644	82.4	22.9	2 062	684
Kensington CDP	156	1 305	9.7	556	419	19	12	—	7	5 759	81.5	21.8	1 020	363
Bloomfield town	340	2 467	15.4	1 311	866	45	23	8	14	14 134	81.4	31.0	2 343	787
Blue Hills CDP	75	506	11.7	234	188	17	9	8	—	2 225	69.3	9.7	380	101
Bristol town	1 134	8 492	12.3	3 841	2 959	339	172	50	117	40 959	75.0	15.4	7 140	1 749
Bristol city	1 134	8 492	12.3	3 841	2 959	339	172	50	117	40 959	75.0	15.4	7 140	1 749
Burlington town	170	1 384	6.2	453	391	56	42	6	8	4 484	88.9	32.5	757	91
Canton town	225	1 250	10.5	454	356	11	8	3	—	5 747	90.2	40.6	986	212
Canton Valley CDP	10	168	10.1	64	44	—	—	—	—	1 096	86.3	30.9	146	39
Collinsville CDP	82	371	11.6	201	116	3	—	3	—	1 824	89.0	34.7	309	47
East Granby town	143	612	4.2	258	208	11	11	—	—	2 977	87.1	35.6	548	133
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
East Hartford town	779	6 349	9.3	3 013	2 248	274	104	50	120	35 304	73.8	13.6	6 684	1 937
East Hartford CDP	779	6 349	9.3	3 013	2 248	274	104	50	120	35 304	73.8	13.6	6 684	1 937
East Windsor town	152	1 199	2.3	572	368	35	29	—	6	7 024	77.7	14.9	1 339	302
Brook Brook CDP	80	489	3.9	188	117	17	17	—	—	2 347	80.4	16.0	397	102
Enfield town	993	8 806	7.6	2 947	2 143	251	111	48	92	30 655	78.4	17.7	6 260	1 312
Hazardville CDP	91	753	4.9	302	220	35	19	5	11	3 589	79.3	15.0	514	186
Sherwood Manor CDP	109	999	9.8	479	354	56	42	6	8	4 212	83.0	22.9	841	186
Southwood Acres CDP	187	1 433	6.2	582	511	33	9	7	17	5 946	84.3	19.4	1 479	194
Thompsonville CDP	174	1 111	6.8	479	329	36	20	4	12	5 642	72.1	13.2	952	314
Farmington town	521	2 857	8.6	1 441	785	—	—	—	—	14 831	88.9	43.6	2 667	751
Glastonbury town	673	4 528	7.2	2 088	1 447	39	23	7	9	19 287	90.6	46.2	3 166	837
Glastonbury Center CDP	77	973	9.2	493	313	17	8	—	9	5 290	88.0	44.9	907	279
Wethersfield CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Granby town	288	1 546	15.0	531	459	8	8	—	—	6 299	91.7	44.3	1 136	221
North Granby CDP (pt.)	69	249	26.5	85	73	—	—	—	—	886	95.3	50.0	120	19
Solman Brook CDP	36	302	15.6	102	127	8	8	—	—	1 516	86.1	33.7	257	28
Hartford town	1 643	26 814	8.4	13 097	9 383	1 667	367	211	1 089	80 523	59.4	14.4	7 662	2 056
Hartford city	1 643	26 814	8.4	13 097	9 383	1 667	367	211	1 089	80 523	59.4	14.4	7 662	2 056
Hartford town	59	334	10.5	111	79	3	3	—	—	1 209	85.0	24.4	222	42
North Granby CDP (pt.)	—	8	25.0	2	3	—	—	—	—	24	83.3	62.5	4	2
Manchester town	1 084	6 983	13.2	3 656	2 450	278	180	34	64	35 566	83.6	24.9	6 461	1 840
Central Manchester CDP	573	4 078	10.4	2 212	1 401	190	129	34	27	21 314	82.0	22.7	3 916	1 174
Morlington town	136	998	12.8	329	315	21	21	—	—	3 543	86.1	36.5	621	79
Terrapinus CDP	4	219	4.9	53	42	—	—	—	—	483	83.4	17.7	131	9
New Britain town	1 047	10 477	17.0	6 795	4 171	658	246	137	275	49 478	64.7	16.7	7 324	2 394
New Britain city	1 047	10 477	17.0	6 795	4 171	658	246	137	275	49 478	64.7	16.7	7 324	2 394
Newington town	513	4 023	5.5	2 132	1 303	65	32							

Table 3. Education and Veteran Status: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school				Persons 16 to 19 years				Persons 25 years and over			Civilian veterans 16 years and over			
	Preprimary school	Elementary or high school		College	Total	Not enrolled in school and not high school graduate				Total	Percent high school graduate or higher	Percent with bachelor's degree or higher	Total	65 years and over	
		Total	Percent in private school			Total	Employed	Unemployed	Not in labor force						
Hartford County—Con.															
Windsor town	614	4 349	7.4	1 805	1 301	95	45	41	9	19 106	82.1	28.3	3 179	970	
Windsor Locks town	239	1 597	3.6	783	545	33	22	7	4	8 703	77.3	16.3	1 792	506	
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	239	1 597	3.6	783	545	33	22	7	4	8 703	77.3	16.3	1 792	506	
Litchfield County	3 822	26 949	9.1	9 549	8 505	746	398	123	225	118 556	80.9	25.0	21 788	5 853	
Barkhamsted town	64	552	2.7	271	167	5	—	—	5	2 276	89.5	36.2	398	62	
Bethlehem town	75	560	10.4	205	184	—	—	—	—	2 102	87.1	24.5	366	59	
Bethlehem Village CDP	54	383	13.3	121	145	—	—	—	—	1 314	86.1	22.3	235	45	
Bridgewater town	45	253	13.8	93	63	—	—	—	—	1 212	89.3	39.3	200	44	
Canaan town	20	163	6.1	50	47	—	—	—	—	740	79.2	27.2	120	17	
Colebrook town	20	206	6.8	87	57	—	—	—	—	826	82.6	24.9	182	43	
Cornwall town	39	177	20.9	69	51	—	—	—	—	1 037	90.4	42.1	205	72	
Goshen town	61	396	6.6	139	119	6	—	3	3	1 587	88.6	35.2	316	102	
Harwinton town	102	918	3.3	360	295	12	6	—	6	3 497	86.8	26.4	705	168	
Northwest Harwinton CDP	77	510	1.2	193	175	6	—	—	—	2 270	84.9	23.2	435	111	
Kent town	71	520	20.4	151	192	24	12	—	12	2 004	84.7	35.3	418	99	
Litchfield town	155	1 374	14.7	436	435	41	14	14	13	5 852	85.0	28.7	1 088	341	
Barnum borough	14	128	—	30	52	3	—	—	—	552	73.9	10.0	94	21	
Litchfield borough	26	172	16.9	58	65	13	—	—	13	1 010	83.8	37.6	179	70	
Morris town	53	288	1.4	100	53	2	—	—	—	1 437	79.9	26.6	265	64	
New Hartford town	197	843	8.8	335	279	—	—	—	—	3 888	88.7	31.2	709	106	
New Hartford Center CDP	34	195	13.8	100	121	—	—	—	—	889	85.3	22.8	200	—	
New Milford town	719	4 133	6.2	1 164	1 274	186	132	10	44	15 292	87.2	30.9	2 532	448	
New Milford CDP	161	924	9.5	317	62	42	6	14	6	3 759	78.3	23.8	589	96	
Norfolk town	30	335	9.6	86	106	22	9	4	32	9	1 322	81.9	29.8	236	54
North Canaan town	33	528	2.8	124	211	28	11	—	17	2 309	76.2	14.6	454	157	
Canaan CDP	8	130	—	30	75	12	6	—	6	833	80.7	13.9	129	63	
Plymouth town	389	1 902	6.8	678	590	39	9	15	15	7 798	74.7	13.8	1 459	425	
Terryville CDP	159	799	4.8	358	259	11	3	—	8	3 665	71.2	12.0	651	233	
Roxbury town	35	270	15.6	116	75	—	—	—	—	1 325	93.0	40.9	238	44	
Salisbury town	39	491	14.9	159	166	—	—	—	—	3 023	87.4	45.0	641	195	
Sharon town	56	452	20.6	133	130	9	—	—	—	2 129	88.7	39.4	436	170	
Thomaston town	150	1 089	3.6	342	334	38	18	9	11	4 660	78.6	17.6	871	290	
Torrington town	553	4 403	10.8	1 935	1 374	162	77	51	34	23 468	72.5	15.7	4 371	1 402	
Torrington city	553	4 403	10.8	1 935	1 374	162	77	51	34	23 468	72.5	15.7	4 371	1 402	
Warren town	39	196	6.1	77	60	6	—	—	6	868	87.1	32.5	165	45	
Washington town	100	549	18.0	228	141	—	—	—	—	2 748	92.2	40.6	614	159	
New Preston CDP	30	148	23.6	54	41	—	—	—	—	886	89.1	23.9	167	51	
Watertown town	444	3 348	9.0	1 198	1 180	99	70	10	19	13 189	76.2	19.9	2 161	583	
Oakville CDP	158	1 272	8.7	509	477	57	37	10	10	5 893	71.1	10.0	945	291	
Winchester town	133	1 949	8.2	580	575	45	18	7	20	7 679	72.9	15.9	1 535	434	
Winsted CDP	101	1 363	7.5	380	417	32	12	—	20	5 524	69.5	13.4	1 105	325	
Woodbury town	180	1 054	12.2	431	347	22	11	—	11	5 706	90.7	41.8	1 103	270	
Woodbury Center CDP	26	125	—	62	64	—	—	—	—	799	93.4	42.6	168	51	
Middlesex County	3 027	20 430	9.9	11 337	7 670	434	247	110	77	97 312	82.6	28.2	17 474	4 674	
Chester town	78	528	1.5	170	128	31	23	8	—	2 428	82.6	24.8	505	153	
Chester Center CDP	12	282	2.8	95	94	29	23	8	—	1 128	84.6	30.5	241	64	
Clinton town	319	2 171	6.9	689	671	29	13	—	16	8 277	85.9	26.5	1 566	312	
Clinton CDP	52	391	5.4	193	102	5	—	—	5	2 345	83.9	23.8	481	145	
Cromwell town	302	1 624	9.1	957	508	23	18	2	3	8 890	86.0	31.5	1 356	425	
Deep River town	98	618	4.2	207	229	40	34	—	6	3 016	80.0	23.9	511	157	
Deep River Center CDP	59	360	1.9	135	151	40	34	—	6	1 753	79.4	23.2	277	73	
Durham town	163	1 065	8.9	359	348	23	11	—	12	3 714	86.2	30.8	760	128	
Durham CDP	66	438	1.8	212	153	11	11	—	—	1 816	84.8	30.9	377	76	
East Haddam town	176	1 116	5.3	368	324	22	22	—	—	4 528	81.8	23.8	960	217	
Moodus CDP	59	164	—	68	56	—	—	—	—	1 192	84.2	13.3	70	16	
East Hampton town	214	1 706	9.7	567	445	28	16	—	12	6 941	83.6	27.8	1 350	257	
East Hampton CDP	59	323	9.3	147	123	21	16	—	—	1 525	76.5	23.9	321	100	
Lake Pocotopaug CDP	58	399	9.8	154	107	7	—	—	7	2 111	87.3	29.2	375	98	
Essex town	70	817	11.3	216	209	—	—	—	—	4 311	87.7	36.8	853	323	
Essex Village CDP	17	360	12.2	107	65	—	—	—	—	1 892	87.2	36.8	347	145	
Haddam town	222	1 044	5.9	531	404	31	17	6	8	4 579	87.3	34.0	917	235	
Higganum CDP	26	175	9.1	136	110	17	17	—	—	1 192	84.2	30.4	241	41	
Killingworth town	151	905	8.5	219	257	4	—	—	—	3 289	90.8	33.8	557	134	
Middlefield town	86	546	14.7	232	158	11	7	—	4	2 765	82.9	25.0	631	179	
Middletown town	684	5 085	13.6	5 563	2 801	120	40	69	11	27 715	77.3	26.4	4 008	1 018	
Middletown city	684	5 085	13.6	5 563	2 801	120	40	69	11	27 715	77.3	26.4	4 008	1 018	
Old Saybrook town	228	1 251	15.6	506	465	37	29	8	—	6 894	87.2	31.7	1 468	542	
Fenwick borough	18	19	57.9	5	4	—	—	—	—	68	100.0	52.9	2	21	
Old Saybrook Center CDP	18	192	4.7	64	7	7	—	—	—	1 574	84.8	24.7	352	162	
Saybrook Manor CDP	21	124	7.3	67	64	—	—	—	—	765	87.2	26.9	174	70	
Portland town	125	1 373	11.5	481	447	17	5	7	5	5 893	79.8	24.8	1 225	338	
Portland CDP	62	915	9.4	300	303	12	—	—	7	3 994	76.0	21.5	859	263	
Westbrook town	111	581	3.8	272	246	18	8	10	—	4 072	82.7	25.3	807	256	
Westbrook Center CDP	35	189	2.1	106	93	10	—	10	—	1 620	82.0	19.6	381	139	
New Haven County	16 531	118 689	13.4	62 312	42 155	4 392	1 723	659	2 010	536 686	77.5	24.2	89 996	26 809	
Ansonia town	435	2 630	16.9	988	768	77	35	7	35	12 361	72.8	12.5	2 400	751	
Ansonia city	435	2 630	16.9	988	768	77	35	7	35	12 361	72.8	12.5	2 400	751	
Beacon Falls town	155	765	5.2	349	251	45	45	—	—	3 381	81.9	22.3	628	160	
Bethany town	142	827	3.3	237	238	21	21	—	—	3 057	88.8	41.4	545	150	
Brainford town	485	3 359	13.2	1 706	1 072	55	33	—	22	20 067	86.0	32.6	3 397	1 088	
Brainford Center CDP	95	636	14.3	336	196	12	12	—	—	4 201	82.6	24.3	654	298	
East Haven CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Cheshire town	724	4 641	7.5	1 622	1 866	318	6	9	303	16 734	88.9	42.7	2 767	624	
Cheshire Village CDP	145	910	4.9	302	295	8	—	—	8	4 0					

Table 3. Education and Veteran Status: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school				Persons 16 to 19 years				Persons 25 years and over				Civilian veterans 16 years and over	
	Preprimary school	Elementary or high school		College	Total	Not enrolled in school and not high school graduate			Total	Percent high school graduate or higher	Percent with bachelor's degree or higher	Total	65 years and over	
		Total	Percent in private school			Total	Employed	Unemployed						Not in labor force
New Haven County—Con.														
Milford town	1 143	7 058	12.3	3 187	2 382	215	98	29	88	34 486	81.9	23.4	6 652	1 939
Milford city (remainder)	1 111	6 859	12.2	3 032	2 302	198	88	26	84	33 237	81.8	23.1	6 448	1 891
Woodmont borough	32	199	18.6	155	80	17	10	3	4	1 249	85.6	30.7	204	48
Naugatuck town	641	5 211	10.3	2 091	1 556	176	95	—	81	19 758	78.2	17.0	3 237	760
Naugatuck borough	641	5 211	10.3	2 091	1 556	176	95	—	81	19 758	78.2	17.0	3 237	760
New Haven town	2 261	19 619	11.2	19 012	9 239	998	295	186	517	77 938	71.0	26.7	9 539	2 809
New Haven city	2 261	19 619	11.2	19 012	9 239	998	295	186	517	77 938	71.0	26.7	9 539	2 809
North Branford town	348	2 212	8.1	726	722	39	39	—	—	8 665	84.2	25.3	1 759	389
North Haven town	425	3 344	15.4	1 359	994	13	7	—	6	15 777	82.5	26.3	2 956	1 046
North Haven COP (pt.)	425	3 344	15.4	1 359	994	13	7	—	6	15 777	82.5	26.3	2 956	1 046
Orange town	337	1 904	3.8	943	598	30	5	7	18	9 070	89.0	43.1	1 603	568
Orange CDP	337	1 904	3.8	943	598	30	5	7	18	9 070	89.0	43.1	1 603	568
Oxford town	300	1 515	8.4	483	426	9	—	—	9	5 548	89.3	28.3	972	243
Prospect town	195	1 134	14.7	473	415	32	27	—	5	5 228	76.8	20.0	1 026	215
Seymour town	271	2 032	8.9	1 150	668	23	14	—	9	9 886	79.1	18.6	1 753	535
Southbury town	322	1 975	3.6	802	648	51	—	21	30	11 901	82.8	34.5	1 988	841
Heritage Village COP	—	53	—	93	—	—	—	—	—	3 507	92.8	39.7	742	554
Wallingford town	1 015	6 280	12.1	2 444	1 903	102	57	15	30	27 967	80.2	22.5	5 197	1 317
North Haven COP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	100.0	—	—	—
Wallingford Center COP	329	2 525	10.6	1 106	748	64	33	15	16	12 391	73.8	18.1	2 355	624
Waterbury town	1 604	16 237	22.3	6 301	5 252	902	307	170	425	71 907	66.8	14.1	10 905	3 421
Waterbury city	1 604	16 237	22.3	6 301	5 252	902	307	170	425	71 907	66.8	14.1	10 905	3 421
West Haven town	1 001	6 914	12.8	4 518	2 613	241	113	56	72	36 655	74.5	17.2	6 445	1 999
West Haven city	1 001	6 914	12.8	4 518	2 613	241	113	56	72	36 655	74.5	17.2	6 445	1 999
Wolcott town	330	2 118	5.1	707	791	68	42	13	13	9 170	78.9	15.6	2 012	489
Woodbridge town	236	1 285	20.3	519	344	28	12	—	16	5 558	92.6	55.8	953	386
New London County	5 530	37 625	8.8	18 238	13 871	1 208	515	289	308	164 959	80.9	21.8	34 447	7 535
Bozrah town	64	366	11.7	142	109	—	—	—	—	1 560	81.8	19.0	278	75
Colchester town	282	1 581	3.4	874	466	36	23	5	8	7 257	89.0	26.0	1 310	188
Colchester borough	101	428	4.0	258	147	5	—	5	—	2 176	86.9	17.9	396	78
East Lyme town	288	2 409	6.5	1 084	751	43	11	13	19	10 580	87.2	31.3	2 296	513
Niantic COP	36	396	2.0	259	102	11	—	—	—	2 245	86.2	30.3	527	198
Franklin town	23	304	14.5	118	91	8	—	—	—	1 210	79.5	16.4	251	51
Griswold town	165	1 832	8.9	521	506	39	22	17	—	6 644	72.2	10.9	1 555	328
Jewett City borough	60	543	5.9	150	150	17	—	—	—	2 084	61.9	7.2	432	112
Groton town	976	6 020	6.5	2 525	2 458	270	92	59	56	26 600	86.0	20.8	5 378	1 054
Conning Towers-Nautilus Park COP	2	312	—	498	274	23	5	—	18	4 827	90.7	11.9	731	44
Groton city	179	1 225	10.4	592	449	91	30	42	19	6 276	82.9	15.6	1 519	269
Poquonock Bridge COP	27	541	3.3	81	114	31	16	15	—	1 688	70.5	6.2	448	83
West Mystic COP	48	451	12.4	264	170	—	—	—	—	2 577	90.5	42.1	564	136
Lebanon town	126	1 099	7.6	319	269	—	—	—	—	4 021	82.0	20.7	658	123
Ledyard town	535	2 774	2.8	1 075	892	67	58	—	—	9 338	89.4	31.0	2 143	226
Lisbon town	70	498	8.5	267	210	—	—	—	—	2 477	72.8	13.6	496	80
Lyme town	42	230	12.6	111	71	4	2	2	—	1 470	90.2	43.6	314	104
Montville town	446	2 742	6.5	1 221	918	15	8	—	7	10 919	80.1	14.6	2 674	418
Uncasville-Oxoboxo Valley COP	69	418	—	162	116	7	—	—	7	1 999	71.7	12.9	484	76
New London town	406	3 507	14.0	4 251	2 538	171	35	42	75	16 346	75.4	17.9	3 239	771
New London city	406	3 507	14.0	4 251	2 538	171	35	42	75	16 346	75.4	17.9	3 239	771
North Stonington town	139	931	5.9	347	229	12	—	—	—	3 189	86.2	26.2	698	140
Norwich town	835	5 526	13.6	2 217	1 764	345	133	124	83	24 465	71.8	16.4	4 788	1 233
Norwich city	835	5 526	13.6	2 217	1 764	345	133	124	83	24 465	71.8	16.4	4 788	1 233
Old Lyme town	149	876	8.9	272	240	5	5	—	—	4 755	90.0	43.7	1 135	314
Preston town	82	660	14.4	385	302	36	8	7	21	3 554	79.4	18.5	778	184
Salem town	101	614	1.8	195	160	13	9	—	4	2 132	86.6	28.5	432	51
Spague town	62	572	31.5	157	206	16	16	—	—	1 946	71.3	10.2	398	70
Stonington town	376	2 208	9.5	1 088	52	31	—	—	21	12 055	80.3	26.6	2 470	755
Mystic COP	76	322	2.5	173	115	6	6	—	—	1 905	84.2	33.6	371	113
Pawcatuck CDP	136	785	5.2	332	249	6	6	—	—	3 593	69.4	16.2	596	195
Stonington borough	18	97	26.8	64	32	2	—	—	2	865	87.2	41.8	171	59
Voluntown town	407	380	8.7	106	119	10	2	6	2	1 369	77.3	14.3	303	57
Waterford town	316	2 296	5.6	963	792	66	40	14	12	13 072	81.8	22.3	2 853	795
Central Waterford COP	51	298	1.7	111	112	4	—	—	4	2 255	74.7	13.9	448	116
Tolland County	2 786	18 821	5.9	18 382	8 824	458	304	54	100	79 077	84.7	29.2	14 442	2 856
Andover town	72	411	1.2	129	272	11	9	2	—	1 704	90.0	28.8	291	51
Bolton town	92	787	6.1	324	260	14	14	—	—	3 079	91.9	33.2	595	115
Columbia town	101	692	4.2	251	172	13	8	—	5	3 069	87.5	29.6	541	85
Coventry town	292	1 559	3.2	740	514	35	35	—	—	6 564	86.5	27.4	1 173	183
Coventry Lake CDP	77	435	—	255	169	11	11	—	—	1 804	85.4	16.9	360	75
South Coventry COP	17	188	3.2	90	31	7	—	—	—	893	81.7	25.5	119	—
Ellington town	212	1 805	7.1	844	618	19	19	—	—	7 362	88.3	26.7	1 609	258
Crystal Lake COP (pt.)	130	931	6.3	401	242	12	—	—	—	4 556	82.6	16.9	165	41
Hebron town	249	1 373	7.2	721	386	16	—	16	—	4 478	71.6	37.7	762	79
Mansfield town	208	1 656	3.7	10 746	3 562	5	—	5	—	8 593	86.7	51.6	1 318	390
Storrs COP	30	368	8.2	9 854	3 186	—	—	—	—	2 587	92.6	68.1	339	139
Somers town	197	1 359	7.7	617	423	17	17	—	—	6 274	82.9	21.9	1 296	269
Central Somers COP	197	1 359	7.7	617	423	17	17	—	—	6 274	82.9	21.9	1 296	269
Stafford town	197	1 876	8.5	529	509	43	21	5	17	7 124	84.4	12.2	1 429	291
Stafford Springs borough	71	702	14.2	173	173	30	13	—	17	2 562	71.6	10.0	482	132
Tolland town	380	2 066	7.5	761	585	40	23	17	—	6 983	89.9	32.0	1 347	146
Union town	10	115	1.7	25	28	—	—	—	—	420	81.2	19.8	112	38
Vernon town	609	4 263	5.3	1 995	1 425	213	144	9	60	19 933	81.0	25.7	3 593	839
Willington town	167	859	5.1	1 000	215	32	14	—	18	3 426	84.0	31.4	576	112
Crystal Lake COP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Windham County	2													

Table 3. **Education and Veteran Status: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school				Persons 16 to 19 years					Persons 25 years and over			Civilian veterans 16 years and over	
	Preprimary school	Elementary or high school		College	Total	Not enrolled in school and not high school graduate				Total	Percent high school graduate or higher	Percent with bachelor's degree or higher	Total	65 years and over
		Total	Percent in private school			Total	Employed	Unemployed	Not in labor force					
Windham County—Con.														
Plainfield town—Con.														
Wareaug CDP	53	201	2.5	13	38	3	3	—	—	628	50.8	6.4	158	25
Pomfret town	58	635	16.5	213	195	11	6	—	5	1 964	83.2	35.1	411	103
Putnam town	245	1 320	10.2	418	469	102	47	28	27	5 920	64.1	12.5	1 100	318
Putnam District CDP	178	1 015	10.5	250	383	102	47	28	27	4 332	59.7	11.4	816	255
Scotland town	22	206	10.7	96	64	2	2	—	—	800	85.1	18.8	146	36
Sterling town	42	447	2.2	73	119	24	12	3	9	1 477	72.9	8.3	323	69
Thompson town	133	1 432	7.2	388	392	23	5	—	18	5 829	68.8	14.6	1 142	295
North Grosvenor Dale CDP	19	335	2.1	28	93	7	—	—	7	1 047	51.8	4.2	220	38
Quinebaug CDP	—	106	11.3	49	35	—	—	—	—	780	67.2	12.9	171	52
Windham town	369	3 245	10.2	2 800	1 506	137	53	36	48	13 342	66.9	18.7	2 262	615
South Windham CDP	72	220	32.7	178	86	9	9	—	—	1 078	77.3	21.8	174	53
Willimantic CDP	226	2 013	9.1	2 320	1 147	84	35	9	40	8 645	64.6	18.6	1 404	417
Woodstock town	130	979	8.8	274	236	8	8	—	—	4 081	82.7	29.6	805	185
South Woodstock CDP	18	160	16.3	54	47	—	—	—	—	749	82.8	29.6	134	34

Table 4. Education and Veteran Status: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school						Persons 16 to 19 years				Persons 25 years and over				Civilian veterans 16 years and over	
	Preprimary school	Elementary or high school		College	Total	Not enrolled in school and not high school graduate				Total	Percent high school graduate or higher	Percent with bachel- or's degree or higher	Total	65 years and over		
		Total	Percent in pri- vate school			Total	Employed	Unem- ployed	Not in labor force							
The State	69 085	493 500	11.9	242 901	171 472	15 499	6 542	2 504	6 357	2 198 963	79.2	27.2	373 933	103 606		
COUNTY																
Fairfield County	19 131	124 638	15.3	53 867	40 838	3 208	1 341	471	1 396	564 538	81.0	34.2	89 489	26 433		
Hartford County	16 168	128 982	10.0	62 411	43 809	4 421	1 693	681	2 047	572 676	77.7	25.8	93 683	26 559		
Litchfield County	3 822	26 949	9.1	9 549	8 505	746	398	123	225	118 556	80.9	25.0	21 788	5 853		
Middlesex County	3 027	20 430	9.9	11 337	7 670	434	247	110	77	97 312	82.6	28.2	17 474	4 674		
New Haven County	16 531	118 689	13.4	62 312	42 155	4 392	1 723	659	2 010	536 686	77.5	24.2	89 996	26 809		
New London County	5 530	37 625	8.8	18 238	13 871	1 208	515	289	308	164 959	80.9	21.8	34 447	7 535		
Tolland County	2 786	18 821	9.9	18 382	8 824	458	304	54	100	79 077	84.7	29.2	14 442	2 856		
Windham County	2 090	17 366	9.6	6 805	5 800	632	321	117	194	65 159	71.1	16.8	12 614	2 887		
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION																
Andover town, Tolland County	72	411	1.2	129	127	11	9	2	—	1 704	90.0	28.8	291	51		
Ansonia city, New Haven County	435	2 630	16.9	988	768	77	35	7	35	12 361	72.8	12.5	2 400	751		
Ansonia town, New Haven County	435	2 630	16.9	988	768	77	35	7	35	12 361	72.8	12.5	2 400	751		
Ashford town, Windham County	105	570	1.8	284	164	26	17	—	9	2 429	86.9	27.5	405	97		
Avon town, Hartford County	274	2 195	13.1	712	600	45	23	—	22	9 939	92.7	52.4	1 897	531		
Bantam borough, Litchfield County	14	128	—	50	36	22	8	14	—	552	73.9	10.0	94	21		
Barkhamsted town, Litchfield County	64	552	2.7	271	167	5	—	—	5	2 276	89.5	36.2	398	62		
Beacon Falls town, New Haven County	155	765	5.2	349	251	45	45	—	—	3 381	81.9	22.3	628	160		
Berlin town, Hartford County	407	2 500	9.4	1 161	833	26	19	—	7	11 644	82.4	22.9	2 062	684		
Bethony town, New Haven County	142	827	3.3	237	238	21	21	—	—	3 057	88.8	41.4	545	150		
Bethel town, Fairfield County	578	3 198	6.1	1 178	976	45	21	14	10	11 318	86.4	32.2	1 930	328		
Bethel CDP, Fairfield County	303	1 373	4.9	533	420	39	21	14	4	5 932	83.3	27.2	946	199		
Bethlehem town, Litchfield County	75	560	10.4	205	184	—	—	—	—	2 102	87.1	24.5	366	59		
Bethlehem Village CDP, Litchfield County	54	383	13.3	121	145	—	—	—	—	1 314	86.1	22.3	235	45		
Bloomfield town, Hartford County	340	2 467	15.4	1 311	866	45	23	8	14	14 134	81.4	31.0	2 343	787		
Blue Hills CDP, Hartford County	75	506	11.7	234	188	17	9	8	—	2 225	69.3	9.7	380	101		
Bolton town, Tolland County	92	787	6.1	324	260	14	14	—	—	3 079	91.9	33.2	595	115		
Bozrah town, New London County	64	366	11.7	142	109	—	—	—	—	1 560	81.8	19.0	278	75		
Branford town, New Haven County	485	3 359	13.2	1 706	1 072	55	33	—	22	20 067	86.0	32.6	3 397	1 088		
Branford Center CDP, New Haven County	95	636	14.3	336	196	12	12	—	—	4 201	82.6	24.3	654	293		
Bridgeport city, Fairfield County	2 053	25 028	18.3	8 477	7 801	1 566	514	278	774	88 975	61.1	12.3	11 095	3 450		
Bridgeport town, Fairfield County	2 053	25 028	18.3	8 477	7 801	1 566	514	278	774	88 975	61.1	12.3	11 095	3 450		
Bridgewater town, Litchfield County	45	253	13.8	93	63	—	—	—	—	1 212	89.3	39.3	200	44		
Bristol city, Hartford County	1 134	8 492	12.3	3 841	2 959	339	172	50	117	40 959	75.0	15.4	7 140	1 749		
Bristol town, Hartford County	1 134	8 492	12.3	3 841	2 959	339	172	50	117	40 959	75.0	15.4	7 140	1 749		
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	80	489	3.9	188	117	17	17	—	—	2 347	80.4	16.0	397	102		
Brookfield town, Fairfield County	274	2 365	9.7	785	29	10	6	13	—	9 391	90.5	41.2	1 651	290		
Brooklyn town, Windham County	108	1 164	4.9	326	376	41	21	—	20	4 342	70.8	17.6	831	185		
Burlington town, Hartford County	170	1 384	6.2	453	391	—	—	—	—	4 484	88.9	32.5	757	91		
Canaan CDP, Litchfield County	8	130	—	30	75	12	6	—	6	833	80.7	13.9	129	63		
Canaan town, Litchfield County	20	163	6.1	50	47	—	—	—	—	740	79.2	27.2	120	17		
Canterbury town, Windham County	157	885	7.7	235	245	23	8	—	15	2 797	79.3	17.8	546	102		
Canton town, Hartford County	225	1 250	10.5	454	356	11	8	3	—	5 747	90.2	40.6	986	212		
Canton Valley CDP, Hartford County	10	168	10.1	64	44	—	—	—	—	1 096	86.3	30.9	146	39		
Central Manchester CDP, Hartford County	573	4 078	10.4	2 212	1 401	190	129	34	27	21 314	82.0	22.7	3 916	1 174		
Central Somers CDP, Tolland County	39	230	6.1	69	54	—	—	—	—	1 143	84.3	21.5	200	78		
Central Waterford CDP, New London County	51	298	1.7	111	112	4	—	—	4	2 255	74.7	13.9	448	116		
Chaplin town, Windham County	33	349	4.3	104	98	10	—	8	2	1 321	78.6	19.7	268	47		
Cheshire town, New Haven County	724	4 641	7.5	1 622	1 866	318	6	9	303	16 734	88.9	42.7	2 767	624		
Cheshire Village CDP, New Haven County	145	910	4.9	302	295	8	—	—	8	4 032	90.0	41.8	649	190		
Chester town, Middlesex County	78	528	1.5	170	158	31	23	8	—	2 428	82.6	24.8	505	153		
Chester Center CDP, Middlesex County	12	282	2.8	95	94	31	23	8	—	1 128	84.6	30.5	241	64		
Clinton town, Middlesex County	319	2 171	6.9	689	671	29	13	—	16	8 277	85.9	26.5	1 566	312		
Clinton CDP, Middlesex County	52	391	5.4	193	102	5	—	—	5	2 345	83.9	23.8	481	145		
Colchester borough, New London County	101	428	4.0	258	147	5	—	5	—	2 176	86.9	17.9	396	78		
Colchester town, New London County	282	1 581	3.4	674	466	36	23	5	8	7 257	89.0	26.0	1 310	188		
Colebrook town, Litchfield County	20	206	6.8	87	57	—	—	—	—	960	82.6	24.9	182	43		
Collinsville CDP, Hartford County	82	371	11.6	201	116	3	—	3	—	1 824	89.0	34.7	309	47		
Columbia town, Tolland County	101	692	4.2	251	172	13	8	—	5	3 069	87.5	29.6	541	85		
Canning Towers-Nautlius Park CDP, New London County	428	2 312	4.5	498	274	23	5	—	18	4 827	90.7	11.9	731	46		
Corwall town, Litchfield County	39	177	20.9	69	51	—	—	—	—	1 037	90.4	42.1	205	72		
Coventry town, Tolland County	292	1 559	3.2	740	514	35	35	—	—	6 564	86.5	27.4	1 173	183		
Coventry Lake CDP, Tolland County	77	435	—	255	169	11	11	—	—	1 804	85.4	16.9	360	75		
Cromwell town, Middlesex County	302	1 624	9.1	957	508	23	18	2	3	8 890	86.0	31.5	1 356	425		
Crystal Lake CDP, Tolland County	57	142	6.3	71	40	—	—	—	—	856	82.6	16.9	165	41		
Onbury city, Fairfield County	1 342	9 187	19.0	4 814	3 249	239	114	69	56	43 761	76.5	26.9	6 743	1 715		
Onbury town, Fairfield County	1 342	9 187	19.0	4 814	3 249	239	114	69	56	43 761	76.5	26.9	6 743	1 715		
Onielson borough, Windham County	130	695	9.8	231	281	54	22	24	8	2 734	69.8	15.3	663	128		
Oonen town, Fairfield County	682	2 627	10.9	1 160	860	26	9	—	17	12 530	93.7	59.3	2 271	711		
Oorien CDP, Fairfield County	682	2 609	11.0	1 155	860	26	9	—	17	12 471	93.7	59.3	2 258	711		
Deep River town, Middlesex County	98	618	4.2	207	229	40	34	—	6	3 016	80.0	23.9	511	157		
Deep River Center CDP, Middlesex County	59	360	1.9	135	151	40	34	—	6	1 753	79.4	23.2	277	73		
Oerby city, New Haven County	221	1 417	17.4	859	487	61	9	42	10	8 749	71.8	15.1	1 484	500		
Oerby town, New Haven County	221	1 417	17.4	859	487	61	9	42	10	8 749	71.8	15.1	1 484	500		
Ourtown CDP, Middlesex County	200	438	1.8	212	153	11	11	—	—	1 816	84.8	30.9	377	76		
Ourtown town, Middlesex County	163	1 065	8.9	359	348	23	11	—	12	3 714	86.2	30.8	760	128		
East Brookline CDP, Windham County	30	238	9.7	62	63	—	—	—	—	1 040	53.7	10.6	169	48		
Eastford town, Windham County	48	196	11.2	59	54	2	—	—	2	895	80.8	28.6	162	45		
East Granby town, Hartford County	143	612	4.2	258	208	11	11	—	2	2 977	87.1	35.6	548	133		
East Haddam town, Middlesex County	176	1 116	5.3	388	324	22	22	—	—	4 528	81.8	23.8	960	217		
East Hampton CDP, Middlesex County	59	323	9.3	147	123	21	16	—	5	1 525	76.5	23.9				

Table 4. Education and Veteran Status: 1990—Con.

(Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school				Persons 16 to 19 years				Persons 25 years and over				Civilian veterans 16 years and over		
	Preprimary school	Elementary or high school		College	Total	Not enrolled in school and not high school graduate			Not in labor force	Total	Percent high school graduate or higher	Percent with bachel- or's degree or higher	Total	65 years and over	
		Total	Percent in pri- vate school			Total	Employed	Unem- ployed							
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.															
Enfield town, Hartford County	993	6 806	7.6	2 947	2 143	251	111	48	92	30 655	78.4	17.6	6 260	1 312	
Essex town, Middlesex County	70	817	11.3	216	209	—	—	—	—	4 311	87.7	36.8	853	323	
Essex Village CDP, Middlesex County	17	360	12.2	107	65	—	—	—	—	1 892	87.2	36.8	347	145	
Fairfield town, Fairfield County	1 491	6 614	16.2	5 402	3 293	115	63	13	39	36 898	86.6	40.9	6 409	2 235	
Farmington town, Hartford County	521	2 857	8.6	1 441	785	—	—	—	—	14 831	88.9	43.6	2 667	751	
Fenwick borough, Middlesex County	—	19	57.9	—	5	—	—	—	—	68	100.0	52.9	26	21	
Franklin town, New London County	23	304	14.5	118	91	8	—	—	—	1 210	79.5	16.4	251	51	
Georgetown CDP, Fairfield County	24	240	7.1	64	37	—	—	—	—	1 175	90.9	47.8	217	58	
Glastonbury town, Hartford County	673	4 528	7.2	2 088	1 447	39	23	7	9	19 287	90.6	46.2	3 166	837	
Glastonbury Center CDP, Hartford County	77	973	9.2	493	313	17	8	—	9	5 290	88.0	44.9	907	279	
Goshen town, Litchfield County	61	396	6.6	139	119	6	—	3	3	1 587	88.6	35.2	316	102	
Granby town, Hartford County	288	1 546	15.0	531	459	8	8	—	—	6 299	91.7	44.3	1 136	221	
Greenwich town, Fairfield County	1 357	8 041	24.4	3 463	2 549	97	31	—	66	42 240	88.7	49.0	6 910	2 454	
Griswold town, New London County	165	1 832	8.9	521	506	39	22	17	—	6 644	72.2	10.9	1 555	328	
Groton city, New London County	179	1 225	10.4	592	449	91	30	42	19	6 276	82.9	15.6	1 519	269	
Groton town, New London County	976	6 020	6.5	2 525	2 458	270	92	59	56	26 600	86.0	20.8	5 378	1 054	
Gulfport town, New Haven County	640	3 477	5.3	977	981	34	15	—	19	13 448	91.4	43.2	2 466	529	
Gulfport Center CDP, New Haven County	73	334	3.7	82	108	—	—	—	—	1 907	84.5	29.3	313	124	
Haddam town, Middlesex County	222	1 044	5.9	531	404	31	17	6	8	4 579	87.3	34.0	917	235	
Hendon town, New Haven County	1 061	6 383	20.5	4 850	2 694	115	78	6	31	36 759	84.8	32.4	6 228	2 365	
Hampton town, Windham County	40	263	6.5	96	85	15	12	—	3	1 077	84.6	29.2	211	38	
Hartford city, Hartford County	1 643	26 814	8.4	13 097	9 383	1 667	367	211	1 089	80 523	59.4	14.4	7 662	2 056	
Hartford town, Hartford County	1 643	26 814	8.4	13 097	9 383	1 667	367	211	1 089	80 523	59.4	14.4	7 662	2 056	
Hartland town, Hartford County	59	334	10.5	111	79	3	3	—	—	1 209	85.0	24.4	222	42	
Hartwinton town, Litchfield County	102	918	3.3	360	295	12	6	—	6	3 497	86.8	26.4	705	168	
Hazardville CDP, Hartford County	91	753	4.9	302	220	35	19	5	11	3 589	79.3	15.0	794	186	
Hebron town, Tolland County	249	1 373	7.2	421	386	16	—	16	—	4 478	91.6	37.7	762	79	
Heritage Village CDP, New Haven County	—	53	—	93	—	—	—	—	—	3 507	92.8	39.7	742	554	
Higganum CDP, Middlesex County	26	175	9.1	136	110	17	17	—	—	1 192	84.2	30.4	241	41	
Jewett City borough, New London County	60	543	5.9	150	163	17	—	17	—	2 084	61.9	7.2	432	112	
Kensington CDP, Hartford County	156	1 305	9.7	556	419	19	12	—	7	5 759	81.5	21.8	1 020	363	
Kent town, Litchfield County	71	520	20.4	151	192	24	12	—	12	2 004	84.7	35.3	418	99	
Killingtown town, Windham County	294	2 832	10.7	830	980	146	85	36	25	10 133	66.4	12.7	2 242	443	
Killingworth town, Middlesex County	151	905	8.5	219	257	4	4	—	—	3 289	90.8	33.8	557	134	
Lake Pocotopog CDP, Middlesex County	58	399	9.8	154	107	7	—	—	7	2 111	87.3	29.2	375	98	
Lebanon town, New London County	126	1 099	7.6	319	269	—	—	—	—	4 021	82.0	20.7	658	123	
Ledyard town, New London County	535	2 774	2.8	1 075	892	67	58	—	—	9 338	89.4	31.0	2 443	226	
Lisbon town, New London County	70	698	8.5	267	210	—	—	—	—	2 477	72.8	13.6	496	85	
Litchfield borough, Litchfield County	26	172	16.9	58	65	13	—	—	13	1 010	83.8	37.6	179	70	
Litchfield town, Litchfield County	155	1 374	14.7	436	435	41	14	14	13	5 852	85.0	28.7	1 088	341	
Lyme town, New London County	42	230	12.6	111	71	4	2	2	—	1 470	90.2	43.6	314	104	
Madison town, New Haven County	348	2 930	9.9	786	958	73	16	—	57	10 388	92.7	45.6	2 060	470	
Madison Center CDP, New Haven County	49	315	18.1	114	140	—	—	—	—	1 583	90.1	35.2	284	65	
Manchester town, Hartford County	1 084	6 983	13.2	3 656	2 450	278	180	34	64	35 566	83.6	24.9	6 461	1 840	
Mansfield town, Tolland County	208	1 656	3.7	10 746	3 562	5	—	5	—	8 593	86.7	51.6	1 318	390	
Marlborough town, Hartford County	136	998	12.8	329	315	21	21	—	—	3 543	86.1	36.5	621	79	
Meriden city, New Haven County	1 284	9 170	14.2	3 186	2 756	521	282	57	182	39 600	72.6	15.8	6 907	1 966	
Meriden town, New Haven County	1 284	9 170	14.2	3 186	2 756	521	282	57	182	39 600	72.6	15.8	6 907	1 966	
Middlebury town, New Haven County	138	1 011	26.5	304	336	5	—	—	5	4 299	87.2	34.4	776	227	
Middlefield town, Middlesex County	86	546	14.7	232	158	11	7	—	4	2 765	82.9	25.0	631	179	
Middletown city, Middlesex County	684	5 085	13.6	5 563	2 801	120	40	69	11	27 715	77.3	26.4	4 008	1 018	
Middletown town, Middlesex County	684	5 085	13.6	5 563	2 801	120	40	69	11	27 715	77.3	26.4	4 008	1 018	
Milford town, New Haven County	1 143	7 058	12.3	3 187	2 382	215	98	29	88	34 486	81.9	23.4	6 652	1 939	
Milford city (remainder), New Haven County	1 111	6 859	12.2	3 032	2 302	198	88	26	84	33 237	81.8	23.1	6 448	1 891	
Monroe town, Fairfield County	624	3 244	9.1	881	930	16	—	9	7	10 843	89.1	36.1	1 935	366	
Monroville town, New London County	446	2 742	6.5	1 221	918	15	8	—	7	10 919	80.1	14.6	2 674	418	
Moodus CDP, Middlesex County	39	164	5.5	68	56	—	—	—	—	727	70.8	11.3	70	16	
Moscow CDP, Windham County	73	629	23.7	152	191	11	11	—	—	1 970	68.6	7.0	355	57	
Morris town, Litchfield County	53	288	1.4	100	53	2	2	—	—	1 437	79.9	26.6	265	64	
Mystic CDP, New London County	76	322	2.5	173	115	6	6	—	—	1 905	84.2	33.6	371	113	
Naugatuck borough, New Haven County	641	5 211	10.3	2 091	1 556	176	95	—	81	19 758	78.2	17.0	3 237	760	
Naugatuck town, New Haven County	641	5 211	10.3	2 091	1 556	176	95	—	81	19 758	78.2	17.0	3 237	760	
New Britain city, Hartford County	1 047	10 477	17.0	6 795	4 171	658	246	137	275	49 478	64.7	16.7	7 324	2 394	
New Britain town, Hartford County	1 047	10 477	17.0	6 795	4 171	658	246	137	275	49 478	64.7	16.7	7 324	2 394	
New Canaan town, Fairfield County	496	3 022	20.4	1 014	891	13	13	—	—	12 416	94.9	62.6	2 240	717	
New Fairfield town, Fairfield County	402	2 397	1.8	705	750	28	14	—	14	8 271	90.1	35.5	1 477	242	
New Hartford town, Litchfield County	197	843	8.8	335	279	—	—	—	—	3 888	88.7	31.2	709	106	
New Hartford Center CDP, Litchfield County	34	195	13.8	100	121	—	—	—	—	889	85.3	22.8	200	—	
New Haven city, New Haven County	2 261	19 619	11.2	19 012	9 239	998	295	186	517	77 938	71.0	26.7	9 539	2 809	
New Haven town, New Haven County	2 261	19 619	11.2	19 012	9 239	998	295	186	517	77 938	71.0	26.7	9 539	2 809	
Newington town, Hartford County	513	4 023	5.5	2 132	1 303	65	32	16	17	21 129	80.0	24.9	3 792	1 288	
Newington CDP, Hartford County	513	4 023	5.5	2 132	1 303	65	32	16	17	21 129	80.0	24.9	3 792	1 288	
New London city, New London County	406	3 507	14.0	4 251	2 538	171	35	42	75	16 346	75.4	17.9	3 239	771	
New London town, New London County	406	3 507	14.0	4 251	2 538	171	35	42	75	16 346	75.4	17.9	3 239	771	
New Milford CDP, Litchfield County	161	924	9.5	237	318	62	42	6	14	3 759	78.3	23.6	589	96	
New Milford town, Litchfield County	719	4 133	6.2	1 164	1 274	186	132	10	44	15 292	87.2	30.9	2 532	448	
New Preston CDP, Litchfield County	30	148	23.6	54	41	—	—	—	—	886	89.1	23.9	167	51	
Newtown borough, Fairfield County	50	315	10.5	104	100	2	2	—	—	1 241	94.1	46.5	228	63	
Newtown town, Fairfield County	666	3 600	11.0	1 178	1 220	71	26	6	39	13 890	88.6	39.7	2 410	496	
Niantic CDP, New London County	36	396	2.0	259	102	11	11	—	—	2 2					

Table 4. Education and Veteran Status: 1990—Con.

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State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school				Persons 16 to 19 years						Persons 25 years and over				Civilian veterans 16 years and over	
	Preprimary school	Elementary or high school		College	Total	Not enrolled in school and not high school graduate				Total	Percent high school graduate or higher	Percent with bachel- or's degree or higher	Total	65 years and over		
		Total	Percent in pri- vate school			Total	Employed	Unem- ployed	Not in labor force							
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—																
Con.																
Norwalk town, Fairfield County.....	1	591	10 215	12.2	5 454	3 267	250	141	26	83	55 487	79.5	29.5	8 066	2 376	
Norwich city, New London County.....		835	5 526	13.6	2 217	1 764	345	133	124	83	24 465	71.8	16.4	4 788	1 233	
Norwich town, New London County.....		835	5 526	13.6	2 217	1 764	345	133	124	83	24 465	71.8	16.4	4 788	1 233	
Oakville CDP, Litchfield County.....		158	1 272	8.7	509	477	57	37	10	10	5 893	71.1	10.0	945	291	
Old Lyme town, New London County.....		149	876	8.9	272	240	5	5	—	—	6 894	90.0	43.7	1 135	317	
Old Saybrook town, Middlesex County.....		228	1 251	15.6	506	465	37	29	8	—	6 894	87.2	31.7	1 468	542	
Old Saybrook Center CDP, Middlesex County.....		18	192	4.7	65	64	7	7	—	—	1 574	84.8	24.7	352	162	
Orange town, New Haven County.....		337	1 904	3.8	943	598	30	5	7	18	9 070	89.0	43.1	1 603	568	
Orange CDP, New Haven County.....		337	1 904	3.8	943	598	30	5	7	18	9 070	89.0	43.1	1 603	568	
Oxford town, New Haven County.....		300	1 515	8.4	483	426	9	—	—	9	5 548	89.3	28.3	972	243	
Pawcatuck CDP, New London County.....		136	785	5.2	332	249	6	6	—	—	3 593	69.4	16.2	596	195	
Plainfield town, Windham County.....		306	2 843	13.8	609	817	62	45	6	11	8 752	68.9	7.3	1 760	319	
Plainfield Village CDP, Windham County.....		39	524	15.6	84	178	21	15	6	—	1 744	63.2	5.4	357	80	
Plainville town, Hartford County.....		286	2 353	4.4	892	811	69	28	15	26	12 173	76.1	16.7	2 326	571	
Plymouth town, Litchfield County.....		389	1 902	6.8	678	590	39	9	15	15	7 798	74.7	13.8	1 459	425	
Pomfret town, Windham County.....		58	635	16.5	213	195	11	6	—	5	1 964	83.2	35.1	411	103	
Poquonock Bridge CDP, New London County.....		27	541	3.3	81	114	31	16	15	—	1 688	70.5	6.2	448	83	
Portland town, Middlesex County.....		125	1 373	11.5	481	447	17	5	7	5	5 893	79.8	24.8	1 225	338	
Portland CDP, Middlesex County.....		62	915	9.4	300	303	12	—	7	5	3 994	76.0	21.5	859	263	
Preston town, New London County.....		82	660	14.4	385	302	36	8	7	21	3 554	79.4	18.5	778	184	
Prospect town, New Haven County.....		195	1 134	14.7	473	415	32	27	—	5	5 228	76.8	20.0	1 026	215	
Purham town, Windham County.....		245	1 320	10.2	418	469	102	47	28	27	5 920	64.1	12.5	1 100	318	
Purton District CDP, Windham County.....		178	1 015	10.5	250	383	102	47	28	27	4 332	59.7	11.4	816	255	
Quinebaug CDP, Windham County.....		—	106	11.3	49	35	—	—	—	—	780	67.2	12.9	171	52	
Redding town, Fairfield County.....		303	1 325	10.8	419	386	—	—	—	—	5 399	95.1	49.7	992	272	
Ridgefield CDP, Fairfield County.....		184	856	11.2	380	313	5	—	—	—	4 541	91.4	51.5	712	190	
Ridgefield town, Fairfield County.....		722	3 515	10.4	1 151	1 082	35	35	—	—	14 189	93.2	56.1	2 405	512	
Rocky Hill town, Hartford County.....		341	1 816	2.3	1 197	630	20	14	—	6	12 212	85.3	31.9	1 908	611	
Roxbury town, Litchfield County.....		35	270	15.6	116	75	—	—	—	—	1 325	93.0	40.9	238	44	
Salem town, New London County.....		101	614	1.8	195	160	13	9	—	4	2 132	86.6	28.5	432	51	
Salisbury town, Litchfield County.....		39	491	14.9	159	166	—	—	—	—	3 023	87.4	45.0	641	195	
Salmon Brook CDP, Hartford County.....		36	302	15.6	102	127	8	—	—	—	1 516	86.1	33.7	257	28	
Saybrook Manor CDP, Middlesex County.....		21	124	6.7	67	64	—	—	—	—	765	87.2	26.9	174	70	
Scotland town, Windham County.....		22	206	10.7	96	64	2	2	—	—	800	85.1	18.8	146	36	
Seymour town, New Haven County.....		271	2 032	8.9	1 150	668	23	14	—	9	9 886	79.1	18.6	1 753	535	
Sharon town, Litchfield County.....		56	452	20.6	133	130	9	9	—	—	2 129	88.7	39.4	436	170	
Shelton city, Fairfield County.....		832	5 431	17.0	2 430	1 618	85	45	11	29	24 010	83.1	23.9	4 526	1 065	
Shelton town, Fairfield County.....		832	5 431	17.0	2 430	1 618	85	45	11	29	24 010	83.1	23.9	4 526	1 065	
Sherman town, Fairfield County.....		41	402	19.9	178	146	18	18	—	—	2 026	93.0	40.1	359	92	
Sherwood Manor CDP, Hartford County.....		109	999	9.8	479	354	56	42	6	8	4 212	83.0	22.9	841	186	
Simsbury town, Hartford County.....		593	3 964	7.7	1 557	1 294	47	21	11	15	14 775	94.5	56.0	2 580	598	
Simsbury Center CDP, Hartford County.....		130	1 030	5.7	386	355	9	—	—	—	3 796	92.5	51.0	684	187	
Somers town, Tolland County.....		197	1 359	7.7	617	423	17	17	—	—	6 274	82.9	21.9	1 296	269	
Southbury town, New Haven County.....		322	1 975	3.6	802	648	51	—	21	30	11 901	82.8	34.5	1 988	841	
South Coventry CDP, Tolland County.....		17	188	3.2	90	31	7	7	—	—	893	81.7	25.5	119	9	
Southington town, Hartford County.....		732	6 534	9.4	2 625	2 159	96	38	—	58	25 653	79.2	21.8	4 866	1 240	
South Windham CDP, Windham County.....		72	220	32.7	178	86	9	—	—	—	1 078	77.3	21.8	174	53	
South Windsor town, Hartford County.....		591	3 517	6.4	1 370	989	52	43	—	9	14 909	88.4	31.9	2 499	458	
Southwood Acres CDP, Hartford County.....		187	1 433	6.2	582	511	33	9	7	17	5 946	84.3	19.4	1 479	194	
South Woodstock CDP, Windham County.....		18	160	16.3	54	47	—	—	—	—	749	82.8	29.6	134	34	
Sprogue town, New London County.....		62	572	31.5	157	206	16	16	—	—	1 946	71.3	10.2	398	70	
Stafford town, Tolland County.....		197	1 876	8.5	529	509	43	21	5	17	7 192	74.4	12.2	1 429	291	
Stafford Springs borough, Tolland County.....		—	702	14.2	173	173	30	13	—	—	2 562	71.6	10.0	482	132	
Stamford city, Fairfield County.....	2	200	14 270	15.9	6 531	4 372	333	197	9	127	76 382	81.2	35.1	10 651	3 523	
Stamford town, Fairfield County.....	2	200	14 270	15.9	6 531	4 372	333	197	9	127	76 382	81.2	35.1	10 651	3 523	
Sterling town, Windham County.....		42	447	2.2	73	119	24	12	3	9	1 477	72.9	8.3	323	69	
Stonington borough, New London County.....		18	97	26.8	64	32	2	—	—	2	865	87.2	41.8	171	59	
Stonington town, New London County.....		376	2 208	9.5	1 088	780	52	31	—	21	12 055	80.3	26.6	2 470	755	
Storrs CDP, Tolland County.....		30	368	8.2	9 854	3 186	—	—	—	—	2 587	92.6	68.1	339	139	
Stratford town, Fairfield County.....		904	6 771	14.0	2 706	2 135	46	24	9	13	35 420	77.8	21.2	6 582	2 332	
Stratford CDP, Fairfield County.....		904	6 771	14.0	2 706	2 135	46	24	9	13	35 420	77.8	21.2	6 582	2 332	
Surfield town, Hartford County.....		227	2 048	12.3	787	713	12	12	—	—	7 796	87.5	30.5	1 457	410	
Surfield Depot CDP, Hartford County.....		—	327	60.9	81	235	12	—	—	—	816	85.3	31.9	151	52	
Torrville CDP, Hartford County.....		42	174	2.9	37	40	6	—	—	—	1 003	88.7	37.6	137	18	
Terramuggus CDP, Hartford County.....		4	219	16.9	92	53	—	—	—	—	687	89.4	40.3	131	9	
Terryville CDP, Litchfield County.....		159	799	4.8	358	259	11	3	—	8	3 665	71.2	12.0	651	233	
Thomaston town, Litchfield County.....		150	1 089	3.6	342	334	38	18	9	11	4 660	78.6	17.6	871	290	
Thompson town, Windham County.....		133	1 432	7.2	388	392	23	5	—	18	5 829	68.8	14.6	1 142	295	
Thompsonville CDP, Hartford County.....		174	1 111	6.8	479	329	36	20	4	12	5 642	72.1	13.2	952	314	
Tolland town, Tolland County.....		380	2 066	7.5	761	585	40	23	17	—	6 983	89.9	32.0	1 347	146	
Torrington city, Litchfield County.....		553	4 403	10.8	1 935	1 374	162	77	51	34	23 468	72.5	15.7	4 371	1 402	
Torrington town, Litchfield County.....		553	4 403	10.8	1 935	1 374	162	77	51	34	23 468	72.5	15.7	4 371	1 402	
Trumbull town, Fairfield County.....		877	4 899	13.7	2 228	1 593	55	26	9	20	22 210	83.8	36.0	4 031	1 261	
Trumbull CDP, Fairfield County.....		877	4 899	13.7	2 228	1 593	55	26	9	20	22 210	83.8	36.0	4 031	1 261	
Uncasville-Oxoboxo Valley CDP, New London County.....		69	418	—	162	116	7	—	—	7	1 999	71.7	12.9	484	76	
Union town, Tolland County.....		—	115	1.7	25	28	—	—	—	—	420	81.2	19.8	112	38	

Table 4. Education and Veteran Status: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school				Persons 16 to 19 years						Persons 25 years and over			Civilian veterans 16 years and over	
	Preprimary school	Elementary or high school		College	Total	Not enrolled in school and not high school graduate				Total	Percent high school graduate or higher	Percent with bach- elor's degree or higher	Total	65 years and over	
		Total	Percent in pri- vate school			Total	Employed	Unem- ployed	Not in labor force						
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.															
West Hartford town, Hartford County -----	1 430	7 907	15.4	4 780	3 015	129	43	29	57	43 444	87.3	46.6	6 740	2 728	
West Hartford CDP, Hartford County -----	1 430	7 907	15.4	4 780	3 015	129	43	29	57	43 444	87.3	46.6	6 740	2 728	
West Haven city, New Haven County -----	1 001	6 914	12.8	4 518	2 613	241	113	56	72	36 655	74.5	17.2	6 445	1 999	
West Haven town, New Haven County -----	1 001	6 914	12.8	4 518	2 613	241	113	56	72	36 655	74.5	17.2	6 445	1 999	
West Mystic CDP, New London County -----	48	451	12.4	264	170	—	—	—	—	2 577	90.5	42.1	564	136	
Weston town, Fairfield County -----	264	1 395	10.8	540	456	—	—	—	—	5 885	96.1	68.1	1 017	253	
Westport town, Fairfield County -----	677	3 313	11.6	1 660	1 219	29	7	—	22	17 798	93.0	60.5	3 133	1 007	
Westport CDP, Fairfield County -----	677	3 313	11.6	1 660	1 219	29	7	—	22	17 781	93.0	60.5	3 133	1 007	
West Simsbury CDP, Hartford County -----	38	365	6.3	161	119	6	—	—	6	1 409	96.4	52.7	144	32	
Wethersfield town, Hartford County -----	534	3 083	10.5	1 713	988	92	47	14	31	19 173	80.0	28.3	3 269	1 221	
Wethersfield CDP, Hartford County -----	534	3 083	10.5	1 713	988	92	47	14	31	19 173	80.0	28.3	3 269	1 221	
Willimantic CDP, Windham County -----	226	2 013	9.1	2 320	1 147	84	35	9	40	8 645	64.6	18.6	1 404	417	
Willington town, Tolland County -----	167	859	5.1	1 000	215	32	14	—	18	3 426	84.0	31.4	576	112	
Wilton town, Fairfield County -----	539	2 698	11.6	891	899	88	25	12	51	10 875	94.7	62.2	1 833	455	
Winchester town, Litchfield County -----	133	1 949	8.2	580	575	45	18	7	20	7 679	72.9	15.9	1 535	434	
Windham town, Windham County -----	369	3 245	10.2	2 800	1 506	137	53	36	48	13 342	66.9	18.7	2 262	615	
Windsor town, Hartford County -----	614	4 349	7.4	1 805	1 301	95	45	41	9	19 106	82.1	28.3	3 179	970	
Windsor Locks town, Hartford County -----	239	1 597	3.6	783	545	33	22	7	4	8 703	77.3	16.3	1 792	506	
Windsor Locks CDP, Hartford County -----	239	1 597	3.6	783	545	33	22	7	4	8 703	77.3	16.3	1 792	506	
Winsted CDP, Litchfield County -----	101	1 363	7.5	380	417	32	12	—	20	5 524	69.5	13.4	1 105	325	
Wolcott town, New Haven County -----	330	2 118	5.1	707	791	68	42	13	13	9 170	78.9	15.6	2 012	489	
Woodbridge town, New Haven County -----	236	1 285	20.3	519	344	28	12	—	16	5 558	92.6	55.8	953	386	
Woodbury town, Litchfield County -----	180	1 054	12.2	431	347	22	11	—	11	5 706	90.7	41.8	1 103	270	
Woodbury Center CDP, Litchfield County -----	26	125	—	62	64	—	—	—	—	799	93.4	42.6	168	51	
Woodmont borough, New Haven County -----	32	199	18.6	155	80	17	10	3	4	1 249	85.6	30.7	204	48	
Woodstock town, Windham County -----	130	979	8.8	274	236	8	8	—	—	4 081	82.7	29.6	805	185	
Milford city, New Haven County -----	1 143	7 058	12.3	3 187	2 382	215	98	29	88	34 486	81.9	23.4	6 652	1 939	

Table 5. **Employment Status and Journey to Work Characteristics: 1990—Con.**

[Oato based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Subdivision Place	Persons 16 years and over										Ow children under 6 years in families and subfamilies, oil and gas, and other income labor force	
	Labor force					Workers					Females with own children under 6 years	
	Percent in labor force		Civilian labor force		Percent un- employed	Means of transportation to work			Worked 40 or more weeks in 1989		Total	Percent in labor force
	Total	Female	Total	Percent using car, truck, or van		Percent in corpals	Percent using public trans- portation	Worked 35 or more weeks per week 50 to 52 weeks	Usually worked 40 or more weeks in 1989			
Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Percent using car, truck, or van	Percent in corpals	Percent using public trans- portation	Total	Usually worked 35 or more weeks per week 50 to 52 weeks	Total	Percent in labor force	
Arkfield County—Con.												
Washington town	3 087	1 589	68.2	59.5	2 119	85.6	9.0	1.7	2 365	1 788	225	46.2
New Preston COP	967	506	69.0	64.0	667	92.5	9.5	3.6	12 694	10 043	2 651	71
Verona COP	16 744	8 315	72.3	64.0	11 567	94.9	12.0	1.7	12 485	6 407	6 078	38.2
Clinton COP	6 984	3 611	72.3	63.9	4 587	84.9	12.0	1.7	7 055	5 449	1 606	49.1
Winchester town	9 084	4 787	72.3	63.9	6 553	92.4	14.2	1.0	7 055	5 449	1 606	49.1
Winsted COP	6 566	3 519	70.2	61.4	4 569	91.8	14.5	1.1	4 948	3 972	976	33.2
Woodbury town	6 570	3 411	69.5	65.6	4 848	90.0	10.6	1.0	5 023	4 053	970	39.6
Woodbury Center COP	59.7	53.3	73.8	69.7	66.5	83.6	2.7	2.7	666	481	185	73
Middlesex County												
Chester town	59 751	31 451	71.5	65.0	82 183	91.5	10.6	1.3	89 473	70 466	18 997	66.5
Chester town	115 372	71 412	68.8	61.5	1 181	92.4	8.7	1.6	2 011	1 571	440	87.0
Chester Center COP	1 283	676	70.1	62.9	1 899	92.4	11.4	.8	2 055	1 721	334	89.9
Clinton town	9 765	5 005	75.9	68.1	7 399	94.3	11.5	.8	7 869	6 175	1 694	61.9
Clinton COP	2 748	1 441	70.1	60.2	1 921	91.7	12.5	.9	2 509	1 598	911	55.2
Cromwell town	10 040	5 253	70.0	64.8	7 025	94.6	9.9	1.7	6 715	4 648	2 067	71.3
Deep River Center COP	2 026	1 007	68.2	59.7	1 371	91.0	9.4	1.3	2 309	1 852	457	70.3
Quaham town	4 364	2 185	74.6	65.5	3 255	94.4	10.2	1.8	3 489	2 777	712	387
Durham COP	2 103	1 068	73.0	63.8	1 535	96.6	10.2	1.3	1 656	1 308	348	60.8
East Haddam town	5 158	2 599	74.4	67.3	3 836	95.4	11.6	.4	4 065	3 397	668	58.4
Modus COP	8 850	4 449	66.8	61.7	568	98.9	16.2	.3	6 602	5 004	1 598	82
East Hampton town	3 743	1 913	74.8	68.5	2 609	91.7	9.4	1.7	6 445	5 477	968	86.3
Lake Pocotung COP	1 823	943	74.8	68.5	1 400	93.6	11.7	.3	2 142	1 815	327	77.3
Essex town	2 475	1 193	83.4	77.5	1 912	93.4	8.2	2.0	3 319	2 654	665	71.5
Essex Village COP	4 803	2 604	63.8	54.4	3 056	89.3	7.4	2.3	4 160	3 319	841	74.6
Haddam town	2 101	1 171	61.8	53.5	1 298	90.4	5.9	2.4	1 460	1 193	267	85.0
Haddam COP	5 408	2 720	78.9	72.3	4 268	93.6	13.3	.7	4 510	3 629	881	75.4
Killingham COP	1 957	1 037	69.9	59.7	1 417	96.5	17.2	.9	1 139	949	190	81.8
Madison Center COP	3 715	1 975	72.3	64.7	2 717	96.4	10.5	1.9	2 522	2 095	427	74.8
Middlefield town	3 140	1 563	73.8	64.7	2 317	96.4	10.5	1.9	2 522	2 095	427	74.8
Middletown town	35 424	18 599	70.9	67.0	25 035	87.5	11.4	2.1	27 639	20 969	6 670	90.5
Middletown town	35 424	18 599	70.9	67.0	25 035	87.5	11.4	2.1	27 639	20 969	6 670	90.5
Midway town	9 710	4 317	65.8	57.1	5 180	92.1	9.6	1.2	5 915	4 556	1 359	61.2
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	14	100.0
Penick town	1 937	1 19	72.5	51.6	1 937	100.0	10.9	.3	36	22	1	

Table 5. Employment Status and Journey to Work Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	Persons 16 years and over														
	Labor force						Workers			Worked 40 or more weeks in 1989			Females with own children under 6 years		
	Percent in labor force		Civilian labor force		Percent un- employed	Means of transportation to work			Total	Worked 40 or more weeks in 1989		Total	Percent in labor force		
	Total	Female	Total	Percent using car, truck, or van		Percent in carpools	Percent using public trans- portation	Total		Usually worked 35 or more hours per week, 50 to 52 weeks					
	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Percent using car, truck, or van	Percent in carpools	Percent using public trans- portation	Total	Usually worked 35 or more hours per week, 50 to 52 weeks	Total	Percent in labor force			
Tolland County—Con.													Own children under 6 years in families, all subfamilies, all parents in household in labor force		
Hebron town	5 166	2 587	79.2	72.1	4 068	3.5	3 905	95.5	10.0	9	4 221	3 528	2 681	523	56.8
Middlefield town	11 776	6 173	48.3	49.9	10 528	3.6	9 774	91.0	9.0	7	10 528	3 451	2 926	1 69	37.3
Somers town	7 330	3 073	57.4	61.4	4 203	4.2	3 991	95.4	9.1	8	5 138	3 939	2 618	421	52.5
Central Somers COP	680	313	66.8	55.6	856	6.1	796	94.1	11.1	2.6	913	719	553	94	61.7
Stafford town	8 406	4 347	71.1	63.4	5 979	5.2	5 554	94.8	14.2	2.6	6 397	4 950	3 738	779	73.8
Stafford Springs borough	3 053	1 618	79.6	69.1	2 124	1.7	1 952	97.3	15.8	1.7	2 313	1 770	1 355	318	71.9
Tolland town	4 711	2 231	73.0	69.7	6 344	2.6	6 330	90.6	15.8	1.7	7 365	5 283	4 218	33	66.7
Union town	12 405	753	67.5	67.5	17 875	3.5	16 973	93.1	12.6	2.7	18 715	15 033	10 987	1 838	67.9
Vernon town	4 672	2 330	80.1	73.2	3 732	4.1	3 543	94.3	11.9	1.3	4 047	3 128	2 119	366	69.9
Crystal Lake COP (pr.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Windham County													5 324		
Brookfield town	78 747	41 222	68.9	60.7	54 010	6.7	49 933	92.1	14.8	7	58 299	44 485	31 231	6 400	61.8
Bristol town	5 128	2 422	46.7	61.9	3 524	6.8	3 210	93.7	12.6	—	3 786	2 923	2 079	339	75.2
Bristol East Brooklyn COP	1 202	632	62.3	55.1	749	8.3	664	95.0	14.6	—	639	703	488	98	73.5
Canterbury town	3 289	1 690	72.8	64.0	2 387	4.7	2 234	94.0	13.2	—	2 521	1 958	1 347	343	70.8
Chaplin town	1 017	503	71.0	61.6	1 181	6.1	1 093	94.3	16.5	—	1 256	1 014	715	127	76.4
Eastford town	1 557	809	75.9	68.1	1 181	6.1	1 093	94.3	16.5	—	1 256	1 014	715	127	76.4
Farmington town	12 197	6 453	70.5	60.7	8 533	9.4	7 575	95.2	14.8	7	9 004	6 899	4 915	80	76.3
Farmington borough	3 419	1 854	70.7	59.0	2 408	10.1	2 121	91.2	18.1	1.2	2 507	1 793	1 333	272	47.8
Plainfield town	10 665	5 481	70.1	59.4	7 384	8.0	6 769	94.2	17.5	—	7 802	6 120	4 488	865	52.6
Plainfield Village COP	2 433	1 275	65.5	51.6	1 562	11.3	1 397	95.3	17.1	—	1 702	1 312	985	253	36.5
Wareham COP	2 875	1 304	52.2	56.5	3 203	3.1	3 069	92.7	17.5	—	1 889	1 333	960	170	47.4
Wareham town	7 034	3 790	42.8	53.9	4 417	8.1	3 669	92.7	17.1	—	1 856	1 392	902	95	47.4
Punam town	5 249	2 835	43.8	55.5	3 350	10.0	2 956	92.3	19.5	—	3 772	3 705	2 635	176	66.5
Punam District COP	912	464	75.9	67.0	687	5.2	640	94.5	9.7	—	4 772	3 705	2 635	654	60.9
Stafford town	1 714	868	73.0	63.9	1 243	7.2	1 134	91.6	18.9	—	3 992	2 733	1 905	500	61.4
Stafford Springs borough	3 053	1 618	79.6	69.1	2 124	1.7	1 952	97.3	15.8	—	2 313	1 770	1 355	318	71.9
Thompson town	6 764	3 478	67.7	61.7	4 536	4.5	4 286	94.6	12.5	—	4 924	3 900	2 772	570	73.0
North Grosvenor Dale COP	1 859	928	66.5	60.8	854	6.0	782	89.9	17.5	2.3	935	727	514	107	67.3
Quinebaug town	859	421	60.0	55.3	506	6.1	484	92.6	6.0	92.6	927	397	290	53	100.0
Windham town	17 466	9 430	64.9	58.4	11 301	6.8	10 316	89.6	15.9	1.6	12 237	9 123	5 952	1 435	58.7
South Windham COP	1 268	654	68.2	54.3	871	2.0	839	97.3	19.8	—	764	592	435	98	76.6
Willimantic COP	11 874	6 418	70.2	59.2	7 608	6.6	6 946	87.0	16.0	—	8 699	6 120	3 759	845	61.4
Woodstock town	2 370	1 219	70.2	62.2	3 241	5.2	3 053	86.9	11.0	2.0	3 558	2 450	2 039	333	51.1
South Woodstock COP	4 878	2 424	69.9	60.6	614	1.6	604	92.4	11.1	—	626	526	377	67	41.8

Table 6. Employment Status and Journey to Work Characteristics: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons 16 years and over										Families with own children under 6 years		Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies, oil produced in household labor force				
	Labor force					Workers					Worked in 1989			Females with own children under 6 years			
	Percent in labor force		Civilian labor force			Means of transportation to work		Percent using public trans- portation			Usually worked 35 or more weeks in per week, 50 to 52 weeks			Total		Percent in labor force	
	Total	Female	Total	Percent un- employed	Total	Percent using car, truck, or van	Percent in corporate	Percent using public trans- portation	Total	Total	Total	Total		Total	Percent in labor force		
The State -----	2 616 747	1 367 775	690	60.9	1 788 693	5.4	1 673 442	88.9	11.2	3.9	1 937 128	1 512 025	1 098 052	193 621	59.3	148 631	
COUNTY																	
Fairfield County -----	660 770	347 831	68.9	59.7	455 002	5.4	423 064	85.5	10.0	7.3	486 873	381 688	279 620	48 735	54.4	33 888	
Hartford County -----	680 240	357 981	68.5	61.3	465 310	5.2	432 836	89.9	11.2	4.3	492 191	392 191	288 693	49 184	62.0	38 946	
Litchfield County -----	137 667	71 068	71.5	63.2	98 307	4.7	91 914	91.5	10.5	1.0	105 008	83 634	58 773	10 296	62.4	8 495	
New Britain County -----	571 571	296 571	67.5	62.5	425 571	4.1	398 221	90.1	11.3	2.3	89 473	51 689	36 989	8 084	66.5	6 860	
New London County -----	640 508	338 878	67.6	60.0	432 504	5.8	398 221	90.1	11.3	2.9	464 390	360 989	260 227	47 562	58.4	36 297	
Tolland County -----	200 834	99 432	70.2	59.6	127 836	6.0	130 451	87.3	13.1	1.1	151 678	117 073	84 849	15 769	58.4	12 382	
Windham County -----	102 569	51 402	71.8	66.6	73 541	3.7	69 728	90.9	12.1	1.5	83 044	61 499	42 970	7 591	66.2	6 439	
Windham County -----	78 747	41 232	68.9	60.7	54 010	6.7	49 563	92.1	14.8	7	58 299	44 485	31 231	6 400	61.8	5 324	
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION																	
Andover town, Tolland County -----	1 962	990	77.9	70.9	1 524	3.3	1 464	93.5	13.2	2.9	1 614	1 338	935	180	63.3	149	
Andover town, Tolland County -----	14 443	7 079	67.2	60.9	9 683	7.6	8 760	93.1	10.2	1.6	10 226	8 094	6 112	1 203	62.3	938	
Andover town, Tolland County -----	14 443	7 079	67.2	60.9	9 683	7.6	8 760	93.1	10.2	1.6	10 226	8 094	6 112	1 203	62.3	938	
Andover town, Tolland County -----	14 443	7 079	67.2	60.9	9 683	7.6	8 760	93.1	10.2	1.6	10 226	8 094	6 112	1 203	62.3	938	
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Andover town, Tolland County -----	14 443	7 079	67.2	60.9	9 683	7.6	8 760	93.1	10.2	1.6	10 226	8 094	6 112	1 203	62.3	938	
Andover town, Tolland County -----	14 443	7 079	67.2	60.9	9 683	7.6	8 760	93.1	10.2	1.6	10 226	8 093					

Table 6. Employment Status and Journey to Work Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons 16 years and over										Labor force			Females with own children under 6 years			Own children under 6 years in families or subfamilies, all parents in household in labor force
	Percent in labor force					Workers					Civilian labor force		Worked in 1989		Total		
	Total		Female		Percent un- employed	Means of transportation to work				Percent using car, truck, or van	Total		Total	Worked 40 or more weeks in 1989	Usually worked 35 or more hours per week, 50 to 52 weeks	Percent in labor force	
	Total	Female	Total	Female		Percent using car, truck, or van	Percent using public trans- portation	Percent in carpools	Percent using public trans- portation								
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION —	Total	Female	Total	Female	Percent un- employed	Total	Percent using car, truck, or van	Percent in carpools	Percent using public trans- portation	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	
Con.																	
Kentington CDP, Hartford County	6 636	3 480	70.0	63.6	4.0	4 360	97.0	8.4	3	4 975	3 990	2 848	429	73.4	420		
Kent town, Litchfield County	12 321	6 453	70.5	60.7	9.4	7 575	95.2	14.8	1.8	9 004	6 899	4 915	862	60.9	855		
Killingworth town, Middlesex County	3 778	1 937	69.9	59.2	4.5	2 499	89.7	7.7	1.8	2 953	2 319	1 593	262	48.5	14		
Lake Pocotung CDP, Middlesex County	2 475	1 193	83.4	71.5	5.0	1 954	89.1	8.2	1.0	2 142	1 954	1 499	176	77.3	203		
Lebanon town, New London County	4 539	2 251	76.4	71.4	3.4	3 286	92.4	12.8	1.8	3 647	2 988	2 160	354	55.4	234		
Lebanon town, New London County	11 200	5 498	76.1	64.8	4.7	8 029	93.6	12.4	3	9 234	7 176	5 350	1 035	49.5	668		
Lebanon town, New London County	2 929	1 475	72.3	64.8	6.8	1 936	96.2	16.7	3	2 244	1 833	1 391	197	52.8	137		
Litchfield town, Litchfield County	1 399	723	72.3	64.8	6.8	1 036	96.2	16.7	3	1 244	1 036	911	103	66.8	36		
Litchfield town, Litchfield County	6 635	3 356	59.2	49.1	3.1	4 641	86.1	6.7	6	4 724	3 678	2 502	463	53.6	36		
Litchfield town, Litchfield County						4 073	91.8	8.0			3 073	2 570	496	64.3			
Madison town, New London County	1 626	824	66.6	56.3	1.079	1 079	86.4	8.1	2.7	1 175	918	611	85	50.6			
Madison town, New London County	12 155	6 297	67.0	57.1	1 833	90.9	10.6	1.8	1.8	9 890	6 783	4 918	751	53.8	505		
Madison Center CDP, New Haven County	12 155	6 297	67.0	57.1	1 833	90.9	10.6	1.8	1.8	9 890	6 783	4 918	751	53.8	505		
Middletown town, New Haven County	41 912	22 714	74.1	62.1	3.4	28 088	92.3	12.2	3.0	31 313	25 101	18 438	1 616	70.0	1 872		
Middletown town, New Haven County	18 948	9 774	57.3	56.0	10.842	72.0	88.9	12.3	1.9	16 104	7 864	3 934	728	57.4	2 876		
Middletown town, New Haven County	4 156	2 067	76.2	64.9	4.1	2 989	94.7	8.9	1.0	3 275	2 696	2 079	465	54.4	289		
Middletown town, New Haven County	46 444	24 730	69.0	61.3	31 989	93.9	11.2	1.8	33 823	27 302	20 671	3 901	66.0	3 349	3 349		
Middletown town, New Haven County	46 444	24 730	69.0	61.3	31 989	93.9	11.2	1.8	33 823	27 302	20 671	3 901	66.0	3 349	3 349		
Middletown town, New Haven County	4 984	2 577	67.8	59.6	3 378	94.4	12.8	2.2	2 837	2 653	1 975	241	66.0	227	227		
Middletown town, Middlesex County	3 140	1 563	73.8	66.7	2 317	96.4	10.5	1.4	2 522	2 095	1 468	273	67.8	221			
Middletown town, Middlesex County	35 424	18 599	70.9	67.0	25 035	87.5	11.4	2.1	27 639	20 969	15 480	2 354	65.8	1 905	1 905		
Middletown town, Middlesex County	35 424	18 599	70.9	67.0	25 035	87.5	11.4	2.1	27 639	20 969	15 480	2 354	65.8	1 905	1 905		
Middletown town, New Haven County	40 328	20 997	70.2	61.8	28 296	92.9	10.0	2.8	30 393	23 855	17 787	2 809	60.2	2 137			
Middletown town, New Haven County																	
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Table 6. Employment Status and Journey to Work Characteristics: 1990—Con.

(Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons 16 years and over											
	Labor force					Females with own children under 6 years						
	Percent in labor force		Civilian labor force		Total	Workers		Worked in 1989		Total	Percent in labor force	
	Total	Female	Total	Percent un- employed		Means of transportation to work		Total	Usually worked 35 or more hours per week, 50 to 52 weeks			
						Percent using car, truck, or van	Percent in corpuses					Percent using public trans- portation
Con.	Total	Female	Total	Percent un- employed	Total	Percent using car, truck, or van	Percent in corpuses	Percent using public trans- portation	Total	Usually worked 35 or more hours per week, 50 to 52 weeks	Total	Percent in labor force
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION												
Con.												
Norwalk town, Fairfield County	64 232	33 851	74.1	47 594	66.6	4.7	44 556	85.7	9.9	8.0	40 295	61.3
New London city, New London County	29 269	15 474	65.8	18 724	55.3	7.3	17 381	92.0	16.7	.9	15 750	61.5
Newtown town, New London County	29 269	15 474	65.8	18 724	55.3	7.3	17 381	92.0	16.7	.9	15 750	61.5
Oakville CDP, Litchfield County	6 984	3 611	72.3	5 030	64.1	4.7	4 686	94.9	12.6	.1	3 356	68.1
Old Lyme town, New London County	5 235	2 615	67.5	3 315	58.7	3.8	3 379	94.9	12.6	.1	2 483	57.7
Old Saybrook town, New London County	7 910	4 317	65.8	5 180	57.1	3.8	4 926	92.1	9.9	1.2	3 393	61.2
Old Saybrook Center CDP, Middlesex County	1 754	887	50.6	1 085	55.2	2.9	1 031	87.0	10.9	1.6	794	28.6
Orange CDP, New Haven County	10 327	5 297	66.6	6 861	56.4	3.2	6 537	93.6	6.6	1.6	5 813	53.4
Orange CDP, New Haven County	10 327	5 297	66.6	6 861	56.4	3.2	6 537	93.6	6.6	1.6	5 813	53.4
Oxford town, New Haven County	6 439	3 191	76.5	4 925	69.3	4.5	4 654	95.0	8.6	.2	4 190	67.9
Pawcatuck town, New London County	4 213	2 201	66.5	2 790	58.2	8.8	2 510	92.5	15.0	2.1	2 243	75.9
Plainfield town, Windham County	12 955	6 191	74.1	9 484	65.3	4.0	8 969	90.8	17.7	—	4 488	52.6
Plainville town, Windham County	2 150	1 137	72.0	1 445	63.3	6.3	1 369	90.8	17.7	—	1 189	61.5
Plainville town, Windham County	2 150	1 137	72.0	1 445	63.3	6.3	1 369	90.8	17.7	—	1 189	61.5
Plymouth town, Litchfield County	14 158	7 421	73.0	10 295	66.5	4.8	9 674	96.1	8.4	.3	8 938	72.0
Pomfret town, Windham County	9 157	4 642	72.3	6 023	63.9	3.7	6 181	95.2	10.8	—	4 065	61.6
Poquonock town, Windham County	2 344	1 203	74.0	1 735	66.6	3.3	1 652	92.2	9.4	.9	1 856	66.5
Poquonock Bridge CDP, New London County	2 032	1 030	70.4	1 365	61.6	4.0	1 352	95.0	11.5	.3	1 178	17.2
Portland town, Middlesex County	6 817	3 459	69.2	4 704	62.5	3.8	4 452	95.0	11.8	.3	2 918	56.3
Portland town, Middlesex County	6 817	3 459	69.2	4 704	62.5	3.8	4 452	95.0	11.8	.3	2 918	56.3
Preston town, New London County	4 144	2 003	61.6	2 533	56.0	3.2	2 420	94.7	10.9	.5	2 666	71.6
Preston town, New London County	4 144	2 003	61.6	2 533	56.0	3.2	2 420	94.7	10.9	.5	2 666	71.6
Prospect town, New Haven County	6 156	3 175	71.9	4 419	63.8	4.5	4 108	96.3	10.9	.3	3 701	58.2
Pulmon town, Windham County	7 034	3 790	62.8	4 417	53.9	8.1	3 969	92.7	17.1	.3	3 705	49.2
Pulmon town, Windham County	7 034	3 790	62.8	4 417	53.9	8.1	3 969	92.7	17.1	.3	3 705	49.2
Putnam town, Windham County	5 249	2 835	53.5	3 390	55.5	10.0	2 956	92.3	19.5	.4	3 772	60.9
Quinebaug CDP, Windham County	6 959	3 421	72.0	4 315	60.3	6.1	4 026	92.6	10.0	.3	3 905	38.1
Reading town, Windham County	6 179	3 129	70.0	4 010	60.0	2.8	3 925	85.6	6.0	.7	3 824	39.8
Ridgefield CDP, Fairfield County	5 217	2 804	69.2	3 408	56.2	2.9	3 446	87.4	6.2	5.0	3 145	29.2
Ridgefield town, Fairfield County	16 417	8 501	73.5	12 064	62.1	2.8	11 557	88.1	9.3	5.1	10 116	45.5
Rocky Hill town, Hartford County	13 967	7 058	72.4	10 068	69.8	2.4	9 653	93.3	8.5	2.4	8 951	77.3
Roxbury town, Litchfield County	1 464	734	68.0	996	73.4	3.3	936	85.6	12.8	1.7	1 097	86.3
Salem town, New London County	2 426	1 216	78.7	1 852	69.8	6.3	1 764	96.1	10.9	.5	2 003	60.4
Salisbury town, Litchfield County	3 290	1 814	62.2	2 048	51.6	4.0	1 910	72.1	4.3	3.6	1 684	14.5
Salisbury town, Litchfield County	3 290	1 814	62.2	2 048	51.6	4.0	1 910	72.1	4.3	3.6	1 684	14.5
Saybrook town, Middlesex County	1 781	901	79.8	1 211	71.8	2.5	1 160	91.9	12.3	1.6	1 508	59.8
Saybrook Manor CDP, Middlesex County	882	458	73.2	692	69.2	7.9	589	91.0	10.4	—	730	78.3
Scotland town, Windham County	912	464	75.9	687	64.4	5.2	640	94.5	9.7	—	570	46.7
Seymour town, New Haven County	11 544	5 950	70.3	8 084	63.7	4.7	7 599	95.1	10.8	1.5	8 582	59.1
Sharon town, Litchfield County	2 399	1 227	70.3	1 686	62.7	2.7	1 618	94.4	10.8	3.3	1 801	53.8
Shelton city, Fairfield County	27 975	14 353	71.5	19 771	62.1	4.4	18 683	95.0	9.8	1.0	17 955	89.0
Shelton city, Fairfield County	27 975	14 353	71.5	19 771	62.1	4.4	18 683	95.0	9.8	1.0	17 955	89.0
Shenandoah town, Fairfield County	2 275	1 141	70.2	1 406	60.8	1.5	1 545	88.3	14.0	6.1	2 090	57.1
Shenwood Manor CDP, Hartford County	5 061	2 583	71.0	3 877	60.7	4.2	3 697	95.3	9.5	1.7	4 141	46.5
Shenwood Manor CDP, Hartford County	5 061	2 583	71.0	3 877	60.7	4.2	3 697	95.3	9.5	1.7	4 141	46.5
Simsbury town, Hartford County	17 213	8 943	72.5	12 459	63.2	2.6	11 984	92.5	6.2	2.6	13 536	52.6
Simsbury town, Hartford County	17 213	8 943	72.5	12 459	63.2	2.6	11 984	92.5	6.2	2.6	13 536	52.6
Simsbury Center CDP, Hartford County	4 447	2 321	72.5	3 177	65.1	3.1	3 026	95.7	7.4	3.5	3 516	56.8
South Coventry town, Windham County	7 330	3 073	57.4	4 203	41.4	4.2	3 993	92.5	9.1	.8	3 588	31.6
South Coventry town, Windham County	7 330	3 073	57.4	4 203	41.4	4.2	3 993	92.5	9.1	.8	3 588	31.6
South Coventry CDP, Tolland County	13 045	7 477	55.2	6 447	44.7	7.8	6 460	94.5	16.1	—	7 761	91.5
South Coventry town, New Haven County	30 450	15 714	63.3	22 296	63.2	3.8	21 010	96.0	8.8	—	23 526	82.4
South Coventry town, New Haven County	30 450	15 714	63.3	22 296	63.2	3.8	21 010	96.0	8.8	—	23 526	82.4
South Coventry CDP, Hartford County	1 278	654	48.2	54.3	54.3	2.0	839	97.3	19.8	—	1 587	62.9
South Coventry CDP, Hartford County	1 278	654	48.2	54.3	54.3	2.0	839	97.3	19.8	—	1 587	62.9
South Windsor town, Hartford County	17 153	8 907	72.7	13 468	65.4	2.3	13 113	94.9	10.1	2.4	14 506	43.8
South Windsor town, Hartford County	17 153	8 907	72.7	13 468	65.4	2.3	13 113	94.9	10.1	2.4	14 506	43.8
Southwood Acres CDP, Hartford County	7 088	3 567	79.1	5 399	74.0	4.1	5 259	96.3	11.3	1.1	6 003	60.5
Southwood Acres CDP, Hartford County	7 088	3 567	79.1	5 399	74.0	4.1	5 259	96.3	11.3	1.1	6 003	60.5
South Woodstock CDP, Windham County	878	424	69.7	614	60.6	1.6	604	92.4	11.1	—	662	41.8
South Woodstock CDP, Windham County	878	424	69.7	614	60.6	1.6	604	92.4	11.1	—	662	41.8
Sprague town, New London County	2 329	1 199	68.7	1 588	55.7	5.8	1 476	92.3	15.9	.9	1 390	45.2
Sprague town, New London County	2 329	1 199	68.7	1 588	55.7	5.8	1 476	92.3	15.9	.9	1 390	45.2
Stafford town, Tolland County	8 406	4 347	71.1	5 979	63.4	5.2	5 554	94.8	14.2	—	6 397	73.8
Stafford town, Tolland County	8 406	4 347	71.1	5 979	63.4	5.2	5 554	94.8	14.2	—	6 397	73.8
Stafford Springs borough, Tolland County	3 053	1 618	69.6	2 124	59.1	5.3	1 958	92.3	15.8	.4	2 313	73.9
Stafford Springs borough, Tolland County	3 053	1 618	69.6	2 124	59.1	5.3	1 958	92.3	15.8	.4	2 313	73.9
Stamford city, Fairfield County	88 353	46 903	71.6	63 226	63.2	5.1	59 125	80.2	10.0	11.1	66 890	59.4
Stamford city, Fairfield County	88 353	46 903	71.6	63 226	63.2	5.1	59 125	80.2	10.0	11.1	66 890	59.4
Stamford town, Fairfield County	1 714	868	73.0	1 243	63.9	7.2	1 134	91.6	18.9	—	1 287	62.3
Stamford town, Fairfield County	1 714	868	73.0	1 243	63.9	7.2	1 134	91.6	18.9	—	1 287	62.3
Stirling town, Windham County	13 862	7 543	63.8	9 925	59.3	3.8	9 805	92.2	12.0	1.3	10 298	64.7
Stirling town, Windham County	13 862	7 543	63.8	9 925	59.3	3.8	9 805	92.2	12.0	1.3	10 298	64.7
Stonington town, New London County	11 872	5 967	48.3	6 173	48.3	3.6	5 310	91.0	9.0	2.0	7 800	80.0
Stonington town, New London County	11 872	5 967	48.3	6 173	48.3	3.6	5 310	91.0	9.0	2.0	7 800	80.0
Stonington CDP, Tolland County	40 503	21 656	45.6	26 532	59.0	5.0	24 820	54.0	10.2	2.0	28 058	37.3
Stonington town, Fairfield County	40 503	21 656	45.6	26 532	59.0	5.0	24 820	54.0	10.2	2.0	28 058	37.3
Stonington town, Fairfield County	40 503	21 656	45.6	26 532	59.0	5.0	24 820	54.0	10.2	2.0	28 058	37.3

Table 6. **Employment Status and Journey to Work Characteristics: 1990 — Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

[illegible]

Table 7. Disability Status: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years						Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over				Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—			
	Percent with a work disability		Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation				Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation							
	Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	Total	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation	
The State	2 136 889	6.4	2.7	8.2	6.3	2.9	417 404	30.1	25.3	11.5	49.3	82.6	50.2	82.6
Fairfield County	546 685	5.4	2.3	7.4	5.3	3.0	103 833	28.7	24.1	11.2	48.1	81.4	49.1	81.3
Bethel town	11 771	4.1	1.4	5.2	4.0	1.7	1 604	30.9	29.8	8.1	56.8	84.9	59.0	84.7
Bethel CDP	5 873	4.0	1.8	5.3	3.8	2.1	1 054	31.5	31.5	8.4	46.8	86.3	49.3	86.1
Bridgport town	87 689	8.8	4.4	13.4	8.6	6.8	18 117	36.2	28.7	16.4	40.8	80.3	41.9	80.1
Bridgport city	87 689	8.8	4.4	13.4	8.6	6.8	18 117	36.2	28.7	16.4	40.8	80.3	41.9	80.1
Brookfield town	9 890	3.8	1.3	4.6	3.7	1.1	1 144	21.8	19.0	8.7	54.0	82.5	52.9	82.5
Oonbury town	43 739	5.7	2.1	8.2	5.7	3.3	7 009	35.1	30.2	12.3	56.4	85.0	57.8	84.9
Oonbury city	43 739	5.7	2.1	8.2	5.7	3.3	7 009	35.1	30.2	12.3	56.4	85.0	57.8	84.9
Darien town	11 890	3.9	1.2	4.2	3.8	.8	2 241	20.9	18.7	6.8	60.9	74.6	63.7	74.5
Darien CDP	11 831	3.9	1.3	4.2	3.9	.8	2 241	20.9	18.7	6.8	60.9	74.6	63.7	74.5
Easton town	4 110	6.2	2.0	8.4	6.2	3.2	855	29.7	29.0	11.3	42.4	76.7	42.4	76.7
Fairfield town	34 816	4.6	1.8	5.5	4.5	1.6	8 353	25.9	22.1	8.9	50.9	78.2	51.8	78.1
Greenwich town	38 663	3.7	1.5	4.9	3.7	1.6	8 860	22.9	19.1	8.6	47.0	75.8	47.8	75.7
Monroe town	11 433	4.9	1.9	6.8	4.9	2.8	1 316	26.2	26.2	8.5	47.0	83.2	47.0	83.2
New Canaan town	11 678	2.2	.4	3.5	2.2	1.3	2 265	16.1	12.9	6.8	65.3	73.7	66.5	73.7
New Fairfield town	8 652	5.4	2.4	6.7	5.3	1.7	1 141	29.9	21.8	13.5	51.7	82.1	52.6	82.1
Newtown town	13 612	3.9	1.3	4.8	3.9	1.5	1 691	29.4	24.4	10.7	52.5	82.3	52.5	82.3
Newtown borough	1 178	5.3	1.7	6.4	5.3	2.0	238	34.9	34.9	7.6	46.0	83.3	46.0	83.3
Norwalk town	54 337	5.8	2.4	8.2	5.8	3.4	9 365	29.8	24.9	11.2	54.1	85.7	54.7	85.7
Norwalk city	54 337	5.8	2.4	8.2	5.8	3.4	9 365	29.8	24.9	11.2	54.1	85.7	54.7	85.7
Redding town	5 488	3.0	1.2	3.9	3.1	1.1	691	19.1	17.1	.7	41.5	79.2	43.5	79.2
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	255	6.3	1.0	6.3	6.3	—	34	38.3	38.3	—	56.3	89.5	56.3	89.5
Ridgefield town	14 583	2.8	1.0	3.3	2.8	.8	1 779	22.5	21.1	4.4	54.7	80.2	54.7	80.2
Ridgefield CDP	4 411	3.3	.8	4.2	3.3	1.1	806	23.1	21.5	5.0	70.1	78.1	70.1	78.1
Shelton town	23 441	5.3	2.3	6.3	5.2	1.9	3 826	32.2	28.3	11.9	41.6	84.8	42.4	84.7
Shelton city	23 441	5.3	2.3	6.3	5.2	1.9	3 826	32.2	28.3	11.9	41.6	84.8	42.4	84.7
Sherman town	1 914	5.0	2.5	5.0	5.0	.4	361	30.2	23.3	11.1	34.4	83.6	34.4	83.6
Stamford town	73 999	5.2	2.5	7.4	5.2	3.4	13 605	29.6	24.5	13.0	44.9	83.6	46.2	83.5
Stamford city	73 999	5.2	2.5	7.4	5.2	3.4	13 605	29.6	24.5	13.0	44.9	83.6	46.2	83.5
Stratford town	30 717	6.3	2.6	7.9	6.3	2.6	9 475	26.5	21.9	9.2	49.9	84.5	50.0	84.5
Stratford CDP	30 717	6.3	2.6	7.9	6.3	2.6	9 475	26.5	21.9	9.2	49.9	84.5	50.0	84.5
Trumbull town	20 682	4.3	1.7	5.7	4.3	2.1	4 742	26.3	22.2	10.1	48.6	80.9	49.8	80.9
Trumbull CDP	20 682	4.3	1.7	5.7	4.3	2.1	4 742	26.3	22.2	10.1	48.6	80.9	49.8	80.9
Weston town	6 057	3.1	.6	3.3	3.0	.6	715	25.5	23.8	7.4	49.5	74.5	54.7	74.3
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	137	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	—	18	50.0	50.0	—	—	87.8	—	87.8
Westport CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Westport town	16 827	3.3	1.0	4.3	3.3	1.6	3 160	20.2	16.7	8.7	64.4	77.2	64.4	77.2
Westport CDP (pt.)	16 810	3.3	1.0	4.3	3.3	1.6	3 160	20.2	16.7	8.7	64.4	77.3	64.4	77.3
Wilton town	10 697	2.7	.9	2.8	2.6	.4	1 518	23.5	20.8	9.2	56.3	76.7	57.5	76.7
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	730	1.1	—	1.1	1.1	—	154	11.0	4.5	6.5	—	80.7	—	80.7
Hartford County	554 643	6.3	2.7	8.6	6.2	3.4	111 306	30.2	24.8	11.7	47.7	83.1	48.7	83.0
Avon town	9 359	3.8	1.1	4.7	3.7	1.5	1 705	20.4	17.8	6.4	55.6	79.6	54.9	79.6
Berlin town	10 722	5.7	2.1	8.2	5.7	3.4	2 559	27.9	23.8	7.0	48.2	87.1	48.6	87.1
Kensington CDP	5 156	4.1	1.9	5.9	4.1	2.7	1 416	27.3	22.1	8.5	43.6	89.2	43.6	89.2
Bloomfield town	12 257	6.0	1.9	8.8	6.0	4.1	3 355	32.6	25.1	11.3	56.4	85.8	56.4	85.8
Blue Hills CDP	2 116	4.8	1.8	9.4	4.8	2.1	440	26.6	24.1	2.5	62.4	83.0	62.4	83.0
Bristol town	40 140	7.0	3.0	8.8	6.9	2.6	7 875	32.2	26.1	13.1	50.1	87.1	51.5	86.9
Bristol city	40 140	7.0	3.0	8.8	6.9	2.6	7 875	32.2	26.1	13.1	50.1	87.1	51.5	86.9
Burlington town	4 779	3.9	1.2	4.0	3.9	.4	457	16.4	14.7	5.0	44.3	87.2	44.3	87.2
Canton town	5 668	4.7	1.3	6.3	4.7	1.9	866	30.3	29.4	4.7	56.2	87.9	56.2	87.9
Canton Valley CDP	1 006	2.3	.6	2.9	2.3	1.2	246	40.7	37.8	2.8	73.9	88.6	73.9	88.6
Collinsville CDP	1 834	4.1	.4	7.5	4.1	4.1	273	25.3	25.3	4.8	82.7	89.0	82.7	89.0
East Granby town	2 952	3.8	1.4	4.4	3.8	1.0	460	21.7	21.7	1.3	50.4	85.0	50.4	85.0
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
East Hartford town	33 563	7.1	2.8	9.7	7.0	3.6	7 406	30.2	26.1	9.5	52.0	86.3	52.5	86.3
East Hartford CDP	33 563	7.1	2.8	9.7	7.0	3.6	7 406	30.2	26.1	9.5	52.0	86.3	52.5	86.3
East Windsor town	6 747	5.4	1.9	7.1	5.4	2.5	1 036	29.7	24.4	10.6	50.1	87.8	50.1	87.8
Brook Brook CDP	2 361	6.6	2.4	9.4	6.6	2.1	316	24.4	21.8	9.2	32.9	84.0	32.9	84.0
Enfield town	29 745	6.8	2.6	9.4	6.7	3.3	4 616	31.1	26.2	10.2	50.9	86.1	51.3	86.1
Hazardville CDP	3 320	6.6	2.7	9.2	6.4	3.5	679	31.4	27.1	8.2	39.0	87.0	40.3	86.8
Sherwood Manor CDP	4 524	7.0	2.3	8.5	7.0	2.3	515	30.5	27.8	8.3	59.4	85.2	59.4	85.2
Southwood Acres CDP	6 474	5.3	2.4	8.2	5.2	3.6	608	34.5	34.5	8.4	44.3	86.7	45.1	86.6
Thompsonville CDP	5 081	10.6	4.4	12.6	10.6	2.5	1 362	28.2	21.2	13.0	50.0	86.3	50.0	86.3
Farmington town	43 536	4.9	2.1	5.5	4.9	2.0	2 892	26.0	23.8	8.7	46.5	83.8	48.0	83.7
Glastonbury town	18 958	3.4	1.3	4.3	3.4	1.2	3 147	26.9	23.9	8.9	54.4	83.1	55.0	83.1
Glastonbury Center CDP	4 713	4.3	1.3	5.5	4.3	1.6	1 241	24.5	19.8	10.1	57.7	83.9	57.7	83.9
Wethersfield CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grönby town	6 434	4.6	1.1	5.0	4.5	.8	778	25.2	21.6	5.8	62.3	84.3	63.4	84.3
North Granby CDP (pt.)	924	.8	—	.8	.8	—	77	27.3	18.2	9.1	100.0	77.3	100.0	77.3
Salmon Brook CDP	1 574	6.6	.7	7.2	6.6	.8	207	36.2	26.1	12.6	39.8	82.0	39.8	82.0
Hartford town	89 886	9.7	5.5	14.6	9.4	7.4	12 958	39.0	31.5	18.6	33.8	72.4	35.7	72.1
Hartford city	89 886	9.7	5.5	14.6	9.4	7.4	12 958	39.0	31.5	18.6	33.8	72.4	35.7	72.1
Hartford town	1 220	6.1	2.3	6.2	5.8	1.5	149	22.1	22.1	6.0	34.7	83.1	36.6	82.9
North Granby CDP (pt.)	25	—	—	—	—	—	2	100.0	100.0	—	—	80.0	—	80.0
Manchester town	33 460	6.1	2.2	7.7	6.1	2.2	7 410	30.9	25.2	12.4	55.3	87.3	56.0	87.2
Central Manchester CDP	19 987	7.2	2.6	8.6	7.2	2.2	4 978	30.5	24.5	13.4	57.4	88.0	58.2	88.0
Marlborough town	3 748	3.8	1.2	5.8	3.7	2.8	307	37.1	30.3	10.1	60.1	84.2	62.3	84.1
Termonogus CDP	690	3.9	.7	3.9	3.9	—	73	21.9	21.9	—	81.5	87.8	81.5	87.8
New Britain town	47 873	7.1	3.5	9.6	7.0	3.7	12 207	33.9	26.0	15.6	42.3			

Table 7. Disability Status: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years						Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over				Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—			
	Total	Percent with a work disability		Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Total	Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation
		Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation		Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation				
Hartford County—Con.														
Windsor Locks town	8 250	4.3	1.6	6.4	4.3	2.7	1 728	28.0	21.8	11.7	55.6	87.8	55.6	87.8
Windsor Locks COP (pt.)	8 250	4.3	1.6	6.4	4.3	2.7	1 728	28.0	21.8	11.7	55.6	87.8	55.6	87.8
Litchfield County	112 730	6.1	1.8	7.6	6.0	2.3	23 238	28.1	24.2	10.3	60.2	85.2	61.0	85.1
Barkhamsted town	2 328	3.9	.6	4.6	3.9	1.0	287	27.2	25.4	7.7	79.1	87.1	79.1	87.1
Bethlehem town	2 163	3.7	.6	5.4	3.4	2.5	274	14.2	14.2	2.6	75.3	83.0	83.6	82.7
Bethlehem Village COP	1 378	4.4	.9	7.0	4.4	3.4	185	13.5	13.5	3.8	80.3	80.2	80.3	80.2
Bridgewater town	1 133	5.3	3.1	6.0	5.3	.9	216	31.5	31.5	10.6	33.3	82.3	33.3	82.3
Canaan town	678	5.9	1.8	5.2	5.2	.3	147	36.1	34.7	12.9	70.0	83.9	71.4	83.9
Colebrook town	893	4.7	1.1	6.4	4.7	1.9	188	21.8	16.5	6.4	71.4	85.3	71.4	85.3
Cornwall town	901	6.7	1.0	8.3	6.7	2.8	249	30.5	28.9	8.8	71.7	84.9	71.7	84.9
Goshen town	1 517	4.9	1.1	7.1	4.9	2.4	294	27.6	23.1	9.9	64.9	82.4	68.9	82.2
Harwinton town	3 491	5.0	1.4	7.0	4.6	2.5	599	28.0	27.2	2.7	65.5	86.4	71.7	86.0
Northwest Harwinton COP	2 198	5.0	2.0	6.8	4.3	2.6	427	26.0	24.8	1.2	50.0	87.6	57.9	87.0
Kent town	1 904	6.1	2.1	7.4	6.1	1.5	394	35.3	33.2	13.5	65.5	84.2	65.5	84.2
Litchfield town	5 157	5.5	1.3	6.3	5.4	1.4	1 267	29.0	26.0	12.3	67.0	81.5	69.0	81.3
Bantam borough	457	7.0	2.6	7.7	7.0	.7	153	48.4	43.1	19.6	62.5	87.8	62.5	87.8
Litchfield borough	740	2.7	.—	3.9	3.0	1.4	280	26.1	22.5	7.5	90.0	83.9	90.0	83.8
Morris town	1 315	6.4	2.7	6.8	6.5	.3	281	27.8	24.9	9.6	53.6	84.6	57.6	84.4
New Hartford town	3 942	4.3	1.5	6.8	4.3	3.3	518	23.7	23.7	6.2	49.1	88.2	49.1	88.2
New Hartford Center COP	979	3.8	2.0	12.2	3.8	10.3	114	43.9	43.9	13.2	45.9	85.2	45.9	85.2
New Milford town	15 873	5.5	1.8	6.6	5.7	1.5	1 897	26.0	23.0	7.3	54.7	85.7	55.5	85.8
New Milford COP	3 956	8.0	3.8	9.8	8.6	2.3	536	32.8	28.0	14.0	44.5	89.5	48.5	89.4
Norfolk town	1 244	5.0	2.1	9.1	5.1	4.8	299	32.1	26.1	13.7	50.0	84.9	48.4	85.1
North Canaan town	2 057	5.6	1.0	9.8	5.6	4.9	561	29.6	26.2	10.3	75.9	85.1	75.9	85.1
Canaan COP	8 587	7.0	1.7	8.6	7.0	2.6	307	32.6	30.3	11.1	58.3	87.7	58.3	87.7
Plymouth town	7 610	6.4	1.6	9.2	6.4	3.4	1 499	33.2	25.6	13.7	66.3	86.0	66.3	86.0
Terryville COP	3 404	7.3	1.8	10.7	7.3	4.1	904	27.2	25.2	9.3	62.5	86.9	62.5	86.9
Roxbury town	1 223	6.7	2.0	8.0	6.5	2.5	241	27.8	25.3	6.6	51.2	78.6	49.4	78.7
Salisbury town	2 341	5.8	1.6	6.2	5.8	2.1	871	21.5	18.3	9.6	68.1	80.6	68.1	80.6
Sharon town	1 883	4.2	1.6	4.6	4.2	.3	516	20.7	18.8	4.7	61.3	82.3	61.3	82.3
Thomaston town	4 444	4.9	1.4	5.9	4.8	1.1	987	39.4	35.7	14.6	57.5	86.1	59.4	86.0
Torrington town	20 951	7.9	2.3	9.4	7.8	2.6	5 740	27.5	21.6	12.3	59.5	86.2	60.7	86.1
Torrington city	20 951	7.9	2.3	9.4	7.8	2.6	5 740	27.5	21.6	12.3	59.5	86.2	60.7	86.1
Warren town	788	6.9	2.0	8.0	6.9	2.2	174	37.9	35.6	12.6	59.3	79.2	59.3	79.2
Washington town	2 446	5.2	2.1	6.3	5.2	1.8	605	30.6	29.3	8.4	45.2	81.4	45.2	81.4
New Preston COP	757	4.0	.7	6.3	4.0	3.0	192	24.5	20.3	16.7	53.3	83.8	53.3	83.8
Watertown town	13 448	5.7	2.1	7.4	5.7	2.7	2 571	31.1	27.5	9.6	58.3	85.4	58.3	85.4
Oakville COP	5 686	5.8	2.6	7.9	5.9	2.4	1 187	34.3	27.8	13.6	53.2	87.7	54.2	87.7
Winchester town	7 400	8.2	2.6	9.5	8.2	2.2	593	23.4	17.1	11.6	63.9	86.5	63.9	86.5
Winsted COP	5 212	9.7	2.5	11.3	9.7	2.5	1 263	24.5	17.3	13.0	68.6	85.6	68.6	85.6
Woodbury town	5 600	5.4	1.4	7.0	5.3	2.3	970	23.1	23.1	4.8	56.0	84.7	57.1	84.6
Woodbury Center COP	741	8.0	1.2	9.2	8.0	1.2	216	19.9	19.9	4.6	67.8	85.0	67.8	85.0
Middlesex County	94 892	5.5	1.8	7.0	5.5	2.1	17 464	28.9	24.9	9.9	59.3	85.4	59.6	85.4
Chester town	2 139	4.5	1.3	7.1	4.5	2.9	445	26.1	21.6	11.2	66.7	87.4	66.7	87.4
Chester Center COP	1 032	2.7	.9	5.2	2.7	2.5	191	29.3	21.5	16.2	67.9	86.1	67.9	86.1
Clinton town	8 502	6.2	1.8	7.8	6.1	2.1	1 210	23.2	17.5	11.2	62.0	85.9	61.3	85.9
Clinton COP	2 237	7.0	2.0	9.4	7.0	3.1	464	22.2	17.5	9.7	56.4	84.3	56.4	84.3
Cromwell town	8 016	4.9	1.6	6.4	4.9	2.0	1 737	23.8	20.6	8.3	53.6	87.1	53.6	87.1
Deep River town	2 835	3.8	1.4	5.3	3.8	2.8	501	26.9	23.4	9.8	44.4	83.1	44.4	83.1
Deep River Center COP	1 585	3.1	2.2	4.2	3.1	3.0	307	21.8	18.6	7.8	28.6	85.8	28.6	85.8
Durham town	3 783	5.4	1.8	6.1	5.2	1.3	478	32.3	28.5	12.7	60.5	85.2	58.9	85.3
Durham COP	1 789	4.6	2.1	6.2	4.6	1.6	249	30.9	27.3	14.5	53.7	84.7	53.7	84.7
East Haddam town	4 350	5.1	1.4	6.2	5.3	2.2	705	31.5	27.8	10.4	62.9	87.4	64.1	87.4
Moodus COP	683	2.3	1.2	3.8	2.3	1.5	167	26.9	21.6	9.6	50.0	84.0	50.0	84.0
East Hampton town	6 950	4.9	1.1	6.4	4.9	2.0	837	24.5	21.7	11.8	72.1	88.7	72.5	88.7
East Hampton COP	1 542	8.9	1.6	13.0	8.9	5.6	249	17.3	17.3	8.4	75.9	88.5	75.9	88.5
Lake Pocotopaug COP	2 066	4.4	1.3	5.1	4.4	1.1	258	21.7	18.6	10.5	62.2	91.9	62.2	91.9
Essex town	3 424	6.7	2.8	7.4	6.7	1.1	1 236	26.1	22.5	8.7	53.0	85.0	57.3	84.9
Essex Village COP	1 506	8.0	4.1	8.8	8.0	1.8	483	25.1	19.0	11.0	49.2	81.5	54.1	81.3
Haddam town	4 747	6.5	1.4	7.3	6.7	1.3	639	27.5	25.5	9.4	69.8	88.2	67.2	88.4
Higganum COP	1 250	11.3	3.2	12.4	11.3	2.9	174	19.5	16.1	7.5	63.1	92.5	63.1	92.5
Killingworth town	3 308	4.2	2.0	4.2	4.2	.8	470	28.1	28.1	1.9	47.8	79.0	47.8	79.0
Middlefield town	2 608	6.0	1.1	8.3	6.0	2.3	532	29.5	27.6	10.0	71.3	86.7	71.3	86.7
Middletown town	29 239	5.5	1.8	7.1	5.4	2.4	4 907	32.9	27.5	11.0	59.1	84.8	59.6	84.7
Middletown city	29 239	5.5	1.8	7.1	5.4	2.4	4 907	32.9	27.5	11.0	59.1	84.8	59.6	84.7
Old Saybrook town	6 057	6.5	1.5	6.9	6.5	1.6	1 591	27.1	24.6	6.9	65.9	81.7	66.2	81.7
Fernwick borough	32	18.8	.—	9.4	9.4	9.4	44	20.5	20.5	6.8	100.0	50.0	100.0	55.2
Old Saybrook Center COP	1 150	5.8	.9	5.8	5.8	1.7	595	31.4	27.1	5.9	73.1	85.3	73.1	85.3
Saybrook Manor COP	702	7.0	3.7	15.2	7.8	7.4	180	14.4	8.3	10.6	12.2	87.6	21.8	87.5
Portland town	5 459	6.2	2.8	8.0	6.3	2.4	1 147	32.7	29.4	12.6	41.1	86.6	42.6	86.5
Portland COP	3 538	6.9	3.4	8.8	7.2	2.5	890	34.4	30.9	12.8	38.4	85.7	40.6	85.6
Westbrook town	3 474	6.1	2.1	9.1	6.1	3.4	1 058	30.7	26.0	8.6	53.1	82.8	53.1	82.8
Westbrook Center COP	1 275	7.0	2.7	8.9	7.0	2.0	517	27.9	24.6	3.3	60.7	82.1	60.7	82.1
New Haven County	518 095	7.2	3.2	8.9	7.1	3.0	110 234	30.5	25.5	12.1	47.1	82.5	47.9	82.4
Ansonia town	11 335	7.3	4.0	8.5	7.1	2.5	3 084	26.2	20.3	10.8	43.6	84.7	44.7	84.6
Ansonia city	11 335	7.3	4.0	8.5	7.1	2.5	3 084	26.2	20.3	10.8	43.6	84.7	44.7	84.6
Beacon Falls town	3 431	4.8	1.9	6.8	4.8	2.5	541	32.3	28.8	17.0	43.6	88.2	43.6	88.2
Bethany town	3 105	6.1	2.2	7.5	6.3	1.7	435	17.5	13.3	6.2	53.2	86.1	55.1	86.1
Bradford town	18 621	6.4	2.2	7.4	6.4	2.0	4 032	28.1	24.5					

Table 7. **Disability Status: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years						Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over				Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—			
	Total	Percent with a work disability		Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Total	Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation
		Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation		Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation				
New Haven County—Con.														
Milford town	33 326	6.0	2.6	7.2	5.9	2.1	6 573	28.9	25.9	9.1	47.1	83.9	47.5	83.8
Milford city (remainder)	32 065	6.0	2.6	7.2	5.9	2.0	6 353	28.8	25.8	8.9	47.4	83.7	47.7	83.7
Woodmont borough	1 261	5.6	2.6	8.8	5.6	4.3	220	33.6	27.7	13.2	40.8	87.4	40.8	87.4
Naugatuck town	19 596	6.6	2.2	8.2	6.6	2.1	3 656	25.0	20.6	10.1	60.9	86.5	61.2	86.5
Naugatuck borough	19 596	6.6	2.2	8.2	6.6	2.1	3 656	25.0	20.6	10.1	60.9	86.5	61.2	86.5
New Haven town	86 047	8.8	4.5	11.4	8.6	4.6	14 799	38.1	29.8	17.3	40.6	74.6	41.8	74.4
New Haven city	86 047	8.8	4.5	11.4	8.6	4.6	14 799	38.1	29.8	17.3	40.6	74.6	41.8	74.4
North Branford town	8 920	5.1	2.2	7.6	5.1	2.7	1 241	27.6	24.8	12.8	43.5	83.8	43.5	83.8
North Haven town	14 187	5.7	2.1	8.1	5.8	3.5	3 793	28.1	23.0	10.3	57.4	84.6	58.7	84.5
North Haven CDP (pt.)	14 187	5.7	2.1	8.1	5.8	3.5	3 793	28.1	23.0	10.3	57.4	84.6	58.7	84.5
Orange town	8 188	5.9	2.0	7.8	5.9	1.9	2 036	23.4	23.4	6.2	58.8	80.3	59.6	80.2
Orange CDP	8 188	5.9	2.0	7.8	5.9	1.9	2 036	23.4	23.4	6.2	58.8	80.3	59.6	80.2
Oxford town	5 739	5.1	1.3	5.6	5.1	1.2	700	29.6	28.4	9.3	68.4	84.7	68.4	84.7
Prospect town	5 167	8.1	2.8	9.7	8.0	3.6	811	30.7	24.5	11.2	61.7	85.2	62.7	85.1
Seymour town	9 518	7.3	2.4	8.6	7.2	2.4	2 004	25.5	23.5	8.8	54.4	84.9	55.0	84.8
Southbury town	7 904	4.1	1.5	4.7	4.0	1.5	3 969	29.4	26.1	9.6	44.3	80.7	45.9	80.6
Heritage Village CDP	750	10.0	4.9	8.5	8.5	1.2	2 796	29.8	26.3	8.9	37.3	69.9	43.8	68.8
Wallingford town	26 539	6.4	2.4	7.5	6.2	2.1	4 931	30.4	25.5	10.3	53.3	86.0	55.0	85.8
Wallingford Center CDP	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0
Waterbury town	11 460	7.7	3.1	7.8	7.3	1.4	2 600	31.9	28.1	10.0	52.8	87.3	56.1	86.9
Waterbury city	67 672	9.8	4.8	12.2	9.7	4.2	16 603	32.7	26.9	14.2	41.5	83.1	42.8	82.9
West Haven town	67 672	9.8	4.8	12.2	9.7	4.2	16 603	32.7	26.9	14.2	41.5	83.1	42.8	82.9
West Haven city	35 513	7.2	3.2	9.7	7.0	3.7	7 432	28.7	22.6	12.8	45.1	83.8	45.7	83.7
Wolcott town	9 256	6.1	2.5	7.1	5.8	2.1	1 525	32.4	29.2	10.6	46.4	85.8	49.1	85.5
Woodbridge town	5 057	4.1	1.8	4.9	4.1	1.5	1 159	24.2	19.3	10.0	49.8	76.1	49.8	76.1
New London County	155 227	8.0	3.1	9.0	7.9	2.0	28 356	32.9	28.3	11.4	51.3	82.2	52.1	82.1
Bacrah town	1 503	10.6	4.8	10.6	10.6	.6	272	24.3	15.8	13.2	54.7	92.3	54.7	92.3
Calchester town	7 183	6.3	2.2	8.3	6.1	3.2	928	39.3	36.6	13.6	49.9	85.8	49.2	85.7
Calchester borough	2 059	6.1	2.7	8.5	5.8	4.2	297	44.4	43.1	21.9	51.2	86.7	53.3	86.4
East Lyme town	9 708	6.2	2.7	6.7	5.9	1.8	1 632	18.0	18.0	3.7	49.2	84.0	51.9	83.7
Niantic CDP	1 987	8.7	3.6	9.2	8.7	2.4	562	17.8	17.8	3.4	58.4	86.9	58.4	86.9
Franklin town	1 239	6.6	2.7	7.8	6.6	2.0	188	33.5	33.0	4.8	51.2	83.9	51.2	83.9
Franklin CDP	6 547	12.0	4.0	13.5	11.7	3.3	1 125	36.1	31.0	13.7	55.0	82.7	55.0	82.7
Griswold town	1 547	3.3	1.0	3.5	3.3	1.0	337	26.4	26.4	6.2	55.0	82.7	55.0	82.7
Jewett City borough	2 045	14.0	4.0	17.6	14.0	5.8	469	39.7	35.6	14.5	56.6	82.2	56.6	82.2
Groton town	22 191	7.2	2.9	8.1	7.1	1.6	3 624	33.9	29.9	10.5	49.0	80.2	49.2	80.1
Conning Towers-Nautilus Park CDP	3 468	6.8	2.5	7.3	6.5	1.7	140	47.9	47.9	12.9	47.2	65.4	48.9	65.3
Groton city	6 178	8.6	3.0	9.9	8.4	2.0	1 038	35.6	29.8	10.3	60.4	83.9	61.7	83.8
Poquonock Bridge CDP	1 691	11.4	7.6	12.3	11.4	2.8	276	42.0	42.0	15.2	30.6	83.2	30.6	83.2
West Mystic CDP	2 347	4.1	1.2	4.4	3.6	.9	452	22.3	20.1	5.8	47.9	82.0	40.5	82.1
Lebanon town	4 051	8.7	2.7	8.7	8.7	2.7	477	28.5	25.4	7.5	61.3	84.5	61.3	84.5
Ledyard town	9 420	6.0	1.4	6.4	6.1	1.1	915	39.1	36.8	11.6	60.6	80.4	60.9	80.4
Lisbon town	2 509	8.8	3.2	9.0	8.8	.4	369	28.5	18.7	14.6	43.9	85.4	43.9	85.4
Lyme town	1 280	6.4	1.8	7.0	6.4	1.7	342	30.4	27.2	7.3	58.5	77.5	58.5	77.5
Montville town	11 132	7.6	3.6	8.9	7.5	2.1	1 458	27.3	23.7	11.4	44.9	83.9	47.2	83.7
Uncasville-Oxoboxo Valley CDP	1 841	8.4	2.9	8.6	8.1	1.3	432	26.4	19.0	11.3	56.5	84.2	58.0	84.0
New London town	17 371	10.4	4.3	12.0	10.4	2.4	3 404	35.7	29.6	13.5	49.5	78.5	50.6	78.3
New London city	17 371	10.4	4.3	12.0	10.4	2.4	3 404	35.7	29.6	13.5	49.5	78.5	50.6	78.3
North Stonington town	3 195	6.5	2.3	6.7	6.0	1.3	383	27.7	24.8	9.7	58.0	81.1	58.0	81.1
Norwich town	22 812	10.9	4.9	12.1	10.8	2.6	5 334	36.3	31.5	12.0	47.6	83.1	48.5	82.9
Norwich city	22 812	10.9	4.9	12.1	10.8	2.6	5 334	36.3	31.5	12.0	47.6	83.1	48.5	82.9
Old Lyme town	4 205	4.9	2.0	5.4	4.9	1.9	992	23.1	18.0	11.3	44.2	82.0	44.2	82.0
Preston town	3 049	7.4	1.8	7.5	7.2	2.3	551	44.3	37.0	17.6	68.4	82.8	70.3	82.6
Salem town	2 154	4.5	1.5	5.1	4.5	1.7	214	35.5	31.8	17.8	54.2	86.7	54.2	86.7
Sprague town	2 007	8.3	2.2	10.5	8.3	3.1	311	35.7	22.5	21.2	63.3	78.2	63.3	78.2
Stonington town	11 006	7.2	2.8	7.9	7.2	1.1	2 707	33.5	27.5	11.2	52.8	83.2	52.8	83.2
Mystic CDP	1 693	3.0	.8	3.4	3.0	.4	409	24.7	20.8	6.6	72.5	81.7	72.5	81.7
Powchuck CDP	3 300	9.0	3.7	9.2	9.0	.9	863	41.6	31.3	18.3	54.1	82.7	54.1	82.7
Stonington borough	693	6.1	2.0	7.2	6.1	2.0	266	28.9	25.2	9.0	47.6	87.7	47.6	87.7
Voluntown town	1 387	8.8	2.8	11.3	8.6	3.4	201	28.9	22.4	10.4	57.4	86.1	58.8	85.9
Waterford town	11 278	4.9	1.6	6.2	4.9	2.0	2 929	31.4	26.9	10.9	59.0	81.6	59.7	81.6
Central Waterford CDP	1 850	7.6	1.4	9.8	7.6	4.3	523	35.2	32.9	14.0	82.3	86.1	82.3	86.1
Tolland County	89 128	5.3	1.9	6.2	5.3	1.4	11 214	30.8	26.5	11.1	55.0	82.3	55.7	82.2
Andover town	1 733	7.3	2.3	7.2	7.0	.6	225	28.9	27.1	9.3	43.0	87.7	65.6	87.5
Balton town	3 175	6.0	2.8	6.8	6.0	1.8	430	24.0	18.8	7.4	43.7	87.1	43.7	87.1
Columbia town	3 004	4.7	1.5	5.0	4.7	.5	453	21.6	18.8	7.7	51.4	89.1	51.4	89.1
Coventry town	6 908	5.9	2.3	7.6	5.8	3.0	812	32.5	28.8	10.6	54.9	86.1	54.2	86.2
Coventry Lake CDP	1 968	6.4	3.7	8.3	6.4	3.7	252	27.4	27.4	38.1	80.6	38.1	80.6	
South Coventry CDP	7 818	6.9	4.2	8.3	6.9	2.7	166	41.0	36.1	16.9	39.3	92.1	39.3	92.1
Ellington town	7 818	4.3	1.0	4.8	4.3	.8	971	25.7	22.6	9.2	68.3	88.0	68.3	88.0
Crystal Lake CDP (pt.)	831	4.9	2.0	4.9	4.9	—	113	48.7	38.9	15.0	53.7	87.6	53.7	87.6
Hebron town	4 794	4.0	2.1	5.0	4.0	1.0	348	23.6	14.9	12.9	47.1	84.9	47.1	84.9
Mansfield town	17 098	3.4	1.0	4.0	3.4	.8	1 521	25.4	23.7	7.3	48.6	62.5	48.6	62.5
Storrs CDP	11 169	2.0	.5	2.4	2.0	.4	607	20.8	19.3	7.9	35.2	60.6	35.2	60.6
Somers town	5 080	6.4	2.0	7.4	6.6	1.3	823	28.9	25.6	5.6	57.4	82.3	58.6	82.3
Central Somers CDP	1 003	9.3	3.1	9.3	9.3	—	278	35.3	35.3	5.0	51.6	83.3	51.6	83.3
Stafford town	7 053	7.4	2.9	8.5	7.5	1.7	1 296	31.5	25.2	12.7	53.6	85.7	52.8	85.8
Stafford Springs borough	2 485	9.0	3.3	10.3	9.0	1.8	568	36.8	30.6	15.8	48.9	87.5	48.9	87.5
Tolland town														

Table 7. **Disability Status: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years						Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over				Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—			
	Total	Percent with a work disability		Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Total	Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation
		Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation		Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation				
Windham County—Con.														
Pomfret town	2 063	4.8	2.2	4.8	4.8	.2	274	38.0	36.1	9.9	53.1	82.7	53.1	82.7
Putnam town	5 411	12.5	5.8	14.3	12.9	3.0	1 487	38.5	34.9	12.1	42.7	83.2	44.3	83.2
Putnam District CDP	4 088	14.0	6.0	15.5	14.3	2.3	1 161	43.5	38.8	14.7	44.3	84.4	45.6	84.3
Scotland town	784	4.7	1.1	4.7	4.5	.3	123	40.7	40.7	4.1	75.7	84.3	80.0	84.1
Sterling town	1 471	9.5	5.0	10.7	9.4	2.9	234	41.5	38.0	11.1	42.1	86.6	42.4	86.5
Thompson town	5 456	5.6	3.8	8.6	5.7	4.0	1 160	38.3	34.4	12.1	30.2	83.6	29.3	83.7
North Grosvenor Dale CDP	1 090	10.5	6.0	12.8	10.5	4.9	195	45.1	35.4	25.1	37.7	82.4	37.7	82.4
Quinebaug CDP	609	9.7	7.4	9.7	9.7	1.1	241	30.7	30.7	4.6	23.7	85.6	23.7	85.6
Windham town	14 434	7.8	3.7	9.2	7.6	3.0	2 712	36.0	28.6	15.7	41.7	79.0	41.7	78.9
South Windham CDP	1 062	5.8	1.3	5.8	5.8	.7	216	41.7	36.1	14.8	54.8	80.4	54.8	80.4
Willimantic CDP	9 780	7.7	4.0	8.4	7.3	2.3	1 959	36.9	28.2	16.4	37.4	78.9	37.1	78.7
Woodstock town	3 837	6.7	2.6	6.8	6.4	1.4	782	31.2	30.3	11.6	59.0	83.1	57.5	83.1
South Woodstock CDP	730	4.7	1.2	4.5	3.4	1.1	148	31.1	31.1	23.6	73.5	83.0	64.0	83.3

Table 8. Disability Status: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years						Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over				Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—			
	Total	Percent with a work disability		Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Total	Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation
		Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation		Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation				
The State	2 136 889	6.4	2.7	8.2	6.3	2.9	417 404	30.1	25.3	11.5	49.3	82.6	50.2	82.6
COUNTY														
Fairfield County	546 685	5.4	2.3	7.4	5.3	3.0	103 833	28.7	24.1	11.2	48.1	81.4	49.1	81.3
Hartford County	554 643	6.3	2.7	8.6	6.2	3.4	111 306	30.2	24.8	11.7	47.7	83.1	48.7	83.0
Litchfield County	112 730	6.1	1.8	7.6	6.0	2.3	23 238	28.1	24.2	10.3	60.2	85.2	61.0	85.1
Middlesex County	94 892	5.5	1.8	7.0	5.5	2.1	17 464	28.9	24.9	9.9	59.3	85.4	59.6	85.4
New Haven County	518 095	7.2	3.2	8.9	7.1	3.0	110 234	30.5	25.5	12.1	47.1	82.5	47.9	82.4
New London County	155 227	8.0	3.1	9.0	7.9	2.0	28 356	32.9	28.3	11.4	51.3	82.2	52.1	82.1
Tolland County	89 128	5.3	1.9	6.2	5.3	1.4	11 214	30.8	26.5	11.1	55.0	82.3	55.7	82.2
Windham County	65 489	8.7	3.7	9.9	8.6	2.4	11 759	36.8	32.1	13.0	48.2	83.1	48.7	83.0
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION														
Andover town, Tolland County	1 733	7.3	2.3	7.2	7.0	.6	225	28.9	27.1	9.3	63.0	87.7	65.6	87.5
Ansonia city, New Haven County	11 335	7.3	4.0	8.5	7.1	2.5	3 084	26.2	20.3	10.8	43.6	84.7	44.7	84.6
Ansonia town, New Haven County	11 335	7.3	4.0	8.5	7.1	2.5	3 084	26.2	20.3	10.8	43.6	84.7	44.7	84.6
Ashford town, Windham County	2 532	6.1	1.7	6.7	6.1	1.7	315	43.5	30.5	24.1	71.4	84.4	71.4	84.4
Avon town, Hartford County	9 359	3.8	1.1	4.7	3.7	1.5	1 705	20.4	17.8	6.4	55.6	79.6	54.9	79.6
Bantam borough, Litchfield County	457	7.0	2.6	7.7	7.0	.7	153	48.4	43.1	19.6	62.5	87.8	62.5	87.8
Barkhamsted town, Litchfield County	2 328	3.9	.6	4.6	3.9	1.0	287	27.2	25.4	7.7	79.1	87.1	79.1	87.1
Beacon Falls town, New Haven County	3 431	4.8	1.9	6.8	4.8	2.5	541	32.3	28.8	17.0	43.6	88.2	43.6	88.2
Berlin town, Hartford County	10 722	5.7	2.1	8.2	5.7	3.4	2 559	27.9	23.8	7.0	48.2	87.1	48.6	87.1
Bethany town, New Haven County	3 105	6.1	2.2	7.5	6.3	1.7	435	17.5	13.3	6.2	53.2	86.1	55.1	86.1
Bethel town, Fairfield County	11 771	4.1	1.4	5.2	4.0	1.7	1 604	30.9	29.8	8.1	56.8	84.9	59.0	84.7
Bethel CDP, Fairfield County	5 873	4.0	1.8	5.3	3.8	2.1	1 054	31.5	31.5	8.4	46.8	86.3	49.3	86.1
Bethlehem town, Litchfield County	2 168	3.7	.6	5.4	3.4	2.5	274	14.2	14.2	2.6	75.3	83.0	75.3	83.0
Bethlehem Village CDP, Litchfield County	1 378	4.4	.9	7.0	4.4	3.4	185	13.5	13.5	3.8	80.3	80.2	80.3	80.2
Bloomfield town, Hartford County	12 257	6.0	1.9	8.8	6.0	4.1	3 355	32.6	25.1	11.3	56.4	85.8	56.4	85.8
Blue Hills CDP, Hartford County	2 116	4.8	1.8	9.4	4.8	5.1	440	26.6	24.1	2.5	62.4	83.0	62.4	83.0
Bolton town, Tolland County	3 175	6.0	2.8	6.8	6.0	1.8	430	24.0	18.8	7.4	43.7	87.1	43.7	87.1
Bozrah town, New London County	1 503	10.6	4.8	10.6	10.6	.6	272	24.3	15.8	13.2	54.7	92.3	54.7	92.3
Bradford town, New Haven County	18 621	6.4	2.2	7.4	6.4	2.0	4 032	28.1	24.5	10.6	57.0	85.5	57.0	85.5
Bradford Center CDP, New Haven County	3 538	8.2	2.1	11.5	7.9	4.7	1 233	35.8	31.4	14.2	67.9	85.7	70.4	85.5
Bridgeport city, Fairfield County	87 689	8.8	4.4	13.4	8.6	6.8	18 117	36.2	28.7	16.4	40.8	80.3	41.9	80.1
Bridgeport town, Fairfield County	87 689	8.8	4.4	13.4	8.6	6.8	18 117	36.2	28.7	16.4	40.8	80.3	41.9	80.1
Bridgewater town, Litchfield County	1 133	5.3	3.1	6.0	5.3	.9	216	31.5	31.5	8.6	53.3	83.2	53.3	83.2
Bristol city, Hartford County	40 140	7.0	3.0	8.8	6.9	2.6	7 875	32.2	26.1	13.1	50.1	87.1	51.5	86.9
Bristol town, Hartford County	40 140	7.0	3.0	8.8	6.9	2.6	7 875	32.2	26.1	13.1	50.1	87.1	51.5	86.9
Broad Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 361	3.6	2.4	4.6	3.6	2.1	316	24.4	21.8	9.2	32.9	84.0	32.9	84.0
Brookfield town, Litchfield County	9 890	3.8	1.3	4.6	3.7	1.1	1 144	21.8	19.0	8.7	54.0	82.5	52.9	82.5
Brooklyn town, Windham County	4 218	10.4	4.4	12.1	10.2	2.9	591	38.4	37.6	9.8	45.0	85.8	45.0	85.8
Burlington town, Hartford County	4 779	3.9	1.2	4.0	3.9	.4	457	16.4	14.7	5.0	44.3	87.2	44.3	87.2
Canaan CDP, Litchfield County	689	7.0	1.7	8.6	7.0	2.6	307	32.6	30.3	11.1	58.3	87.7	58.3	87.7
Canaan town, Litchfield County	678	5.9	1.8	5.2	5.2	.3	147	36.1	34.7	12.9	70.0	83.9	71.4	83.7
Canterbury town, Windham County	2 894	8.1	3.0	9.1	8.1	1.7	386	30.3	28.8	12.4	52.3	83.2	52.3	83.2
Canterbury town, Hartford County	5 668	4.7	1.3	6.3	4.7	1.9	866	30.3	29.4	4.7	56.2	87.9	56.2	87.9
Central Valley CDP, Hartford County	1 006	2.3	.6	2.9	2.3	1.2	240	40.7	37.8	2.8	73.9	88.6	73.9	88.6
Central Manchester CDP, Hartford County	19 987	7.2	2.6	8.6	7.2	2.2	4 978	30.5	24.5	13.4	57.4	88.0	58.2	88.0
Central Somers CDP, Tolland County	1 003	9.3	3.1	9.3	9.3	—	278	35.3	35.3	5.0	51.6	83.3	51.6	83.3
Central Waterford CDP, New London County	1 850	7.6	1.4	9.8	7.6	4.3	523	35.2	32.9	14.0	82.3	86.1	82.3	86.1
Chaplin town, Windham County	1 369	9.5	3.4	10.0	9.5	.7	188	32.4	29.8	11.2	52.3	87.9	53.8	87.7
Cheshire town, New Haven County	15 635	4.5	1.6	5.3	4.5	1.3	2 623	25.8	21.5	9.8	58.5	82.9	58.9	82.8
Cheshire Village CDP, New Haven County	3 630	6.4	2.5	7.2	6.4	1.7	903	24.4	20.3	8.0	55.1	84.0	55.1	84.0
Chester town, Middlesex County	2 139	4.5	1.3	7.1	4.5	2.9	445	26.1	21.6	11.2	66.7	87.4	66.7	87.4
Chester Center CDP, Middlesex County	1 032	2.7	.9	5.2	2.7	2.5	191	29.3	21.5	16.2	67.9	86.1	67.9	86.1
Clinton town, Middlesex County	8 503	6.2	1.8	7.8	6.1	2.1	1 210	23.2	17.5	11.2	62.0	85.9	61.3	85.9
Clinton CDP, Middlesex County	2 237	7.0	2.0	8.5	7.0	4.6	464	22.2	19.4	7.2	56.4	86.3	56.4	86.3
Colchester borough, New London County	2 059	6.1	2.7	8.5	5.8	4.2	297	44.4	43.1	21.9	51.2	86.7	53.3	86.4
Colchester town, New London County	7 183	6.3	2.2	8.3	6.1	3.2	928	39.3	36.6	13.6	49.9	85.8	49.2	85.7
Colebrook town, Litchfield County	893	4.7	1.1	6.4	4.7	1.9	188	21.8	16.5	6.4	71.4	85.3	71.4	85.3
Collinsville CDP, Hartford County	1 834	4.1	.4	7.5	4.1	4.1	273	25.3	25.3	4.8	82.7	89.0	82.7	89.0
Columbia town, Tolland County	3 004	4.7	1.5	5.0	4.7	.5	453	21.6	18.8	7.7	51.4	89.1	51.4	89.1
Conning Towers-Nautilus Park CDP, New London County	3 468	6.8	2.5	7.3	6.5	1.7	140	47.9	47.9	12.9	47.2	65.4	48.9	65.3
Corwall town, Litchfield County	901	6.7	1.0	8.3	6.7	2.8	249	30.5	28.9	8.8	71.7	84.9	71.7	84.9
Covington town, Tolland County	6 908	5.9	2.3	7.6	5.8	3.0	812	32.5	28.8	10.6	54.9	86.1	54.2	86.2
Covington Lake CDP, Tolland County	4 948	6.4	3.3	8.3	6.4	3.7	252	27.2	24.4	7.6	38.1	86.6	38.1	86.6
Cromwell town, Middlesex County	8 016	4.9	1.6	6.4	4.9	2.0	1 737	23.8	20.6	8.3	53.6	87.1	53.6	87.1
Crystall Lake CDP, Tolland County	831	4.9	2.0	4.9	4.9	—	113	48.7	38.9	15.0	53.7	87.6	53.7	87.6
Danbury city, Fairfield County	43 739	5.7	2.1	8.2	5.7	3.3	7 009	35.1	30.2	12.3	56.4	85.0	57.8	84.9
Danbury town, Fairfield County	43 739	5.7	2.1	8.2	5.7	3.3	7 009	35.1	30.2	12.3	56.4	85.0	57.8	84.9
Deane borough, Windham County	2 874	10.1	3.1	11.2	10.1	1.6	525	30.3	28.6	6.9	56.4	84.6	56.4	84.6
Oriental town, Fairfield County	11 891	3.9	1.2	4.2	3.8	.8	2 241	20.9	18.7	6.8	60.9	74.7	60.9	74.7
Oriental CDP, Fairfield County	11 891	3.9	1.2	4.2	3.9	.8	2 241	20.9	18.7	6.8	60.9	74.6	63.7	74.5
Deep River town, Middlesex County	2 835	3.8	1.4	5.3	3.8	2.8	501	26.9	23.4	9.8	44.4	83.1	44.4	83.1
Deep River Center CDP, Middlesex County	1 585	3.1	2.2	4.2	3.1	3.0	307	21.8	18.6	7.8	28.6	85.8	28.6	85.8
Derby city, New Haven County	7 883	6.5	2.8	9.7	6.3	4.3	2 060	38.4	29.6	19.4	47.3	86.5	48.4	86.3
Derby town, New Haven County	7 883	6.5	2.8	9.7	6.3	4.3	2 060	38.4	29.6	19.4	47.3	86.5	48.4	86.3
Durham CDP, Middlesex County	1 789	4.6	2.1	6.2	4.6	1.6	278	30.9	27.3	15.5	53.7	84.7	53.7	84.7
Durham town, Middlesex County	3 783	5.4	1.8	6.1	5.2	1.3	449	32.3	28.5	12.7	60.5	85.2	58.9	85.3
East Brooklyn CDP, Windham County	972	19.3	7.8	22.5	19.3	3.2	230	35.7	35.7	10.9	34.0	83.7	34.0	83.7
Eastford town, Windham County	859	5.8	1.2	7.9	5.8	2.8	158	33.5	30.4	5.7	64.0	81.2	64.0	81.2
East Granby town, Hartford County	2 952	3.8												

Table 8. Disability Status: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years						Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over				Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—				
	Percent with a work disability			Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation								
	Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation
PLA CE AND CO UNTY SUBDIVISION—															
Con.															
Enfield town, Hartford County	29 745	6.8	2.6	9.4	6.7	3.3	4 616	31.1	26.2	10.2	50.9	86.1	51.3	86.1	86.1
Essex town, Middlesex County	3 424	6.7	2.8	7.4	7.4	1.1	1 236	26.1	22.5	8.7	53.0	85.0	57.3	84.9	84.9
Essex Village CDP, Middlesex County	1 506	8.0	4.1	8.8	8.8	1.8	483	25.1	19.0	11.0	49.2	81.5	54.1	81.3	81.3
Fairfield town, Fairfield County	34 816	4.6	1.8	5.5	4.5	1.6	8 353	25.9	22.1	8.9	50.9	78.2	51.8	78.1	78.1
Farmington town, Hartford County	13 536	4.9	2.1	5.5	4.9	2.0	2 892	26.0	23.8	8.7	46.5	83.8	48.0	83.7	83.7
Fenwick borough, Middlesex County	32	18.8	—	9.4	9.4	9.4	44	20.5	20.5	6.8	100.0	50.0	100.0	55.2	55.2
Franklin town, New London County	1 239	6.6	2.7	7.8	6.6	2.0	188	33.5	33.0	4.8	51.2	83.9	51.2	83.9	83.9
Georgetown CDP, Fairfield County	1 122	2.7	.5	2.7	2.7	—	206	18.9	14.1	4.9	30.0	83.5	30.0	83.5	83.5
Glastonbury town, Hartford County	18 958	3.4	1.3	4.3	3.4	1.2	3 147	26.9	23.9	8.9	54.4	83.1	55.0	83.1	83.1
Glastonbury Center CDP, Hartford County	4 713	4.3	1.3	5.5	4.3	1.6	1 241	24.5	19.8	10.1	57.7	83.9	57.7	83.9	83.9
Goshen town, Litchfield County	1 517	4.9	1.1	7.1	4.9	2.4	294	27.6	23.1	9.9	64.9	82.4	68.9	82.2	82.2
Granby town, Hartford County	6 434	4.6	1.1	5.0	4.5	.8	778	25.2	21.6	5.8	62.3	84.3	63.4	84.3	84.3
Greenwich town, Fairfield County	38 663	3.7	1.5	4.9	3.7	1.6	8 860	22.9	19.1	8.6	47.0	75.8	47.8	75.7	75.7
Griswold town, New London County	6 547	12.0	4.0	13.5	11.7	3.3	1 125	36.1	31.0	13.7	55.0	82.2	55.7	82.0	82.0
Groton city, New London County	6 178	8.6	3.0	9.9	8.4	2.0	1 038	35.6	29.8	10.3	60.4	83.9	61.7	83.8	83.8
Groton town, New London County	22 191	7.2	2.9	8.1	7.1	1.6	3 624	33.9	29.9	10.5	49.0	80.2	49.2	80.1	80.1
Guilford town, New Haven County	13 398	4.2	1.4	4.4	4.1	.4	1 867	31.1	30.6	7.7	60.5	83.4	61.7	83.4	83.4
Guilford Center CDP, New Haven County	1 621	6.4	3.1	6.4	6.4	.4	526	33.1	33.1	3.6	42.3	83.2	42.3	83.2	83.2
Haddam town, Middlesex County	4 747	6.5	1.4	7.3	6.7	1.3	639	27.5	25.5	9.4	69.8	88.2	67.2	88.4	88.4
Hamden town, New Haven County	32 910	5.8	2.3	6.7	5.5	1.9	9 700	28.0	23.5	11.0	52.0	84.6	50.5	84.6	84.6
Hampton town, Windham County	1 060	7.2	2.0	7.5	7.4	1.2	171	32.2	31.0	13.5	63.2	88.4	64.1	88.4	88.4
Hartford city, Hartford County	89 886	9.7	5.5	14.6	9.4	7.4	12 958	39.0	31.5	18.6	33.8	72.4	35.7	72.1	72.1
Hartford town, Hartford County	89 886	9.7	5.5	14.6	9.4	7.4	12 958	39.0	31.5	18.6	33.8	72.4	35.7	72.1	72.1
Hartford town, Hartford County	1 220	6.1	2.3	6.2	5.8	1.5	149	22.1	22.1	6.0	34.7	83.1	36.6	82.9	82.9
Hartwinton town, Litchfield County	3 491	5.0	1.4	7.0	4.6	2.5	599	28.0	27.2	2.7	65.5	86.4	71.7	86.0	86.0
Hazardville CDP, Hartford County	3 320	6.6	2.7	9.2	6.4	3.5	679	31.4	27.1	8.2	39.0	87.0	40.3	86.8	86.8
Hebron town, Tolland County	4 794	4.0	2.1	5.0	4.0	1.0	348	23.6	14.9	12.9	47.1	84.9	47.1	84.9	84.9
Heritage Village CDP, New Haven County	750	10.0	4.9	8.5	8.5	1.2	2 796	29.8	26.3	8.9	37.3	69.9	43.8	68.8	68.8
Higginson CDP, Middlesex County	1 250	11.3	3.2	12.4	11.3	2.9	174	19.5	16.1	7.5	63.1	92.5	63.1	92.5	92.5
Jewett City borough, New London County	2 045	14.0	4.0	17.6	14.0	5.8	469	39.7	35.6	14.5	56.6	82.2	56.6	82.2	82.2
Kensington CDP, Hartford County	5 156	4.1	1.9	5.9	4.1	2.7	1 416	27.3	22.1	8.5	43.6	89.2	43.6	89.2	89.2
Kent town, Litchfield County	1 904	6.1	2.1	7.4	6.1	1.5	394	35.3	33.2	13.5	65.5	84.2	65.5	84.2	84.2
Killingly town, Windham County	10 049	9.0	3.2	9.9	9.0	1.8	1 801	37.5	33.1	11.3	53.9	85.2	53.9	85.2	85.2
Killingworth town, Middlesex County	3 008	4.2	2.0	4.2	4.2	.8	470	28.1	28.1	1.9	47.8	79.0	47.8	79.0	79.0
Lake Pocotopaug CDP, Middlesex County	2 066	4.4	1.3	5.1	4.4	1.1	258	21.7	18.6	10.5	62.2	91.9	62.2	91.9	91.9
Lebanon town, New London County	4 051	8.7	2.7	8.7	8.7	—	477	28.5	25.4	7.5	61.3	84.5	61.3	84.5	84.5
Ledyard town, New London County	9 420	6.0	1.4	6.4	6.1	1.1	915	39.1	36.8	11.6	60.6	80.4	60.9	80.4	80.4
Lisbon town, New London County	2 509	8.8	3.2	9.0	8.8	.4	369	28.5	18.7	14.6	43.9	85.4	43.9	85.4	85.4
Litchfield borough, Litchfield County	740	2.7	—	3.9	3.0	1.4	280	26.1	22.5	7.5	90.0	83.9	90.9	83.9	83.9
Litchfield town, Litchfield County	5 157	5.5	1.3	6.3	5.4	1.4	1 267	29.0	26.0	12.3	67.0	81.5	69.0	81.3	81.3
Lyme town, New London County	1 280	6.4	1.8	7.0	6.4	1.7	342	30.4	27.2	7.3	58.5	77.5	58.5	77.5	77.5
Madison town, New Haven County	10 174	4.2	1.5	4.5	4.1	1.0	1 846	23.1	22.2	2.3	54.2	77.9	55.4	77.9	77.9
Madison Center CDP, New Haven County	1 500	4.6	3.5	4.6	4.6	1.3	369	37.9	37.9	—	13.0	78.1	13.0	78.1	78.1
Manchester town, Hartford County	33 460	6.1	2.2	7.7	6.1	2.2	7 410	30.9	25.2	12.4	55.3	87.3	56.0	87.2	87.2
Mansfield town, Tolland County	17 098	3.4	1.0	4.0	3.4	.8	1 521	25.4	23.7	7.3	48.6	62.5	48.6	62.5	62.5
Marlborough town, Hartford County	3 748	3.8	1.2	5.8	3.7	2.8	307	37.1	30.3	10.1	60.1	82.2	62.2	84.1	84.1
Meriden city, New Haven County	37 571	7.6	3.4	9.8	7.5	3.5	7 930	31.0	26.4	12.7	48.1	85.3	48.3	85.3	85.3
Meriden town, New Haven County	37 571	7.6	3.4	9.8	7.5	3.5	7 930	31.0	26.4	12.7	48.1	85.3	48.3	85.3	85.3
Middlebury town, New Haven County	3 980	5.5	2.5	6.1	5.5	1.4	948	22.6	20.9	5.6	47.3	81.5	47.3	81.5	81.5
Middlefield town, Middlesex County	2 608	6.0	1.1	8.3	6.0	2.3	532	29.5	27.6	10.0	71.3	86.7	71.3	86.7	86.7
Middletown city, Middlesex County	29 239	5.5	1.8	7.1	5.4	2.4	4 907	32.9	27.5	11.0	59.1	84.8	59.6	84.7	84.7
Middletown town, Middlesex County	29 239	5.5	1.8	7.1	5.4	2.4	4 907	32.9	27.5	11.0	59.1	84.8	59.6	84.7	84.7
Milford town, New Haven County	33 326	6.0	2.6	7.2	5.9	2.1	6 573	28.9	25.9	9.1	47.1	83.9	47.5	83.8	83.8
Milford city (remainder), New Haven County	32 065	6.0	2.6	7.2	5.9	2.0	6 353	28.8	25.8	8.9	47.4	83.7	47.7	83.7	83.7
Monroe town, Fairfield County	11 433	4.9	1.9	6.8	4.9	2.8	1 316	26.2	26.2	8.5	47.0	83.2	47.0	83.2	83.2
Monroeville town, New London County	11 132	7.6	3.6	8.9	7.5	2.1	1 458	27.3	23.7	11.4	44.9	83.9	47.2	83.9	83.9
Moosup CDP, Middlesex County	2 683	2.3	1.2	3.8	2.3	1.5	167	26.9	21.6	9.6	50.0	84.0	50.0	84.0	84.0
Moosup CDP, Windham County	2 031	10.8	4.8	12.9	10.5	2.4	371	52.3	50.7	10.5	46.6	79.9	47.9	79.6	79.6
Morris town, Litchfield County	1 315	6.4	2.7	6.8	6.5	.3	281	27.8	24.9	9.6	53.6	84.6	57.6	84.4	84.4
Mystic CDP, New London County	1 693	3.0	.8	3.4	3.0	.4	409	24.7	20.8	6.6	72.5	81.7	72.5	81.7	81.7
Naugatuck borough, New Haven County	19 596	6.6	2.2	8.2	6.6	2.1	3 656	25.0	20.6	10.1	60.9	86.5	61.2	86.5	86.5
Naugatuck town, New Haven County	19 596	6.6	2.2	8.2	6.6	2.1	3 656	25.0	20.6	10.1	60.9	86.5	61.2	86.5	86.5
New Britain city, Hartford County	47 873	7.1	3.5	9.6	7.0	3.7	12 207	33.9	26.0	15.6	42.3	83.0	43.3	82.9	82.9
New Britain town, Hartford County	47 873	7.1	3.5	9.6	7.0	3.7	12 207	33.9	26.0	15.6	42.3	83.0	43.3	82.9	82.9
New Canaan town, Hartford County	11 678	2.2	.4	3.5	2.2	1.3	2 265	16.1	12.9	6.8	65.3	73.7	66.5	73.6	73.6
New Fairfield town, Fairfield County	8 652	5.4	2.4	6.7	5.3	1.7	1 141	29.9	21.8	13.5	51.7	82.1	52.6	82.1	82.1
New Hartford town, Litchfield County	3 942	4.3	1.5	6.8	4.3	3.3	518	23.7	23.7	6.2	49.1	88.2	49.1	88.2	88.2
New Hartford Center CDP, Litchfield County	6 779	3.8	2.0	12.2	3.8	10.3	114	43.9	43.9	13.2	45.9	85.2	45.9	85.2	85.2
New Haven city, New Haven County	86 047	8.8	4.5	11.4	8.6	4.6	14 799	38.1	29.8	17.3	40.6	74.6	41.8	74.4	74.4
New Haven town, New Haven County	86 047	8.8	4.5	11.4	8.6	4.6	14 799	38.1	29.8	17.3	40.6	74.6	41.8	74.4	74.4
Newington town, Hartford County	19 009	5.8	2.1	7.4	5.7	2.7	4 692	26.8	21.1	10.0	55.3	87.1	55.7	87.	

Table 8. Disability Status: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years					Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over					Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—								
	Percent with a work disability		Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation				Total	A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation					
	Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	Total										
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.	Total	Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	Total	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation					
Norwalk town, Fairfield County.....	54 337	5.8	2.4	8.2	5.8	3.4	9 365	29.8	24.9	11.2	54.1	85.7	54.7	85.7					
Norwich city, New London County.....	22 812	10.9	4.9	12.1	10.8	2.6	5 334	36.3	31.5	12.0	47.6	83.1	48.5	82.9					
Norwich town, New London County.....	22 812	10.9	4.9	12.1	10.8	2.6	5 334	36.3	31.5	12.0	47.6	83.1	48.5	82.9					
Oakville CDP, Litchfield County.....	5 686	5.8	2.6	7.9	5.9	2.4	1 887	34.3	27.8	13.6	53.2	87.7	54.2	87.7					
Old Lyme town, New London County.....	4 205	4.9	2.0	5.4	4.9	1.9	992	23.1	18.0	11.3	44.2	82.0	44.2	82.0					
Old Saybrook town, Middlesex County.....	6 057	5.6	1.5	6.9	5.7	1.6	1 591	27.1	24.3	6.9	65.9	81.7	66.2	81.7					
Old Saybrook Center CDP, Middlesex County.....	1 150	5.8	.9	5.8	5.8	1.7	595	31.4	27.1	5.9	73.1	85.3	73.1	85.3					
Orange town, New Haven County.....	8 188	5.9	2.0	7.0	5.9	1.9	2 036	23.4	23.4	6.2	58.8	80.3	59.6	80.2					
Orange CDP, New Haven County.....	8 188	5.9	2.0	7.0	5.9	1.9	2 036	23.4	23.4	6.2	58.8	80.3	59.6	80.2					
Oxford town, New Haven County.....	5 739	5.1	1.3	5.6	5.1	1.2	700	29.6	28.4	9.3	68.4	84.7	68.4	84.7					
Powcatuck CDP, New London County.....	3 300	9.0	3.7	9.2	9.0	.9	863	41.6	31.3	18.3	54.1	82.7	54.1	82.7					
Plainfield town, Windham County.....	9 052	11.5	5.0	12.7	11.1	2.5	1 377	37.5	30.9	14.4	50.4	83.9	52.0	83.6					
Plainfield Village CDP, Windham County.....	1 703	16.2	8.5	16.2	15.2	2.3	296	48.0	32.4	24.3	45.7	88.4	49.4	87.3					
Plainville town, Hartford County.....	11 653	6.2	2.7	8.6	6.2	2.9	2 291	26.0	22.7	7.4	48.1	88.4	49.0	88.3					
Plymouth town, Litchfield County.....	7 610	6.4	1.6	9.2	6.4	3.4	1 499	33.2	25.6	13.7	63.3	86.0	66.3	86.0					
Pomfret town, Windham County.....	2 063	4.8	2.2	4.8	4.8	.2	274	38.0	36.1	9.9	53.1	82.7	53.1	82.7					
Poquonock Bridge CDP, New London County.....	1 691	11.4	7.6	12.3	11.4	2.8	276	50.4	42.0	15.2	30.6	83.2	30.6	83.2					
Portland town, Middlesex County.....	5 459	6.2	2.8	8.0	6.3	2.4	1 147	32.7	29.4	12.6	41.1	86.6	42.6	86.5					
Portland CDP, Middlesex County.....	3 538	6.9	3.4	8.8	7.2	2.5	890	34.4	30.9	12.8	38.4	85.7	40.6	85.6					
Preston town, New London County.....	3 049	7.4	1.8	8.5	7.2	2.3	551	44.3	37.0	17.6	68.4	82.8	70.3	82.6					
Prospect town, New Haven County.....	5 167	8.1	2.8	9.7	8.0	3.6	811	30.7	24.5	11.2	61.7	85.2	62.7	85.1					
Pufham town, Windham County.....	5 411	12.5	5.8	14.3	12.9	3.0	1 487	38.3	34.9	12.1	47.2	83.2	44.3	83.2					
Puncheon District CDP, Windham County.....	14 088	14.0	6.0	15.4	14.3	2.3	1 161	43.3	38.4	14.7	44.3	84.4	45.6	84.3					
Quinebaug CDP, Windham County.....	609	9.7	7.4	9.7	9.7	1.1	241	30.7	30.7	4.6	23.7	85.6	23.7	85.6					
Redding town, Fairfield County.....	5 488	3.0	1.2	3.9	3.1	1.1	691	19.1	19.1	.7	41.5	79.2	43.5	79.2					
Ridgefield CDP, Fairfield County.....	4 411	3.3	.8	4.2	3.3	1.1	806	23.1	21.5	5.0	70.1	78.1	70.1	78.1					
Ridgefield town, Fairfield County.....	14 583	2.8	1.0	3.3	2.8	.8	1 779	22.5	21.1	4.4	54.7	80.2	54.7	80.2					
Rocky Hill town, Hartford County.....	11 119	5.1	1.4	6.1	5.2	1.7	1 757	25.5	22.8	5.2	67.5	89.2	66.3	89.3					
Roxbury town, Litchfield County.....	1 223	6.7	2.0	8.0	6.5	2.5	241	27.8	25.3	6.6	51.2	78.6	49.4	78.7					
Salem town, New London County.....	2 154	4.5	1.5	5.1	4.5	1.7	214	35.5	31.8	17.8	54.2	86.7	54.2	86.7					
Salisbury town, Litchfield County.....	2 341	5.8	1.6	6.2	5.8	2.1	871	21.5	18.3	9.6	68.1	80.6	68.1	80.6					
Salmon Brook CDP, Hartford County.....	1 574	6.6	.7	7.2	6.6	1.8	207	36.2	26.1	12.6	79.8	85.7	79.8	85.7					
Saybrook Manor CDP, Middlesex County.....	702	7.0	3.7	15.2	7.8	7.4	180	14.4	8.3	10.6	12.2	87.6	21.8	87.5					
Scotland town, Windham County.....	1 764	4.7	1.1	4.7	4.5	.3	123	40.7	40.7	4.1	75.7	83.3	80.0	84.1					
Seymour town, New Haven County.....	9 518	7.3	2.4	8.6	7.2	2.4	2 004	25.5	23.5	8.8	54.4	84.9	55.0	84.8					
Sharon town, Litchfield County.....	1 883	4.2	1.6	4.6	4.2	.3	516	20.7	18.8	4.7	61.3	82.3	61.3	82.3					
Shelton city, Fairfield County.....	23 441	5.3	2.3	6.3	5.2	1.9	3 826	32.2	28.3	11.9	41.6	84.8	42.4	84.7					
Shelton town, Fairfield County.....	23 441	5.3	2.3	6.3	5.2	1.9	3 826	32.2	28.3	11.9	41.6	84.8	42.4	84.7					
Sherman town, Fairfield County.....	1 914	5.0	2.5	5.0	5.0	.4	361	30.2	23.3	11.1	34.4	83.6	34.4	83.6					
Sherwood Manor CDP, Hartford County.....	4 524	7.0	2.3	8.5	7.0	2.3	515	30.5	27.8	8.3	59.4	85.2	59.4	85.2					
Simsbury town, Hartford County.....	14 958	3.7	1.1	4.6	3.7	1.5	2 058	23.3	20.8	6.9	64.2	81.8	64.7	81.7					
Simsbury Center CDP, Hartford County.....	3 742	4.7	1.2	6.4	4.7	1.3	699	29.6	27.2	6.3	67.6	84.4	69.5	84.3					
Somers town, Tolland County.....	5 080	6.4	2.0	7.4	6.6	3.0	623	28.9	25.6	5.6	57.4	82.3	58.6	82.3					
Southbury town, New Haven County.....	7 904	4.1	1.5	4.7	4.0	1.5	3 969	29.4	26.1	9.6	44.3	80.7	45.9	80.6					
South Coventry CDP, Tolland County.....	816	6.9	4.2	8.3	6.9	2.7	166	41.0	36.1	16.9	39.3	92.1	39.3	92.1					
Southington town, Hartford County.....	25 735	5.3	1.4	7.0	5.3	2.5	4 495	30.7	25.0	12.5	64.4	85.0	65.1	84.9					
South Windham CDP, Windham County.....	1 062	5.8	1.3	5.8	5.8	.7	216	41.7	36.1	14.8	54.8	80.4	54.8	80.4					
South Windsor town, Hartford County.....	15 413	4.6	1.1	5.6	4.5	1.4	1 609	20.2	17.5	6.6	63.0	84.7	64.7	84.7					
Southwood Acres CDP, Hartford County.....	6 474	5.3	2.4	8.2	5.2	3.6	608	35.7	34.5	8.4	44.3	86.7	45.1	86.6					
South Woodstock CDP, Windham County.....	730	4.7	1.2	4.5	3.4	1.1	148	31.1	31.1	23.6	73.5	83.0	64.0	83.3					
Sprague town, New London County.....	2 007	8.3	2.2	10.5	8.3	3.1	311	35.7	22.5	21.2	63.3	78.2	63.3	78.2					
Stafford town, Tolland County.....	7 053	7.4	2.9	8.5	7.5	1.7	1 296	31.5	25.2	12.7	53.6	85.7	52.8	85.8					
Stafford Springs borough, Tolland County.....	2 485	9.0	3.3	10.3	9.0	3.0	423	25.4	20.5	15.8	48.9	80.5	48.9	80.5					
Stamford city, Fairfield County.....	73 999	5.2	3.5	7.4	5.2	3.4	13 605	29.6	24.5	13.0	44.9	83.6	46.2	83.5					
Stamford town, Windham County.....	73 999	5.2	3.5	7.4	5.2	3.4	13 605	29.6	24.5	13.0	44.9	83.6	46.2	83.5					
Sterling town, Windham County.....	1 471	9.5	5.0	10.7	9.4	2.9	234	41.5	38.0	11.1	42.1	86.6	42.4	86.5					
Stonington borough, New London County.....	693	6.1	2.0	7.2	6.1	2.0	266	28.9	25.2	9.0	47.6	87.7	47.6	87.7					
Stonington town, New London County.....	11 006	7.2	2.8	7.9	7.2	1.1	2 707	33.5	27.5	11.2	52.8	83.2	52.8	83.2					
Storrs CDP, Tolland County.....	11 169	2.0	.5	2.4	2.0	.4	607	20.8	19.3	7.9	35.2	50.6	35.2	50.6					
Stratford town, Fairfield County.....	30 717	6.3	2.6	7.9	6.3	2.6	9 475	26.5	21.9	9.2	49.9	84.5	50.0	84.5					
Stratford CDP, Fairfield County.....	30 717	6.3	2.6	7.9	6.3	2.6	9 475	26.5	21.9	9.2	49.9	84.5	50.0	84.5					
Sturfield town, Hartford County.....	7 528	5.6	2.6	6.6	5.6	1.6	1 484	25.4	20.8	10.2	55.6	80.9	55.6	80.9					
Sturfield Depot CDP, Hartford County.....	823	7.2	2.2	7.2	7.2	.4	249	42.6	29.3	20.5	37.6	61.0	37.6	61.0					
Sturville CDP, Hartford County.....	1 005	7.2	3.2	7.8	7.2	1.2	119	41.2	41.2	14.3	55.6	89.4	55.6	89.4					
Terraugus CDP, Hartford County.....	690	3.9	.7	3.9	3.9	—	73	21.9	21.9	—	81.5	87.8	81.5	87.8					
Terrville CDP, Litchfield County.....	3 404	7.3	1.8	10.7	7.3	4.1	904	27.2	25.2	9.3	62.5	86.9	62.5	86.9					
Thomaston town, Litchfield County.....	4 444	4.9	1.4	5.9	4.8	1.1	987	39.4	35.7	14.6	57.5	86.1	59.4	86.0					
Thompson town, Windham County.....	5 456	5.6	3.8	8.6	5.7	4.0	1 160	38.3	34.4	12.1	30.2	83.6	29.3	83.7					
Thompsonville CDP, Hartford County.....	5 081	10.6	4.4	12.6	10.6	2.5	1 362	28.2	21.2	13.0	50.0	86.5	50.0	86.5					
Tolland town, Tolland County.....	7 609	4.5	1.0	5.3	4.5	1.4	601	39.6	30.8	18.5	70.2	86.3	71.5	86.2					
Torrington city, Litchfield County.....	20 951	7.9	2.3	9.4	7.8	2.6	5 740	27.5	21.6	12.3	59.5	86.2	60.7	86.1					
Torrington town, Litchfield County.....	20 951	7.9	2.3	9.4	7.8	2.6	5 740	27.5	21.6	12.3	59.5	86.2	60.7	86.1					
Trumbull town, Fairfield County.....	20 682	4.3	1.7	5.7	4.3	2.1	4 742	26.3	22.2	10.1	48.6	80.9	49.8	80.9					
Uncasville CDP, Fairfield County.....	20 682	4.3	1.7	5.7	4.3	2.1	4 742	26.3	22.2	10.1	48.6	80.9	49.8	80.9					
Uncasville-Oxoboxo Valley CDP, New London County.....	1 841	8.4	2.9	8.6	8.1	1.3	432	26.4	19.0	11.3	56.5	84.2	58.0	84.0					
Union town, Tolland County.....	3 375	4.3																	

Table 8. **Disability Status: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years						Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over				Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—			
	Total	Percent with a work disability		Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Total	Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation
		Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation		Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation				
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.														
West Hartford town, Hartford County -----	36 166	4.5	1.7	6.6	4.4	2.9	12 083	25.1	19.9	10.5	51.2	81.3	52.0	81.3
West Hartford CDP, Hartford County -----	36 166	4.5	1.7	6.6	4.4	2.9	12 083	25.1	19.9	10.5	51.2	81.3	52.0	81.3
West Haven city, New Haven County -----	35 513	7.2	3.2	9.7	7.0	3.7	7 432	28.7	22.6	12.8	45.1	83.8	45.7	83.7
West Haven town, New Haven County -----	35 513	7.2	3.2	9.7	7.0	3.7	7 432	28.7	22.6	12.8	45.1	83.8	45.7	83.7
West Mystic CDP, New London County -----	2 347	4.1	1.2	4.4	3.6	.9	452	22.3	20.1	5.8	47.9	82.0	40.5	82.1
Weston town, Fairfield County -----	6 057	3.1	.6	3.3	3.0	.6	715	25.5	23.8	7.4	49.5	74.5	54.7	74.3
Westport town, Fairfield County -----	16 827	3.3	1.0	4.3	3.3	1.6	3 160	20.2	16.7	8.7	64.4	77.2	64.4	77.2
Westport CDP, Fairfield County -----	16 810	3.3	1.0	4.3	3.3	1.6	3 160	20.2	16.7	8.7	64.4	77.3	64.4	77.3
West Simsbury CDP, Hartford County -----	1 295	3.6	.9	4.2	3.6	.9	167	19.8	19.8	3.0	61.7	76.4	61.7	76.4
Wethersfield town, Hartford County -----	15 689	5.7	2.5	7.5	5.5	2.9	5 594	28.6	23.4	10.3	46.1	81.5	47.1	81.3
Wethersfield CDP, Hartford County -----	15 689	5.7	2.5	7.5	5.5	2.9	5 594	28.6	23.4	10.3	46.1	81.5	47.1	81.3
Willimantic CDP, Windham County -----	9 780	7.7	4.0	8.4	7.3	2.3	1 959	36.9	28.2	16.4	37.4	78.9	37.1	78.7
Willington town, Tolland County -----	4 286	5.4	1.3	5.6	4.9	1.3	342	33.9	26.6	13.7	62.7	87.4	69.2	86.9
Wilton town, Fairfield County -----	10 697	2.7	.9	2.8	2.6	.4	1 518	23.5	20.8	9.2	56.3	76.7	57.5	76.7
Winchester town, Litchfield County -----	7 400	8.2	2.6	9.5	8.2	2.2	1 593	23.4	17.1	11.6	63.9	86.5	63.9	86.5
Windham town, Windham County -----	14 434	7.8	3.7	9.2	7.6	3.0	2 712	36.0	28.6	15.7	41.7	79.0	41.7	78.9
Windsor town, Hartford County -----	18 076	5.0	1.9	6.3	5.0	2.1	3 332	31.8	28.8	11.2	52.9	86.2	53.3	86.1
Windsor Locks town, Hartford County -----	8 250	4.3	1.6	6.4	4.3	2.7	1 728	28.0	21.8	11.7	55.6	87.8	55.6	87.8
Windsor Locks CDP, Hartford County -----	8 250	4.3	1.6	6.4	4.3	2.7	1 728	28.0	21.8	11.7	55.6	87.8	55.6	87.8
Winsted CDP, Litchfield County -----	5 212	9.7	2.5	11.3	9.7	2.5	1 263	24.5	17.3	13.0	68.6	85.6	68.6	85.6
Wolcott town, New Haven County -----	9 256	6.1	2.5	7.1	5.8	2.1	1 525	32.4	29.2	10.6	46.4	85.8	49.1	85.5
Woodbridge town, New Haven County -----	5 057	4.1	1.8	4.9	4.1	1.5	1 159	24.2	19.3	10.0	49.8	76.1	49.8	76.1
Woodbury town, Litchfield County -----	5 600	5.4	1.4	7.0	5.3	2.3	970	23.1	23.1	4.8	56.0	84.7	57.1	84.6
Woodbury Center CDP, Litchfield County -----	741	8.0	1.2	9.2	8.0	1.2	216	19.9	19.9	4.6	67.8	85.0	67.8	85.0
Woodmont borough, New Haven County -----	1 261	5.6	2.6	8.8	5.6	4.3	220	33.6	27.7	13.2	40.8	87.4	40.8	87.4
Woodstock town, Windham County -----	3 837	6.7	2.6	6.8	6.4	1.4	782	31.2	30.3	11.6	59.0	83.1	57.5	83.1
Milford city, New Haven County -----	33 326	6.0	2.6	7.2	5.9	2.1	6 573	28.9	25.9	9.1	47.1	83.9	47.5	83.8

Table 9. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Median income in 1989 (dollars)				Persons for whom poverty status is determined												Families with income in 1989 below poverty level	
	Per capita income in 1989 (dollars)	House- holds		Nonfamily house- holds	Total	Income in 1989 below poverty level						Persons 65 years and over						
						All ages		Related children		Persons 65 years and over								
Under 18 years	5 to 17 years	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent											
Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent							
The State	20 189	41 721	49 199	23 796	3 188 125	217 347	6.8	76 572	10.4	50 309	9.8	30 010	7.2	43 965	5.0			
Fairfield County	26 161	49 891	57 990	27 254	812 053	49 479	6.1	17 411	9.4	11 544	9.0	7 060	6.8	9 889	4.5			
Bethel town	20 528	53 761	59 517	26 292	17 517	464	2.6	91	2.0	86	2.6	98	6.1	66	1.4			
Bethel CDP	18 625	44 477	51 676	22 319	8 827	327	3.7	52	2.5	47	3.3	76	7.2	28	1.2			
Bridgeport town	13 156	28 704	33 090	19 312	137 446	23 463	17.1	10 436	29.0	6 960	28.1	2 037	11.2	5 225	15.0			
Bridgeport city	13 156	28 704	33 090	19 312	137 446	23 463	17.1	10 436	29.0	6 960	28.1	2 037	11.2	5 225	15.0			
Brookfield town	24 277	60 054	65 111	34 063	14 111	333	2.4	87	2.5	64	2.5	81	7.1	76	1.9			
Oanbury town	19 300	43 832	51 144	25 992	62 517	3 599	5.8	1 147	8.2	731	7.8	699	10.0	783	4.7			
Oanbury city	19 300	43 832	51 144	25 992	62 517	3 599	5.8	1 147	8.2	731	7.8	699	10.0	783	4.7			
Oanion town	51 795	89 395	101 583	41 875	18 093	346	1.9	69	1.6	53	1.8	68	3.0	45	.9			
Oanion CDP	51 760	89 398	101 615	41 563	18 003	346	1.9	69	1.6	53	1.8	68	3.0	45	.9			
Easton town	33 725	75 236	83 128	22 391	6 315	124	2.0	22	1.4	22	1.9	19	2.2	26	1.4			
Fairfield town	26 895	55 752	65 070	26 342	50 942	1 837	3.6	288	2.8	160	2.2	403	4.8	239	1.6			
Greenwich town	46 070	65 072	80 558	35 304	57 778	1 743	3.0	276	2.3	199	2.3	364	4.1	298	1.9			
Monroe town	21 441	59 967	63 697	33 889	16 833	352	2.1	84	1.8	72	2.1	114	8.7	65	1.4			
New Canaan town	52 692	91 951	109 512	37 500	17 635	448	2.5	110	2.6	70	2.2	79	3.5	103	2.0			
New Fairfield town	23 031	60 161	63 552	31 225	12 886	186	1.4	13	.4	13	.5	57	5.0	31	.9			
Newtown town	22 747	60 830	65 537	32 412	19 950	498	2.5	126	2.4	83	2.2	84	5.0	117	2.1			
Newtown borough	25 142	64 213	70 760	24 821	1 797	21	1.2	4	.9	4	1.2	2	.8	5	.9			
Norwalk town	23 075	48 171	55 269	30 939	77 552	4 034	5.2	1 247	8.1	781	7.7	608	6.5	784	3.8			
Norwalk city	23 075	48 171	55 269	30 939	77 552	4 034	5.2	1 247	8.1	781	7.7	608	6.5	784	3.8			
Redding town	37 193	76 332	83 479	41 146	7 915	182	2.3	42	2.1	21	1.5	13	1.9	24	1.1			
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	26 497	44 338	54 650	24 412	351	33	9.4	13	21.0	13	31.0	7	20.6	6	5.9			
Ridgefield town	34 103	74 271	83 859	41 475	20 850	384	1.8	55	1.1	33	.9	64	3.6	47	.8			
Ridgefield CDP	31 624	61 135	77 107	32 150	6 354	125	2.0	6	.5	6	.7	56	6.9	12	.7			
Shelton town	20 256	49 965	55 623	25 464	34 690	867	2.5	254	3.1	192	3.4	149	3.9	154	1.6			
Shelton city	20 256	49 965	55 623	25 464	34 690	867	2.5	254	3.1	192	3.4	149	3.9	154	1.6			
Sherman town	31 721	62 124	66 836	29 821	2 779	73	2.6	—	—	—	—	30	8.3	15	1.7			
Stamford town	27 092	49 787	57 360	31 821	107 007	6 728	6.3	2 141	9.9	1 384	9.7	1 027	7.5	1 105	3.9			
Stamford city	27 092	49 787	57 360	31 821	107 007	6 728	6.3	2 141	9.9	1 384	9.7	1 027	7.5	1 105	3.9			
Stratford town	18 574	41 745	49 630	19 286	49 030	1 737	3.5	410	4.1	261	3.7	638	6.7	310	2.2			
Stratford CDP	18 574	41 745	49 630	19 286	49 030	1 737	3.5	410	4.1	261	3.7	638	6.7	310	2.2			
Trumbull town	25 048	60 634	66 070	19 810	31 691	627	2.0	160	2.3	110	2.1	184	3.9	145	1.6			
Trumbull CDP	25 048	60 634	66 070	19 810	31 691	627	2.0	160	2.3	110	2.1	184	3.9	145	1.6			
Weston town	48 498	104 482	115 779	38 409	8 633	217	2.5	45	2.1	21	1.4	23	3.2	52	2.1			
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	43 122	81 050	87 464	27 500	166	7	4.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Westport CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Westport town	45 640	81 957	95 791	44 673	24 179	762	3.2	179	3.7	139	4.0	159	5.0	89	1.3			
Westport CDP (pt.)	45 640	81 957	95 791	44 673	24 179	762	3.2	179	3.7	139	4.0	159	5.0	89	1.3			
Wilton town	41 249	87 686	101 156	44 214	15 704	475	3.0	129	3.2	89	3.1	62	4.1	90	2.0			
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	38 148	69 063	74 517	44 688	1 147	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Hartford County	18 983	40 609	48 008	23 620	829 007	65 521	7.9	24 629	13.0	16 365	12.4	8 227	7.4	13 637	6.0			
Avon town	34 204	66 602	79 278	35 800	13 767	207	1.5	7	.2	8	.3	43	2.5	11	.3			
Berlin town	19 974	49 004	55 627	18 922	16 658	472	2.8	108	2.9	87	3.3	161	6.3	127	2.7			
Kensington CDP	18 423	45 274	51 158	20 893	8 242	270	3.3	57	3.1	36	2.7	114	8.1	74	3.2			
Bloomfield town	22 478	47 853	56 541	24 784	18 891	781	4.1	124	3.4	74	2.9	348	10.4	148	2.8			
Blue Hills CDP	14 253	41 837	45 402	21 375	3 187	186	5.8	38	5.6	20	4.0	48	10.9	42	5.2			
Bristol town	16 909	38 261	45 631	22 138	59 999	2 610	4.4	754	5.7	463	5.2	657	8.3	493	2.9			
Bristol city	16 909	38 261	45 631	22 138	59 999	2 610	4.4	754	5.7	463	5.2	657	8.3	493	2.9			
Burlington town	21 797	56 397	59 343	25 625	7 026	124	1.8	38	1.9	38	2.6	24	5.3	28	1.4			
Canton town	23 489	53 449	60 562	28 945	8 262	321	3.9	101	5.3	66	5.0	46	5.3	59	2.5			
Canton Valley CDP	20 755	42 083	50 648	22 054	1 482	47	3.2	—	—	—	—	25	10.2	8	2.1			
Collinsville town	21 245	47 297	54 711	29 000	2 666	144	5.4	64	10.7	42	10.5	7	2.6	25	3.5			
East Granby town	23 171	52 317	59 068	35 647	4 302	74	1.7	16	1.6	11	1.7	29	6.3	22	1.7			
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
East Hartford town	16 575	36 584	42 853	23 226	49 604	2 683	5.4	785	8.2	437	6.8	505	6.8	546	4.0			
East Hartford CDP	16 575	36 584	42 853	23 226	49 604	2 683	5.4	785	8.2	437	6.8	505	6.8	546	4.0			
East Windsor town	17 388	40 888	47 255	29 907	9 799	481	4.9	122	6.0	62	4.7	110	10.6	97	3.8			
Brook Brook CDP	16 419	35 459	42 227	19 094	3 575	207	5.8	80	9.2	39	7.2	44	13.9	30	3.1			
Enfield town	16 723	44 635	48 757	23 550	43 668	1 262	2.9	313	3.0	216	3.0	328	7.1	206	1.7			
Hazardville CDP	17 127	45 643	48 355	23 021	5 065	131	2.6	26	2.2	19	2.4	36	5.3	19	1.3			
Sherwood Manor CDP	18 384	51 151	58 808	28 214	6 337	76	1.2	16	1.1	16	1.5	7	1.4	12	.7			
Southwood Acres CDP	17 698	51 425	53 437	26 157	8 955	129	1.4	26	1.2	26	1.7	29	4.8	27	1.0			
Thompsonville CDP	13 830	30 028	36 690	16 760	8 206	683	8.3	189	9.9	113	9.5	171	12.6	113	5.4			
Farmington town	28 286	52 979	61 754	31 529	20 350	531	2.6	90	2.1	63	2.1	105	3.6	74	1.3			
Glastonbury town	26 073	57 464	66 046	31 064	27 366	651	2.4	154	2.4	145	3.0	156	5.0	88	1.1			
Glastonbury Center CDP	24 345	46 150	62 102	25 991	6 950	252	3.6	44	3.9	35	3.9	77	6.2	27	1.4			
Wethersfield CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Granby town	23 689	58 839	63 876	30 417	9 370	95	1.0	10	.4	—	—	22	2.8	12	.4			
North Granby CDP (pt.)	27 687	59 840	67 395	34 679	1 424	399	4.7	10	2.0	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Salmon Brook CDP	21 545	55 036	61 277	21 307	2 209	47	2.1	10	2.0	—	—	10	4.8	5	.8			
Hartford town	11 081	22 140	24 774	17 095	132 294	36 397	27.5	16 054	43.6	10 541	41.3	2 269	17.5	8 086	25.7			
Hartford city	11 081	22 140	24 774	17 095	132 294	36 397	27.5	16 054	43.6	10 541	41.3	2 269	17.5	8 086	25.7			
Hartland town	17 787	47 105	49 500	27 500	1 862	34	1.8	6	1.1	6	1.7	7	4.7	6	1.1			
North Granby CDP (pt.)	71 159	61 799	61 599															

Table 9. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Per capita income in 1989 (dollars)	Median income in 1989 (dollars)				Persons for whom poverty status is determined												Families with income in 1989 below poverty level	
		House- holds	Families	Nonfamily house- holds	Total	Income in 1989 below poverty level												Number	Percent of all families
						All ages		Related children				Persons 65 years and over							
						Number	Percent	Under 18 years		5 to 17 years		Number		Percent					
Hartford County—Con.																			
West Hartford town—Con.																			
West Hartford COP	26 943	49 642	60 518	28 389	57 869	2 103	3.6	394	3.4	291	3.4	498	4.1	347	2.1				
Wethersfield town	22 246	43 888	53 111	22 070	25 362	684	2.7	133	2.9	95	2.9	219	3.9	155	2.1				
Wethersfield COP (pt.)	22 246	43 888	53 111	22 070	25 362	684	2.7	133	2.9	95	2.9	219	3.9	155	2.1				
Windsor town	19 592	50 228	55 400	27 535	27 147	660	2.4	105	1.7	70	1.5	134	4.0	107	1.4				
Windsor Locks town	17 593	43 593	48 350	24 076	12 184	370	3.0	82	3.4	50	3.1	176	10.2	69	2.0				
Windsor Locks COP (pt.)	17 593	43 593	48 350	24 076	12 184	370	3.0	82	3.4	50	3.1	176	10.2	69	2.0				
Litchfield County	19 971	42 565	49 061	22 314	171 849	6 823	4.0	1 657	4.2	1 054	3.8	1 728	7.4	1 131	2.4				
Barkhamsted town	20 244	53 884	58 318	26 974	3 352	53	1.6	—	—	—	—	20	7.0	11	1.1				
Bethlehem town	20 709	47 986	52 751	25 598	3 106	152	4.9	25	3.3	25	4.5	47	17.2	18	2.2				
Bethlehem Village COP	18 898	46 905	51 905	22 361	1 998	89	4.5	13	2.6	13	3.5	38	20.5	12	2.2				
Bridgewater town	29 991	59 688	68 789	28 750	1 654	61	3.7	15	4.3	11	4.0	11	5.1	10	2.1				
Canaan town	20 988	35 950	42 188	17 143	1 057	56	5.3	4	1.6	4	2.1	19	12.9	11	3.7				
Colebrook town	18 568	44 152	46 620	26 500	1 360	42	3.1	6	2.0	3	1.5	16	8.5	9	2.2				
Cornwall town	30 270	38 937	46 765	22 321	1 411	95	6.7	26	9.3	21	11.3	17	6.8	13	3.3				
Goshen town	22 241	45 417	53 206	21 750	2 326	89	3.8	21	3.7	19	4.5	6	2.0	22	3.2				
Horwinton town	23 636	49 926	52 966	27 027	5 183	100	1.9	16	1.3	5	—	33	5.5	21	1.4				
Northwest Horwinton COP	24 589	49 279	52 670	25 573	3 299	91	2.8	16	2.1	5	—	33	7.7	21	2.1				
Kent town	22 112	42 029	47 083	26 838	2 834	182	6.4	36	5.5	32	6.9	43	10.9	21	2.9				
Litchfield town	21 698	45 819	52 445	22 986	8 069	245	3.0	34	1.9	25	1.9	110	8.7	35	1.5				
Bantam borough	13 730	29 750	35 179	13 875	1 775	18	2.3	—	—	—	—	11	7.2	—	—				
Litchfield borough	25 617	43 036	58 033	24 688	1 249	48	3.8	12	4.7	3	1.6	24	8.6	6	1.7				
Morris town	18 550	41 625	46 679	22 708	2 037	83	4.1	26	5.5	20	6.3	8	2.8	12	1.3				
New Hartford town	19 267	50 338	55 872	20 854	5 769	203	3.5	50	3.4	50	5.0	44	8.5	22	2.1				
New Hartford Center COP	15 374	31 500	47 431	19 491	1 335	87	6.5	—	—	—	—	44	38.6	—	—				
New Milford town	20 482	49 975	54 130	27 983	23 275	676	2.9	102	1.7	41	1.0	158	8.3	105	1.7				
New Milford COP	18 400	38 137	44 174	26 855	5 627	288	5.1	52	4.1	27	3.2	66	12.3	52	3.6				
Norfolk town	22 215	41 917	51 603	22 062	1 870	126	6.7	28	7.8	26	10.0	26	8.7	21	4.4				
North Canaan town	15 049	35 922	41 030	18 571	3 318	130	3.9	43	5.6	19	3.7	35	6.2	23	2.5				
Canaan COP	14 967	29 812	36 198	16 607	1 198	61	5.1	24	10.6	—	—	19	6.2	11	3.2				
Plymouth town	16 610	41 325	46 334	19 872	11 769	361	3.1	108	3.7	71	3.4	101	6.7	83	2.5				
Terryville COP	17 289	39 539	47 926	19 017	5 426	180	3.3	37	3.0	24	2.8	70	7.7	30	2.0				
Roxbury town	28 024	51 633	58 415	34 167	1 825	44	2.4	4	1.0	4	1.4	13	5.4	5	0.9				
Salisbury town	32 706	41 141	47 031	29 736	3 841	254	6.6	71	9.9	44	8.6	77	8.8	49	4.4				
Sharon town	31 115	41 500	46 389	25 500	2 904	172	5.9	41	7.0	34	6.8	20	3.9	17	2.1				
Thomaston town	17 833	40 851	46 982	21 509	6 886	164	2.4	51	3.1	42	3.7	53	5.4	26	1.3				
Torrington town	16 407	35 230	43 081	18 170	33 110	1 734	5.2	412	5.9	228	4.9	513	8.9	286	3.1				
Torrington city	16 407	35 230	43 081	18 170	33 110	1 734	5.2	412	5.9	228	4.9	513	8.9	286	3.1				
Warren town	28 226	46 875	49 896	33 750	1 219	35	2.9	7	2.3	5	2.3	9	1.2	7	2.1				
Washington town	29 274	48 704	51 532	27 500	3 896	212	5.4	56	6.4	24	4.1	33	5.5	29	2.7				
New Preston COP	25 201	47 831	49 926	25 662	1 212	31	2.6	—	—	—	—	8	4.2	—	—				
Watertown town	17 778	45 763	50 732	17 726	20 292	625	3.1	171	3.5	136	3.8	166	6.5	92	1.6				
Oakville COP	15 049	40 336	46 142	12 159	8 642	307	3.6	69	3.5	57	4.1	108	9.1	47	1.9				
Winchester town	16 741	37 831	43 149	21 004	11 355	651	5.7	224	8.5	100	5.4	130	8.2	138	4.5				
Winsted COP	14 868	33 590	40 400	18 452	8 095	602	7.4	210	11.6	94	7.4	123	9.7	127	5.5				
Woodbury town	25 096	50 326	57 310	33 860	8 131	278	3.4	80	4.7	65	5.5	20	2.1	45	2.0				
Woodbury Center COP	19 327	40 268	48 478	25 050	1 211	125	10.3	53	19.4	46	30.1	—	—	26	8.8				
Middlesex County	19 660	43 212	50 891	26 547	137 279	5 435	4.0	1 716	5.6	996	4.7	847	4.8	997	2.6				
Chester town	19 908	43 698	50 839	28 264	3 270	26	0.8	—	—	—	—	7	1.6	—	—				
Chester Center COP	19 973	41 927	52 948	27 981	1 568	22	1.4	—	—	—	—	13	4.7	—	—				
Clinton town	17 698	45 884	51 534	26 208	12 636	421	3.3	114	3.4	88	3.7	91	7.5	91	2.6				
Clinton COP	17 059	37 145	44 091	22 434	3 320	170	5.1	18	2.6	7	1.6	56	12.1	34	3.8				
Cromwell town	20 518	46 970	54 759	29 802	11 731	306	2.6	100	4.1	82	5.0	46	2.6	47	1.5				
Deep River town	18 995	39 560	45 690	26 106	4 166	122	2.9	34	3.6	18	2.7	26	5.2	27	2.4				
Deep River Center COP	16 515	37 068	41 964	27 212	2 394	63	2.6	14	2.5	8	1.9	26	8.5	16	2.5				
Durham town	19 647	55 684	58 625	32 361	5 565	141	2.5	52	3.5	32	3.0	13	2.9	24	1.5				
Durham COP	19 857	53 048	57 136	29 886	2 614	50	1.9	—	—	—	—	8	2.9	6	0.8				
East Haddam town	18 709	44 245	49 357	24 129	6 433	306	4.6	113	6.5	89	7.4	70	9.9	61	3.2				
Moodus COP	14 032	39 333	41 505	16 080	1 125	33	2.9	—	—	—	—	15	9.0	8	2.6				
East Hampton town	19 123	48 000	53 480	29 250	10 130	94	0.9	—	—	—	—	15	1.8	—	—				
East Hampton COP	18 099	47 356	50 838	23 333	2 282	40	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
Lake Pocotopaug COP	20 357	41 712	50 848	32 138	2 904	38	1.3	—	—	—	—	8	3.1	—	—				
Essex town	26 590	45 033	55 220	29 125	5 682	189	3.3	76	6.6	31	3.9	13	4.1	35	2.2				
Essex Village COP	30 792	47 426	56 849	33 381	2 392	87	3.6	21	4.7	21	6.1	9	1.9	9	1.4				
Haddam town	22 649	51 655	54 571	30 893	6 721	151	2.2	29	1.9	8	—	51	8.0	27	1.4				
Higgonum COP	19 370	47 727	50 570	27 083	1 624	75	4.6	25	10.5	8	5.8	12	6.9	9	2.0				
Killingworth town	19 967	51 128	56 271	26 402	4 891	86	1.8	31	2.5	23	2.4	6	1.3	13	0.9				
Middletown town	18 193	46 491	50 291	26 184	3 925	103	2.6	43	5.1	16	2.9	17	3.2	21	1.8				
Middletown COP	17 814	37 644	44 339	25 613	39 081	2 745	7.0	908	11.4	483	9.4	348	50.5	49	5.05				
Middletown city	17 814	37 644	44 339	25 613	39 081	2 745	7.0	908	11.4	483	9.4	348	50.5	49	5.05				
Old Saybrook town	24 409	48 223	55 000	26 162	9 335	365	3.9	101	5.2	66	4.6	82	5.2	69	2.5				
Fenwick borough																			

Table 9. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Per capita income in 1989 (dollars)	Median income in 1989 (dollars)		Persons for whom poverty status is determined										Families with income in 1989 below poverty level			
		House- holds	Families	Nonfamily house- holds	Total	Income in 1989 below poverty level										Number	Percent of all families
						Number	Percent	Related children				Persons 65 years and over					
								Under 18 years		5 to 17 years		Number	Percent				
								Number	Percent	Number	Percent						
New Haven County—Con.																	
Hamden town.....	19 383	41 814	50 228	22 722	50 381	2 199	4.4	386	3.9	222	3.4	614	6.3	310	2.2		
Madison town.....	29 334	61 871	69 961	30 980	15 311	233	1.5	38	1.0	38	1.3	61	3.3	29	.7		
Madison Center CDP.....	32 489	46 176	47 825	18 690	2 174	15	.7	—	—	—	—	9	.2	—	—		
Meriden town.....	15 618	36 211	41 910	20 995	58 376	4 266	7.3	1 753	12.4	1 150	12.1	601	7.6	1 004	6.3		
Meriden city.....	15 618	36 211	41 910	20 995	58 376	4 266	7.3	1 753	12.4	1 150	12.1	601	7.6	1 004	6.3		
Middlebury town.....	25 715	49 524	55 438	27 083	6 089	213	3.5	62	4.6	28	2.7	59	6.2	58	3.2		
Milford town.....	19 099	44 142	50 204	26 707	49 388	1 836	3.7	572	5.3	318	4.3	313	4.8	336	2.5		
Milford city (remainder).....	19 051	44 150	50 290	26 364	47 625	1 794	3.8	566	5.5	315	4.3	298	4.7	333	2.5		
Woodmont borough.....	20 412	43 942	48 229	35 333	1 763	42	2.4	6	1.9	3	1.3	15	6.8	3	.7		
Naugatuck town.....	16 691	39 902	46 654	22 004	30 481	1 286	4.2	467	5.9	325	6.0	215	5.9	267	3.2		
Naugatuck borough.....	16 691	39 902	46 654	22 004	30 481	1 286	4.2	467	5.9	325	6.0	215	5.9	267	3.2		
New Haven town.....	12 968	25 811	31 163	17 154	119 665	25 481	21.3	9 927	33.8	6 511	33.2	2 100	14.2	5 194	18.2		
New Haven city.....	12 968	25 811	31 163	17 154	119 665	25 481	21.3	9 927	33.8	6 511	33.2	2 100	14.2	5 194	18.2		
North Branford town.....	19 408	50 798	53 253	28 073	12 979	266	2.0	68	2.1	61	2.7	40	3.2	66	1.8		
North Haven town.....	21 335	49 148	53 440	23 176	22 092	542	2.5	140	3.0	119	3.5	205	5.4	95	1.5		
North Haven CDP (pt.).....	21 335	49 148	53 440	23 176	22 092	542	2.5	140	3.0	119	3.5	205	5.4	95	1.5		
Orange town.....	26 860	62 021	66 514	23 415	12 739	296	2.3	47	1.7	39	1.8	80	3.9	62	1.6		
Orange CDP.....	26 860	62 021	66 514	23 415	12 739	296	2.3	47	1.7	39	1.8	80	3.9	62	1.6		
Oxford town.....	18 961	54 448	56 966	28 527	8 685	147	1.7	33	1.4	18	1.1	8	1.1	25	1.0		
Prospect town.....	17 482	48 455	52 551	20 417	7 594	139	1.8	30	1.7	30	2.4	25	3.1	27	1.2		
Seymour town.....	18 031	39 864	46 980	23 490	14 247	649	4.6	175	5.8	98	4.7	148	7.4	162	4.0		
Southbury town.....	22 569	47 335	58 955	26 452	14 519	276	1.9	60	2.0	42	2.0	96	2.4	40	1.0		
Heritage Village CDP.....	27 962	31 628	51 142	23 794	3 613	62	1.7	—	—	—	—	54	1.9	—	—		
Wallingford town.....	18 231	42 783	49 478	24 136	39 902	1 238	3.1	276	3.0	167	2.6	247	5.0	211	1.9		
North Haven CDP (pt.).....	27 059	55 482	55 482	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Wallingford Center CDP.....	16 412	36 567	42 350	22 840	17 478	789	4.5	191	5.1	105	4.1	203	7.8	134	2.9		
Waterbury town.....	14 209	30 533	37 942	17 757	106 915	12 922	12.1	5 177	20.6	3 290	19.6	1 665	10.0	2 813	9.9		
Waterbury city.....	14 209	30 533	37 942	17 757	106 915	12 922	12.1	5 177	20.6	3 290	19.6	1 665	10.0	2 813	9.9		
West Haven town.....	15 810	35 723	41 907	21 492	52 610	3 190	6.1	823	7.3	492	6.5	621	8.4	590	4.2		
West Haven city.....	15 810	35 723	41 907	21 492	52 610	3 190	6.1	823	7.3	492	6.5	621	8.4	590	4.2		
Wolcott town.....	18 029	48 507	52 230	18 906	13 515	245	1.8	50	1.6	44	1.9	46	3.0	37	.9		
Woodbridge town.....	38 008	70 670	79 947	31 687	7 879	162	2.1	14	.8	7	.5	59	5.1	26	1.1		
New London County.....	16 702	37 488	43 256	22 457	240 881	15 342	6.4	5 456	9.3	3 664	9.1	2 005	7.1	3 155	4.7		
Bozrah town.....	15 814	43 553	47 461	22 961	2 274	52	2.3	25	4.5	25	6.3	—	—	13	2.0		
Colchester town.....	17 143	46 389	49 755	23 750	10 767	457	4.2	115	4.1	88	5.0	82	8.8	80	2.6		
Colchester borough.....	15 268	40 736	45 769	15 982	3 007	114	3.8	22	3.2	9	2.0	28	9.4	21	2.5		
East Lyme town.....	20 034	46 979	52 434	30 887	14 042	476	3.3	159	4.7	128	5.1	55	3.4	73	1.8		
Niantic CDP.....	20 208	38 466	47 262	29 107	3 042	235	7.7	87	16.8	87	21.0	10	1.8	29	3.4		
Franklin town.....	16 756	41 780	46 422	23 750	1 799	52	2.9	16	3.8	7	2.2	8	4.3	8	1.5		
Griswold town.....	13 703	32 904	38 089	19 260	10 260	925	9.0	363	13.2	227	12.1	142	12.6	196	6.8		
Jewett City borough.....	12 228	28 556	32 349	18 897	3 334	416	12.5	190	21.0	125	21.2	76	16.2	97	10.8		
Groton town.....	15 454	33 967	36 897	23 815	29 329	1 755	4.5	624	5.8	367	5.6	179	4.9	373	3.4		
Connecticut Towers-Nautilus Park CDP.....	8 434	28 820	28 610	25 769	9 867	241	2.4	136	3.1	73	2.7	—	—	68	2.6		
Groton city.....	15 314	30 952	35 487	22 311	9 491	753	7.9	261	12.9	152	12.2	70	6.7	188	6.9		
Poquonock Bridge CDP.....	11 802	30 000	32 232	14 474	2 450	247	9.0	150	19.7	103	19.8	6	2.2	52	6.7		
West Mystic CDP.....	24 004	45 168	54 593	31 311	3 474	53	1.5	14	1.9	9	1.7	—	—	5	.5		
Lebanon town.....	16 756	43 983	47 886	27 344	6 041	205	3.4	83	5.0	55	4.6	20	4.2	19	1.1		
Ledyard town.....	18 557	49 811	52 878	30 672	14 804	179	1.2	20	5.5	20	7.7	17	1.9	33	.8		
Lisbon town.....	14 917	38 192	41 566	25 000	3 746	111	3.0	20	2.2	15	2.3	13	3.5	13	1.2		
Lyme town.....	28 786	45 848	52 863	25 909	1 939	65	3.4	15	4.2	7	2.7	2	.6	10	1.7		
Monville town.....	15 743	42 140	46 305	24 125	16 239	731	4.5	248	6.2	205	7.2	87	6.0	182	4.0		
Uncasville-Oxoboxo Valley CDP.....	13 486	34 464	39 868	21 491	2 946	152	5.2	19	2.8	19	4.4	48	11.1	28	3.7		
New London town.....	12 971	26 336	31 274	20 024	24 436	3 702	15.1	1 349	24.9	851	24.4	468	13.7	732	12.0		
New London city.....	12 971	26 336	31 274	20 024	24 436	3 702	15.1	1 349	24.9	851	24.4	468	13.7	732	12.0		
North Stonington town.....	18 019	47 070	49 467	25 000	4 828	148	3.1	77	5.7	66	6.5	32	3.2	32	.3		
Norwich town.....	14 844	29 354	37 152	19 523	36 521	4 338	11.9	1 841	21.4	1 221	21.1	424	7.9	970	9.7		
Norwich city.....	14 844	29 354	37 152	19 523	36 521	4 338	11.9	1 841	21.4	1 221	21.1	424	7.9	970	9.7		
Old Lyme town.....	25 258	50 813	56 625	22 306	6 524	118	1.8	4	.3	4	.4	35	3.5	10	.5		
Preston town.....	17 643	42 823	49 884	12 583	4 453	101	4.5	47	4.8	41	5.6	64	11.6	45	3.4		
Salem town.....	17 990	49 278	51 370	40 625	3 310	53	1.6	15	1.6	15	2.2	—	—	12	1.3		
Sprague town.....	18 031	39 864	46 980	23 490	10 531	925	10.9	93	12.0	53	9.4	35	11.3	56	6.9		
Stonington town.....	20 808	39 651	46 720	23 987	16 847	756	4.5	175	5.2	112	4.7	196	7.2	169	3.5		
Mystic CDP.....	20 724	39 594	46 413	25 975	2 557	51	2.0	11	2.3	5	1.5	16	3.9	6	.8		
Pawcatuck CDP.....	15 534	33 644	38 892	16 829	5 289	402	7.6	101	8.3	65	7.7	113	13.1	111	7.5		
Stonington borough.....	27 965	38 654	50 880	26 641	1 098	58	5.3	9	6.3	4	4.0	13	4.9	9	3.1		
Voluntown town.....	14 766	35 699	39 952	21 000	2 102	110	5.2	30	5.5	24	6.0	16	8.0	22	3.7		
Waterford town.....	19 537	44 167	49 200	24 713	17 345	583	3.4	137	4.0	133	5.3	162	5.5	107	2.1		
Central Waterford CDP.....	18 750	40 136	45 700	25 978	2 799	161	5.8	25	5.3	25	7.2	33	10.1	39	4.8		
Tolland County.....	17 849	45 019	51 436	26 093	117 699	5 476	4.7	1 228	4.3	782	3.9	597	5.3	881	2.7		
Andover town.....	18 786	48 289	52 782	27 083	2 538	57	2.2	3	.5	3	.7	28	12.4	13	1.8		
Bolton town.....	21 017	51 331	57 077	25 425	4 575	80	1.7	19	1.7	19	2.4	6	1.4	10	.8		
Columbia town.....	20 762	53 744	55 557	31 532	4 488	5	.1	—	—	—	—	5	1.1	—</			

Table 9. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Per capita income in 1989 (dollars)	Median income in 1989 (dollars)			Persons for whom poverty status is determined										Families with income in 1989 below poverty level		
		House- holds	Families	Nonfamily house- holds	Total	Income in 1989 below poverty level										Number	Percent of all families
						All ages		Related children				Persons 65 years and over					
Under 18 years	5 to 17 years																
Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent										
Windham County—Con.																	
Chaplin town	17 014	40 932	43 041	22 708	2 047	85	4.2	14	2.6	12	3.1	17	9.0	6	1.1		
Eastford town	16 433	37 933	41 417	22 500	1 314	44	3.3	12	3.6	8	3.3	11	7.0	11	2.8		
Hampton town	17 369	41 452	45 227	20 625	1 568	69	4.4	19	4.9	16	5.7	7	4.1	14	3.1		
Killingly town	13 438	32 032	36 299	17 653	15 505	939	6.1	280	6.9	176	6.1	195	10.8	174	4.1		
Danielson borough	12 905	27 589	33 531	16 746	4 361	484	11.1	156	14.7	88	12.9	75	14.3	102	8.9		
Plainfield town	12 935	34 588	38 114	18 150	14 128	955	6.8	429	10.6	293	10.0	74	5.4	226	5.9		
Moscow CDP	13 888	30 350	35 443	18 155	3 252	287	8.8	134	14.8	79	12.3	22	5.9	86	9.5		
Plainfield Village CDP	11 679	34 085	38 385	11 053	2 723	238	8.7	109	13.5	85	14.6	20	6.8	48	6.9		
Warehogan CDP	10 585	29 022	29 688	19 875	987	104	10.5	58	18.5	45	21.7	—	—	32	11.6		
Pamfret town	19 777	40 653	50 394	16 563	3 037	141	4.6	46	5.4	36	5.4	21	7.7	12	1.5		
Putnam town	14 550	27 837	34 393	14 556	8 863	982	11.1	330	15.4	213	14.9	206	13.9	209	8.5		
Putnam District CDP	12 936	25 000	31 149	14 107	6 798	903	13.3	324	19.2	207	18.4	173	14.9	197	10.5		
Scotland town	15 795	41 346	43 650	25 313	1 213	47	3.9	5	1.5	5	2.2	6	4.9	11	3.3		
Sterling town	13 174	32 905	35 667	15 893	2 344	145	6.2	40	5.8	30	6.0	19	8.1	35	5.4		
Thompson town	14 367	34 956	38 833	17 610	8 545	493	5.8	211	9.9	150	9.8	79	6.8	100	4.1		
North Grosvenor Dale CDP	10 832	29 191	32 917	14 107	1 703	229	13.4	123	25.9	74	21.4	16	8.2	55	11.9		
Quinebaug CDP	16 904	30 417	36 071	21 000	1 009	35	3.5	16	9.1	8	7.0	—	—	9	2.8		
Windham town	13 200	29 135	36 196	17 146	20 380	3 087	15.1	1 223	25.3	872	26.2	297	11.0	658	12.2		
South Windham CDP	15 511	40 417	44 181	20 417	1 614	165	10.2	72	18.8	64	23.2	17	7.9	24	5.5		
Williamantic CDP	12 418	26 962	34 174	16 012	13 293	2 166	16.3	755	25.2	537	26.4	271	13.8	403	11.9		
Woodstock town	18 649	43 352	44 942	24 500	5 960	219	3.7	75	5.1	41	3.7	27	3.5	51	3.0		
South Woodstock CDP	19 995	34 868	44 482	18 631	1 088	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		

Table 10. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Median income in 1989 (dollars)				Persons for whom poverty status is determined												Families with income in 1989 below poverty level		
	Per capita income in 1989 (dollars)	House- holds	Families	Nonfamily house- holds	Total	Income in 1989 below poverty level												Percent of all families	
						All ages		Related children				Persons 65 years and over							
								Under 18 years		5 to 17 years									
The State	20 189	41 721	49 199	23 796	3 188 125	217 347	6.8	76 572	10.4	50 309	9.8	30 010	7.2	43 965	5.0				
COUNTY																			
Fairfield County	26 161	49 891	57 990	27 254	812 053	49 479	6.1	17 411	9.4	11 544	9.0	7 060	6.8	9 889	4.5				
Hartford County	18 983	40 609	48 008	23 620	829 007	65 521	7.9	24 629	13.0	16 365	12.4	8 227	7.4	13 637	6.0				
Litchfield County	19 971	42 565	49 061	22 314	171 849	6 823	4.0	1 657	4.2	1 054	3.8	1 728	7.4	1 131	2.4				
Middlesex County	19 660	43 212	50 891	26 547	137 279	5 435	4.0	1 716	5.6	996	4.7	847	4.8	997	2.6				
New Haven County	17 666	38 471	46 058	21 584	779 941	61 288	7.9	21 522	12.0	13 863	11.2	8 506	7.7	12 633	6.0				
New London County	16 702	37 488	43 256	22 457	240 881	15 342	6.4	5 456	9.3	3 664	9.1	2 005	7.1	3 155	4.7				
Tolland County	17 849	45 019	51 436	26 093	117 699	5 476	4.7	1 228	4.3	782	3.9	597	5.3	881	2.7				
Windham County	14 520	33 851	39 333	17 809	99 416	7 983	8.0	2 953	11.4	2 041	11.1	1 040	8.8	1 642	6.0				
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION																			
Andover town, Tolland County	18 786	48 289	52 782	27 083	2 538	57	2.2	3	5	3	7	28	12.4	13	1.8				
Ansonia city, New Haven County	14 833	34 181	40 345	17 199	18 349	1 392	7.6	540	12.9	298	10.7	344	11.2	385	7.4				
Ansonia town, New Haven County	14 833	34 181	40 345	17 199	18 349	1 392	7.6	540	12.9	298	10.7	344	11.2	385	7.4				
Ashford town, Windham County	17 376	39 701	41 649	31 604	3 708	155	4.2	50	5.4	32	4.9	15	4.8	22	2.1				
Avon town, Hartford County	34 204	66 602	79 278	35 800	13 767	207	1.5	7	2	—	—	43	2.5	11	.3				
Bantam borough, Litchfield County	13 730	29 750	35 179	13 875	775	18	2.3	—	—	—	—	11	7.2	—	—				
Barkhamsted town, Litchfield County	20 244	53 884	58 318	26 974	3 352	53	1.6	—	—	—	—	20	7.0	—	—				
Beacon Falls town, New Haven County	18 020	43 644	47 127	31 354	5 074	88	1.7	17	1.4	8	9	50	9.2	27	1.9				
Berlin town, Hartford County	19 974	49 004	55 627	18 922	16 658	472	2.8	108	2.9	87	3.3	161	6.3	127	2.7				
Bethany town, New Haven County	22 722	57 316	61 192	28 696	4 608	141	3.1	63	5.3	57	6.5	24	5.5	27	2.1				
Bethel town, Fairfield County	20 528	53 761	59 517	26 292	17 517	464	2.6	91	2.0	86	2.6	98	6.1	66	1.4				
Bethel CDP, Fairfield County	18 625	44 477	51 676	22 319	8 827	327	3.7	52	2.5	47	3.3	76	7.2	28	1.2				
Bethlehem town, Litchfield County	20 709	47 986	52 751	25 598	3 106	152	4.9	25	3.3	25	4.5	47	17.2	18	2.2				
Bethlehem Village CDP, Litchfield County	18 898	46 905	51 905	22 361	1 998	89	4.5	13	2.6	13	3.5	38	20.5	12	2.2				
Bloomfield town, Hartford County	22 478	47 853	56 541	24 784	18 891	781	4.1	124	3.4	74	2.9	348	10.4	148	2.8				
Blue Hills CDP, Hartford County	14 253	41 837	45 402	21 375	3 187	186	5.8	38	5.6	20	4.0	48	10.9	42	5.2				
Bolton town, Tolland County	21 017	51 351	57 077	25 625	4 575	80	1.7	19	1.7	19	2.4	6	1.4	10	.8				
Borah town, New London County	15 814	43 553	47 461	22 961	2 274	52	2.3	25	4.5	25	6.3	—	—	13	2.0				
Branford town, New Haven County	22 642	43 578	51 710	30 993	27 323	962	3.5	183	3.5	109	3.1	259	6.4	181	2.4				
Branford Center CDP, New Haven County	18 395	33 496	40 040	22 063	5 661	331	5.8	84	8.7	45	7.6	120	9.7	74	5.0				
Bridgeport city, Fairfield County	13 156	28 704	33 090	19 312	137 446	23 463	17.1	10 436	29.0	6 960	28.1	2 037	11.2	5 225	15.0				
Bridgeport town, Fairfield County	13 156	28 704	33 090	19 312	137 446	23 463	17.1	10 436	29.0	6 960	28.1	2 037	11.2	5 225	15.0				
Bridgewater town, Litchfield County	29 991	59 688	68 789	28 750	1 654	61	3.7	15	4.3	11	4.0	11	5.1	10	2.1				
Bristol city, Hartford County	16 909	38 261	45 631	22 138	59 999	2 610	4.4	754	5.7	463	5.2	657	8.3	493	2.9				
Bristol town, Hartford County	16 909	38 261	45 631	22 138	59 999	2 610	4.4	754	5.7	463	5.2	657	8.3	493	2.9				
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	16 419	35 459	42 227	29 094	3 575	207	5.8	80	9.2	39	7.2	44	13.9	30	3.1				
Brookfield town, Fairfield County	24 277	60 054	65 111	34 063	14 111	333	2.4	87	2.5	64	2.5	81	7.1	76	1.9				
Brooklyn town, Windham County	15 697	37 026	42 002	14 129	6 337	446	7.0	161	9.4	118	9.7	40	6.8	74	4.1				
Burlington town, Hartford County	21 797	56 937	59 343	35 625	7 026	124	1.8	38	1.9	38	2.6	24	5.3	28	1.4				
Canaan CDP, Litchfield County	14 967	29 812	36 198	16 607	1 198	61	5.1	24	10.6	—	—	19	6.2	11	3.2				
Canaan town, Litchfield County	20 988	35 950	42 188	17 143	1 057	56	5.3	4	1.6	4	2.1	19	12.9	11	3.7				
Canterbury town, Windham County	14 531	41 327	45 357	18 947	4 467	176	3.9	58	4.3	39	3.8	26	6.7	39	3.2				
Canton town, Hartford County	23 489	53 449	60 562	28 945	8 262	321	3.9	101	5.3	66	5.0	46	5.3	59	2.5				
Canton Valley CDP, Hartford County	20 755	42 083	50 648	22 054	1 482	47	3.2	—	—	—	—	25	10.2	8	2.1				
Central Manchester CDP, Hartford County	16 905	37 664	42 363	24 365	30 715	1 306	4.3	355	5.6	217	5.2	306	6.1	214	2.6				
Central Somers CDP, Tolland County	20 262	45 625	52 201	12 315	1 596	33	2.1	—	—	—	—	15	5.4	6	1.4				
Central Waterford CDP, New London County	18 750	40 136	45 700	25 978	2 799	161	5.8	25	5.3	25	7.2	53	10.1	39	4.8				
Chaplin town, Windham County	17 014	40 932	43 041	22 708	2 047	85	4.2	14	2.6	12	3.1	17	9.0	6	1.1				
Cheshire town, New Haven County	23 204	58 250	64 162	25 604	23 676	528	2.2	23	4	12	3	172	6.6	97	1.4				
Cheshire Village CDP, New Haven County	22 839	51 334	63 424	20 268	5 633	193	3.4	8	.6	8	.8	80	8.9	50	3.1				
Chester town, Middlesex County	19 908	43 698	50 839	28 264	3 270	26	.8	—	—	—	—	7	1.6	—	—				
Chester Center CDP, Middlesex County	19 973	41 927	52 948	27 981	1 568	22	1.4	—	—	—	—	7	3.7	—	—				
Cheshire town, Middlesex County	17 998	45 898	51 534	26 208	1 636	170	5.1	114	3.7	88	3.7	91	8.3	31	2.6				
Clinton CDP, Middlesex County	17 059	37 145	44 091	22 424	1 272	21	1.1	18	3.6	7	1.6	56	12.1	34	3.8				
Colchester borough, New London County	15 268	40 736	45 769	15 982	3 007	114	3.8	22	3.2	9	2.0	28	9.4	21	2.5				
Colchester town, New London County	17 143	46 389	49 755	23 750	10 767	457	4.2	115	4.1	88	5.0	82	8.8	80	2.6				
Colebrook town, Litchfield County	18 568	44 152	46 620	26 500	1 360	42	3.1	6	2.0	3	1.5	16	8.5	9	2.2				
Collinsville CDP, Hartford County	21 245	47 297	54 711	29 000	2 666	144	5.4	64	10.7	42	10.5	7	2.6	25	3.5				
Columbia town, Tolland County	20 762	53 744	55 557	31 532	4 488	5	.1	—	—	—	—	5	1.1	—	—				
Canning Towers-Nautilus Park CDP, New London County	8 634	28 820	28 610	25 769	9 867	241	2.4	136	3.1	73	2.7	—	—	68	2.6				
Cornwall town, Litchfield County	30 270	38 937	46 765	22 321	1 411	95	6.7	26	9.3	21	11.3	17	6.8	13	3.3				
Covington town, Tolland County	17 725	46 426	52 200	25 215	10 046	317	3.2	54	2.1	29	1.7	54	6.7	51	1.9				
Covington Lake CDP, Tolland County	15 532	37 788	42 470	22 424	2 874	123	4.3	28	3.9	19	2.5	47	16.3	16	2.3				
Cornwall town, Middlesex County	20 518	46 970	54 759	29 802	11 731	306	2.6	100	4.1	82	5.0	46	2.6	47	1.5				
Crystall Lake CDP, Tolland County	22 022	39 491	40 250	35 556	1 238	68	5.5	17	5.5	17	9.3	—	—	16	4.4				
Oanbury city, Fairfield County	19 300	43 832	51 144	25 992	62 517	3 599	5.8	1 147	8.2	731	7.8	699	10.0	783	4.7				
Oanbury town, Fairfield County	19 300	43 832	51 144	25 992	62 517	3 599	5.8	1 147	8.2	731	7.8	699	10.0	783	4.7				
Oanetown borough, Windham County	12 905	27 589	33 331	16 746	4 361	484	11.1	156	14.7	88	12.9	75	14.3	102	8.9				
Oanetown town, Fairfield County	51 795	89 395	101 583	41 875	18 093	346	1.9	69	1.6	53	1.8	68	3.0	45	.9				
Oanetown CDP, Fairfield County	51 760	89 395	101 615	41 563	18 061	346	1.9	69	1.6	53	1.8	68	3.0	45	.9				
Deep River town, Middlesex County	18 995	39 560	45 690	26 106	4 166	122	2.9	3											

Table 10. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Per capita income in 1989 (dollars)	Median income in 1989 (dollars)		Persons for whom poverty status is determined										Families with income in 1989 below poverty level		
		House- holds	Nonfamily house- holds	Total	Income in 1989 below poverty level										Number	Percent of all families
					All ages		Related children				Persons 65 years and over					
					Number	Percent	Under 18 years		5 to 17 years				Number	Percent		
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION —Con.					Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number			
East Hampton CDP, Middlesex County	18 099	47 356	50 838	23 333	2 282	40	1.8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
East Hampton town, Middlesex County	19 123	48 000	53 480	29 250	10 130	94	.9	—	—	—	—	—	15	1.8	—	
East Hartford town, Hartford County	16 575	36 584	42 853	23 226	49 604	2 683	5.4	785	8.2	437	6.8	505	6.8	546	4.0	
East Hartford CDP, Hartford County	16 575	36 584	42 853	23 226	49 604	2 683	5.4	785	8.2	437	6.8	505	6.8	546	4.0	
East Haven town, New Haven County	16 389	37 220	42 797	22 500	25 992	263	4.9	198	3.8	119	3.5	270	6.9	280	3.9	
East Haven CDP, New Haven County	16 389	37 220	42 797	22 500	25 992	263	4.9	198	3.8	119	3.5	270	6.9	280	3.9	
East Lyme town, New London County	20 004	46 979	52 434	30 887	14 412	476	3.3	159	4.7	128	5.1	55	3.4	73	1.8	
Easton town, Fairfield County	33 725	75 236	83 128	22 391	6 315	124	2.0	22	1.4	22	1.9	19	2.2	26	1.4	
East Windsor town, Hartford County	17 388	40 888	47 255	29 907	9 799	481	4.9	122	6.0	62	4.7	110	10.6	97	3.8	
Ellington town, Tolland County	19 710	45 604	51 425	31 350	11 185	369	3.3	76	2.9	60	3.3	72	7.4	77	2.6	
Enfield town, Hartford County	16 723	44 635	48 757	23 550	43 668	1 262	2.9	313	3.0	216	3.0	328	7.1	206	1.7	
Essex town, Middlesex County	26 590	45 033	55 220	29 125	5 682	189	3.3	76	6.6	31	3.9	13	1.1	35	2.2	
Essex Village CDP, Middlesex County	30 792	47 426	56 849	33 381	2 392	87	3.6	21	4.7	21	6.1	9	1.9	9	1.4	
Fairfield town, Fairfield County	26 895	55 752	65 070	26 342	50 942	1 837	3.6	288	2.8	160	2.2	403	4.8	239	1.6	
Farmington town, Hartford County	28 286	52 979	61 754	31 529	20 350	531	2.6	90	2.1	63	2.1	105	3.6	74	1.3	
Fenwick borough, Middlesex County	39 131	41 667	42 500	40 833	9 799	18	19.1	12	52.2	12	52.2	—	—	3	10.7	
Franklin town, New London County	16 756	41 780	46 422	23 750	1 799	52	2.9	16	3.8	7	2.2	8	4.3	8	1.5	
Georgetown CDP, Fairfield County	36 187	65 074	75 667	42 969	1 664	40	2.4	13	3.5	13	5.0	7	3.4	6	1.2	
Glastonbury town, Hartford County	26 073	57 464	66 046	31 064	27 666	651	2.4	154	2.4	145	3.0	156	5.0	88	1.1	
Glastonbury Center CDP, Hartford County	24 345	46 150	62 102	25 991	6 950	252	3.6	44	3.9	35	3.9	77	6.2	27	1.4	
Goshen town, Litchfield County	22 241	45 417	53 206	21 750	2 326	89	3.8	21	3.7	19	4.5	6	2.0	22	3.2	
Granby town, Hartford County	23 869	58 839	63 876	30 417	9 370	95	1.0	10	4.4	—	—	22	2.8	12	.4	
Greenwich town, Fairfield County	46 070	65 072	80 558	35 304	57 778	1 743	3.0	276	2.3	199	2.3	364	4.1	298	1.9	
Grissold town, New London County	13 703	32 904	38 089	19 260	10 260	925	9.0	363	13.2	227	12.1	142	12.6	196	6.8	
Groton city, New London County	15 314	30 952	35 487	22 311	9 491	753	7.9	261	12.9	152	12.2	70	6.7	188	6.9	
Graton town, New London County	15 454	33 967	36 897	23 815	39 239	1 755	4.5	624	5.8	367	5.6	179	4.9	373	3.4	
Guilford town, New Haven County	24 583	56 115	61 409	32 241	19 640	583	3.0	151	3.1	126	3.4	89	4.8	93	1.7	
Guilford Center CDP, New Haven County	19 315	34 080	43 867	21 875	2 588	170	6.6	58	11.3	52	14.7	57	10.8	27	3.8	
Haddam town, Middlesex County	22 649	51 655	54 571	30 893	2 721	151	2.2	29	1.9	8	.7	51	8.0	27	1.4	
Hamden town, New Haven County	19 383	41 814	50 228	22 722	50 381	2 199	4.4	386	3.9	222	3.4	614	6.3	310	2.2	
Hampton town, Windham County	17 369	41 452	45 227	20 625	1 568	69	4.4	19	4.9	16	5.7	7	4.1	14	3.1	
Hartford city, Hartford County	11 081	22 140	24 774	17 095	132 294	36 397	27.5	16 054	43.6	10 541	41.3	2 269	17.5	8 086	25.7	
Hartford town, Hartford County	11 081	22 140	24 774	17 095	132 294	36 397	27.5	16 054	43.6	10 541	41.3	2 269	17.5	8 086	25.7	
Hartford Center CDP, Hartford County	17 317	47 105	49 500	27 500	1 862	34	1.8	6	1.1	6	1.7	7	4.7	6	1.1	
Harwinton town, Litchfield County	23 636	49 926	52 966	27 027	5 183	100	1.9	16	1.3	5	.5	33	5.5	21	1.4	
Hazardville CDP, Hartford County	17 127	45 643	48 355	23 021	5 065	131	2.6	26	2.2	19	2.4	36	5.3	19	1.3	
Hebron town, Tolland County	20 087	56 093	57 303	37 656	7 046	303	4.3	79	3.8	67	4.7	35	10.1	43	2.1	
Heritage Village CDP, New Haven County	27 962	31 628	51 142	23 794	3 613	62	1.7	—	—	—	—	54	1.9	—	—	
Higganum CDP, Middlesex County	19 370	47 727	50 057	27 083	1 624	75	4.6	25	10.5	8	5.8	12	6.9	9	2.0	
Jewett City borough, New London County	12 228	28 556	32 349	18 897	3 334	416	12.5	190	21.0	125	21.2	76	16.2	97	10.8	
Kensington CDP, Hartford County	18 423	45 274	51 158	20 893	8 242	270	3.3	57	3.1	36	2.7	114	8.1	74	3.2	
Kent town, Litchfield County	22 112	42 029	47 083	26 838	2 834	182	6.4	32	6.5	32	6.9	43	10.9	21	2.9	
Killingly town, Windham County	13 438	32 032	36 299	17 653	15 505	939	6.1	280	6.9	176	6.1	195	10.8	174	4.1	
Killingworth town, Middlesex County	19 967	51 128	56 271	26 402	4 891	86	1.8	31	2.5	23	2.4	6	1.3	13	.9	
Lake Pocotopaug CDP, Middlesex County	20 357	41 712	50 848	32 138	2 904	38	1.3	—	—	—	—	8	3.1	—	—	
Lebanon town, New London County	16 756	43 983	47 886	27 344	6 041	205	3.4	83	5.0	55	4.6	20	4.2	19	1.1	
Ledyard town, New London County	18 557	49 811	52 878	30 672	14 804	179	1.2	20	1.2	20	.7	17	1.9	33	.8	
Lisbon town, New London County	14 917	38 192	41 566	25 000	3 746	111	3.0	20	2.2	15	2.3	13	3.5	13	1.2	
Litchfield borough, Litchfield County	25 617	43 036	58 033	24 688	1 249	48	3.8	12	4.7	3	1.6	24	8.6	6	1.7	
Litchfield town, Litchfield County	21 698	45 819	52 445	22 986	8 969	245	3.0	34	1.9	25	1.9	110	8.7	35	1.5	
Lyme town, New London County	28 786	45 848	52 863	25 909	1 039	65	3.4	15	4.2	7	2.7	2	.6	10	1.7	
Madison town, New Haven County	29 334	61 871	69 961	30 980	15 311	233	1.5	38	1.0	38	1.3	61	3.3	29	.7	
Madison Center CDP, New Haven County	32 489	46 176	71 825	18 690	2 174	15	.7	—	—	—	—	9	2.4	—	—	
Mansfield town, Hartford County	18 654	40 290	46 136	25 389	50 697	1 964	3.9	548	5.0	350	4.7	426	8.7	312	2.2	
Mansfield town, Tolland County	13 502	38 591	50 158	24 099	12 129	1 340	11.0	171	7.2	96	5.7	43	2.8	143	4.6	
Marlborough town, Hartford County	21 792	60 635	62 352	31 705	12 441	70	1.3	15	1.0	12	1.1	—	—	14	.9	
Meriden city, New Haven County	15 618	36 211	41 910	20 995	58 376	4 266	7.3	1 753	12.4	1 150	12.1	601	7.6	1 004	6.3	
Meriden town, New Haven County	15 618	36 211	41 910	20 995	58 376	4 266	7.3	1 753	12.4	1 150	12.1	601	7.6	1 004	6.3	
Middlebury town, New Haven County	25 715	49 524	55 438	27 083	6 089	213	3.5	62	4.6	28	2.7	59	6.2	58	3.2	
Middlefield town, Middlesex County	18 193	46 491	50 291	26 184	3 925	103	2.6	43	5.1	16	2.9	17	3.2	21	1.8	
Middletown city, Middlesex County	17 814	37 644	44 339	25 613	39 081	2 745	7.0	908	11.4	483	9.4	348	7.1	505	4.9	
Middletown town, Middlesex County	17 814	37 644	44 339	25 613	39 081	2 745	7.0	908	11.4	483	9.4	348	7.1	505	4.9	
Milford town, New Haven County	19 999	44 142	50 204	26 707	49 388	1 836	3.7	572	5.3	318	4.3	313	4.8	336	2.5	
Milford city (remainder), New Haven County	19 051	44 150	50 290	26 364	47 625	1 794	3.8	566	5.5	315	4.3	298	4.7	333	2.5	
Monroe town, Fairfield County	21 441	59 767	63 697	33 889	16 833	352	2.1	84	1.8	72	2.1	114	8.7	65	1.4	
Montville town, New London County	15 743	42 140	46 305	24 125	16 239	731	4.4	248	6.2	205	7.2	87	6.0	182	4.0	
Moosup CDP, Middlesex County	14 032	39 333	41 505	16 080	1 125	33	2.9	—	—	—	—	15	9.0	8	2.6	
Moosup CDP, Windham County	13 888	30 350	35 443	18 155	3 252	287	8.8	134	14.8	79	12.3	22	5.9	86	9.5	
Morris town, Litchfield County	18 550	41 625	46 679	22 708	2 037	83	4.1	26	5.5	20	6.3	8	2.8	12	2.1	
Mystic CDP, New London County	20 724	39 594	46 413	25 975	2 557	51	2.0	11	2.3	5	1.5	16	3.9	6	.8	
Naugatuck borough, New Haven County	16 691	39 902	46 654	22 004	30 481	1 286	4.2	467	5.9	325	6.0	215	5.9	267	3.	

Table 10. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Per capita income in 1989 (dollars)	Median income in 1989 (dollars)		Persons for whom poverty status is determined										Families with income in 1989 below poverty level			
		House- holds	Families	Nonfamily house- holds	Total	Income in 1989 below poverty level										Number	Percent of all families
						All ages		Related children				Persons 65 years and over					
						Number	Percent	Under 18 years		5 to 17 years		Number	Percent				
								Number	Percent	Number	Percent						
PLA CE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION —Con.																	
Newington town, Hartford County.....	19 668	45 481	50 916	25 795	28 636	513	1.8	77	1.4	49	1.2	140	3.0	81	1.0		
Newington COP, Hartford County.....	19 668	45 481	50 916	25 795	28 636	513	1.8	77	1.4	49	1.2	140	3.0	81	1.0		
New London city, New London County.....	12 971	26 336	31 274	20 024	24 436	3 702	15.1	1 349	24.9	851	24.4	468	13.7	732	12.0		
New London town, New London County.....	12 971	26 336	31 274	20 024	24 436	3 702	15.1	1 349	24.9	851	24.4	468	13.7	732	12.0		
New Milford COP, Litchfield County.....	18 400	38 137	44 174	26 855	5 627	288	5.1	52	4.1	27	3.2	66	12.3	52	3.6		
New Milford town, Litchfield County.....	20 482	49 975	54 130	27 983	23 275	676	2.9	102	1.7	41	1.0	158	8.3	105	1.7		
New Preston COP, Litchfield County.....	25 201	47 831	49 926	25 622	1 212	31	2.2	—	—	—	—	8	4.2	—	—		
Newtown borough, Fairfield County.....	25 142	64 213	70 760	24 821	1 797	21	1.2	4	—	9	1.2	2	8	5	—		
Newtown town, Fairfield County.....	22 747	60 830	65 537	32 412	19 950	498	2.5	126	2.4	83	2.2	84	5.0	117	2.1		
Niantic COP, New London County.....	20 208	38 466	47 262	29 107	3 042	235	7.7	87	16.8	87	21.3	10	1.8	29	3.4		
Norfolk town, Litchfield County.....	22 215	41 917	51 603	22 062	1 870	126	6.7	28	7.8	26	10.0	26	8.7	21	4.4		
North Branford town, New Haven County.....	19 408	50 798	53 253	28 073	12 979	266	2.0	68	2.1	61	2.7	40	3.2	66	1.8		
North Canaan town, Litchfield County.....	15 049	35 922	41 030	18 571	3 318	130	3.9	43	5.6	19	3.7	35	6.2	23	2.5		
North Granby COP, Hartford County.....	28 647	59 920	64 257	47 679	1 449	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
North Grosvenor Dale COP, Windham County.....	10 832	29 191	32 917	14 107	1 703	229	13.4	123	25.9	74	21.4	16	8.2	55	11.9		
North Haven town, New Haven County.....	21 335	49 148	53 440	23 176	22 092	542	2.5	140	3.0	119	3.5	205	5.4	95	1.5		
North Haven COP, New Haven County.....	21 339	49 198	53 482	23 176	22 109	542	2.5	140	3.0	119	3.5	205	5.4	95	1.5		
North Stonington town, New London County.....	18 019	47 070	49 467	39 107	4 828	148	3.1	77	5.7	66	6.5	—	—	32	2.3		
Northwest Hartwinton COP, Litchfield County.....	24 589	49 279	52 670	25 573	3 299	91	2.8	16	2.1	5	—	33	7.7	21	2.1		
Norwalk city, Fairfield County.....	23 075	48 171	55 269	30 939	77 552	4 034	5.2	1 247	8.1	781	7.7	608	6.5	784	3.8		
Norwalk town, Fairfield County.....	23 075	48 171	55 269	30 939	77 552	4 034	5.2	1 247	8.1	781	7.7	608	6.5	784	3.8		
Norwich city, New London County.....	14 844	29 354	37 152	19 523	36 521	4 338	11.9	1 841	21.4	1 221	21.1	424	7.9	970	9.7		
Norwich town, New London County.....	14 844	29 354	37 152	19 523	36 521	4 338	11.9	1 841	21.4	1 221	21.1	424	7.9	970	9.7		
Oakville COP, Litchfield County.....	15 049	40 336	46 142	22 159	8 642	307	3.6	49	3.3	57	4.1	108	9.1	47	1.9		
Old Lyme town, New London County.....	25 258	50 813	56 625	22 306	6 524	118	1.8	4	—	4	—	35	3.5	10	—		
Old Saybrook town, Middlesex County.....	24 409	48 223	55 000	26 162	9 335	365	3.9	101	5.2	66	4.6	82	5.2	69	2.5		
Old Saybrook Center COP, Middlesex County.....	22 155	48 542	52 491	27 315	1 930	141	7.3	29	14.1	29	15.8	58	9.7	31	5.5		
Orange town, New Haven County.....	26 860	62 021	66 514	23 415	12 739	296	2.3	47	1.7	39	1.8	80	3.9	62	1.6		
Orange COP, New Haven County.....	26 860	62 021	66 514	23 415	12 739	296	2.3	47	1.7	39	1.8	80	3.9	62	1.6		
Oxford town, New Haven County.....	18 961	54 448	56 966	28 527	8 685	147	1.7	33	1.4	18	1.1	8	1.1	25	1.0		
Pawcatuck COP, New London County.....	15 534	33 644	38 892	16 829	5 289	402	7.6	101	8.3	65	7.7	113	13.1	111	7.5		
Plainfield town, Windham County.....	12 935	34 588	38 114	18 150	14 128	955	6.8	429	10.6	293	10.0	74	5.4	226	5.9		
Plainfield Village COP, Windham County.....	11 679	34 085	38 385	11 053	2 723	238	8.7	109	13.5	85	14.6	20	6.8	48	6.9		
Plainville town, Hartford County.....	17 207	38 432	44 990	23 342	17 170	680	4.0	151	4.3	100	4.1	145	6.3	92	1.9		
Plymouth town, Litchfield County.....	16 610	41 325	46 334	19 872	11 769	361	3.1	108	3.7	71	3.4	101	6.7	83	2.5		
Pomfret town, Windham County.....	19 777	40 653	50 394	16 563	3 037	141	4.6	46	5.4	36	5.4	21	7.7	12	1.5		
Poquonock Bridge COP, New London County.....	11 802	30 000	32 232	14 474	2 750	247	9.0	150	19.7	103	19.8	6	2.2	52	7.0		
Portland town, Middlesex County.....	19 641	46 581	52 179	23 750	8 150	252	3.1	80	4.5	45	3.6	52	4.5	50	2.1		
Portland COP, Middlesex County.....	18 668	43 012	49 622	21 740	5 388	182	3.4	51	4.6	35	4.2	43	4.8	39	2.5		
Preston town, New London County.....	17 643	42 823	49 884	12 583	4 453	201	4.5	47	4.8	41	5.6	64	11.6	45	3.4		
Prospect town, New Haven County.....	17 482	48 455	52 551	20 417	7 594	139	1.8	30	1.7	30	2.4	25	3.1	27	1.2		
Puritan town, Windham County.....	14 550	27 837	34 393	14 556	8 863	982	11.1	330	15.4	213	14.9	29	13.9	209	8.5		
Putnam District COP, Windham County.....	12 936	25 000	31 149	14 107	6 798	903	13.3	324	19.2	207	18.4	173	14.9	197	10.5		
Quinebaug COP, Windham County.....	16 904	30 417	36 071	21 000	1 009	35	3.5	16	9.1	8	7.0	—	—	9	2.8		
Redding town, Fairfield County.....	37 193	76 332	83 479	41 146	7 915	182	2.3	42	2.1	21	1.5	13	1.9	24	1.1		
Ridgefield COP, Fairfield County.....	31 624	61 135	77 107	32 150	6 354	125	2.0	6	—	6	—	56	6.9	12	—		
Ridgefield town, Fairfield County.....	34 103	74 271	83 859	41 475	20 850	384	1.8	55	1.1	33	—	64	3.6	47	—		
Rosky Hill town, Hartford County.....	21 918	48 125	56 396	34 500	15 487	455	2.9	119	4.1	92	4.8	45	2.6	66	1.6		
Roxbury town, Litchfield County.....	28 024	51 633	58 415	34 167	1 825	44	2.4	1	1.0	4	1.4	13	5.4	5	—		
Salem town, New London County.....	17 990	49 278	51 370	40 625	3 310	53	1.6	15	1.6	15	2.2	—	—	12	1.3		
Salisbury town, Litchfield County.....	32 706	41 141	47 031	29 736	3 841	254	6.6	71	9.9	44	8.6	77	8.8	49	4.4		
Salmon Brook COP, Hartford County.....	21 545	55 036	61 277	21 307	2 209	47	2.1	10	2.0	—	—	10	4.8	5	—		
Saybrook Manor COP, Middlesex County.....	22 907	55 473	59 652	25 313	1 055	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Scotland town, Windham County.....	15 795	41 346	43 650	25 313	1 213	47	3.9	5	1.5	5	2.2	6	4.9	11	3.3		
Seymour town, New Haven County.....	18 031	39 864	46 980	23 490	14 247	649	4.6	175	5.8	98	4.7	148	7.4	162	4.0		
Sharon town, Litchfield County.....	31 115	41 500	46 389	25 500	2 904	172	5.9	41	7.0	34	6.8	20	3.9	17	2.1		
Shelton city, Fairfield County.....	20 256	49 965	55 623	25 464	34 690	867	2.5	254	3.1	192	3.4	149	3.9	154	1.6		
Shelton town, Fairfield County.....	20 256	49 965	55 623	25 464	34 690	867	2.5	254	3.1	192	3.4	149	3.9	154	1.6		
Sherman town, Fairfield County.....	31 721	62 124	66 836	29 821	2 779	73	2.6	—	—	—	—	30	8.3	15	1.7		
Sherwood Manor COP, Hartford County.....	18 384	51 151	53 808	28 214	6 337	76	1.2	16	1.1	16	1.5	7	1.4	12	—		
Simsbury town, Hartford County.....	28 347	64 538	73 154	33 993	21 799	328	1.5	41	—	35	—	77	3.7	45	—		
Simsbury Center COP, Hartford County.....	25 562	56 854	65 149	31 406	5 572	139	2.5	16	1.2	16	1.5	19	2.7	6	—		
Slaters town, Tolland County.....	18 592	52 970	58 445	24 224	7 688	130	1.7	12	—	6	—	35	4.3	18	—		
Southingbury town, New Haven County.....	22 569	47 335	58 955	26 452	14 519	276	1.9	60	2.0	42	2.0	96	2.4	40	1.0		
South Coventry COP, Tolland County.....	15 445	40 529	43 750	16 750	1 273	72	5.7	19	—	10	4.8	34	20.5	6	1.8		
Southington town, Hartford County.....	19 954	47 106	52 833	19 776	38 123	1 067	2.8	248	2.7	194	2.9	291	6.5	200	1.8		
South Windham COP, Windham County.....	15 511	40 417	44 181	20 417	1 614	165	10.2	72	18.8	64	23.2	17	7.9	24	5.5		
South Windsor town, Hartford County.....	22 823	57 606	60 745	37 571	21 897	313	1.4	54	1.0	40	1.1	87	5.4	62	1.0		
Southwood Acres COP, Hartford County.....	17 698	51 425	53 437	26 157	8 955	129	1.4	26	1.2	26	1.7	29	4.8	27	1.0		
South Woodstock COP, Windham County.....	19 995	34 868	44 482	18 631	1 088	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Sprague town, New London County.....	14 531	38 247	40 694	17 292	2 995	325	10.9	93	12.0	53	9.4	35	11.3	56	6.9		
Stofford town, Tolland County.....	15 550	39 084	43 019	20 253	10 986	567	5.2	203	7.1								

Table 10. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Per capita income in 1989 (dollars)	Median income in 1989 (dollars)			Persons for whom poverty status is determined												Families with income in 1989 below poverty level	
		House- holds	Families	Nonfamily house- holds	Total	Income in 1989 below poverty level												Percent of all families
						All ages		Related children				Persons 65 years and over						
								Under 18 years		5 to 17 years		Number		Percent		Number		
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION —Con.					Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent				
Stratford COP, Fairfield County	18 574	41 745	49 630	19 286	49 030	1 737	3.5	410	4.1	261	3.7	638	6.7	310	2.2			
Suffield town, Hartford County	24 281	50 714	56 769	26 892	11 100	302	2.7	50	1.9	34	1.9	32	2.2	37	1.2			
Suffield Depot COP, Hartford County	24 255	32 763	60 081	20 764	1 017	35	3.4	6	4.1	—	—	6	2.4	6	2.2			
Torrifield COP, Hartford County	21 255	42 048	44 671	24 828	1 443	47	3.3	—	—	—	—	19	16.0	12	3.2			
Terraugus COP, Hartford County	22 137	57 979	61 128	36 563	1 007	14	1.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	1.4			
Terryville COP, Litchfield County	17 289	39 539	47 926	19 017	5 426	180	3.3	37	3.0	24	2.8	70	7.7	30	2.0			
Thomaston town, Litchfield County	17 833	40 851	46 982	21 509	6 886	164	2.4	51	3.1	42	3.7	53	5.4	26	1.3			
Thompson town, Windham County	14 367	34 956	38 833	17 610	8 545	493	5.8	211	9.9	150	9.8	79	6.8	100	4.1			
Thompsonville CDP, Hartford County	13 830	30 028	36 690	16 760	8 206	683	8.3	189	9.9	113	9.5	171	12.6	113	5.4			
Tolland town, Tolland County	19 794	56 120	58 293	38 400	10 965	197	1.8	65	2.1	65	3.0	—	—	35	1.1			
Torrington city, Litchfield County	16 407	35 230	43 081	18 170	33 110	1 734	5.2	412	5.9	228	4.9	513	8.9	286	3.1			
Torrington town, Litchfield County	16 407	35 230	43 081	18 170	33 110	1 734	5.2	412	5.9	228	4.9	513	8.9	286	3.1			
Trumbull town, Fairfield County	25 048	60 634	66 070	19 810	31 691	627	2.0	160	2.3	110	2.1	184	3.9	145	1.6			
Trumbull COP, Fairfield County	25 048	60 634	66 070	19 810	31 691	627	2.0	160	2.3	110	2.1	184	3.9	145	1.6			
Uncasville-Oxoboxe Valley COP, New London County	13 486	34 664	39 868	21 491	2 946	152	5.2	19	2.8	19	4.1	48	11.1	28	3.7			
Union town, Tolland County	16 667	42 045	44 423	28 750	613	10	1.6	3	1.9	1	.8	—	—	1	.5			
Vernon town, Tolland County	18 888	40 543	48 176	25 297	29 500	1 568	5.3	507	7.6	286	6.3	219	6.6	326	4.0			
Voluntown town, New London County	14 766	35 699	39 952	21 000	2 102	110	5.2	30	5.5	24	6.0	16	8.0	22	3.7			
Wallingford town, New Haven County	18 231	42 783	49 478	24 136	39 902	1 238	3.1	276	3.0	167	2.6	247	5.0	211	1.9			
Wallingford Center COP, New Haven County	16 412	36 567	42 350	22 840	17 478	789	4.5	191	5.1	105	4.1	203	7.8	134	2.9			
Warren town, Litchfield County	28 226	46 875	49 896	33 750	1 219	35	2.9	7	2.3	5	2.3	9	5.2	7	2.1			
Washington town, Litchfield County	29 274	48 704	51 532	27 500	3 896	212	5.4	56	6.4	24	4.1	33	5.5	29	2.7			
Waterbury city, New Haven County	14 209	30 533	37 942	17 757	106 915	12 922	12.1	5 177	20.6	3 290	19.6	1 665	10.0	2 813	9.9			
Waterbury town, New Haven County	14 209	30 533	37 942	17 757	106 915	12 922	12.1	5 177	20.6	3 290	19.6	1 665	10.0	2 813	9.9			
Waterford town, New London County	19 537	44 167	49 200	24 713	17 345	583	3.4	137	4.0	133	5.3	162	5.5	107	2.1			
Watertown town, Litchfield County	17 778	45 763	50 732	17 726	20 292	625	3.1	171	3.5	136	3.8	166	6.5	92	1.6			
Wareham COP, Windham County	10 585	29 022	29 688	19 875	987	104	10.5	58	18.5	45	21.7	—	—	32	11.6			
Weatogue COP, Hartford County	24 872	62 832	68 576	41 563	2 482	35	1.4	—	—	—	—	12	6.9	—	—			
Westbrook town, Middlesex County	20 758	37 534	44 469	24 223	5 363	128	2.4	35	3.8	15	2.4	10	.9	27	1.8			
Westbrook Center COP, Middlesex County	20 322	35 112	39 375	24 592	2 040	59	2.9	20	6.8	—	—	10	1.9	8	1.3			
West Hartford town, Hartford County	26 943	49 642	60 518	28 389	57 869	2 103	3.6	394	3.4	291	3.4	498	4.1	347	2.1			
West Hartford COP, Hartford County	26 943	49 642	60 518	28 389	57 869	2 103	3.6	394	3.4	291	3.4	498	4.1	347	2.1			
West Haven city, New Haven County	15 810	35 723	41 907	21 492	52 610	3 190	6.1	823	7.3	492	6.5	621	8.4	590	4.2			
West Haven town, New Haven County	15 810	35 723	41 907	21 492	52 610	3 190	6.1	823	7.3	492	6.5	621	8.4	590	4.2			
West Mystic COP, New London County	24 004	45 168	54 593	31 311	3 474	53	1.5	14	1.9	9	1.7	—	—	5	.5			
Weston town, Fairfield County	48 498	104 482	115 779	38 409	8 633	217	2.5	45	2.1	21	1.4	23	3.2	52	2.1			
Westport town, Fairfield County	45 640	81 957	95 791	44 673	24 179	762	3.2	179	3.7	139	4.0	159	5.0	89	1.3			
Westport COP, Fairfield County	45 660	81 998	95 862	44 673	24 162	762	3.2	179	3.7	139	4.0	159	5.0	89	1.3			
West Simsbury COP, Hartford County	30 834	79 540	84 377	36 750	1 856	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Wethersfield town, Hartford County	22 246	43 888	53 111	22 070	25 362	684	2.7	133	2.9	95	2.9	219	3.9	155	2.1			
Wethersfield COP, Hartford County	22 246	43 888	53 111	22 070	25 362	684	2.7	133	2.9	95	2.9	219	3.9	155	2.1			
Willimantic COP, Windham County	12 418	26 962	34 174	16 012	13 293	2 166	16.3	755	25.2	537	26.4	271	13.8	403	11.9			
Willington town, Tolland County	16 738	41 826	49 417	23 864	5 940	533	9.0	36	2.6	31	3.2	7	2.0	19	1.3			
Wilton town, Fairfield County	41 249	87 686	101 156	44 214	15 704	475	3.0	129	3.2	89	3.1	162	8.1	90	2.0			
Winchester town, Litchfield County	16 741	37 831	43 149	21 004	11 355	651	5.7	224	8.5	100	5.4	130	8.2	138	4.5			
Windham town, Windham County	13 200	29 135	36 196	17 146	20 380	3 087	15.1	1 223	25.3	872	26.2	297	11.0	658	12.2			
Windsor town, Hartford County	19 592	50 228	55 400	27 535	27 147	660	2.4	105	1.7	70	1.5	134	4.0	107	1.4			
Windsor Locks town, Hartford County	17 593	43 593	48 350	24 076	12 184	370	3.0	82	3.4	50	3.1	176	10.2	69	2.0			
Windsor Locks COP, Hartford County	17 593	43 593	48 350	24 076	12 184	370	3.0	82	3.4	50	3.1	176	10.2	69	2.0			
Winsted COP, Litchfield County	14 868	33 590	40 040	18 452	8 095	602	7.4	210	11.6	94	7.4	123	9.7	127	5.9			
Wolcott town, New Haven County	18 029	48 507	52 230	18 906	13 515	245	1.8	50	1.6	44	1.9	46	3.0	37	.9			
Woodbridge town, New Haven County	38 008	70 670	79 947	31 687	7 879	162	2.1	14	.8	7	.5	59	5.1	26	1.1			
Woodbury town, Litchfield County	25 096	50 326	57 310	33 860	8 131	278	3.4	80	4.7	65	5.5	20	2.1	45	2.0			
Woodbury Center COP, Litchfield County	19 327	40 268	48 478	25 050	1 211	125	10.3	53	19.4	46	30.1	—	—	26	8.8			
Woodmont borough, New Haven County	20 412	43 942	48 229	35 333	1 763	42	2.4	6	1.9	3	1.3	15	6.8	3	.7			
Woodstock town, Windham County	18 649	43 352	44 942	24 500	5 960	219	3.7	75	5.1	41	3.7	27	3.5	51	3.0			
Milford city, New Haven County	19 099	44 142	50 204	26 707	49 388	1 836	3.7	572	5.3	318	4.3	313	4.8	336	2.5			

Table 11. Structural, Plumbing, and Equipment Characteristics: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	All housing units	Percent								
		Year structure built		Bedrooms						
		1980 to March 1990	1939 or earlier	None or 1	4 or more	Condominium	Lacking complete plumbing facilities	With public water system or private company	With public sewer	Lacking complete kitchen facilities
The State	1 320 850	15.7	25.5	14.7	18.9	9.1	.4	77.7	70.8	.5
Fairfield County	324 355	14.2	24.4	14.1	25.7	11.3	.4	80.0	67.6	.6
Bethel town	6 399	18.6	20.4	11.5	28.6	10.3	.1	62.1	54.8	.2
Bethel CDP	3 615	18.8	27.5	17.1	15.8	10.8	.2	92.8	93.1	.4
Bridgeport town	57 224	10.6	36.4	22.8	7.9	10.8	.7	99.7	98.3	1.1
Bridgeport city	57 224	10.6	36.4	22.8	7.9	10.8	.7	99.7	98.3	1.1
Brookfield town	5 354	20.5	6.1	6.1	36.1	14.7	.1	34.2	11.6	—
Oanbury town	25 950	21.2	22.3	17.7	16.7	15.9	.7	73.2	64.0	.8
Oanbury city	25 950	21.2	22.3	17.7	16.7	15.9	.7	73.2	64.0	.8
Oanion town	6 657	6.9	35.9	3.6	54.5	2.4	.3	88.9	63.9	.2
Oanion CDP	6 627	6.8	35.8	3.6	54.5	2.4	.3	89.1	63.9	.2
Easton town	2 220	16.5	19.5	1.3	56.7	—	.2	42.0	3.2	.2
Fairfield town	20 204	7.5	23.2	6.1	32.1	6.7	.1	96.8	82.4	.1
Greenwich town	23 515	8.8	36.9	12.8	37.6	8.1	.3	87.8	74.7	.7
Monroe town	5 596	27.7	8.6	3.3	33.3	9.3	.4	48.9	7.3	.1
New Canaan town	6 852	12.3	25.2	5.0	53.7	9.5	.5	53.4	41.2	.9
New Fairfield town	5 081	17.1	8.4	3.5	31.5	—	.5	10.9	.6	.4
Newtown town	7 194	15.1	19.3	5.1	37.1	—	.2	17.5	2.0	.5
Newtown borough	674	4.6	27.7	1.0	44.5	—	—	84.9	1.0	—
Norwalk town	32 224	14.8	26.0	19.6	18.4	16.4	.4	93.9	83.9	.2
Norwalk city	32 224	14.8	26.0	19.6	18.4	16.4	.4	93.9	83.9	.2
Redding town	3 017	22.3	22.1	3.0	51.8	—	.3	.7	.5	.3
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	1 199	6.0	61.3	10.6	15.6	—	—	—	—	—
Ridgefield town	8 014	13.4	16.1	8.0	47.0	9.8	.1	39.6	23.0	—
Ridgefield CDP	2 717	13.0	26.1	15.1	33.6	16.9	—	73.1	53.1	—
Shelton town	12 981	24.4	16.1	7.5	21.6	11.8	.1	72.6	50.0	.9
Shelton city	12 981	24.4	16.1	7.5	21.6	11.8	.1	72.6	50.0	.9
Sherman town	1 436	24.0	15.6	8	29.2	—	.3	6.9	1.3	1.3
Stamford town	44 279	17.4	18.6	21.3	21.4	20.9	.5	87.7	82.7	1.2
Stamford city	44 279	17.4	18.6	21.3	21.4	20.9	.5	87.7	82.7	1.2
Stratford town	20 152	7.9	24.7	12.5	13.3	12.5	.3	98.6	94.1	.3
Stratford CDP	20 152	7.9	24.7	12.5	13.3	12.5	.3	98.6	94.1	.3
Trumbull town	11 090	11.3	9.4	3.9	35.4	1.8	.2	96.3	49.5	.2
Trumbull CDP	11 090	11.3	9.4	3.9	35.4	1.8	.2	96.3	49.5	.2
Weston town	3 272	14.7	14.4	4.2	63.6	—	.2	3.4	.6	.4
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	62	6.5	19.4	—	40.3	—	—	—	—	6.5
Westport CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Westport town	9 846	12.1	25.0	5.2	50.3	4.3	.3	89.4	32.9	.4
Westport CDP (pt.)	9 840	12.1	25.1	5.2	50.3	4.3	.3	89.5	32.9	.4
Wilton town	5 798	20.2	15.6	6.8	57.5	7.6	—	17.6	11.2	—
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	459	24.8	21.4	3.5	52.7	—	—	—	—	—
Hartford County	341 812	14.9	22.8	16.1	16.7	9.4	.4	89.7	86.2	.6
Avon town	5 709	26.2	8.6	6.3	35.9	22.1	.1	67.9	47.7	—
Berlin town	6 204	16.3	20.9	7.8	20.2	1.8	.2	86.9	77.1	.8
Kensington CDP	3 159	14.1	22.2	10.8	14.4	3.5	.3	98.7	92.1	.3
Bloomfield town	7 738	18.1	9.3	10.9	19.3	11.7	.1	88.5	85.7	.1
Blue Hills CDP	1 074	1.1	23.1	5.2	12.6	—	—	98.1	100.0	.8
Bristol town	24 989	19.1	23.8	16.9	11.9	8.2	.1	93.8	93.2	.3
Bristol city	24 989	19.1	23.8	16.9	11.9	8.2	.1	93.8	93.2	.3
Burlington town	2 372	25.5	8.0	1.2	27.4	1.5	.2	5.1	—	—
Canton town	3 323	16.4	24.1	7.3	27.7	14.4	.2	40.1	43.4	—
Canton Valley CDP	708	9.0	8.8	17.9	16.7	35.0	.8	60.0	71.5	—
Collinsville CDP	1 107	12.4	43.5	8.8	21.6	16.2	.2	75.2	75.4	—
East Granby town	1 685	19.4	13.3	8.2	29.4	9.7	1.0	19.1	14.7	—
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
East Hartford town	21 274	7.3	17.4	18.4	10.1	5.4	.4	99.4	98.1	.7
East Hartford CDP	21 274	7.3	17.4	18.4	10.1	5.4	.4	99.4	98.1	.7
East Windsor town	4 115	25.0	19.0	16.9	12.3	9.8	.8	64.9	66.5	.4
Brook Brook CDP	1 497	24.2	18.9	14.8	14.1	11.2	.7	63.9	72.8	.2
Enfield town	16 614	17.5	16.4	10.2	24.4	7.4	.1	95.2	93.2	.2
Hazardville CDP	1 891	10.4	15.5	3.2	16.6	1.7	—	98.9	94.3	.3
Sherwood Manor CDP	2 226	16.8	4.3	4.5	32.6	12.4	.6	98.9	94.3	.3
Southwood Acres CDP	3 015	11.2	2	2.6	39.5	4.6	—	99.3	89.9	—
Thompsonville CDP	3 635	7.6	48.9	20.8	13.8	1.8	.4	99.6	99.5	.6
Farlington town	8 654	29.8	9.8	11.0	22.3	21.7	—	74.4	82.4	.2
Glastonbury town	10 948	22.6	13.4	9.1	31.4	13.9	—	65.7	60.0	.1
Glastonbury Center CDP	3 228	16.6	24.9	21.3	20.0	17.9	—	97.9	87.2	.2
Wethersfield CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Granby town	3 492	24.6	16.2	6.5	30.5	6.8	.1	21.3	13.3	.1
North Granby CDP (pt.)	458	52.4	14.0	—	48.4	—	.9	—	1.3	.9
Salmon Brook CDP	984	31.0	18.3	17.6	23.9	17.2	—	46.0	37.3	—
Hartford town	56 098	9.2	37.1	35.8	6.6	5.2	1.4	99.9	98.5	1.6
Hartford city	56 098	9.2	37.1	35.8	6.6	5.2	1.4	99.9	98.5	1.6
Hard town	695	38.0	18.6	5.5	22.7	—	.3	—	—	—
North Granby CDP (pt.)	13	38.5	—	—	15.4	—	—	—	—	—
Manchester town	21 704	11.7	27.8	15.3	13.0	10.8	.4	95.3	91.8	.6
Central Manchester CDP	13 443	4.9	38.5	16.6	8.9	7.2	.6	99.1	97.2	.4
Morborough town	1 869	21.6	5.6	3.5	22.3	—	.2	8.2	.7	.4
Terramugus CDP	412	4.4	8.3	7.5	17.5	—	—	17.5	—	—
New Britain town	32 335	11.0	37.1	18.2	7.9	6.7	.4	99.9	99.4	.8
New Britain city	32 335	11.0	37.1	18.2	7.9	6.7	.4	99.9	99.4	.8
Newington town	11 609	12.4	9.8	8.3	15.2	18.2	.2	98.3	98.2	.2
Newington CDP	11 609	12.4	9.8	8.3	15.2	18.2	.2	98.3	98.2	.2
Plainville town	7 452	20.1	16.7	17.3	10.2	12.3	.3	94.2	93.8	.7
Rocky Hill town	7 107	21.6	5.4	14.6	12.3	27.1	.2	97.9	96.2	.4
Simsbury town	8 175	19.3	13.6	6.0	45.1	18.3	.3	71.0	47.2	.1
Simsbury Center CDP	2 200	19.0	13.6	6.0	34.2	18.5	.3	97.5	63.1	—
Torville CDP	641	25.9	18.9	15.6	14.5	24.0	1.1	96.6	92.8	1.1
Westogus CDP	954	28.5	5.5	6.2	43.2	9.3	—	87.8	60.7	—
West Simsbury CDP	682	5.3	9.1	4.1	66.7	7.3	—	80.6	7.5	.3
Southington town	14 250	17.7	12.9	7.9	17.1	7.9	.1	83.7	67.3	.3
South Windsor town	8 044	35.8	6.8	4.9	27.6	21.4	.1	79.0	75.1	.1
Southfield town	4 384	24.9	24.4	4.3	26.8	13.1	.5	59.8	51.1	.9
Southfield Depot CDP	514	23.5	34.2	27.2	20.2	17.9	1.0	96.9	83.1	1.0
West Hartford town	25 021	4.7	29.6	10.9	24.6	6.0	.1	99.8	94.3	.3
West Hartford CDP	25 021	4.7	29.6	10.9	24.6	6.0	.1	99.8	94.3	.3
Wethersfield town	10 790	11.9	20.5	11.0	20.1	8.1	.1	98.9	98.1	.1
Wethersfield CDP (pt.)	10 790	11.9	20.5	11.0	20.1	8.1	.1	98.9	98.1	.1
Windsor town	10 233	18.5	18.7	6.8	21.8	9.0	—	95.0	85.9	.1
Windsor Locks town	4 929	14.4	15.4	9.6	16.1	12.2	—	97.1	98.6	.2
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	4 929	14.4	15.4	9.6	16.1	12.2	—	97.1	98.6	.2

Table 11. **Structural, Plumbing, and Equipment Characteristics: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Percent									
	All housing units	Year structure built		Bedrooms		Condominium	Locking complete plumbing facilities	With public water system or private company	With public sewer	Locking complete kitchen facilities
		1980 to March 1990	1939 or earlier	None or 1	4 or more					
Litchfield County	74 274	18.3	30.6	11.8	20.0	7.0	.9	48.9	50.7	.8
Barkhamsted town	1 334	18.7	17.1	9.9	20.5	—	1.5	8.4	8.6	.4
Bethlehem town	1 253	23.7	16.6	8.0	23.3	—	1.0	.5	1.2	1.3
Bethlehem Village CDP	819	21.1	19.9	8.9	23.3	—	—	.7	—	—
Bridgewater town	734	15.5	32.6	4.0	36.2	2.9	.5	1.4	.5	1.1
Canaan town	587	15.7	40.2	7.3	29.5	—	1.7	19.4	2.6	1.5
Colebrook town	613	16.8	30.0	4.1	23.0	—	.8	1.0	—	.7
Cornwall town	822	18.4	42.6	7.9	29.2	—	1.1	8.2	1.9	1.1
Goshen town	1 287	30.1	23.0	8.1	25.9	.4	5.2	7.5	31.8	2.7
Harwinton town	1 869	16.5	13.5	2.4	23.1	—	.9	2.5	13.0	—
Northwest Harwinton CDP	1 233	13.1	13.3	2.7	19.2	—	1.3	3.8	19.7	—
Katell town	1 402	22.5	32.4	10.2	25.6	7.6	1.6	23.3	19.7	1.2
Litchfield town	3 444	14.5	36.8	10.2	25.6	3.5	1.5	32.9	36.9	.3
Bantam borough	368	19.3	38.6	20.4	17.4	1.6	1.1	41.8	78.0	1.1
Litchfield borough	600	2.5	63.7	19.2	33.2	—	.5	97.2	95.2	.5
Morris town	1 089	14.4	29.3	9.8	20.2	1.8	1.6	2.9	24.0	.8
New Hartford town	2 319	20.2	26.0	7.0	25.7	5.2	.6	29.4	14.6	—
New Hartford Center CDP	601	7.8	59.2	13.8	34.6	—	—	82.5	30.6	—
New Milford town	9 295	23.9	18.6	12.9	22.8	15.1	.5	50.3	30.6	.6
New Milford CDP	2 563	23.3	28.1	36.4	12.4	29.1	.2	90.5	79.4	.8
Norfolk town	904	10.8	58.8	11.4	37.7	1.0	2.2	48.1	40.7	2.4
North Canaan town	1 497	13.4	44.6	16.6	22.0	.5	—	58.9	44.6	—
Canaan CDP	620	13.2	44.7	30.2	18.2	1.3	—	93.5	91.3	—
Plymouth town	4 556	15.9	30.6	10.7	13.3	3.3	.4	55.8	73.6	.1
Terryville CDP	2 267	10.7	42.5	16.0	14.2	.9	—	92.1	86.1	—
Roxbury town	1 871	29.0	25.4	4.5	41.6	1.3	1.3	.3	.7	.7
Salisbury town	2 401	14.2	42.4	12.8	26.5	2.7	3.3	45.1	32.7	2.7
Sharon town	1 562	14.3	46.0	8.3	30.0	1.2	4.1	20.0	9.5	3.6
Thomaston town	2 745	18.0	27.8	13.0	13.1	9.5	.2	51.9	85.0	.2
Torrington town	15 161	17.6	34.2	16.1	10.7	10.3	.5	76.1	92.2	1.1
Torrington city	15 161	17.6	34.2	16.1	10.7	10.3	.5	76.1	92.2	1.1
Warren town	592	24.0	33.6	6.1	31.1	—	1.2	1.0	.2	.8
Washington town	1 217	17.8	41.4	5.6	32.8	2.2	—	8.6	3.8	—
New Preston CDP	594	13.8	40.2	9.4	26.1	—	.4	5.4	1.5	—
Watertown town	7 522	16.4	25.5	9.2	16.8	4.9	.5	73.6	73.6	.3
Dakville CDP	3 218	11.3	26.8	10.6	11.9	.6	.2	94.0	93.2	—
Winchester town	5 093	16.1	42.6	16.7	17.6	3.6	.2	74.7	73.2	.3
Winsted CDP	3 643	9.9	50.7	20.9	17.0	.9	.2	96.3	94.5	.5
Woodbury town	3 445	20.4	24.1	12.8	25.5	21.5	.2	38.0	24.8	.4
Woodbury Center CDP	597	11.9	50.8	24.0	26.1	8.4	—	81.4	36.2	1.0
Middlesex County	61 593	20.3	22.3	13.3	17.6	8.3	.4	59.7	43.7	.4
Chester town	1 360	14.7	41.0	14.0	12.5	—	.5	35.1	8.4	.5
Chester Center CDP	661	14.2	59.9	16.0	12.6	—	—	60.4	14.5	—
Clinton town	5 407	20.0	14.7	11.7	21.1	7.8	1.6	62.4	9.5	.5
Clinton CDP	1 564	13.4	28.3	13.6	15.9	9.1	—	82.0	17.2	.5
Cromwell town	5 090	24.5	14.7	13.5	14.4	30.9	.2	87.4	86.8	—
Deep River town	1 776	11.7	40.5	10.4	15.3	9.5	—	48.9	17.4	.5
Deep River Center CDP	1 064	7.7	55.6	13.8	13.7	11.2	—	74.5	24.8	.8
Durham town	1 927	23.9	16.1	4.4	28.2	.6	—	4.8	3.7	—
Durham CDP	954	19.0	25.2	5.9	27.9	1.3	—	7.1	7.0	—
East Haddam town	3 922	21.7	22.3	8.7	16.5	—	.7	3.1	2.8	.2
Moodus CDP	546	14.8	46.2	15.4	13.7	—	.9	8.8	9.7	.9
East Hampton town	4 205	21.8	22.7	9.6	17.0	8.6	.4	13.6	54.1	.4
East Hampton CDP	832	10.1	44.1	11.1	25.1	—	—	7.3	77.3	—
Lake Pocotopaug CDP	1 518	28.6	18.1	16.1	10.4	18.6	.7	27.9	87.9	1.0
Essex town	2 787	22.3	31.4	11.5	22.8	8.0	1.1	56.0	13.9	.9
Essex Village CDP	1 280	7.8	34.5	9.6	25.8	9.5	1.6	63.0	13.4	—
Haddam town	2 598	16.1	23.4	9.0	24.4	—	1.5	3.2	3.8	1.0
Higganum CDP	649	7.2	36.5	8.3	13.6	—	—	9.6	9.6	—
Killingworth town	1 853	26.0	12.5	4.7	29.9	—	—	8.1	.3	.3
Middlefield town	1 587	15.9	19.3	12.7	21.3	2.0	.7	4.0	6.0	—
Middletown town	18 102	22.9	24.7	22.8	9.4	11.1	.2	91.4	90.9	.6
Middletown city	18 102	22.9	24.7	22.8	9.4	11.1	.2	91.4	90.9	.6
Old Saybrook town	5 120	16.4	14.4	3.2	28.5	5.8	—	79.1	4.1	.2
Ferriock borough	133	12.0	51.1	—	69.0	—	—	—	—	—
Old Saybrook Center CDP	994	21.7	18.0	7.3	19.9	8.6	—	92.8	11.2	—
Saybrook Manor CDP	1 006	11.0	16.9	2.5	24.2	8.7	—	93.8	2.4	.8
Portland town	3 289	12.3	32.6	10.3	23.8	.6	—	70.1	50.2	—
Portland CDP	2 222	8.2	39.8	11.3	21.9	.9	—	95.0	73.4	—
Westbrook town	3 170	16.9	19.8	8.1	18.8	—	.3	65.3	7.2	.3
Westbrook Center CDP	1 624	14.1	27.7	11.8	17.9	—	—	91.3	9.9	—
New Haven County	327 079	15.2	27.6	15.6	14.6	10.2	.4	85.8	81.0	.4
Ansonia town	7 503	6.1	43.5	10.6	9.8	1.7	1.1	93.4	98.8	1.2
Ansonia city	7 503	6.1	43.5	10.6	9.8	1.7	1.1	93.4	98.8	1.2
Beacon Falls town	1 990	20.4	27.7	10.7	9.4	11.3	—	64.1	56.3	—
Bethany town	1 581	14.0	15.8	2.2	40.8	—	—	—	—	—
Branford town	13 056	28.1	21.3	16.2	14.4	26.4	.1	95.2	82.2	.4
Branford Center CDP	3 000	30.1	32.2	29.5	7.0	15.2	—	99.7	94.1	1.4
East Haven CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cheshire town	8 590	21.3	9.6	5.7	32.8	11.4	.1	74.7	52.4	.2
Cheshire Village CDP	2 294	17.3	20.6	14.7	24.8	8.6	.3	96.7	77.6	—
Derby town	5 269	13.0	30.2	13.9	9.9	12.5	.8	92.3	96.0	—
Derby city	5 269	13.0	30.2	13.9	9.9	12.5	.8	92.3	96.0	—
East Haven town	10 580	18.3	16.5	13.9	12.6	13.8	.1	97.0	95.8	.4
East Haven CDP (pt.)	10 580	18.3	16.5	13.9	12.6	13.8	.1	97.0	95.8	.4
Guilford town	7 765	19.8	16.6	8.5	29.7	6.2	—	35.3	5.0	.2
Guilford Center CDP	1 220	14.6	43.1	21.1	15.9	7.7	—	89.3	16.0	—
Hamden town	21 738	12.4	21.8	15.0	13.9	12.8	.3	94.0	90.6	.2
Madison town	6 511	19.6	15.0	8.2	43.0	8.2	.5	47.5	6.1	.1
Madison Center CDP	1 811	19.4	26.8	15.2	34.2	10.4	—	89.4	19.2	—
Meriden town	24 826	14.5	29.7	15.6	11.7	10.8	.6	99.1	93.1	.5
Meriden city	24 826	14.5	29.7	15.6	11.7	10.8	.6	99.1	93.1	.5
Middlebury town	2 365	12.5	24.6	3.7	31.1	1.7	.3	7.9	46.5	—
Milford town	20 149	11.4	24.9	12.7	19.4	11.5	.2	97.6	82.7	.4
Milford city (remainder)	19 339	11.6	23.6	12.6	19.4	11.3	.2	97.5	82.3	.3
Woodmont borough	1 810	5.9	56.2	15.2	29.1	16.0	.5	100.0	92.7	.5
Naugatuck town	11 930	22.1	21.2	12.9	10.7	9.7	—	89.1	89.9	.1
Naugatuck borough	11 930	22.1	21.2	12.9	10.7	9.7	—	89.1	89.9	.1
New Haven town	54 057	10.0	46.3	26.4	8.9	5.5	.5	99.8	99.0	.6
New Haven city	54 057	10.0	46.3	26.4	8.9	5.5	.5	99.8	99.0	.6
North Branford town	4 610	23.3	7.9	4.3	17.2	.5	.5	38.8	34.7	.3
North Haven town	8 236	10.6	12.8	7.9	22.4	3.1	—	86.0	74.7	.2

Table 11. Structural, Plumbing, and Equipment Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Percent									
	All housing units	Year structure built		Bedrooms		Condominium	Locking complete plumbing facilities	With public water system or private company	With public sewer	Locking complete kitchen facilities
		1980 to March 1990	1939 or earlier	None or 1	4 or more					
New Haven County—Con.										
North Haven town—Con.										
North Haven CDP (pt.)	8 236	10.6	12.8	7.9	22.4	3.1	—	86.0	74.7	.2
Orange town	4 544	8.1	9.7	1.9	36.7	—	.1	66.3	4.1	—
Orange CDP	4 544	8.1	9.7	1.9	36.7	—	.1	66.3	4.1	—
Oxford town	2 930	26.0	11.7	3.2	25.1	—	1.1	2.9	1.8	—
Prospect town	2 624	24.6	6.9	2.4	20.6	—	—	4.4	2.0	.3
Seymour town	5 877	13.6	23.3	15.5	12.1	10.7	—	71.8	70.9	—
Southbury town	6 826	18.1	10.4	11.1	19.5	40.1	2	51.2	44.3	.6
Heritage Village CDP	2 700	2.2	—	14.4	2.1	90.8	3	97.3	93.8	—
Wallingford town	15 943	19.2	21.4	12.9	15.1	12.2	2	85.6	88.4	.5
North Haven CDP (pt.)	8	100.0	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	100.0	—
Wallingford Center CDP	7 716	9.5	36.5	19.2	11.5	10.1	4	97.7	96.9	.3
Waterbury town	47 205	17.7	34.9	17.7	8.3	10.6	5	98.8	97.5	.8
Waterbury city	47 205	17.7	34.9	17.7	8.3	10.6	5	98.8	97.5	.8
West Haven town	22 679	10.7	28.9	22.3	8.3	10.4	3	98.7	98.4	.2
West Haven city	22 679	10.7	28.9	22.3	8.3	10.4	3	98.7	98.4	.2
Wolcott town	4 870	18.2	10.1	5.5	15.2	3.8	2	6.3	47.0	—
Woodbridge town	2 825	11.4	17.3	1.5	49.6	—	3	13.9	13.2	.2
New London County										
Bozrah town	873	19.6	26.1	8.0	20.7	—	1.4	29.7	4.4	1.6
Colchester town	4 150	36.4	13.5	7.3	15.1	4.7	—	43.7	38.1	—
Colchester borough	1 219	15.3	25.3	13.0	9.8	2.1	—	99.6	95.7	—
East Lyme town	6 772	14.7	21.0	7.4	25.1	7.5	2	74.1	9.5	.2
Norfolk CDP	1 678	9.4	42.4	10.4	15.9	5.1	—	89.0	12.4	—
Franklin town	667	19.9	20.7	2.5	25.0	—	7	1.5	1.5	.3
Griswold town	4 211	23.8	22.7	11.1	13.2	3.4	7	57.8	39.1	.3
Jewett City borough	1 469	14.8	42.1	19.1	8.9	6.7	7	98.7	95.0	—
Groton town	16 598	20.9	18.1	14.2	14.5	6.5	3	90.6	84.2	.6
Canning Towers-Nautlius Park CDP	2 769	13.1	4.3	4.0	13.4	1.9	2	99.8	92.3	.1
Groton city	4 479	9.8	22.4	22.4	9.6	8.0	2	99.8	98.7	1.3
Poquonock Bridge CDP	1 028	11.1	8.0	11.0	11.3	6.1	—	95.8	92.7	—
West Mystic CDP	1 584	13.6	50.4	9.9	26.8	3.0	—	84.5	76.0	—
Lebanon town	2 422	30.1	12.7	3.8	23.7	—	—	6.6	5.1	—
Ledyard town	5 250	19.0	10.5	3.8	33.9	4.7	9	39.1	16.1	.6
Lisbon town	1 400	24.8	22.2	1.0	18.8	—	1.4	11.4	5.4	.4
Lyme town	986	17.5	37.9	9.0	32.4	—	2.3	3	3	1.7
Montville town	6 283	16.5	15.8	8.9	20.1	3.9	4	33.1	49.6	.6
Uncasville-Oxoboxo Valley CDP	1 283	15.7	40.1	15.8	17.7	—	4	31.3	55.3	—
New London town	11 970	3.6	52.9	29.7	10.6	5.0	5	99.8	98.5	.9
New London city	11 970	3.6	52.9	29.7	10.6	5.0	5	99.8	98.5	.9
North Stonington town	1 858	21.6	21.0	9.4	22.8	—	1.6	17.8	1.6	.9
Norwich town	16 472	9.7	48.6	17.6	13.6	3.1	3	88.8	71.9	.6
Norwich city	16 472	9.7	48.6	17.6	13.6	3.1	3	88.8	71.9	.6
Old Lyme town	4 336	13.4	25.8	3.3	27.5	1.7	1.1	25.2	1.6	—
Preston town	1 689	20.7	22.1	8.4	26.6	—	1.4	7.9	2.3	.9
Salem town	1 245	38.8	13.3	6.7	27.7	8.2	6	9.6	7.8	1.9
Sprague town	1 109	9.9	51.6	9.4	18.0	—	5	42.6	51.0	.5
Stonington town	7 923	16.8	41.3	11.4	18.7	4.1	6	71.3	49.9	1.0
Mystic CDP	1 211	12.7	50.7	12.0	19.1	6.4	4	77.3	70.5	1.2
Pawcatuck CDP	2 324	13.0	49.3	15.3	12.3	2.1	7	97.3	71.2	.8
Stonington borough	713	5.0	85.1	15.4	27.9	6.5	—	99.3	96.8	—
Valentown town	890	25.5	24.2	11.0	17.8	—	1.7	7.5	2.1	.4
Waterford town	7 357	14.7	21.5	7.1	22.2	4.5	2	76.1	60.3	.1
Central Waterford CDP	1 338	25.9	21.9	17.3	10.2	16.7	—	92.8	95.2	—
Tolland County										
Andover town	980	19.4	22.4	10.4	18.3	—	—	6.1	5.6	.3
Bolton town	1 704	21.9	13.2	7.6	23.9	—	—	6.3	6.6	.5
Columbia town	1 754	33.0	12.5	4.2	20.1	—	1.2	2.3	9	—
Coventry town	3 894	21.0	19.5	8.5	15.6	2.4	1.2	21.5	9.6	1.0
Coventry Lake CDP	1 270	5.3	21.7	10.8	8.4	—	2.5	15.2	15.7	1.0
South Coventry CDP	510	23.7	34.5	29.0	7.5	—	1.4	33.7	22.7	1.4
Ellington town	4 562	25.9	14.5	26.8	20.4	7.3	9	59.8	46.4	—
Crystal Lake CDP (pt.)	1 345	30.4	—	—	19.0	—	3.7	—	—	—
Hebron town	2 489	30.1	9.1	1.4	21.1	5	—	7.0	2.6	.2
Mansfield town	5 158	20.4	14.6	17.4	19.7	8.9	2	37.0	28.5	.8
Storrs CDP	1 717	28.3	6.9	28.7	12.7	6.5	4	62.6	53.1	1.6
Somers town	2 739	18.1	16.4	5.7	33.3	3	—	23.5	12.2	—
Central Somers CDP	582	16.8	13.7	10.7	34.2	1.5	—	49.8	13.6	—
Stafford town	4 305	20.5	37.1	12.0	15.4	4.2	1.4	36.1	46.7	.8
Stafford Springs borough	1 747	17.1	53.6	21.6	10.9	10.3	3	87.8	93.8	—
Tolland town	3 747	23.8	6.8	5.3	29.7	3.2	1.0	19.7	4.8	.5
Union town	296	15.5	35.5	4.1	14.5	—	2.0	—	—	—
Vernon town	12 748	17.0	18.9	24.7	14.6	8.8	3	80.0	88.0	.5
Willington town	2 301	22.9	13.9	10.2	14.4	3.2	—	29.6	28.9	.5
Crystal Lake CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Windham County										
Ashford town	1 562	21.4	11.7	6.5	18.6	4.2	1.1	21.3	15.2	.4
Brooklyn town	2 405	24.4	19.1	10.9	21.5	1.1	3	30.6	27.7	.1
East Brooklyn CDP	660	21.5	31.4	30.3	16.5	4.1	—	90.3	86.5	—
Conferbury town	1 586	25.9	19.9	6.6	21.3	—	3.2	3	3.9	1.3
Chaplin town	770	20.6	25.9	8.6	15.7	1.6	6	2.6	1.6	.3
Eastford town	608	25.3	34.4	7.9	16.9	—	4.1	.5	.5	1.8
Hampton town	611	17.5	34.0	5.1	28.2	—	3	.3	.3	1.0
Killingly town	6 480	18.0	34.6	13.0	16.2	2.0	1	48.5	55.4	.2
Danielsville borough	1 912	7.8	53.5	21.9	13.2	3.8	—	96.8	97.6	.7
Plainfield town	5 342	17.7	35.5	9.0	16.4	1.4	2	39.1	60.0	.1
Moosup CDP	1 323	10.8	49.5	11.6	17.8	—	—	34.5	87.5	.5
Plainfield Village CDP	1 025	10.6	52.4	13.5	17.7	1.8	—	76.8	94.9	—
Woregan CDP	408	20.8	42.6	9.1	7.4	—	—	79.7	81.1	—
Pamfret town	1 245	27.1	39.0	8.0	29.1	7	8	8.4	6.8	1.4
Putnam town	3 803	15.3	43.0	19.3	15.6	1.7	5	80.7	78.6	.2
Putnam District CDP	3 020	12.5	42.6	22.7	14.7	2.2	—	98.7	96.4	—
Scotland town	435	26.4	28.7	7.8	26.7	—	9	7	—	.5
Sterling town	877	25.2	34.2	7.0	19.7	—	6	10.9	15.5	.9
Thompson town	3 563	15.5	29.1	10.0	16.1	6	4	25.1	24.4	.4
North Grosvenor Dale CDP	679	7.1	62.0	17.1	13.8	—	1.9	86.2	82.8	1.9
Quinebaug CDP	459	8.7	21.9	5.9	14.6	—	—	7.5	—	—
Windham town	8 727	10.6	39.0	19.3	11.5	2.3	6	82.5	76.5	.9
South Windham CDP	682	12.2	41.1	6.7	11.1	—	—	73.6	23.8	.9
Willimantic CDP	5 895	7.0	47.2	24.3	9.8	1.5	9	99.2	97.0	1.3

Table 11. **Structural, Plumbing, and Equipment Characteristics: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	All housing units	Percent								
		Year structure built		Bedrooms		Condominium	Lacking complete plumbing facilities	With public water system or private company	With public sewer	Lacking complete kitchen facilities
		1980 to March 1990	1939 or earlier	None or 1	4 or more					
Windham County—Con.										
Woodstock town -----	2 615	29.3	25.6	7.3	21.7	4.3	—	11.4	7.5	—
South Woodstock CDP -----	546	18.9	28.6	11.7	15.8	5.9	—	26.7	17.9	—

Table 12. Structural, Plumbing, and Equipment Characteristics: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	All housing units	Percent								
		Year structure built		Bedrooms		Condominium	Locking complete plumbing facilities	With public water system or private company	With public sewer	Lacking complete kitchen facilities
		1980 to March 1990	1939 or earlier	None or 1	4 or more					
The State	1 320 850	15.7	25.5	14.7	18.9	9.1	.4	77.7	70.8	.5
COUNTY										
Fairfield County	324 355	14.2	24.4	14.1	25.7	11.3	.4	80.0	67.6	.6
Hartford County	341 812	14.9	22.8	16.1	16.7	9.4	.4	89.7	86.2	.6
Litchfield County	74 274	18.3	30.6	11.8	20.0	7.0	.9	48.9	50.7	.8
Middlesex County	61 593	20.3	22.3	13.3	17.6	8.3	.4	59.7	43.7	.4
New Haven County	327 079	15.2	27.6	15.6	14.6	10.2	.4	85.8	81.0	.4
New London County	104 461	16.4	29.6	12.7	18.4	4.2	.5	66.1	52.6	.6
Tolland County	46 677	21.3	17.6	15.1	19.2	5.2	.6	42.3	39.9	.5
Windham County	40 599	18.1	32.9	12.5	16.9	1.8	.5	44.4	46.1	.5
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION										
Andover town, Tolland County	980	19.4	22.4	10.4	18.3	-	-	6.1	5.6	.3
Ansonia city, New Haven County	7 503	6.1	43.5	10.6	9.8	1.7	1.1	93.4	98.8	1.2
Ansonia town, New Haven County	7 503	6.1	43.5	10.6	9.8	1.7	1.1	93.4	98.8	1.2
Ashford town, Windham County	1 562	21.4	11.7	6.5	18.6	4.2	1.1	15.2	15.2	.4
Avon town, Hartford County	5 709	26.2	8.6	6.3	35.9	22.1	.1	67.9	47.7	-
Bantam borough, Litchfield County	368	19.3	38.6	20.4	17.4	1.6	1.1	41.8	78.0	1.1
Barkhamsted town, Litchfield County	1 334	18.7	17.1	9.9	20.5	-	1.5	8.4	8.6	.4
Beacon Falls town, New Haven County	1 990	20.4	27.7	10.7	9.4	11.3	-	64.1	56.3	-
Berlin town, Hartford County	6 204	16.3	20.9	7.8	20.2	1.8	.2	86.9	77.1	.8
Bethany town, New Haven County	1 581	14.0	15.8	2.2	40.8	-	-	-	-	-
Bethel town, Fairfield County	6 399	18.6	20.4	11.5	28.6	10.3	.1	62.1	54.8	.2
Bethel CDP, Fairfield County	3 615	18.8	27.5	17.1	15.8	18.3	-	92.8	93.1	.4
Bethlehem town, Litchfield County	1 253	23.7	16.6	8.0	23.3	-	1.0	.5	1.2	1.3
Bethlehem Village CDP, Litchfield County	819	21.1	19.9	8.9	23.3	-	-	-	-	-
Bloomfield town, Hartford County	7 738	18.1	9.3	10.9	19.3	11.7	.1	88.5	85.7	.1
Blue Hills CDP, Hartford County	1 074	1.1	23.1	5.2	12.6	-	-	98.1	100.0	.8
Bolton town, Tolland County	1 704	21.9	13.2	7.6	23.9	-	.2	10.3	6.6	-
Borah town, New London County	873	19.6	26.1	8.0	20.7	-	1.4	29.7	4.4	1.6
Brantford town, New Haven County	13 056	28.1	21.3	16.2	14.4	26.4	.1	95.2	82.2	.4
Brantford Center CDP, New Haven County	3 000	30.1	32.2	29.5	7.0	15.2	-	99.7	94.1	1.4
Bridgeport city, Fairfield County	57 224	10.6	36.4	22.8	7.9	10.8	.7	99.7	98.3	1.1
Bridgeport town, Fairfield County	57 224	10.6	36.4	22.8	7.9	10.8	.7	99.7	98.3	1.1
Bridgewater town, Litchfield County	734	15.5	32.6	4.0	36.2	2.9	.5	1.4	.5	1.1
Bristol city, Hartford County	24 989	19.1	23.8	16.9	11.9	8.2	.1	93.8	93.2	.3
Bristol town, Hartford County	24 989	19.1	23.8	16.9	11.9	8.2	.1	93.8	93.2	.3
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	1 997	24.2	18.9	14.1	14.1	11.2	.7	63.9	72.8	.2
Brookfield town, Fairfield County	5 354	20.5	6.1	6.1	36.1	14.7	.1	34.2	11.6	-
Brooklyn town, Windham County	2 405	24.4	19.1	10.9	21.5	1.1	.3	30.6	27.7	1.1
Burlington town, Hartford County	2 372	25.5	8.0	1.2	27.4	1.5	-	5.1	5.2	-
Canaan CDP, Litchfield County	620	13.2	44.7	30.2	18.2	1.3	-	93.5	91.3	-
Canaan town, Litchfield County	587	15.7	40.2	7.3	29.5	-	1.7	19.4	2.6	1.5
Canterbury town, Windham County	1 556	25.9	19.9	6.6	21.3	-	.8	3.2	3.9	1.3
Canton town, Hartford County	3 323	16.4	24.1	7.3	27.7	14.4	.2	40.1	43.4	-
Canton Valley CDP, Hartford County	708	9.0	8.8	17.9	16.7	35.0	.8	60.0	71.5	-
Central Manchester CDP, Hartford County	13 443	4.9	38.5	16.6	8.9	7.2	.6	99.1	97.2	.9
Central Somers CDP, Tolland County	582	16.8	13.7	10.9	34.2	1.5	-	49.8	13.6	-
Central Waterford CDP, New London County	1 338	25.9	22.9	17.3	10.2	16.7	.2	92.8	95.7	-
Chaplin town, Windham County	770	20.6	22.5	8.6	15.7	1.6	.6	2.6	1.6	.3
Cheshire town, New Haven County	8 590	21.3	9.6	5.7	32.8	11.4	.1	74.7	52.4	.2
Cheshire Village CDP, New Haven County	2 294	17.3	20.6	14.7	24.8	8.6	.3	96.7	77.6	-
Chester town, Middlesex County	1 360	14.7	41.0	14.0	12.5	-	.5	35.1	8.4	.5
Chester Center CDP, Middlesex County	461	14.2	59.9	16.0	12.6	-	-	40.4	14.5	-
Clinton town, Middlesex County	5 407	20.0	14.7	11.7	21.1	7.8	1.6	62.4	9.5	.5
Clinton CDP, Middlesex County	1 564	13.4	28.3	13.6	15.9	9.1	-	82.0	17.2	.5
Colchester borough, New London County	1 219	15.3	25.3	13.0	9.8	2.1	-	99.6	95.7	-
Colchester town, New London County	4 150	36.4	13.5	7.3	15.1	4.7	-	43.7	38.1	-
Colbrook town, Litchfield County	613	16.8	30.0	4.1	23.0	-	.8	1.0	-	.7
Collinsville CDP, Hartford County	1 107	12.4	43.5	8.8	21.6	16.2	.2	75.2	75.4	-
Columbia town, Tolland County	1 754	33.0	12.5	4.2	20.1	-	1.2	2.3	.9	-
Canning Towers-Nautilus Park CDP, New London County	2 769	13.1	4.3	4.0	13.4	1.9	.2	99.8	92.3	.1
Cornwall town, Litchfield County	822	18.4	42.6	7.9	29.2	-	1.1	8.2	1.9	1.1
Coventry town, Tolland County	3 894	21.0	19.5	8.5	15.6	2.4	1.2	21.5	9.6	1.0
Coventry Lake CDP, Tolland County	1 270	5.3	21.7	10.8	8.4	-	2.5	15.2	15.7	1.0
Cromwell town, Middlesex County	5 090	24.5	14.7	13.5	14.4	30.9	.2	87.4	86.8	-
Crystal Lake CDP, Tolland County	575	13.4	19.0	4.7	19.0	-	3.7	1.9	1.2	-
Danbury city, Fairfield County	25 950	21.2	22.3	17.7	16.7	15.9	.7	73.2	64.0	.8
Danbury town, Fairfield County	25 950	21.2	22.3	17.7	16.7	15.9	.7	73.2	64.0	.8
Danielson borough, Windham County	1 912	7.8	33.5	21.9	13.2	3.8	-	96.8	97.6	.7
Darien town, Fairfield County	6 657	6.9	35.9	3.6	54.5	2.4	.3	88.9	63.9	.2
Darien CDP, Fairfield County	6 627	6.8	35.8	3.6	54.5	2.4	.3	89.1	63.9	.2
Deep River town, Middlesex County	1 776	11.7	40.5	10.4	15.3	9.5	-	48.9	17.4	.5
Deep River Center CDP, Middlesex County	1 064	7.7	55.6	13.8	13.7	11.2	-	74.5	24.8	.8
Derby city, New Haven County	5 269	13.0	30.2	13.9	9.9	12.5	.8	92.3	96.0	-
Derby town, New Haven County	5 269	13.0	30.2	13.9	9.9	12.5	.8	92.3	96.0	-
Durham CDP, Middlesex County	954	19.0	25.2	5.9	27.9	1.3	-	7.1	7.0	-
Durham town, Middlesex County	1 927	23.9	16.1	4.4	28.2	.6	-	4.8	3.7	-
East Brooklyn CDP, Windham County	660	21.5	31.4	30.3	16.5	4.1	-	90.3	86.5	-
Eastford town, Windham County	608	25.3	34.4	7.9	16.9	-	4.1	.5	.5	1.8
East Granby town, Hartford County	1 685	19.4	13.3	8.2	29.4	14.7	1.0	19.3	14.7	-
East Haddam town, Middlesex County	3 322	21.7	22.3	8.7	16.5	-	.7	3.1	2.8	.2
East Hampton CDP, Middlesex County	832	10.1	44.1	11.1	25.1	-	-	7.3	77.3	-
East Hampton town, Middlesex County	4 205	21.8	22.7	9.6	17.0	8.6	.4	13.6	54.1	.7
East Hartford town, Hartford County	21 274	7.3	17.4	18.4	10.1	5.4	.4	99.4	98.1	.4
East Hartford CDP, Hartford County	21 274	7.3	17.4	18.4	10.1	5.4	.4	99.4	98.1	.4
East Haven town, New Haven County	10 580	18.3	16.5	13.9	12.6	13.8	.1	97.0	95.8	.7
East Haven CDP, New Haven County	10 580	18.3	16.5	13.9	12.6	13.8	.1	97.0	95.8	.7
East Lyme town, New London County	6 772	14.7	21.0	7.4	25.1	7.5	.2	74.1	9.5	.2
Easton town, Fairfield County	2 220	16.5	19.5	1.3	56.7	9.8	-	42.0	3.2	.2
East Windsor town, Hartford County	4 115	25.0	19.0	16.9	12.3	7.8	.8	64.9	66.5	.4
Ellington town, Tolland County	4 562	25.9	14.5	26.8	20.4	7.3	.9	59.8	46.4	-

Table 12. **Structural, Plumbing, and Equipment Characteristics: 1990—Can.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Percent									
	All housing units	Year structure built		Bedrooms		Condominium	Locking complete plumbing facilities	With public water system or private company	With public sewer	Locking complete kitchen facilities
		1980 to March 1990	1939 or earlier	None or 1	4 or more					
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—										
Can.										
Enfield town, Hartford County	16 614	17.5	16.4	10.2	24.4	7.4	.1	95.2	93.2	.2
Essex town, Middlesex County	2 787	22.3	31.4	11.5	22.8	8.0	1.1	56.0	13.9	.9
Essex Village CDP, Middlesex County	1 280	7.8	34.5	9.6	25.8	9.5	1.6	63.0	13.4	—
Fairfield town, Fairfield County	20 204	7.5	23.2	6.1	32.1	6.7	.1	96.8	82.4	.1
Formington town, Hartford County	8 654	29.8	9.8	11.0	22.3	21.7	—	74.4	82.4	.2
Fenwick borough, Middlesex County	133	12.0	51.1	—	69.2	—	—	66.2	—	—
Franklin town, New London County	667	19.9	20.7	2.5	25.0	—	.7	1.5	1.5	—
Georgetown CDP, Fairfield County	720	18.1	32.2	5.1	41.4	—	—	—	—	.6
Glastonbury town, Hartford County	10 948	22.6	13.4	9.1	31.4	13.9	—	65.7	60.0	.1
Glastonbury Center CDP, Hartford County	3 228	16.6	24.9	21.3	20.0	17.9	—	97.9	87.2	.2
Goshen town, Litchfield County	1 287	30.1	23.0	8.1	25.9	.4	5.2	7.5	31.8	2.7
Granby town, Hartford County	3 492	24.6	16.2	6.5	30.5	6.8	.1	21.3	13.3	.1
Greenwich town, Fairfield County	23 515	8.8	36.9	12.8	37.6	8.1	.3	87.8	74.7	.7
Griswold town, New London County	4 211	23.8	22.7	11.1	13.2	3.4	.7	57.8	39.1	.3
Groton city, New London County	4 479	9.8	22.8	22.4	9.6	8.0	.2	99.8	98.7	1.3
Groton town, New London County	16 598	20.9	18.1	14.2	14.5	6.5	.3	90.6	84.2	.6
Guilford town, New Haven County	7 765	19.8	16.6	8.5	29.7	6.2	—	35.3	5.0	.2
Guilford Center CDP, New Haven County	1 220	14.6	43.1	21.1	15.9	7.7	—	89.3	16.0	—
Haddam town, Middlesex County	2 598	16.1	23.4	9.0	24.4	—	1.5	3.2	3.8	1.0
Hamden town, New Haven County	21 738	12.4	21.8	15.0	13.9	12.8	.3	94.0	90.6	.2
Hampton town, Windham County	611	17.5	34.0	5.1	28.2	—	.3	.3	.3	1.0
Hartford city, Hartford County	56 098	9.2	37.1	35.8	6.6	5.2	1.4	99.9	98.5	1.6
Hartford town, Hartford County	56 098	9.2	37.1	35.8	6.6	5.2	1.4	99.9	98.5	1.6
Hartford town, Hartford County	695	23.0	18.6	5.5	22.7	—	.4	.3	—	—
Horwinton town, Litchfield County	1 869	16.5	13.5	2.4	23.1	—	.9	2.5	13.0	—
Hazardville CDP, Hartford County	1 891	10.4	15.5	3.2	16.6	1.7	—	98.9	94.3	—
Hebron town, Tolland County	2 489	30.1	9.1	1.4	21.1	.5	—	7.0	2.6	.2
Heritage Village CDP, New Haven County	2 700	2.2	.4	14.4	2.1	90.8	.3	97.3	93.8	—
Higganum CDP, Middlesex County	649	7.2	36.5	8.3	13.6	—	—	9.6	9.6	—
Jewett City borough, New London County	1 469	14.8	42.1	19.1	8.9	6.7	.7	98.7	95.0	—
Kensington CDP, Hartford County	3 159	14.1	22.2	10.8	14.4	3.5	.3	98.7	92.1	.3
Kent town, Litchfield County	1 402	22.5	32.4	10.2	25.6	7.6	1.6	23.3	19.7	1.2
Killingly town, Windham County	6 480	18.0	34.6	13.0	16.2	2.0	.1	48.5	55.4	.2
Killingworth town, Middlesex County	1 853	26.0	12.5	4.7	29.9	—	—	8.1	.3	.3
Lake Pocotopaug CDP, Middlesex County	1 518	28.6	18.1	16.1	10.4	18.6	.7	27.9	87.9	1.0
Lebanon town, New London County	2 422	30.1	12.7	3.8	23.7	—	—	6.6	5.1	—
Ledyard town, New London County	5 250	19.0	10.5	3.8	33.9	4.7	.9	39.1	16.1	.6
Lisbon town, New London County	1 400	24.8	22.2	1.0	18.8	—	1.4	11.4	5.4	.4
Litchfield borough, Litchfield County	600	2.5	63.7	19.2	33.2	—	.5	97.2	95.2	.5
Litchfield town, Litchfield County	3 444	14.5	36.8	10.2	25.6	3.5	1.5	32.9	36.9	.3
Lyme town, New London County	986	17.5	37.9	9.0	32.4	—	2.3	.3	.3	1.7
Madison town, New Haven County	6 511	19.6	15.0	8.2	43.0	8.2	.5	47.5	6.1	.1
Madison Center CDP, New Haven County	1 231	19.4	26.8	22.8	34.2	10.4	—	89.4	19.2	—
Manchester town, Hartford County	21 704	11.7	27.8	15.3	13.0	10.8	.4	95.3	91.8	.6
Mansfield town, Tolland County	5 158	20.4	14.6	17.4	19.7	8.9	.2	37.0	28.5	.8
Marlborough town, Hartford County	1 869	21.6	5.6	3.5	22.3	—	.2	8.2	.7	.4
Meriden city, New Haven County	24 826	14.5	29.7	15.6	11.7	10.8	.6	99.1	93.1	.5
Meriden town, New Haven County	24 826	14.5	29.7	15.6	11.7	10.8	.6	99.1	93.1	.5
Middlebury town, New Haven County	2 365	12.5	24.6	3.7	31.1	1.7	.3	7.9	46.5	—
Middlefield town, Middlesex County	1 587	15.9	19.3	12.7	21.3	2.0	.7	4.0	6.0	—
Middletown city, Middlesex County	18 102	22.9	24.7	22.8	9.4	11.1	.2	91.4	90.9	.6
Middletown town, Middlesex County	18 102	22.9	24.7	22.8	9.4	11.1	.2	91.4	90.9	.6
Millford town, New Haven County	20 149	11.4	24.9	12.7	19.4	11.5	.2	97.6	82.7	.4
Millford city (remainder), New Haven County	19 339	11.6	23.6	12.6	19.0	11.3	.2	97.5	82.3	.3
Monroe town, Fairfield County	5 596	27.7	8.6	3.3	33.3	9.3	.4	48.9	7.3	.1
Montville town, New London County	6 283	16.5	15.8	8.9	20.1	3.9	.4	33.1	49.6	.6
Moosup CDP, Middlesex County	546	14.8	46.2	15.4	13.7	—	.9	8.8	9.7	.9
Moosup CDP, Windham County	1 323	10.8	49.5	11.6	17.8	—	—	34.5	87.5	.5
Morris town, Litchfield County	1 089	14.4	29.3	9.8	20.2	1.8	1.6	2.9	24.0	.8
Mystic CDP, New London County	1 211	12.7	50.7	12.0	19.1	6.4	.4	77.3	70.5	1.2
Naugatuck borough, New Haven County	11 930	22.1	21.2	12.9	10.7	9.7	—	89.1	89.9	.1
Naugatuck town, New Haven County	11 930	22.1	21.2	12.9	10.7	9.7	—	89.1	89.9	.1
New Britain city, Hartford County	32 335	11.0	37.1	18.2	7.9	6.7	.4	99.9	99.4	.8
New Britain town, Hartford County	32 335	11.0	37.1	18.2	7.9	6.7	.4	99.9	99.4	.8
New Canaan town, Fairfield County	6 852	12.3	25.2	5.0	53.7	9.5	.5	53.4	41.2	.9
New Fairfield town, Fairfield County	5 081	17.1	8.4	3.5	31.5	—	.5	10.9	.6	.4
New Hartford town, Litchfield County	2 319	20.2	26.0	7.0	25.7	5.2	.6	29.4	14.6	—
New Hartford Center CDP, Litchfield County	601	7.8	59.2	13.8	34.8	—	—	82.5	30.6	—
New Haven city, New Haven County	54 057	10.0	46.3	26.4	8.9	5.5	.5	99.8	99.0	.6
New Haven town, New Haven County	54 057	10.0	46.3	26.4	8.9	5.5	.5	99.8	99.0	.6
Newington town, Hartford County	11 609	12.4	9.8	8.3	15.2	18.2	.2	98.3	98.2	.2
Newington CDP, Hartford County	11 609	12.4	9.8	8.3	15.2	18.2	.2	98.3	98.2	.2
New London city, New London County	11 970	3.6	52.9	29.7	10.6	5.0	.5	99.8	98.5	.9
New London town, New London County	11 970	3.6	52.9	29.7	10.6	5.0	.5	99.8	98.5	.9
New Milford CDP, Litchfield County	2 563	23.3	28.1	36.4	12.4	29.1	.2	90.5	79.4	.8
New Milford town, Litchfield County	9 295	23.9	18.6	12.9	22.8	15.1	.5	50.3	30.6	.6
New Preston CDP, Litchfield County	594	13.8	40.2	9.4	26.1	—	—	5.4	1.5	—
Newtown borough, Fairfield County	674	4.6	27.7	1.0	44.5	—	—	84.9	1.0	—
Newtown town, Fairfield County	7 194	15.1	19.3	5.1	37.1	—	.2	17.5	2.0	.5
Niantic CDP, New London County	1 678	9.4	42.4	10.4	15.9	5.1	—	89.0	12.4	—
Norfolk town, Litchfield County	904	10.8	58.8	11.4	37.7	1.0	2.2	48.1	40.7	2.4
North Branford town, New Haven County	4 610	23.3	7.9	4.3	17.2	9.5	.5	38.8	34.7	.3
North Canaan town, Litchfield County	1 497	13.4	44.6	16.6	22.0	.5	—	58.9	44.6	—
North Granby CDP, Hartford County	471	52.0	13.6	—	47.6	—	.8	—	1.3	.8
North Grosvenor Dale CDP, Windham County	679	7.1	62.0	17.1	13.8	—	1.9	86.2	82.8	1.9
North Haven town, New Haven County	8 236	10.6	12.8	7.9	22.4	3.1	—	86.0	74.7	.2
North Haven CDP, New Haven County	8 244	10.7	12.8	7.9	22.4	3.1	—	86.1	74.7	.2
North Stoughton town, New London County	1 858	21.6	21.0	9.4	22.8	—	1.6	17.8	1.6	.9
Northwest Hartwood CDP, Litchfield County	1 233	13.1	13.3	2.7	19.2	—	1.3	3.8	19.7	—
Norwalk city, Fairfield County	32 224	14.8	26.0	19.6	18.4	16.4	.4	93.9	83.9	.2

Table 12. Structural, Plumbing, and Equipment Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Percent									
	Year structure built			Bedrooms						
	All housing units	1980 to March 1990	1939 or earlier	None or 1	4 or more	Condominium	Lacking com- plete plumbing facilities	With public water system or private com- pany	With public sewer	Lacking complete kitchen facilities
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.										
Norwalk town, Fairfield County	32 224	14.8	26.0	19.6	18.4	16.4	4	93.9	83.9	.2
Norwich city, New London County	16 472	9.7	48.6	17.6	13.6	3.1	.3	88.8	71.9	.6
Norwich town, New London County	16 472	9.7	48.6	17.6	13.6	3.1	.3	88.8	71.9	.6
Oakville CDP, Litchfield County	3 218	11.3	26.8	10.6	11.9	.6	.2	94.0	93.2	—
Old Lyme town, New London County	4 336	13.4	25.8	3.3	27.5	1.7	1.1	25.2	1.6	—
Old Saybrook town, Middlesex County	5 120	16.4	14.4	3.2	28.5	5.8	—	79.1	4.1	.2
Old Saybrook Center CDP, Middlesex County	994	21.7	18.0	7.3	19.9	8.6	—	92.8	11.2	—
Orange town, New Haven County	4 544	8.1	9.7	1.9	36.7	—	.1	66.3	4.1	—
Orange CDP, New Haven County	4 544	8.1	9.7	1.9	36.7	—	.1	66.3	4.1	—
Oxford town, New Haven County	2 930	26.0	11.7	3.2	25.1	—	1.1	2.9	1.8	—
Pawcatuck CDP, New London County	2 324	13.0	49.3	15.3	12.3	2.1	.7	97.3	71.2	.8
Plainfield town, Windham County	5 342	17.7	35.5	9.0	16.4	1.4	.2	39.1	60.0	1
Plainfield Village CDP, Windham County	1 025	10.6	52.4	13.5	17.7	1.8	—	76.8	94.9	.7
Plainville town, Hartford County	7 452	20.1	17.3	10.2	12.3	3.3	.3	94.2	93.8	—
Plymouth town, Litchfield County	4 556	15.9	30.6	10.7	13.3	3.3	.4	55.8	73.6	.1
Pomfret town, Windham County	1 245	27.1	39.0	8.0	29.1	.7	.8	8.4	6.8	1.4
Poquonock Bridge CDP, New London County	1 028	11.1	8.0	11.0	11.3	6.1	—	95.8	92.7	—
Portland town, Middlesex County	3 289	12.3	32.6	10.3	23.8	.6	—	70.1	50.2	—
Portland CDP, Middlesex County	2 222	8.2	39.8	11.3	21.9	.9	—	95.0	73.4	—
Preston town, New London County	1 689	20.7	22.1	8.4	26.6	—	1.4	7.9	2.3	—
Prospect town, New Haven County	2 624	24.6	6.9	2.4	20.6	—	.3	4.4	2.0	.3
Putnam town, Windham County	3 803	15.3	43.0	19.3	15.6	1.7	.5	80.7	78.6	.2
Putnam District CDP, Windham County	3 020	14.5	47.5	22.7	14.7	2.2	.6	98.7	96.4	—
Quinebaug CDP, Windham County	439	8.7	21.9	5.9	14.6	—	—	7.5	—	—
Reese town, Fairfield County	3 017	12.3	22.1	3.1	51.3	—	.3	7.5	.5	.3
Ridgefield CDP, Fairfield County	2 717	13.0	26.1	3.1	33.6	16.9	—	73.1	53.1	—
Ridgefield town, Fairfield County	8 014	13.4	16.1	8.0	47.0	9.8	.1	39.6	23.0	—
Rocky Hill town, Hartford County	7 107	21.6	5.4	14.6	12.3	27.1	.2	97.9	96.2	.4
Roxbury town, Litchfield County	871	29.0	25.4	4.5	41.6	—	1.3	.6	.3	.7
Salem town, New London County	1 245	38.8	13.3	6.7	27.7	8.2	.6	9.6	7.8	1.9
Salisbury town, Litchfield County	2 401	14.2	42.4	12.8	26.5	2.7	3.3	45.1	32.7	2.7
Salmon Brook CDP, Hartford County	984	31.0	18.3	17.6	23.9	17.2	—	46.0	37.3	—
Saybrook Manor CDP, Middlesex County	1 006	11.0	16.9	2.5	24.2	8.7	—	93.8	2.4	.8
Saybrook town, Windham County	435	26.4	28.7	7.8	26.7	—	.9	—	—	—
Seymour town, New Haven County	5 877	13.6	23.3	15.5	12.1	10.7	—	71.8	70.9	—
Sharon town, Litchfield County	1 562	16.0	46.0	8.3	30.0	—	4.1	20.0	9.5	3.6
Shelton city, Fairfield County	12 981	24.4	16.1	7.5	21.6	11.8	.1	72.6	50.0	.9
Shelton town, Fairfield County	12 981	24.4	16.1	7.5	21.6	11.8	.1	72.6	50.0	.9
Sherman town, Fairfield County	1 436	24.0	15.6	.8	29.2	—	.3	6.9	1.3	1.3
Sherwood Manor CDP, Hartford County	2 226	16.8	4.3	4.5	32.6	12.4	—	96.8	94.3	.3
Simsbury town, Hartford County	8 175	19.3	9.0	6.0	45.1	10.3	.2	71.0	47.2	.1
Simsbury Center CDP, Hartford County	2 200	19.0	13.6	5.1	34.2	18.5	.3	97.5	63.1	—
Somers town, Tolland County	2 739	18.1	16.4	5.7	33.3	.3	.3	23.5	12.2	—
Southbury town, New Haven County	6 826	18.1	10.4	11.1	19.5	40.1	.2	51.2	44.3	.6
South Coventry CDP, Tolland County	510	23.7	34.5	29.0	7.5	—	1.4	33.7	22.7	1.4
Southington town, Hartford County	14 250	17.7	12.9	7.9	17.1	7.9	.1	83.7	67.3	.3
South Windham CDP, Windham County	1 682	12.2	6.7	11.1	18.7	—	—	73.6	23.8	—
South Windsor town, Hartford County	8 044	35.8	6.8	4.9	27.6	21.4	—	79.0	75.1	.1
Southwood Acres CDP, Hartford County	3 015	11.2	.2	2.6	39.5	4.6	—	99.3	89.9	—
South Woodstock CDP, Windham County	546	18.9	28.6	11.7	15.8	5.9	—	26.7	17.9	—
Sprague town, New London County	1 109	9.9	51.6	9.4	18.0	—	.5	42.6	51.0	.5
Stafford town, Tolland County	4 305	20.5	37.1	12.0	15.4	4.2	1.4	36.1	46.7	8
Stafford Springs borough, Tolland County	1 747	17.1	53.6	21.6	10.9	10.3	.3	87.8	93.8	—
Storford city, Fairfield County	44 279	17.4	18.6	21.3	21.4	20.9	.5	87.7	82.7	1.2
Storford town, Fairfield County	44 279	17.4	18.6	21.3	21.4	20.9	.5	87.7	82.7	1.2
Sterling town, Windham County	877	25.2	34.2	7.0	19.7	—	.6	10.9	15.5	.9
Stonington borough, New London County	713	5.0	85.1	15.4	27.9	6.5	—	99.3	96.8	—
Stonington town, New London County	7 923	16.8	6.3	11.4	18.7	4.1	.3	71.3	49.9	1.6
Storrs CDP, Tolland County	1 717	28.3	6.9	28.7	12.7	6.5	.4	62.6	53.1	1.0
Storford town, Fairfield County	20 152	7.9	24.7	12.5	13.3	12.5	.3	98.6	94.1	.3
Stratford CDP, Fairfield County	20 152	7.9	24.7	12.5	13.3	12.5	.3	98.6	94.1	.3
Stratford town, Fairfield County	4 384	24.9	24.4	6.3	20.8	13.1	.5	99.8	51.1	.9
Stratford Depot CDP, Hartford County	514	23.4	20.2	20.2	17.9	20.2	.3	96.8	82.1	1.0
Tarville CDP, Hartford County	641	25.9	18.9	15.6	14.5	24.0	1.1	96.6	92.8	1.1
Terramugus CDP, Hartford County	412	4.4	8.3	7.5	17.5	—	—	17.5	—	—
Terryville CDP, Litchfield County	2 267	10.7	42.5	16.0	14.2	.9	.7	92.1	86.1	—
Thomaston town, Litchfield County	2 745	18.0	27.8	13.0	13.1	9.5	.2	51.9	85.0	.2
Thompson town, Windham County	3 563	15.5	29.1	10.0	16.1	.6	.4	25.1	24.4	.4
Thompsonville CDP, Hartford County	3 635	23.6	48.9	20.8	13.9	1.8	.4	99.4	99.5	.5
Tolland town, Tolland County	3 747	23.8	6.8	5.3	29.7	3.2	1.0	19.7	4.8	.6
Torrington city, Litchfield County	15 161	17.6	34.2	16.1	10.7	10.3	.5	76.1	92.2	1.1
Torrington town, Litchfield County	15 161	17.6	34.2	16.1	10.7	10.3	.5	76.1	92.2	1.1
Trumbull town, Fairfield County	11 090	11.3	9.4	3.9	35.4	1.8	.2	96.3	49.5	.2
Trumbull CDP, Fairfield County	11 090	11.3	9.4	3.9	35.4	1.8	.2	96.3	49.5	.2
Uncasville-Oxoboxe Valley CDP, New London County	1 283	15.7	40.1	15.8	17.7	—	.4	31.3	55.3	—
Union town, Tolland County	296	15.5	35.5	4.1	14.5	—	2.0	—	—	—
Vernon town, Tolland County	12 748	17.0	18.9	24.7	14.6	8.8	.3	80.0	88.0	.5
Voluntown town, New London County	890	25.5	24.2	11.0	17.8	—	.7	2.1	4.4	—
Wolfeboro town, New Haven County	15 943	19.2	21.4	12.9	15.1	12.2	.2	85.4	88.4	.5
Wollford Center CDP, New Haven County	7 716	9.5	36.5	19.2	11.5	10.1	.4	77.7	96.9	.3
Warren town, Litchfield County	592	24.0	33.6	6.1	31.1	—	1.2	1.0	.2	.8
Washington town, Litchfield County	1 877	17.8	41.4	5.6	32.5	10.2	.2	8.6	3.8	—
Waterbury city, New Haven County	47 205	17.7	34.9	17.7	8.3	2.6	.5	98.8	97.5	.8
Waterbury town, New Haven County	47 205	17.7	34.9	17.7	8.3	2.6	.5	98.8	97.5	.8
Waterford town, New London County	7 357	14.7	21.5	7.1	22.2	4.5	.2	76.1	60.3	.1
Watertown town, Litchfield County	7 522	16.4	25.5	9.2	16.8	4.9	.5	73.6	73.6	.3
Wareham CDP, Windham County	408	20.8	42.6	9.1	7.4	—	—	79.7	81.1	—
Watogue CDP, Hartford County	954	28.5	5.5	6.2	43.2	9.3	—	67.8	60.7	—
Westbrook town, Middlesex County	3 170	16.9	19.8	8.1	18.8	—	.3	65.3	7.2	.3
Westbrook Center CDP, Middlesex County	1 624	14.1	27.7	11.8	17.9	—	—	91.3	9.9	—

Table 12. **Structural, Plumbing, and Equipment Characteristics: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [in Selected States] County Subdivision	All housing units	Percent							
		Year structure built		Bedrooms					
		1980 to March 1990	1939 or earlier	None or 1	4 or more	Condominium	Lacking com- plete plumbing facilities	With public water system or private com- pany	Lacking complete kitchen facilities
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.									
West Hartford town, Hartford County -----	25 021	4.7	29.6	10.9	24.6	6.0	.1	99.8	94.3
West Hartford CDP, Hartford County -----	25 021	4.7	29.6	10.9	24.6	6.0	.1	99.8	94.3
West Haven city, New Haven County -----	22 679	10.7	28.9	22.3	8.3	10.4	.3	98.7	98.4
West Haven town, New Haven County -----	22 679	10.7	28.9	22.3	8.3	10.4	.3	98.7	98.4
West Mystic CDP, New London County -----	1 584	13.6	50.4	9.9	26.8	3.0	—	84.5	76.0
Weston town, Fairfield County -----	3 272	14.7	14.4	4.2	63.6	—	.2	3.4	.6
Westport town, Fairfield County -----	9 846	12.1	25.0	5.2	50.3	4.3	.3	89.4	32.9
Westport CDP, Fairfield County -----	9 840	12.1	25.1	5.2	50.3	4.3	.3	89.5	32.9
West Simsbury CDP, Hartford County -----	682	5.3	9.1	4.1	66.7	—	—	80.6	7.5
Wethersfield town, Hartford County -----	10 790	11.9	20.5	11.0	20.1	8.1	.1	98.9	98.1
Wethersfield CDP, Hartford County -----	10 790	11.9	20.5	11.0	20.1	8.1	.1	98.9	98.1
Willimantic CDP, Windham County -----	5 895	7.0	47.2	24.3	9.8	1.5	.9	99.2	97.0
Willington town, Tolland County -----	2 301	22.9	13.9	10.2	14.4	3.2	—	29.6	28.9
Wilton town, Fairfield County -----	5 798	20.2	15.6	6.8	57.5	7.6	—	17.6	11.2
Winchester town, Litchfield County -----	5 093	16.1	42.6	16.7	17.6	3.6	.2	74.7	73.2
Windham town, Windham County -----	8 727	10.6	39.0	19.3	11.5	2.3	.6	82.5	76.5
Windsor town, Hartford County -----	10 233	18.5	18.7	6.8	21.8	9.0	—	95.0	85.9
Windsor Locks town, Hartford County -----	4 929	14.4	15.4	9.6	16.1	12.2	—	97.1	98.6
Windsor Locks CDP, Hartford County -----	4 929	14.4	15.4	9.6	16.1	12.2	—	97.1	98.6
Winsted CDP, Litchfield County -----	3 643	9.9	50.7	20.9	17.0	.9	.2	96.3	94.5
Wolcott town, New Haven County -----	4 870	18.2	10.1	5.5	15.2	3.8	.2	6.3	47.0
Woodbridge town, New Haven County -----	2 825	11.4	17.3	1.5	49.6	—	.3	13.9	13.2
Woodbury town, Litchfield County -----	3 445	20.4	24.1	12.8	25.5	21.5	.2	38.0	24.8
Woodbury Center CDP, Litchfield County -----	597	11.9	50.8	24.0	26.1	8.4	—	81.4	36.2
Woodmont borough, New Haven County -----	810	5.9	56.2	15.2	29.1	16.0	.5	100.0	92.7
Woodstock town, Windham County -----	2 615	29.3	25.6	7.3	21.7	4.3	—	11.4	7.5
Milford city, New Haven County -----	20 149	11.4	24.9	12.7	19.4	11.5	.2	97.6	82.7

Table 13. Fuels and Equipment Characteristics: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	All occupied housing units	Percent with—					Vehicles available			No telephone in unit
		House heating fuel								
		Utility gas	Bottled, tank, or LP gas	Electricity	Fuel oil, kero- sene, etc.	Other or none	None	1	2 or more	
The State	1 230 479	26.3	1.9	15.1	54.4	2.4	10.0	31.3	58.6	2.6
Fairfield County	305 011	28.9	1.6	13.9	54.6	1.0	9.5	29.5	60.9	2.3
Bethel town	6 175	16.8	1.9	27.7	51.3	2.3	4.4	22.5	73.1	.6
Bethel CDP	3 485	28.4	2.5	38.1	29.6	1.4	6.2	29.6	64.2	1.1
Bridgeport town	52 328	47.9	2.3	9.7	39.0	1.0	25.0	39.8	35.2	8.7
Bridgeport city	52 328	47.9	2.3	9.7	39.0	1.0	25.0	39.8	35.2	8.7
Brookfield town	4 939	3.5	.3	22.4	72.4	1.4	2.3	19.2	78.5	.3
Onsby town	24 094	21.4	1.8	31.4	44.5	1.0	8.7	31.8	59.5	2.3
Onsby city	24 094	21.4	1.8	31.4	44.5	1.0	8.7	31.8	59.5	2.3
Darien town	6 404	3.1	.8	5.6	90.1	.4	2.3	20.8	76.8	.1
Darien CDP	6 374	3.1	.8	5.6	90.1	.4	2.3	20.9	76.8	.1
Easton town	2 133	11.1	1.4	2.5	82.0	3.0	.4	14.6	85.0	—
Fairfield town	19 371	36.4	1.7	3.6	57.8	.4	4.4	26.5	69.2	.2
Greenwich town	22 192	53.2	1.3	9.0	36.3	.2	5.9	30.8	63.3	1.0
Monroe town	5 426	26.2	2.1	4.8	64.8	2.1	1.8	14.4	83.8	.6
New Canaan town	6 497	.3	.9	13.3	85.2	.3	2.6	22.5	74.9	.5
New Fairfield town	4 271	.1	.4	23.6	72.5	3.4	1.5	18.0	80.5	.5
Newtown town	6 798	7.3	2.1	8.6	78.4	3.6	1.4	18.2	80.3	.5
Newtown borough	650	19.7	.8	1.2	75.5	1.8	2.6	18.5	78.9	.3
Norwalk town	30 560	21.5	1.4	20.1	55.8	1.2	8.6	32.7	58.7	1.5
Norwalk city	30 560	21.5	1.4	20.1	55.8	1.2	8.6	32.7	58.7	1.5
Redding town	2 801	—	2.0	12.3	82.5	3.2	2.8	15.3	81.9	—
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	1 179	—	—	3.9	96.1	—	21.8	26.3	52.0	—
Ridgefield town	7 569	7.6	1.0	10.1	80.8	.6	2.6	19.1	78.3	—
Ridgefield CDP	2 569	10.2	.2	14.0	75.3	.2	5.8	25.8	68.4	—
Shelton town	12 454	24.4	1.1	6.5	66.8	1.3	5.1	22.2	72.7	.7
Shelton city	12 454	24.4	1.1	6.5	66.8	1.3	5.1	22.2	72.7	.7
Sherman town	1 078	—	3.1	21.5	66.2	9.2	2.0	26.3	71.7	—
Stamford town	41 945	28.3	1.8	23.5	45.5	.9	11.8	34.6	53.6	1.7
Stamford city	41 945	28.3	1.8	23.5	45.5	.9	11.8	34.6	53.6	1.7
Stratford town	19 310	48.2	1.2	5.4	44.5	.7	7.8	33.2	59.0	1.1
Stratford CDP	19 310	48.2	1.2	5.4	44.5	.7	7.8	33.2	59.0	1.1
Trumbull town	10 838	27.5	.5	3.6	67.9	.5	3.6	18.6	77.9	.2
Trumbull CDP	10 838	27.5	.5	3.6	67.9	.5	3.6	18.6	77.9	.2
Weston town	3 006	6.7	1.5	4.8	85.7	1.4	.6	16.4	83.0	.2
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	58	10.3	—	—	89.7	—	—	25.9	74.1	—
Westport CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Westport town	9 281	10.9	2.0	6.8	79.8	.5	2.9	22.6	74.5	.4
Westport CDP (pt.)	9 275	10.9	2.0	6.8	79.8	.5	2.9	22.6	74.5	.4
Wilton town	5 541	.4	1.1	12.3	85.1	1.1	1.5	17.6	80.9	.2
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	425	—	3.3	8.0	88.7	—	4.2	17.9	77.9	—
Hartford County	324 691	36.6	1.8	12.8	47.2	1.5	11.9	32.4	55.7	3.4
Avon town	5 366	23.6	2.2	15.2	57.9	1.1	2.3	22.0	75.6	.5
Berlin town	6 024	42.0	1.7	4.6	49.4	2.3	2.7	24.6	72.7	.5
Kensington CDP	3 077	54.1	1.2	5.3	38.3	1.1	4.2	26.2	69.6	.7
Bloomfield town	7 474	35.3	2.4	14.7	46.5	1.0	7.3	35.1	57.6	.3
Blue Hills CDP	1 065	42.3	—	4.6	51.0	2.1	8.1	36.8	55.1	—
Bristol town	23 956	17.0	.9	25.4	54.5	2.1	8.1	32.2	59.8	2.1
Bristol city	23 956	17.0	.9	25.4	54.5	2.1	8.1	32.2	59.8	2.1
Burlington town	2 310	—	1.5	21.0	66.6	11.0	4.4	12.6	87.0	—
Canton town	3 202	9.8	1.1	10.6	72.9	5.6	3.6	21.2	75.3	.3
Canton Valley CDP	689	25.5	.9	11.9	56.3	5.4	9.3	26.0	64.7	—
Collinsville CDP	1 058	7.8	1.1	15.6	73.0	2.6	3.2	26.9	69.8	1.0
East Granby town	1 624	1.4	1.0	20.3	75.8	1.5	4.2	21.7	74.0	.7
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
East Hartford town	20 343	42.6	1.4	10.7	44.1	1.2	9.4	38.6	52.0	2.0
East Hartford CDP	20 343	42.6	1.4	10.7	44.1	1.2	9.4	38.6	52.0	2.0
East Windsor town	3 900	17.6	3.4	12.0	63.5	3.5	3.5	31.3	65.2	1.7
Brook Brook CDP	1 383	15.5	2.8	12.9	66.3	2.5	4.9	30.6	64.5	1.8
Enfield town	15 985	29.5	1.5	8.1	59.8	1.1	5.0	26.6	68.5	.9
Hazardsville CDP	1 852	1.8	3.0	1.9	92.7	.6	2.3	25.3	72.4	.2
Sherwood Manor CDP	2 177	62.2	.8	7.8	28.3	.9	7.8	29.2	70.7	.2
Southwood Acres CDP	2 983	13.1	4.4	7.5	78.0	.9	2.2	15.9	82.0	—
Thompsonville CDP	3 376	37.7	1.5	10.0	50.9	—	14.8	37.5	47.7	3.2
Farmington town	8 213	21.2	1.6	17.1	58.0	2.1	5.2	27.1	67.6	.5
Glastonbury town	10 553	41.0	1.7	6.5	49.4	1.4	4.1	24.1	71.8	.4
Glastonbury Center CDP	3 125	46.5	2.0	11.0	40.2	.4	6.9	33.0	60.1	—
Wethersfield CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Granby town	3 354	1.4	3.2	9.9	81.9	3.5	2.2	16.8	81.0	—
North Granby CDP (pt.)	445	1.3	1.3	8.3	84.3	4.7	—	9.7	90.3	—
Salmon Brook CDP	918	4.6	5.3	18.3	68.7	3.1	7.2	23.1	69.7	—
Hartford town	51 464	50.3	2.8	16.4	29.2	1.3	38.5	39.5	21.9	14.5
Hartford city	51 464	50.3	2.8	16.4	29.2	1.3	38.5	39.5	21.9	14.5
Hartford town	633	—	2.2	6.2	79.0	12.6	3.0	17.2	79.8	—
North Granby CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Manchester town	20 745	38.8	1.1	10.0	48.8	1.3	8.1	33.3	58.6	1.2
Central Manchester CDP	12 861	34.4	.7	10.5	53.1	1.3	9.5	35.3	55.2	1.6
Martineborough town	1 802	.3	4.6	19.8	66.8	8.5	1.6	12.8	85.7	—
Terrognugus CDP	386	—	11.7	17.1	68.4	2.8	3.6	13.5	82.9	—
New Britain town	30 170	56.4	2.5	11.5	29.0	.6	4.9	41.3	42.7	5.3
New Britain city	30 170	56.4	2.5	11.5	29.0	.6	4.9	41.3	42.7	5.3
Newington town	11 223	45.8	2.1	9.1	42.1	1.0	3.9	32.7	63.4	.2
Newington CDP	11 223	45.8	2.1	9.1	42.1	1.0	3.9	32.7	63.4	.2
Plainville town	7 089	18.1	1.4	26.4	51.7	2.4	4.8	36.7	58.6	1.0
Rocky Hill town	6 577	53.3	1.9	9.1	35.1	.6	3.8	34.8	61.4	.6
Simsbury town	7 910	11.7	2.8	15.2	69.1	1.1	20.3	34.8	77.3	—
Simsbury Center CDP	2 114	9.6	1.1	18.8	69.2	1.2	4.2	25.9	69.7	—
Torrifville CDP	615	—	2.3	22.4	73.2	2.1	4.2	32.0	63.7	—
Westogue CDP	922	19.5	1.5	19.6	59.3	—	2.7	19.7	77.5	—
West Simsbury CDP	656	2.7	9.5	4.1	81.7	2.0	3.8	14.6	81.6	—
Southington town	13 766	34.4	1.1	11.9	50.6	2.2	5.1	23.7	71.2	.9
South Windsor town	7 150	37.0	1.1	13.8	46.8	1.3	1.9	19.3	78.8	.4
Suffield town	4 176	7.7	3.8	15.8	69.3	3.4	4.0	23.3	72.7	1.1
Suffield Depot CDP	486	4.1	1.9	42.2	49.4	2.5	15.0	35.4	49.6	—
West Hartford town	23 916	37.9	1.5	5.9	53.9	.7	8.0	35.3	56.7	.3
West Hartford CDP	23 916	37.9	1.5	5.9	53.9	.7	8.0	35.3	56.7	.3
Wethersfield town	10 470	47.3	.6	6.4	45.5	.3	7.7	36.1	56.2	.5
Wethersfield CDP (pt.)	10 470	47.3	.6	6.4	45.5	.3	7.7	36.1	56.2	.5
Windsor town	9 838	25.9	1.4	9.4	61.6	1.7	3.4	27.6	69.0	.3
Windsor Locks town	4 758	30.1	.8	8.5	60.3	.4	4.7	28.6	66.6	.6
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	4 758	30.1	.8	8.5	60.3	.4	4.7	28.6	66.6	.6

Table 13. Fuels and Equipment Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	All occupied housing units	Percent with—									No telephone in unit
		House heating fuel					Vehicles available				
		Utility gas	Bottled, tank, or LP gas	Electricity	Fuel oil, kero- sene, etc.	Other or none	None	1	2 or more		
Litchfield County	66 371	12.6	1.8	18.3	61.4	5.9	5.7	29.0	65.3	1.3	
Barkhamsted town	1 234	.5	.9	14.0	68.8	15.8	1.3	19.0	79.7	.4	
Bethlehem town	1 707	—	4.2	17.2	68.7	9.9	—	24.0	76.0	1.9	
Bethlehem Village COP	236	—	5.5	14.3	70.3	9.9	—	25.5	74.5	3.1	
Bridgewater town	654	—	.8	17.7	75.4	6.1	2.0	25.7	72.1	.3	
Canaan town	431	—	3.2	14.2	74.0	8.6	6.3	32.3	61.5	.3	
Colebrook town	515	—	1.4	12.2	70.9	15.5	1.2	21.6	77.3	1.6	
Cornwall town	618	.3	4.4	10.0	68.8	16.5	4.0	33.8	62.1	.8	
Goshen town	874	.5	1.6	18.4	68.0	11.6	1.8	29.2	69.0	—	
Hamden town	1 800	—	1.6	8.5	82.4	7.2	1.6	19.7	78.7	—	
Northwest Hamden COP	1 186	.8	1.6	7.8	84.7	5.2	1.9	27.2	71.0	—	
Kent town	1 140	—	1.5	21.1	62.0	15.4	3.1	37.5	59.5	1.6	
Litchfield town	3 151	.1	1.0	16.8	75.2	7.0	4.9	26.9	68.2	.7	
Bantam borough	337	—	.9	28.5	64.4	6.2	5.9	35.6	58.5	1.5	
Litchfield borough	557	—	—	13.3	85.1	1.6	10.4	39.0	50.6	—	
Morris town	797	—	5.5	13.3	70.9	10.3	3.0	26.5	70.5	.8	
New Hartford town	2 085	1.3	4.2	10.8	75.2	8.4	2.7	17.7	79.6	—	
New Hartford Center COP	560	2.1	4.1	10.4	78.6	4.8	5.7	25.9	68.4	3.0	
New Milford town	8 419	—	1.4	34.3	58.0	6.4	3.2	27.9	68.9	1.1	
New Milford COP	2 337	—	.6	49.3	47.6	2.4	9.8	38.3	51.8	1.7	
Norfolk town	673	.3	1.6	8.8	79.9	9.4	3.4	29.6	67.0	.3	
North Canaan town	1 399	—	2.6	15.2	77.9	4.2	10.4	32.3	57.3	2.7	
Canaan COP	586	—	—	16.0	80.5	3.4	17.6	41.6	40.8	2.6	
Plymouth town	4 329	14.0	3.2	18.2	58.2	6.4	5.5	25.3	69.2	.8	
Terryville COP	2 143	23.5	3.2	16.7	54.2	3.4	5.9	30.8	63.2	9.2	
Roxbury town	719	—	2.5	13.8	71.1	12.7	1.7	23.9	74.4	.6	
Salisbury town	1 707	.6	2.6	14.6	73.2	9.0	6.3	42.1	51.6	—	
Sharon town	1 193	.8	1.3	13.9	73.1	10.9	1.7	32.3	66.1	.7	
Thomaston town	2 642	22.0	.9	21.8	52.8	2.4	6.5	28.3	65.1	.9	
Torrington town	13 883	31.8	1.3	16.0	49.3	1.6	10.4	35.1	54.5	1.9	
Torrington city	13 883	31.8	1.3	16.0	49.3	1.6	10.4	35.1	54.5	1.9	
Warren town	467	—	3.6	10.0	76.8	9.6	1.8	27.4	70.8	—	
Washington town	1 519	—	3.6	14.6	63.2	19.1	2.4	23.6	74.1	.4	
New Preston COP	450	—	5.1	6.4	77.8	10.7	2.9	30.2	66.9	—	
Watertown town	7 254	19.8	1.2	14.8	60.5	3.7	5.6	24.5	69.9	.9	
Oakville COP	3 112	20.0	1.4	15.8	59.6	3.2	7.5	26.3	66.2	.8	
Winchester town	4 522	27.1	1.2	13.8	52.5	5.5	9.6	32.3	58.2	3.7	
Winsted COP	3 248	34.0	1.1	12.6	48.8	3.6	12.1	36.5	51.4	4.5	
Woodbury town	3 232	—	2.1	28.3	66.1	3.5	2.4	27.9	69.7	.9	
Woodbury Center COP	547	—	1.3	21.4	74.8	2.6	9.0	35.5	55.6	1.1	
Middlesex County	54 651	8.3	2.1	21.1	64.3	4.2	5.4	29.5	65.2	1.3	
Chester town	1 256	—	1.7	22.0	73.2	3.2	3.4	30.2	66.4	.5	
Chester Center COP	1 236	—	3.5	19.1	75.5	2.0	4.6	26.6	58.8	1.0	
Clinton town	4 659	5.2	1.5	20.5	68.4	4.5	2.5	27.2	70.4	1.1	
Clinton COP	1 421	5.9	1.4	20.1	69.6	3.0	4.2	32.9	62.9	1.5	
Cromwell town	4 862	25.7	1.4	24.0	47.5	1.4	5.7	29.6	64.6	.3	
Deep River town	1 655	.3	1.3	23.0	69.1	6.3	3.2	28.5	68.3	2.0	
Deep River Center COP	999	.5	2.2	21.8	72.8	2.7	3.3	35.8	60.9	1.9	
Durham town	1 862	1.9	2.6	8.9	79.3	7.4	.5	18.4	81.1	1.8	
Durham COP	922	2.9	1.1	12.8	78.1	5.1	1.0	22.0	77.0	1.6	
East Haddam town	2 478	—	5.5	12.4	67.7	14.3	3.8	21.1	75.0	1.0	
Moodus COP	470	—	9.6	13.4	67.9	9.1	4.5	38.5	57.0	1.1	
East Hampton town	3 770	—	3.7	21.1	67.9	7.3	2.6	23.5	73.9	1.1	
East Hampton COP	797	—	1.1	12.7	78.5	7.7	4.6	23.3	72.0	2.1	
Lake Pocotopaug COP	1 221	—	6.6	31.0	57.6	4.8	1.3	37.4	61.3	1.6	
Essex town	2 556	—	.8	26.1	69.6	3.4	3.5	34.1	62.4	—	
Essex Village COP	1 136	—	1.4	24.9	73.8	4.7	5.3	37.3	62.1	—	
Haddam town	2 443	—	1.6	13.3	78.9	6.2	3.4	19.1	77.6	1.5	
Higgonum COP	649	—	—	12.5	83.4	4.2	4.9	24.8	70.3	—	
Killingworth town	1 728	—	3.5	13.5	73.8	9.2	4.7	17.5	77.8	—	
Middlefield town	1 460	—	4.3	13.3	77.3	5.1	2.1	25.7	72.2	—	
Middletown town	16 821	17.1	1.6	24.3	55.3	1.6	9.9	36.4	53.8	2.3	
Middletown city	16 821	17.1	1.6	24.3	55.3	1.6	9.9	36.4	53.8	2.3	
Old Saybrook town	3 779	1.7	2.0	24.7	66.9	4.7	3.5	26.2	70.3	.4	
Fenwick borough	37	—	—	43.2	56.8	—	—	37.8	62.2	13.5	
Old Saybrook Center COP	888	3.7	—	27.8	63.5	5.0	5.2	36.3	58.6	—	
Saybrook Manor COP	471	—	9.6	22.3	60.7	7.4	3.2	16.8	80.0	—	
Portland town	3 119	1.1	1.1	11.7	82.7	3.5	3.7	26.6	69.7	—	
Portland COP	2 130	.6	1.3	11.3	84.2	2.6	4.2	32.8	63.1	—	
Westbrook town	2 203	.5	4.8	30.0	60.8	3.9	2.4	37.9	59.7	2.9	
Westbrook Center COP	924	1.1	9.4	34.6	53.1	1.7	2.8	46.3	50.9	5.1	
New Haven County	304 730	28.3	1.7	15.5	53.0	1.4	12.2	33.6	54.2	2.8	
Ansonia town	7 159	49.4	.6	7.3	41.3	1.3	11.8	32.1	56.1	3.0	
Avon town	7 159	49.4	.6	7.3	41.3	1.3	11.8	32.1	56.1	3.0	
Beacon Falls town	1 889	9.5	2.9	16.6	68.6	2.4	2.1	27.4	70.6	1.3	
Bethany town	1 552	—	1.5	5.5	88.0	5.0	1.4	14.6	84.0	.3	
Branford town	11 663	45.5	1.9	16.8	34.9	1.0	4.3	35.9	59.8	.3	
Branford Center COP	2 656	38.7	2.0	25.2	33.6	.5	10.0	42.0	48.0	.6	
East Haven COP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Cheshire town	8 340	8.2	1.1	14.0	75.3	1.3	.8	19.8	76.4	.1	
Cheshire Village COP	2 220	15.4	1.0	13.6	69.1	.9	8.8	28.8	62.5	.5	
Derby town	4 974	40.1	.7	13.3	45.4	.4	11.3	35.8	52.9	2.6	
Derby city	4 974	40.1	.7	13.3	45.4	.4	11.3	35.8	52.9	2.6	
East Haven town	10 059	34.6	1.5	11.6	51.3	.9	9.2	33.8	56.9	.7	
East Haven COP (pt.)	10 059	34.6	1.5	11.6	51.3	.9	9.2	33.8	56.9	.7	
Guilford town	7 181	4.4	1.3	17.6	72.3	4.3	2.7	20.8	76.4	.3	
Guilford Center COP	5 126	6.0	1.8	21.0	70.0	1.2	9.1	34.3	56.6	.3	
Hamden town	20 641	27.3	1.7	11.7	58.4	.9	8.7	35.8	55.3	1.0	
Madison town	5 572	7.0	2.2	25.5	62.4	2.9	2.0	23.2	74.8	1.1	
Madison Center COP	1 001	4.8	1.7	42.2	50.0	1.3	3.5	40.8	55.7	2.8	
Meriden town	23 240	32.1	1.8	12.2	52.8	1.1	11.7	34.6	53.8	4.0	
Meriden city	23 240	32.1	1.8	12.2	52.8	1.1	11.7	34.6	53.8	4.0	
Middlebury town	2 227	.6	1.6	10.5	84.7	2.6	1.5	23.2	75.3	.3	
Milford town	18 551	37.1	1.4	7.1	52.8	1.6	5.5	31.7	62.8	.7	
Milford city (remainder)	18 541	36.5	1.5	8.8	53.6	1.9	5.5	31.5	63.0	.7	
Woodmont borough	735	52.0	.7	12.8	33.5	1.5	5.0	36.2	58.8	.5	
Naugatuck town	11 330	19.9	1.4	20.7	56.5	1.5	6.5	32.0	61.4	.9	
Naugatuck borough	11 330	19.9	1.4	20.7	56.5	1.5	6.5	32.0	61.4	.9	
New Haven town	48 986	44.0	2.6	13.0	39.6	.8	29.5	42.0	28.4	7.5	
New Haven city	48 986	44.0	2.6	13.0	39.6	.8	29.5	42.0	28.4	7.5	
North Branford town	4 481	9.1	3.1	6.3	77.7	1.3	2.8	19.5	77.7	.3	
North Haven town	7 976	17.6	.5	8.5	72.1	1.3	3.8	24.2	72.1	.2	

Table 13. Fuels and Equipment Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	All occupied housing units	Percent with—					Vehicles available			No telephone in unit
		House heating fuel								
		Utility gas	Bottled, tank, or LP gas	Electricity	Fuel oil, kero- sene, etc.	Other or none	None	1	2 or more	
New Haven County—Con.										
North Haven town—Con.										
North Haven CDP (pt.)	7 976	17.6	.5	8.5	72.1	1.3	3.8	24.2	72.1	.2
Orange town	4 421	2.4	.6	2.4	93.6	1.0	2.2	16.9	80.9	.1
Orange CDP	4 421	2.4	.6	2.4	93.6	1.0	2.2	16.9	80.9	.1
Oxford town	2 814	6.2	2.3	5.4	82.2	3.8	1.8	14.6	83.6	—
Prospect town	2 556	.5	1.5	7.7	84.6	5.7	2.2	19.0	78.8	—
Seymour town	5 604	3.1	.8	14.2	80.6	1.4	6.0	31.0	63.0	1.0
Southbury town	6 209	.2	1.9	47.1	46.8	4.0	3.9	40.6	55.5	.9
Heritage Village CDP	2 361	—	—	97.2	2.5	.3	7.7	71.3	21.0	—
Wallingford town	15 174	24.2	.8	17.3	56.2	1.5	5.2	30.5	64.3	1.0
North Haven CDP (pt.)	8	100.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—
Wallingford Center CDP	7 231	33.6	1.0	16.6	47.7	1.1	8.8	37.9	53.3	1.6
Waterbury town	43 164	32.9	1.9	24.8	39.5	1.0	18.9	37.9	43.2	5.3
Waterbury city	43 164	32.9	1.9	24.8	39.5	1.0	18.9	37.9	43.2	5.3
West Haven town	21 284	29.3	2.2	17.7	50.0	.8	11.6	39.0	49.5	1.9
West Haven city	21 284	29.3	2.2	17.7	50.0	.8	11.6	39.0	49.5	1.9
Wolcott town	4 636	.8	2.6	16.1	75.9	4.6	2.1	22.5	75.4	—
Woodbridge town	2 747	4.2	.7	2.8	91.0	1.4	.8	16.2	83.0	—
New London County										
Bazrah town	93 245	10.3	3.0	18.8	63.4	4.5	7.5	31.5	61.0	2.1
Bazrah town	823	1.3	6.9	6.1	71.2	14.5	2.8	18.3	78.9	—
Colchester town	3 895	.5	3.7	17.5	72.2	6.1	4.4	19.6	76.0	1.7
Colchester borough	1 155	1.2	7.2	15.8	73.0	2.9	8.9	24.3	66.8	1.7
East Lyme town	5 503	.2	3.0	32.1	59.9	4.9	2.6	27.0	70.4	.4
Niantic CDP	1 293	—	4.6	24.4	66.9	4.2	7.5	36.0	56.5	1.1
Franklin town	650	—	5.5	8.9	74.0	11.5	2.9	22.6	74.5	—
Griswold town	3 833	.2	5.9	19.1	66.7	8.1	8.0	30.8	61.2	2.8
Jewett City borough	1 336	—	7.2	16.5	74.8	1.5	15.5	43.1	41.4	.5
Groton town	14 853	.9	3.0	24.2	69.7	2.1	5.6	39.2	55.2	1.8
Conning Towers-Nautilus Park CDP	2 683	3.0	3.6	11.8	79.9	1.7	1.4	39.1	59.5	1.8
Groton city	4 101	.6	2.2	23.0	72.5	1.7	9.9	46.6	43.5	3.3
Poquonock Bridge CDP	981	.5	9.4	29.3	58.1	2.8	10.3	33.3	56.4	1.4
West Mystic CDP	1 441	—	1.2	14.4	82.6	1.7	3.2	30.3	66.5	1.0
Lebanon town	2 044	.3	4.2	10.4	68.7	16.4	.9	16.9	82.2	1.2
Ledyard town	5 048	.2	1.0	19.2	74.5	5.0	1.2	19.2	79.6	.3
Lisbon town	1 342	.4	6.3	4.2	80.8	8.3	2.2	20.6	77.1	1.3
Lyme town	812	.2	2.1	15.9	68.7	13.1	2.0	20.6	77.5	.5
Montville town	5 949	10.9	3.2	14.7	65.7	5.5	4.2	24.0	71.9	.7
Uncasville-Oxoboxo Valley CDP	1 201	.7	2.6	17.7	72.1	6.9	10.6	29.1	60.4	1.3
New London town	10 712	32.2	2.2	23.0	41.4	1.1	21.7	42.3	36.0	6.3
New London city	10 712	32.2	2.2	23.0	41.4	1.1	21.7	42.3	36.0	6.3
North Stonington town	1 670	—	3.7	10.0	66.9	19.3	1.1	17.5	81.4	.5
Norwich town	15 018	30.0	2.2	12.4	54.0	1.5	12.4	37.7	49.9	3.7
Norwich city	15 018	30.0	2.2	12.4	54.0	1.5	12.4	37.7	49.9	3.7
Old Lyme town	2 568	.2	4.8	25.8	63.0	6.2	2.9	24.5	72.6	.2
Preston town	1 621	.4	5.6	14.4	70.4	9.2	6.7	20.8	72.5	.9
Salem town	1 122	—	4.2	22.5	60.0	13.3	.9	27.2	71.9	—
Sprague town	1 034	—	2.5	12.2	76.1	5.2	7.2	26.1	69.7	1.1
Stonington town	7 017	10.4	6.4	14.3	70.0	3.0	6.1	35.0	59.0	1.1
Mystic CDP	1 095	—	4.5	14.0	78.4	3.1	5.4	33.6	61.0	1.2
Pawcatuck CDP	2 185	26.8	.4	8.5	62.4	1.9	10.4	38.7	50.9	2.1
Stonington borough	571	1.2	3.7	12.3	82.5	.4	5.1	52.5	42.4	1.9
Valuntown town	775	.5	5.7	21.2	54.1	18.6	4.0	22.6	73.4	1.5
Waterford town	6 956	11.0	1.4	21.4	73.4	2.8	3.6	28.2	68.2	.4
Central Waterford CDP	1 254	3.6	1.4	24.1	70.5	.5	5.0	34.4	60.5	—
Tolland County										
Andover town	44 309	7.6	2.2	17.2	66.8	6.2	4.2	25.7	70.0	1.5
Andover town	936	—	2.5	15.4	68.6	13.6	1.2	19.6	79.3	1.2
Bolton town	1 657	.6	1.5	12.3	78.9	6.6	1.6	23.5	74.8	.2
Columbia town	1 601	.3	1.2	18.6	71.1	8.9	1.9	17.9	80.1	.3
Coventry town	3 634	.4	4.3	15.9	69.9	9.4	2.5	20.4	77.1	1.0
Coventry Lake CDP	1 101	—	10.3	8.5	74.3	6.9	3.6	26.2	70.2	2.1
South Coventry CDP	481	3.3	6.2	27.2	57.6	5.6	5.0	31.8	63.2	1.7
Ellington town	4 282	4.8	2.9	28.1	58.3	5.8	2.5	26.0	71.5	—
Crystal Lake CDP (pt.)	1 774	—	3.7	19.0	61.2	17.1	1.1	17.1	80.8	—
Hebron town	2 335	3.0	2.7	10.6	73.4	9.4	1.9	13.3	84.8	.8
Mansfield town	4 931	2.4	1.5	30.1	59.9	6.1	3.8	37.2	59.1	.9
Storrs CDP	1 607	5.4	—	41.7	51.6	1.3	4.4	50.3	45.3	.4
Somers town	2 632	—	3.2	13.5	80.5	2.8	2.7	16.8	80.5	.2
Central Somers CDP	561	—	3.2	10.5	86.3	—	6.2	18.7	75.0	1.2
Stafford town	4 063	.1	2.8	20.7	67.1	9.3	8.0	26.8	65.2	2.6
Stafford Springs borough	1 626	.3	2.9	32.5	62.5	1.8	12.8	33.9	53.3	4.4
Tolland town	3 674	.3	1.0	8.3	81.7	8.7	1.2	15.9	82.9	.5
Union town	234	—	3.0	6.0	69.7	21.4	2.1	20.9	76.9	—
Vernon town	12 137	24.1	1.7	10.8	61.8	1.6	7.6	32.7	59.7	2.9
Willington town	2 193	.8	—	28.1	59.4	10.9	.6	19.2	80.2	—
Crystal Lake CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Windham County										
Ashford town	37 471	10.7	3.6	14.2	62.5	9.0	8.6	31.4	60.0	3.6
Ashford town	1 402	—	2.9	25.7	51.5	19.8	3.7	26.2	70.0	2.6
Brooklyn town	2 295	7.6	2.4	10.9	70.2	8.8	3.8	30.6	65.6	1.3
East Brooklyn CDP	632	25.3	2.2	12.3	57.8	2.4	9.0	45.9	45.1	3.5
Caterbury town	1 933	.8	2.8	8.3	73.7	15.2	3.2	16.6	80.2	—
Chaplin town	743	.3	2.7	8.3	70.0	18.3	2.0	22.6	75.4	.4
Eastford town	495	—	3.0	7.7	68.3	21.0	2.4	23.4	74.1	1.2
Hampton town	581	—	.3	9.6	68.7	21.3	4.0	21.7	74.4	.7
Killingly town	5 873	15.4	3.3	14.4	60.7	6.2	9.0	34.2	56.7	3.8
Danielson borough	1 784	32.5	4.2	15.2	47.2	.9	15.2	43.3	41.5	7.8
Plainfield town	4 996	.5	4.5	17.7	62.9	8.3	8.4	24.0	64.6	7.2
Moosup CDP	1 126	.5	7.3	15.1	73.2	3.8	13.3	33.2	53.7	3.7
Plainfield Village CDP	961	26.3	5.0	16.4	46.2	6.0	16.2	27.0	59.7	2.7
Waregon CDP	379	9.5	5.0	22.7	57.3	5.5	6.3	40.4	53.3	6.1
Pomfret town	1 141	.4	1.7	11.3	74.3	12.3	.6	30.5	68.9	.4
Putham town	3 589	20.1	5.7	14.8	54.4	4.9	15.1	39.1	45.8	6.2
Putham District CDP	2 138	25.5	4.2	13.8	49.2	3.1	18.0	33.2	38.9	7.8
Scotford town	418	—	1.7	10.3	71.5	16.5	4.1	21.5	74.4	.7
Sterling town	805	—	1.6	10.7	70.2	17.5	5.7	22.6	71.7	3.5
Thompson town	3 224	.6	7.8	13.4	68.1	10.0	3.4	32.4	64.1	3.0
North Grosvenor Dale CDP	626	.8	23.2	5.8	65.3	5.0	5.3	39.0	55.8	9.9
Quinebaug CDP	416	—	3.6	3.6	87.3	5.5	—	41.1	58.9	—
Windham town	8 128	22.6	6.8	12.8	58.5	3.5	15.5	36.8	47.7	7.0
South Windham CDP	604	1.5	4.8	15.7	66.7	5.6	4.1	22.0	72.3	1.0
Willimantic CDP	5 509	32.8	2.9	13.7	49.1	1.4	17.2	41.1	41.6	7.7

Table 13. **Fuels and Equipment Characteristics: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	All occupied housing units	Percent with—							
		House heating fuel					Vehicles available		
		Utility gas	Bottled, tank, or LP gas	Electricity	Fuel oil, kero- sene, etc.	Other or none	None	1	2 or more
Windham County—Con.									
Woodstock town	2 278	.4	1.5	19.4	61.8	16.9	3.2	26.7	70.1
South Woodstock CDP	475	1.7	4.6	21.1	67.2	5.5	5.5	28.8	65.7
									No telephone in unit
									1.3
									—

Table 14. **Fuels and Equipment Characteristics: 1990**

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	All occupied housing units	Percent with—					Vehicles available			No telephone in unit
		House heating fuel					Vehicles available			
		Utility gas	Bottled, tank, or LP gas	Electricity	Fuel oil, kero- sene, etc.	Other or none	None	1	2 or more	
The State	1 230 479	26.3	1.9	15.1	54.4	2.4	10.0	31.3	58.6	2.6
COUNTY										
Fairfield County	305 011	28.9	1.6	13.9	54.6	1.0	9.5	29.5	60.9	2.3
Hartford County	324 691	36.6	1.8	12.8	47.2	1.5	11.9	32.4	55.7	3.4
Litchfield County	66 371	12.6	1.8	18.3	61.4	5.9	5.7	29.0	65.3	1.3
Middlesex County	54 651	8.3	2.1	21.1	64.3	4.2	5.4	29.5	65.2	1.3
New Haven County	304 730	28.3	1.7	15.5	53.0	1.4	12.2	33.6	54.2	2.8
New London County	93 245	10.3	3.0	18.8	63.4	4.5	7.5	31.5	61.0	2.1
Tolland County	44 309	7.6	2.2	17.2	66.8	6.2	4.2	25.7	70.0	1.5
Windham County	37 471	10.7	3.6	14.2	62.5	9.0	8.6	31.4	60.0	3.6
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION										
Andover town, Tolland County	936	—	2.5	15.4	68.6	13.6	1.2	19.6	79.3	1.2
Ansonia city, New Haven County	7 159	49.4	.6	7.3	41.3	1.3	11.8	32.1	56.1	3.0
Ansonia town, New Haven County	7 159	49.4	.6	7.3	41.3	1.3	11.8	32.1	56.1	3.0
Ashford town, Windham County	1 402	—	2.9	25.7	51.5	19.8	3.7	26.2	70.0	2.6
Avon town, Hartford County	5 366	23.6	2.2	15.2	57.9	1.1	2.3	22.0	75.6	.5
Bantam borough, Litchfield County	337	—	.9	28.5	64.4	6.2	5.9	35.6	58.5	1.5
Barkhamsted town, Litchfield County	1 234	.5	.9	14.0	68.8	15.8	1.3	19.0	79.7	.4
Beacon Falls town, New Haven County	1 889	9.5	2.9	16.6	68.6	2.4	2.1	27.4	70.6	1.3
Berlin town, Hartford County	6 024	42.0	1.7	4.6	49.4	2.3	2.7	24.6	72.7	.5
Bethany town, New Haven County	1 552	—	1.5	5.5	88.0	5.0	1.4	14.6	84.0	.3
Bethel town, Fairfield County	6 175	16.8	1.9	27.7	51.3	2.3	4.4	22.5	73.1	.6
Bethel CDP, Fairfield County	3 485	28.4	2.5	38.1	29.6	1.4	6.2	29.6	64.2	1.1
Bethlehem town, Litchfield County	1 107	—	4.2	17.2	68.7	9.9	—	24.0	76.0	1.9
Bethlehem Village CDP, Litchfield County	706	—	5.5	14.3	70.3	9.9	—	25.5	74.5	1.1
Bloomfield town, Hartford County	7 474	35.3	2.4	14.7	46.5	1.0	7.3	35.1	57.6	—
Blue Hills CDP, Hartford County	1 065	42.3	—	4.6	51.0	2.1	8.1	36.8	55.1	—
Bolton town, Tolland County	1 657	.6	1.5	12.3	78.9	6.6	1.6	23.5	74.8	.2
Borah town, New London County	823	1.3	6.9	6.1	71.2	14.5	2.8	18.3	78.9	—
Branford town, New Haven County	11 663	45.5	1.9	16.8	34.9	1.0	4.3	35.9	59.8	.3
Branford Center CDP, New Haven County	2 656	38.7	2.0	25.2	33.6	.5	10.0	42.0	48.0	.6
Bridgewater city, Fairfield County	52 328	47.9	2.3	9.7	39.0	1.0	25.0	39.8	35.2	8.7
Bridgewater town, Fairfield County	52 328	47.9	2.3	9.7	39.0	1.0	25.0	39.8	35.2	8.7
Bridgewater town, Litchfield County	654	—	.8	17.7	75.4	6.1	2.0	25.7	72.3	.3
Bristol city, Hartford County	23 956	17.0	.9	25.4	54.5	2.1	8.1	32.2	59.8	2.1
Bristol town, Hartford County	23 956	17.0	.9	25.4	54.5	2.1	8.1	32.2	59.8	2.1
Broad Brook CDP, Hartford County	1 383	15.5	2.8	12.9	66.3	2.5	4.9	30.6	64.5	1.8
Brookfield town, Fairfield County	4 939	3.5	3	22.4	72.4	1.4	2.3	19.2	78.5	.3
Brooklyn town, Windham County	2 295	7.6	2.4	10.9	70.2	8.8	3.8	30.6	65.6	1.3
Burlington town, Hartford County	2 310	—	1.5	21.0	66.6	11.0	.4	12.6	87.0	—
Canaan CDP, Litchfield County	586	—	—	16.0	80.5	3.4	17.6	41.6	40.8	2.6
Canaan town, Litchfield County	431	—	3.2	14.2	74.0	8.6	6.3	32.3	61.5	.2
Canterbury town, Windham County	1 503	—	2.8	8.3	73.7	15.2	3.2	16.6	80.2	—
Canton town, Hartford County	3 202	9.8	1.1	10.6	72.9	5.6	3.6	21.2	75.3	.3
Canton Valley CDP, Hartford County	689	25.5	.9	11.9	56.3	5.4	9.3	26.0	64.7	—
Central Manchester CDP, Hartford County	12 861	34.4	.7	10.5	53.1	1.3	9.5	35.3	55.2	1.6
Central Somers CDP, Tolland County	561	—	3.2	10.5	86.3	—	6.2	18.7	75.0	1.2
Central Waterford CDP, New London County	1 254	3.6	1.4	24.1	70.5	—	5.0	34.4	60.5	—
Chaplin town, Windham County	743	—	2.7	8.7	70.0	18.3	2.0	22.6	75.4	.4
Cheshire town, New Haven County	8 340	8.2	1.1	14.0	75.3	1.3	3.8	19.8	76.4	—
Cheshire Village CDP, New Haven County	2 220	15.4	1.0	13.6	69.1	.9	8.6	28.8	62.5	.5
Chester town, Middlesex County	1 256	—	1.7	22.0	73.2	3.2	3.4	30.2	66.4	.5
Chester Center CDP, Middlesex County	607	—	3.5	19.1	75.5	2.0	4.6	36.6	58.8	1.0
Clinton town, Middlesex County	4 659	5.2	1.5	20.5	68.4	4.4	2.5	27.2	70.4	1.1
Clinton CDP, Middlesex County	1 421	5.9	1.4	20.1	69.6	3.0	4.2	32.9	62.9	1.5
Colchester borough, New London County	1 155	1.2	7.2	15.8	73.0	2.9	8.9	24.3	66.8	1.7
Colchester town, New London County	3 895	.5	3.7	17.5	72.2	6.1	4.4	19.6	76.0	1.7
Colebrook town, Litchfield County	515	—	1.4	12.2	70.9	15.5	1.2	21.6	77.3	1.0
Collinsville CDP, Hartford County	1 058	7.8	—	15.6	73.0	—	3.2	26.9	69.8	—
Columbia town, Tolland County	1 601	—	1.2	18.6	71.1	8.9	1.9	17.9	80.1	.3
Canning Towers-Nautilus Park CDP, New London County	2 683	3.0	3.6	11.8	79.9	1.7	1.4	39.1	59.5	1.8
Carmwall town, Litchfield County	618	.3	4.4	10.0	68.8	16.5	4.0	33.8	62.1	.8
Conventry town, Tolland County	3 634	.4	4.3	15.9	69.9	9.4	2.5	20.4	77.1	1.0
Conventry Lake CDP, Tolland County	1 101	—	10.3	8.5	74.3	6.9	3.6	26.2	70.2	—
Cramwell town, Middlesex County	4 862	25.7	1.4	24.0	47.5	1.4	5.7	29.6	64.6	.3
Crystal Lake CDP, Tolland County	474	—	2.7	19.0	61.2	17.1	2.1	17.1	80.8	—
Danbury city, Fairfield County	24 094	21.4	1.8	31.4	44.5	1.0	8.7	31.8	59.5	2.3
Danbury town, Fairfield County	24 094	21.4	1.8	31.4	44.5	1.0	8.7	31.8	59.5	2.3
Danielsborough, Windham County	1 784	32.5	—	15.2	47.2	—	1.2	43.3	41.5	7.8
Danien town, Fairfield County	6 404	3.1	.8	5.6	90.2	.4	2.3	20.8	76.9	.1
Darien CDP, Fairfield County	6 374	3.1	.8	5.6	90.1	.4	2.3	20.9	76.8	.1
Deep River town, Middlesex County	1 655	.3	1.3	23.0	69.1	6.3	3.2	28.5	68.3	2.0
Deep River Center CDP, Middlesex County	999	.3	2.2	21.8	72.8	2.7	3.8	35.8	60.9	1.9
Derby city, New Haven County	4 974	40.1	.7	13.3	45.4	.4	11.3	35.8	52.9	2.6
Derby town, New Haven County	4 974	40.1	.7	13.3	45.4	.4	11.3	35.8	52.9	2.6
Durham CDP, Middlesex County	922	2.9	1.1	12.8	78.1	5.1	1.0	22.0	77.0	1.6
Durham town, Middlesex County	1 862	1.9	2.6	8.9	79.3	7.4	.5	18.4	81.1	1.8
East Brooklyn CDP, Windham County	632	25.3	2.2	12.3	57.8	2.4	9.0	45.9	45.1	3.5
Eastford town, Windham County	1 495	3.0	7.0	15.6	68.3	21.5	2.2	24.5	74.7	.7
East Granby town, Hartford County	1 624	1.4	1.0	20.3	75.8	—	4.2	21.7	74.0	—
East Haddam town, Middlesex County	2 478	—	5.5	12.4	67.7	14.3	3.8	21.1	75.0	1.0
East Hampton CDP, Middlesex County	797	—	1.1	12.7	78.5	7.7	4.6	23.3	72.0	2.0
East Hampton town, Middlesex County	3 170	—	3.7	21.1	67.9	7.3	2.6	23.5	73.9	1.1
East Hartford town, Hartford County	20 343	42.6	1.4	10.7	44.1	1.2	9.4	38.6	52.0	2.0
East Hartford CDP, Hartford County	20 343	42.6	1.4	10.7	44.1	1.2	9.4	38.6	52.0	2.0
East Haven town, New Haven County	10 059	34.6	1.5	11.6	51.3	.9	9.2	33.8	56.9	.7
East Haven CDP, New Haven County	10 059	34.6	1.5	11.6	51.3	.9	9.2	33.8	56.9	.7
East Lyme town, New London County	5 503	3.2	3.0	32.1	59.9	4.9	2.6	27.0	70.4	.4
East Lyme town, Fairfield County	2 133	11.1	1.4	2.5	82.0	3.0	—	14.6	85.0	—
East Windsor town, Hartford County	3 900	17.6	3.4	12.0	63.5	—	3.5	31.3	65.2	1.7
Ellington town, Tolland County	4 282	4.8	2.9	28.1	58.3	5.8	2.5	26.0	71.5	—

Table 14. **Fuels and Equipment Characteristics: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	All occupied housing units	Percent with—								No telephone in unit
		House heating fuel					Vehicles available			
		Utility gas	Bottled, tank, or LP gas	Electricity	Fuel oil, kero- sene, etc.	Other or none	None	1	2 or more	
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—										
Con.										
Enfield town, Hartford County	15 985	29.5	1.5	8.1	59.8	1.1	5.0	26.6	68.5	9
Essex town, Middlesex County	2 556	—	.8	26.1	69.6	3.4	3.5	34.1	62.4	1.2
Essex Village COP, Middlesex County	1 136	—	.4	24.9	73.8	.9	.5	37.3	62.1	—
Fairfield town, Fairfield County	19 371	36.4	1.7	3.6	57.8	.4	4.4	26.5	69.2	.2
Farmington town, Hartford County	8 213	21.2	1.6	17.1	58.0	2.1	5.2	27.1	67.6	.5
Fernwick borough, Middlesex County	37	—	—	43.2	56.8	—	—	37.8	62.2	13.5
Franklin town, New London County	650	—	5.5	8.9	74.0	—	2.9	22.6	74.5	1.1
Georgetown COP, Fairfield County	662	9	2.1	6.2	90.8	—	8.6	20.8	70.5	—
Glastonbury town, Hartford County	10 553	41.0	1.7	6.5	49.4	1.4	4.1	24.1	71.8	.4
Glastonbury Center COP, Hartford County	3 125	46.5	2.0	11.0	40.2	.4	6.9	33.0	60.1	—
Goshen town, Litchfield County	874	.5	1.6	18.4	68.0	11.6	1.8	29.2	69.0	—
Granby town, Hartford County	3 354	1.4	3.2	9.9	81.9	3.5	2.2	16.8	81.0	—
Greenwich town, Fairfield County	22 192	53.2	1.0	9.0	36.3	.2	5.9	30.8	63.3	1.0
Grissold town, New London County	3 833	.2	5.9	19.1	66.7	8.1	8.0	30.8	61.2	2.8
Groton city, New London County	4 101	.6	2.2	23.0	72.5	1.7	9.9	46.6	43.5	3.3
Groton town, New London County	14 853	.9	3.0	24.2	69.7	2.1	5.6	39.2	55.2	1.8
Guilford town, New Haven County	7 181	4.4	1.3	17.6	72.3	4.3	2.7	20.8	76.4	.3
Guilford Center COP, New Haven County	1 126	6.0	1.8	21.0	70.0	1.2	9.1	34.3	56.6	—
Haddam town, Middlesex County	2 443	—	1.6	13.3	78.9	.2	3.4	19.1	77.6	1.5
Hamden town, New Haven County	20 641	27.3	1.7	11.7	58.4	6.9	8.8	35.8	55.3	1.0
Hampton town, Windham County	581	—	.3	9.6	68.7	21.3	4.0	21.7	74.4	.7
Hartford city, Hartford County	51 464	50.3	2.8	16.4	29.2	1.3	38.5	39.5	21.9	14.5
Hartford town, Hartford County	51 464	50.3	2.8	16.4	29.2	1.3	38.5	39.5	21.9	14.5
Hartford town, Hartford County	633	—	2.2	6.2	79.0	12.6	3.0	17.2	79.8	—
Hamwinton town, Litchfield County	1 800	.5	1.4	8.5	82.4	7.2	1.6	19.7	78.7	—
Hazardville COP, Hartford County	1 852	1.8	3.0	1.9	92.7	—	2.3	25.3	72.4	.2
Hebron town, Tolland County	2 335	3.0	3.7	10.6	73.4	9.4	1.9	13.3	84.8	.8
Heritage Village COP, New Haven County	2 361	—	—	97.2	2.5	.3	7.7	71.3	21.0	—
Higganum COP, Middlesex County	649	—	—	12.5	83.4	4.2	4.9	24.8	70.3	—
Jewett City borough, New London County	1 336	—	7.2	16.5	74.8	1.5	15.5	43.1	41.4	5.3
Kensington COP, Hartford County	3 077	54.1	1.2	5.3	38.3	1.1	4.2	26.2	69.6	.7
Kent town, Litchfield County	1 140	—	1.5	21.1	62.0	15.4	3.1	37.5	59.5	1.6
Killingly town, Windham County	5 873	15.4	3.3	14.4	60.7	6.2	9.0	34.2	56.7	3.5
Killingworth town, Middlesex County	1 728	—	3.5	13.5	73.8	9.2	4.7	17.5	77.8	—
Lake Pocotopaug COP, Middlesex County	1 221	—	6.6	31.0	57.6	4.8	1.3	37.4	61.3	1.6
Lebanon town, New London County	2 044	.3	4.2	10.4	68.7	16.4	.9	16.9	82.2	.3
Ledyard town, New London County	5 048	.2	1.0	19.2	74.5	5.0	1.2	19.2	79.6	.3
Lisbon town, New London County	1 342	.4	6.3	4.2	80.8	8.3	2.2	20.6	77.1	1.3
Litchfield borough, Litchfield County	557	—	—	13.3	85.1	1.6	10.4	39.0	50.6	—
Litchfield town, Litchfield County	3 151	.1	1.0	16.8	75.2	7.0	4.9	26.9	68.2	.7
Lyme town, New London County	812	.2	2.1	15.9	68.7	13.1	2.0	20.6	77.5	.5
Madison town, New Haven County	5 572	.7	2.2	25.5	62.4	2.9	2.0	23.2	74.8	1.1
Madison Center COP, New Haven County	1 001	4.8	1.7	42.2	50.0	1.3	3.5	40.8	55.7	2.8
Manchester town, Hartford County	20 745	38.8	1.1	10.0	48.8	1.3	8.1	33.3	58.6	1.2
Mansfield town, Tolland County	4 931	2.4	1.5	30.1	59.9	6.1	3.8	37.2	59.1	.9
Marlborough town, Hartford County	1 802	.3	4.6	19.8	66.8	8.5	1.6	12.8	85.7	—
Meriden city, New Haven County	23 240	32.1	1.8	12.2	52.8	1.1	11.7	34.6	53.8	4.0
Meriden town, New Haven County	23 240	32.1	1.8	12.2	52.8	1.1	11.7	34.6	53.8	4.0
Middlebury town, New Haven County	2 227	.6	1.6	10.5	84.7	2.6	1.5	23.2	75.3	.3
Middlefield town, Middlesex County	1 460	—	4.3	13.3	77.3	5.1	2.1	25.7	72.2	—
Middletown city, Middlesex County	16 821	17.1	1.6	24.3	55.3	1.6	9.9	36.4	53.8	2.3
Middletown town, Middlesex County	16 821	17.1	1.6	24.3	55.3	1.6	9.9	36.4	53.8	2.3
Milford town, New Haven County	18 851	37.1	1.4	7.1	52.8	1.6	5.5	31.7	62.8	.7
Milford city (remainder), New Haven County	18 116	36.5	1.5	6.8	53.6	1.6	5.5	31.5	63.0	.7
Monroe town, Fairfield County	5 426	26.2	2.1	4.8	64.8	2.1	1.8	14.4	83.8	.6
Montville town, New London County	5 949	10.9	3.2	14.7	65.7	5.5	4.2	24.0	71.9	.7
Moodus COP, Middlesex County	470	—	9.6	13.4	67.9	9.1	4.5	38.5	57.0	1.1
Mosopus COP, Windham County	1 226	.5	7.3	15.1	73.2	3.8	13.3	33.0	53.7	3.4
Morris town, Litchfield County	797	—	5.5	13.3	70.9	10.3	3.0	26.5	70.5	.8
Mystic COP, New London County	1 095	—	4.5	14.0	78.4	3.1	5.4	33.6	61.0	1.2
Naugatuck borough, New Haven County	11 330	19.9	1.4	20.7	56.5	1.5	6.5	32.0	61.4	.9
Naugatuck town, New Haven County	11 330	19.9	1.4	20.7	56.5	1.5	6.5	32.0	61.4	.9
New Britain city, Hartford County	30 170	56.4	2.5	11.5	29.0	.6	15.9	41.3	42.7	5.3
New Britain town, Hartford County	30 170	56.4	2.5	11.5	29.0	.6	15.9	41.3	42.7	5.3
New Canaan town, Fairfield County	6 497	.3	.9	13.3	85.2	.3	2.6	22.5	74.9	.5
New Fairfield town, Fairfield County	4 271	.1	.4	23.6	72.5	3.4	1.5	18.0	80.5	.6
New Hartford town, Litchfield County	2 085	1.3	4.2	10.8	75.2	8.4	2.7	17.7	79.6	.8
New Hartford Center COP, Litchfield County	560	2.1	4.1	10.4	78.6	4.8	5.7	25.9	68.4	3.0
New Haven city, New Haven County	48 986	44.0	2.6	13.0	39.6	.8	29.5	42.0	28.4	7.5
New Haven town, New Haven County	48 986	44.0	2.6	13.0	39.6	.8	29.5	42.0	28.4	7.5
Newington town, Hartford County	11 223	45.8	2.1	9.1	42.1	1.0	3.9	32.7	63.4	.2
Newington COP, Hartford County	11 223	45.8	2.1	9.1	42.1	1.0	3.9	32.7	63.4	.2
New London city, New London County	10 712	32.2	2.2	23.0	41.4	1.1	21.7	42.3	36.0	6.3
New London town, New London County	10 712	32.2	2.2	23.0	41.4	1.1	21.7	42.3	36.0	6.3
New Milford COP, Litchfield County	2 337	—	.6	49.3	47.6	2.4	9.8	38.3	51.8	1.7
New Milford town, Litchfield County	8 149	—	1.4	34.3	58.0	6.4	3.2	27.9	68.9	1.1
New Preston COP, Litchfield County	450	—	5.1	6.4	77.8	10.7	2.9	30.2	66.9	.9
Newtown borough, Fairfield County	650	19.7	.8	1.2	76.5	1.8	2.6	18.5	78.9	.3
Newtown town, Fairfield County	6 798	7.3	2.1	8.6	78.4	3.6	1.4	18.2	80.3	.5
Niantic COP, New London County	1 293	—	4.6	24.4	66.9	4.2	7.5	36.0	56.5	1.1
Norfolk town, Litchfield County	673	.3	1.6	8.8	79.9	9.4	3.4	29.6	67.0	.3
North Branford town, New Haven County	4 481	9.1	3.1	6.3	77.7	3.8	2.8	19.5	77.7	.3
North Canaan town, Litchfield County	1 399	—	2.6	15.2	77.9	4.2	10.4	32.3	57.3	2.7
North Granby COP, Hartford County	458	1.3	1.3	8.5	84.3	4.6	.9	9.4	89.7	—
North Grosvenor Dale COP, Windham County	626	.8	23.2	5.8	65.3	5.0	5.3	39.0	55.8	9.9
North Haven town, New Haven County	7 976	17.6	.5	8.5	72.1	1.3	3.8	24.2	72.1	.2
North Haven COP, New Haven County	7 984	17.7	.5	8.5	72.0	1.3	3.8	24.1	72.1	.2
North Stonington town, New London County	1 670	—	3.7	10.0	66.9	19.3	1.1	17.5	81.4	.5
Northwest Harwinton COP, Litchfield County	1 186	.8	1.6	7.8	84.7	5.2	1.9	27.2	71.0	—
Norwalk city, Fairfield County	30 560	21.5	1.4	20.1	55.8	1.2	8.6	32.7	58.7	1.5

Table 14. **Fuels and Equipment Characteristics: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	All occupied housing units	Percent with—								No telephone in unit
		House heating fuel					Vehicles available			
		Utility gas	Bottled, tank, or LP gas	Electricity	Fuel oil, kero- sene, etc.	Other or none	None	1	2 or more	
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.										
Norwalk town, Fairfield County.....	30 560	21.5	1.4	20.1	55.8	1.2	8.6	32.7	58.7	1.5
Norwich city, New London County.....	15 018	30.0	2.2	12.4	54.0	1.5	12.4	37.7	49.9	3.7
Norwich town, New London County.....	15 018	30.0	2.2	12.4	54.0	1.5	12.4	37.7	49.9	3.7
Oakville CDP, Litchfield County.....	3 112	20.0	1.4	15.8	59.6	3.2	7.5	26.3	66.2	.8
Old Lyme town, New London County.....	2 568	.2	4.8	25.8	63.0	6.2	2.9	24.5	72.6	.2
Old Saybrook town, Middlesex County.....	3 779	1.7	2.0	24.7	66.9	4.7	3.5	26.2	70.3	.4
Old Saybrook Center CDP, Middlesex County.....	888	3.7	—	27.8	63.5	5.0	5.2	36.3	58.6	—
Orange town, New Haven County.....	4 421	2.4	.6	2.4	93.6	1.0	2.2	16.9	80.9	.1
Orange CDP, New Haven County.....	4 421	2.4	.6	2.4	93.6	1.0	2.2	16.9	80.9	.1
Oxford town, New Haven County.....	2 814	6.2	2.3	5.4	82.2	3.8	1.8	14.6	83.6	—
Powcatuck CDP, New London County.....	2 185	26.8	.4	8.5	62.4	1.9	10.4	38.7	50.9	2.1
Plainfield town, Windham County.....	4 996	6.5	4.5	17.7	62.9	8.3	8.4	27.0	64.6	2.3
Plainfield Village CDP, Windham County.....	961	26.3	5.0	16.4	46.2	6.0	16.2	24.0	59.7	2.7
Plainville town, Hartford County.....	7 089	18.1	1.4	26.4	51.7	2.4	4.8	36.7	58.6	1.0
Plymouth town, Litchfield County.....	4 329	14.0	3.2	18.2	58.2	6.4	5.5	25.3	69.2	.8
Pomfret town, Windham County.....	1 141	.4	1.7	11.3	74.3	12.3	.6	30.5	68.9	.4
Poquonock Bridge CDP, New London County.....	981	.5	9.4	29.3	58.1	2.8	10.3	33.3	56.4	1.4
Portland town, Middlesex County.....	3 119	1.1	1.1	11.7	82.7	3.5	3.7	26.6	69.7	—
Portland CDP, Middlesex County.....	2 130	.6	1.3	11.3	84.2	2.6	4.2	32.8	63.1	.6
Preston town, New London County.....	1 621	.4	5.6	14.4	70.4	9.2	6.7	20.8	72.5	.9
Prospect town, New Haven County.....	2 556	.5	1.5	7.7	84.6	5.7	2.2	19.0	78.8	—
Putnam town, Windham County.....	3 589	20.1	5.7	14.8	54.4	4.9	15.1	39.1	45.8	6.2
Putnam District CDP, Windham County.....	2 838	25.5	6.4	15.8	49.2	3.1	18.0	43.2	38.9	7.8
Quinebaug CDP, Windham County.....	416	—	3.6	3.6	87.3	.5	—	41.1	58.9	—
Redding town, Fairfield County.....	2 801	—	2.0	12.3	82.5	.3	2.8	15.3	81.9	—
Ridgefield CDP, Fairfield County.....	2 569	10.2	.2	14.0	75.3	.2	5.8	25.8	68.4	—
Ridgefield town, Fairfield County.....	7 569	7.6	1.0	10.1	80.8	.6	2.6	19.1	78.3	—
Rocky Hill town, Hartford County.....	6 577	53.3	1.9	9.1	35.1	.6	3.8	34.8	61.4	.6
Roxbury town, Litchfield County.....	7 719	—	2.5	13.8	71.1	12.7	1.7	23.9	74.4	.6
Salem town, New London County.....	1 122	—	4.2	22.5	60.0	13.3	.9	27.2	71.9	—
Salisbury town, Litchfield County.....	1 707	.6	2.6	14.6	73.2	9.0	6.3	42.1	51.6	—
Salmon Brook CDP, Hartford County.....	918	4.6	5.3	18.3	68.7	3.1	7.2	23.1	69.7	—
Saybrook Manor CDP, Middlesex County.....	471	—	9.6	22.3	60.7	7.4	3.2	16.8	80.0	—
Scotland town, Windham County.....	5 618	—	1.7	10.3	71.5	16.5	4.1	21.5	74.4	.7
Seymour town, New Haven County.....	414	3.1	.8	14.2	80.6	1.4	6.0	31.0	63.0	1.0
Sharon town, Litchfield County.....	1 193	1.8	1.3	13.9	73.1	10.9	1.7	32.3	66.1	.1
Shelton city, Fairfield County.....	12 454	24.4	1.1	6.5	66.8	1.3	5.1	22.2	72.7	.7
Shelton town, Fairfield County.....	12 454	24.4	1.1	6.5	66.8	1.3	5.1	22.2	72.7	.7
Sherman town, Fairfield County.....	1 078	—	3.1	21.5	66.2	9.2	2.0	26.3	71.7	—
Sherwood Manor CDP, Hartford County.....	2 177	62.2	.8	7.8	28.3	.9	2.7	19.2	78.2	.3
Simsbury town, Hartford County.....	7 910	11.7	2.8	15.2	69.1	1.1	2.4	20.3	77.3	—
Simsbury Center CDP, Hartford County.....	2 114	9.6	1.1	18.8	69.2	1.2	4.4	25.9	69.7	—
Somers town, Tolland County.....	2 632	—	3.2	13.5	80.5	2.8	2.7	16.8	80.5	2.1
Soubury town, New Haven County.....	6 209	.2	1.9	47.1	46.8	4.0	3.9	40.6	55.5	.9
South Coventry CDP, Tolland County.....	481	3.3	6.2	27.2	57.6	5.2	5.0	31.8	63.2	1.7
Southington town, Hartford County.....	13 766	34.4	1.1	11.9	50.6	2.2	5.1	23.7	71.2	.9
South Windham CDP, Windham County.....	604	1.5	6.8	15.7	66.7	9.3	5.6	22.0	72.4	1.0
South Windsor town, Hartford County.....	7 850	37.0	1.1	13.8	46.8	1.3	1.9	19.3	78.8	.4
Southwood Acres CDP, Hartford County.....	2 983	13.1	.4	7.5	78.0	.9	2.2	15.9	82.0	—
South Woodstock CDP, Windham County.....	475	1.7	4.6	21.1	67.2	5.5	5.5	28.8	65.7	—
Sprague town, New London County.....	1 034	—	6.5	12.2	76.1	5.2	7.2	26.1	66.7	1.1
Stefford town, Tolland County.....	4 063	.1	2.8	20.7	67.1	9.3	8.0	26.8	65.2	2.6
Stefford Springs borough, Tolland County.....	1 626	.3	2.9	32.5	62.5	1.8	12.8	33.9	53.3	4.4
Stamford city, Fairfield County.....	41 945	28.3	1.8	23.5	45.5	.9	11.8	34.6	53.6	1.7
Stamford town, Fairfield County.....	41 945	28.3	1.8	23.5	45.5	.9	11.8	34.6	53.6	1.7
Sterling town, Windham County.....	805	—	1.6	10.7	70.2	17.5	5.1	22.6	71.7	3.5
Stonington borough, New London County.....	571	1.2	3.7	12.3	82.5	.4	5.1	52.5	42.4	1.9
Stonington town, New London County.....	7 017	10.4	2.4	14.3	70.0	3.0	6.1	35.0	59.0	1.1
Storrs CDP, Tolland County.....	1 607	5.4	—	41.7	51.6	1.3	4.4	50.3	45.3	.4
Stratford town, Fairfield County.....	19 310	48.2	1.2	5.4	44.5	.7	7.8	33.2	59.0	1.1
Stratford CDP, Fairfield County.....	19 310	48.2	1.2	5.4	44.5	.7	7.8	33.2	59.0	1.1
Suffield town, Hartford County.....	4 176	7.7	3.8	15.8	69.3	3.4	4.0	23.3	72.7	1.1
Suffield Depot CDP, Hartford County.....	486	4.1	1.9	42.2	49.4	2.5	15.0	35.4	49.6	—
Torrville CDP, Hartford County.....	615	—	2.3	22.4	73.2	2.1	4.2	32.0	63.7	—
Terrauggus CDP, Hartford County.....	386	—	11.7	17.1	68.4	2.8	3.6	13.5	82.9	—
Terryville CDP, Litchfield County.....	2 143	23.5	2.3	16.7	54.2	3.4	5.9	30.8	63.2	.9
Thomaston town, Litchfield County.....	2 642	22.0	.9	21.8	52.8	2.4	6.5	28.3	65.1	.9
Thompson town, Windham County.....	3 224	37.0	7.8	13.4	48.1	10.0	3.4	32.4	64.1	3.0
Thompsonville CDP, Hartford County.....	3 376	22.7	1.5	10.0	50.9	—	14.8	37.5	47.7	3.2
Tolland town, Tolland County.....	3 674	.3	1.0	8.3	81.7	8.7	1.2	15.9	82.9	.5
Torrington city, Litchfield County.....	13 883	31.8	1.3	16.0	49.3	1.6	10.4	35.1	54.5	1.9
Torrington town, Litchfield County.....	13 883	31.8	1.3	16.0	49.3	1.6	10.4	35.1	54.5	1.9
Trumbull town, Fairfield County.....	10 838	27.5	.5	3.6	67.9	.5	3.6	18.6	77.9	.2
Trumbull CDP, Fairfield County.....	10 838	27.5	.5	3.6	67.9	.5	3.6	18.6	77.9	.2
Uncasville-Oxoboxe Valley CDP, New London County.....	1 201	.7	2.6	17.7	72.1	6.9	10.6	29.1	60.4	1.3
Union town, Tolland County.....	234	—	3.0	6.0	69.7	21.4	2.1	20.9	76.9	.9
Vernon town, Tolland County.....	12 137	24.1	1.7	10.8	61.8	1.6	7.6	32.5	59.7	2.9
Voluntown town, New London County.....	775	.5	5.7	21.2	54.1	18.6	4.0	22.6	73.4	1.5
Wallingford town, New Haven County.....	15 174	24.2	.8	17.3	56.2	1.5	5.2	30.5	64.3	1.0
Wallingford Center CDP, New Haven County.....	7 231	33.6	1.0	16.6	47.7	1.1	8.8	37.9	53.3	1.6
Warren town, Litchfield County.....	467	—	3.2	14.6	63.2	19.1	2.4	23.6	74.1	.4
Washington town, Litchfield County.....	1 519	—	3.6	10.0	76.8	9.6	1.8	35.1	70.8	—
Waterbury city, New Haven County.....	43 164	32.9	1.9	24.8	39.5	1.0	18.9	37.9	43.2	5.3
Waterbury town, New Haven County.....	43 164	32.9	1.9	24.8	39.5	1.0	18.9	37.9	43.2	5.3
Waterford town, New London County.....	6 956	1.0	1.4	21.4	73.4	2.8	3.6	28.2	68.2	.4
Watertown town, Litchfield County.....	7 254	19.8	1.2	14.8	60.5	3.7	5.6	24.5	69.9	.9
Westport CDP, Windham County.....	379	9.5	5.0	22.7	57.3	5.5	6.3	40.4	53.3	6.1
Westogue CDP, Hartford County.....	922	19.5	1.5	19.3	59.3	19.7	19.7	37.5	77.5	—
Westbrook town, Middlesex County.....	2 203	.5	4.8	30.0	60.8	3.9	2.4	37.9	59.7	2.9
Westbrook Center CDP, Middlesex County.....	924	1.1	9.4	34.6	53.1	1.7	2.8	46.3	50.9	5.1

Table 14. **Fuels and Equipment Characteristics: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	All occupied housing units	Percent with—								No telephone in unit
		House heating fuel					Vehicles available			
		Utility gas	Bottled, tank, or LP gas	Electricity	Fuel oil, kero- sene, etc.	Other or none	None	1	2 or more	
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.										
West Hartford town, Hartford County -----	23 916	37.9	1.5	5.9	53.9	.7	8.0	35.3	56.7	.3
West Hartford CDP, Hartford County -----	23 916	37.9	1.5	5.9	53.9	.7	8.0	35.3	56.7	.3
West Haven city, New Haven County -----	21 284	29.3	2.2	17.7	50.0	.8	11.6	39.0	49.5	1.9
West Haven town, New Haven County -----	21 284	29.3	2.2	17.7	50.0	.8	11.6	39.0	49.5	1.9
West Mystic CDP, New London County -----	1 441	—	1.2	14.4	82.6	1.7	3.2	30.3	66.5	1.0
Weston town, Fairfield County -----	3 006	6.7	1.5	4.8	85.7	1.4	.6	16.4	83.0	.2
Westport town, Fairfield County -----	9 281	10.9	2.0	6.8	79.8	.5	2.9	22.6	74.5	.4
Westport CDP, Fairfield County -----	9 275	10.9	2.0	6.8	79.8	.5	2.9	22.6	74.5	.4
West Simsbury CDP, Hartford County -----	656	2.7	9.5	4.1	81.7	2.0	3.8	14.6	81.6	—
Wethersfield town, Hartford County -----	10 470	47.3	.6	6.4	45.5	.3	7.7	36.1	56.2	.5
Wethersfield CDP, Hartford County -----	10 470	47.3	.6	6.4	45.5	.3	7.7	36.1	56.2	.5
Willimantic CDP, Windham County -----	5 509	32.8	2.9	13.7	49.1	1.4	17.2	41.1	41.6	7.7
Wilmington town, Tolland County -----	2 193	.8	.8	28.1	59.4	10.9	.6	19.2	80.2	—
Wilton town, Fairfield County -----	5 541	.4	1.1	12.3	85.1	1.1	1.5	17.6	80.9	.2
Winchester town, Litchfield County -----	4 522	27.1	1.2	13.8	52.5	5.5	9.6	32.3	58.2	3.7
Windham town, Windham County -----	8 128	22.6	2.6	12.8	58.5	3.5	15.5	36.8	47.7	7.0
Windsor town, Hartford County -----	9 838	25.9	1.4	9.4	61.6	1.7	3.4	27.6	69.0	.3
Windsor Locks town, Hartford County -----	4 758	30.1	.8	8.5	60.3	.4	4.7	28.6	66.6	.6
Windsor Locks CDP, Hartford County -----	4 758	30.1	.8	8.5	60.3	.4	4.7	28.6	66.6	.6
Winsted CDP, Litchfield County -----	3 348	34.0	1.1	12.6	48.8	3.4	12.1	36.5	51.4	4.5
Wolcott town, New Haven County -----	4 636	.8	2.6	16.1	75.9	4.6	2.1	22.5	75.4	—
Woodbridge town, New Haven County -----	2 747	4.2	.7	2.8	91.0	1.4	.8	16.2	83.0	—
Woodbury town, Litchfield County -----	3 239	—	2.1	28.3	66.1	3.5	2.4	27.9	69.7	.9
Woodbury Center CDP, Litchfield County -----	547	—	1.3	21.4	74.8	2.6	9.0	35.5	55.6	1.1
Woodmont borough, New Haven County -----	735	52.0	.7	12.8	33.5	1.1	5.0	36.2	58.8	.5
Woodstock town, Windham County -----	2 278	.4	1.5	19.4	61.8	16.9	3.2	26.7	70.1	1.3
Milford city, New Haven County -----	18 851	37.1	1.4	7.1	52.8	1.6	5.5	31.7	62.8	.7

Table 15. Homeowner and Renter Characteristics: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	All owner-occupied housing units				Specified owner-occupied housing units				All renter-occupied housing units					
	Total	Percent with householder moved into unit—		Total	With a mortgage		Total	Not mortgaged		Total	Percent with householder moved into unit—		Specified renter paying cash rent	
		1989 to March 1990	1969 or earlier		Medion selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Medion selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989		Medion selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Medion selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989					
The State	807 559	6.9	31.7	449 008	1 096	22.9	200 962	338	13.7	422 920	35.4	5.3	598	26.6
Fairfield County	208 121	7.0	30.5	116 516	1 406	23.2	49 321	400+	14.4	96 890	34.9	5.7	709	27.3
Bethel town	4 630	6.5	23.0	3 139	1 254	23.5	836	358	14.3	1 545	35.0	3.1	762	26.0
Bethel CDP	2 143	5.9	29.8	1 286	1 086	24.0	434	328	14.5	1 342	33.2	2.7	755	26.0
Bridgeport town	23 104	6.2	32.6	8 187	1 066	26.2	4 951	400+	16.9	29 224	35.0	6.5	594	30.3
Bridgeport city	23 104	6.2	32.6	8 187	1 066	26.2	4 951	400+	16.9	29 224	35.0	6.5	594	30.3
Brookfield town	4 326	8.2	21.0	2 967	1 361	24.4	719	355	13.9	9 613	39.6	9.3	880	24.6
Oonbury town	14 478	8.6	28.5	7 823	1 181	24.0	2 829	366	14.5	9 613	37.1	3.6	693	26.5
Oonbury city	14 478	8.6	28.5	7 823	1 181	24.0	2 829	366	14.5	9 613	37.1	3.6	693	26.5
Oonien town	5 491	8.4	32.8	3 582	2 000+	22.0	1 574	400+	12.0	913	47.8	5.4	1 000+	23.7
Oonien CDP	5 461	8.4	32.9	3 552	2 000+	21.9	1 574	400+	12.0	913	47.8	5.4	1 000+	23.7
Easton town	1 984	5.2	27.1	1 355	1 744	23.2	427	400+	13.4	149	29.5	17.4	1 000+	23.1
Fairfield town	15 557	6.5	39.3	8 816	1 462	23.5	4 917	379	15.1	3 814	36.1	7.2	895	26.6
Greenwich town	15 049	5.3	34.8	7 692	1 963	20.6	4 430	400+	13.2	7 143	31.5	7.8	951	24.8
Marroe town	4 940	8.7	24.4	3 600	1 355	24.4	832	395	12.9	486	46.9	4.3	977	29.1
New Canaan town	5 141	7.4	23.3	3 230	2 000+	22.5	1 169	400+	13.3	1 356	43.7	2.8	1 000+	24.4
New Fairfield town	3 965	6.7	20.0	2 948	1 268	23.5	728	359	14.5	306	40.8	2.0	1 000+	25.0
Newtown town	6 038	7.9	21.7	4 276	1 317	24.2	1 010	387	14.1	760	35.1	4.7	820	28.3
Newtown borough	575	5.9	31.3	373	1 363	23.3	147	400+	14.0	75	30.7	1.3	934	29.6
Norwalk town	18 940	6.9	30.6	9 963	1 342	23.7	4 367	400+	15.4	11 620	34.5	5.3	738	26.6
Norwalk city	18 940	6.9	30.6	9 963	1 342	23.7	4 367	400+	15.4	11 620	34.5	5.3	738	26.6
Redding town	2 452	5.3	25.9	1 659	1 742	23.0	469	400+	13.4	349	30.4	1.4	1 000+	26.9
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	116	—	60.3	42	900	22.5	65	367	14.4	63	23.8	—	1 000+	30.0
Ridgefield town	6 252	9.9	20.0	4 517	1 806	24.0	911	400+	13.2	1 317	37.7	4.8	903	27.8
Ridgefield CDP	1 802	12.5	23.0	1 153	1 772	25.4	381	400+	15.7	767	35.3	4.0	850	29.7
Shelton town	9 898	9.0	26.1	6 118	1 147	22.8	2 108	325	12.7	2 556	41.2	7.9	654	27.1
Shelton city	9 898	9.0	26.1	6 118	1 147	22.8	2 108	325	12.7	2 556	41.2	7.9	654	27.1
Sherman town	9 969	5.0	19.7	575	1 308	21.9	238	339	13.0	109	41.3	12.8	1 000+	30.7
Stamford town	24 275	7.5	30.4	11 753	1 629	22.8	5 328	400+	14.7	17 670	33.3	4.9	794	26.5
Stamford city	24 275	7.5	30.4	11 753	1 629	22.8	5 328	400+	14.7	17 670	33.3	4.9	794	26.5
Stamford town	15 399	4.7	40.2	7 482	998	22.4	5 408	333	15.0	3 911	28.3	5.4	676	26.6
Stamford CDP	15 399	4.7	40.2	7 482	998	22.4	5 408	333	15.0	3 911	28.3	5.4	676	26.6
Trumbull town	10 027	7.2	38.8	6 297	1 331	22.8	3 099	400+	14.4	811	29.0	6.9	854	22.8
Trumbull CDP	10 027	7.2	38.8	6 297	1 331	22.8	3 099	400+	14.4	811	29.0	6.9	854	22.8
Weston town	2 736	7.6	23.5	1 942	2 000+	22.8	480	400+	12.7	270	44.4	2.2	1 000+	21.6
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	52	—	48.1	40	1 833	20.0	7	400+	35.0+	6	—	—	875	10.0
Westport CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Westport town	7 687	6.9	28.4	5 187	1 994	22.0	1 660	400+	14.0	1 594	38.1	4.5	1 000+	24.8
Westport CDP (pt.)	7 681	6.9	28.4	5 187	1 994	22.0	1 654	400+	14.0	1 594	38.1	4.5	1 000+	24.8
Wilton town	4 783	8.2	20.9	3 408	1 984	22.0	831	400+	13.4	758	36.0	6.7	976	26.0
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	363	2.2	17.9	257	1 875	21.2	73	394	12.0	62	25.8	25.8	800	12.0
Hartford County	203 609	6.6	33.2	116 178	1 065	22.4	53 170	327	13.3	121 082	34.7	5.1	568	26.2
Avon town	4 493	9.5	20.6	3 028	1 589	23.6	916	400+	13.4	873	43.2	3.7	864	26.9
Berlin town	5 204	5.7	39.0	2 944	1 060	21.4	1 683	352	14.7	820	42.3	7.4	595	22.3
Kensington CDP	2 562	4.4	40.9	1 410	978	20.4	891	344	15.3	515	41.9	3.5	545	21.3
Bloomfield town	5 814	6.3	30.9	3 900	1 107	22.7	1 359	348	13.3	1 660	21.4	3.9	673	28.7
Blue Hills CDP	956	7.1	43.9	671	818	23.1	229	291	13.1	109	13.8	18.3	573	24.4
Bristol town	14 958	6.9	32.7	8 513	993	23.6	3 881	315	13.6	8 998	32.3	4.6	549	24.7
Bristol city	14 958	6.9	32.7	8 513	993	23.6	3 881	315	13.6	8 998	32.3	4.6	549	24.7
Burlington town	2 142	5.6	21.3	1 594	1 164	23.7	338	332	13.2	168	32.7	14.9	713	14.1
Canton town	2 503	7.1	24.5	1 703	1 176	22.9	368	377	13.0	699	32.0	5.4	639	26.1
Canton Valley CDP	453	8.2	16.8	326	1 047	22.5	43	360	23.8	236	27.1	3.8	467	26.1
Collinsville CDP	723	4.8	27.5	478	1 006	19.7	99	400+	11.4	335	34.3	6.0	644	23.1
East Granby town	1 300	7.3	24.6	843	1 007	20.5	263	325	12.3	324	38.6	1.9	621	21.2
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
East Hartford town	12 108	7.4	42.5	6 342	911	21.9	3 807	285	13.4	8 235	34.2	4.0	574	25.5
East Hartford CDP	12 108	7.4	42.5	6 342	911	21.9	3 807	285	13.4	8 235	34.2	4.0	574	25.5
East Windsor town	2 400	6.0	32.5	1 219	1 036	24.5	563	297	14.0	1 500	37.0	1.0	660	22.7
Brook Brook CDP	711	8.6	28.6	435	1 110	25.7	152	327	15.0	672	32.3	—	669	24.7
Enfield town	12 772	6.4	32.3	7 996	959	22.6	2 858	295	13.1	3 813	31.3	4.9	668	24.8
Hazardville CDP	1 573	6.4	44.4	986	923	23.0	495	282	12.4	279	30.1	2.9	753	30.1
Sherwood Manor CDP	1 968	7.5	38.0	1 399	867	19.8	347	329	12.1	209	34.0	2.9	754	29.2
Southwood Acres CDP	2 726	5.1	34.7	2 090	916	20.1	495	288	12.7	257	40.1	—	833	23.9
Thompsonville CDP	1 430	9.1	46.6	549	1 028	24.2	478	311	16.5	1 946	37.4	7.2	573	25.3
Farmington town	5 999	9.7	26.1	3 611	1 229	22.1	1 375	311	12.0	2 214	37.6	3.7	833	24.3
Glastonbury town	6 304	6.9	24.0	5 415	1 334	22.2	1 746	391	13.5	2 249	34.5	4.6	698	24.4
Glastonbury Center CDP	1 992	4.9	29.2	1 140	1 206	21.2	490	375	14.1	1 133	38.2	4.1	671	25.2
Wethersfield CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Granby town	2 879	5.5	20.9	2 024	1 227	22.7	485	356	11.4	475	45.9	3.6	686	24.1
North Granby CDP (pt.)	434	5.5	7.6	312	1 393	23.9	47	329	10.0	11	100.0	—	1 000+	24.6
Solman Brook CDP	638	7.2	25.2	427	1 141	21.3	147	379	10.4	280	42.9	1.4	551	25.6
Hartford town	12 148	6.8	32.7	4 388	1 963	23.9	2 203	308	14.8	39 316	35.3	4.8	504	29.1
Hartford city	12 148	6.8	32.7	4 388	1 963	23.9	2 203	308	14.8	39 316	35.3	4.8	504	29.1
Hartford town	573	3.3	29.5	350	992	23.7	130	313	11.2	60	20.0	3.3	530	22.5
North Granby CDP (pt.)	13	15.4	—	5	2 000+	31.3	2	400+	22.5	—	—	—	—	—
Manchester town	12 340	7.6	35.3	6 818	989	22.7	3 673	301	12.4	8 405	36.5	3.3	664	25.8
Central Manchester CDP	7 774	6.5	42.5	3 559	1 944	22.9	2 479	292	12.5	5 687	39.4	4.4	669	24.2

Table 15. Homeowner and Renter Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	All owner-occupied housing units			Specified owner-occupied housing units						All renter-occupied housing units				
	Total	Percent with house- holder moved into unit—		Total	With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		Total	Percent with house- holder moved into unit—		Specified renter paying cash rent		
		1989 to March 1990	1969 or earlier		Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Median selected monthly owner costs as a per- centage of household income in 1989	Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Median selected monthly owner costs as a per- centage of household income in 1989		Median gross rent (dollars)	Median gross rent as a per- centage of household income in 1989			
Hartford County—Con.														
Suffield town.....	3 346	7.2	24.4	1 966	1 146	22.5	849	350	12.3	830	32.7	8.8	669	25.4
Suffield Depot COP.....	273	2.2	15.4	170	1 157	23.3	72	396	13.6	213	30.5	9.4	419	28.0
West Hartford town.....	17 599	4.8	38.8	9 644	1 191	20.5	6 071	400+	13.7	6 317	31.1	5.6	687	26.7
West Hartford COP.....	17 599	4.8	38.8	9 644	1 191	20.5	6 071	400+	13.7	6 317	31.1	5.6	687	26.7
Westfield town.....	8 322	4.6	42.9	4 233	1 015	21.7	3 396	325	13.0	2 148	21.9	8.8	606	27.3
Westfield COP (pt.).....	8 322	4.6	42.9	4 233	1 015	21.7	3 396	325	13.0	2 148	21.9	8.8	606	27.3
Windsor town.....	7 843	7.8	28.0	5 214	1 117	23.4	1 932	283	12.8	1 995	43.5	7.2	719	24.8
Windsor Locks town.....	3 624	6.2	44.5	2 081	895	20.1	1 158	256	12.1	1 134	33.1	3.9	666	24.2
Windsor Locks COP (pt.).....	3 624	6.2	44.5	2 081	895	20.1	1 158	256	12.1	1 134	33.1	3.9	666	24.2
Litchfield County	48 584	7.4	30.2	25 854	1 007	23.3	12 149	320	13.6	17 787	32.8	5.1	575	24.8
Barkhamsted town.....	1 019	4.7	22.4	613	950	21.6	213	313	12.9	215	34.4	—	618	23.8
Bethlehem town.....	930	7.7	16.6	534	1 053	24.1	112	362	12.5	177	17.5	8.5	725	32.2
Bethlehem Village COP.....	573	8.9	17.8	349	986	23.4	139	351	13.2	133	23.3	11.3	719	34.1
Bridgewater town.....	562	5.7	25.4	304	1 311	23.7	134	388	15.1	92	37.0	7.6	912	23.8
Canaan town.....	355	5.1	30.4	164	824	24.7	101	296	14.3	76	35.5	13.2	572	29.6
Colebrook town.....	452	4.9	30.3	211	975	23.7	103	307	15.6	63	33.3	15.9	625	23.3
Comwall town.....	481	5.8	35.1	146	973	20.5	133	310	13.7	137	25.5	8.8	641	27.9
Goshen town.....	744	5.5	23.7	406	1 173	25.3	166	286	12.6	130	39.2	13.1	534	26.7
Harwinton town.....	1 491	4.1	30.5	731	1 025	22.4	376	299	13.7	284	16.4	16.5	800	30.3
Northwest Harwinton COP.....	1 082	3.3	35.5	686	961	21.8	263	290	14.5	104	29.8	17.3	842	31.0
Kent town.....	733	10.8	24.6	371	799	19.0	159	304	11.5	407	39.1	2.0	729	23.3
Litchfield town.....	2 392	4.7	31.5	1 168	960	21.9	665	368	13.3	759	27.0	8.6	609	23.7
Bantam borough.....	206	5.8	37.4	100	740	26.4	56	329	14.0	131	19.8	3.1	425	23.8
Litchfield borough.....	323	4.6	33.4	166	1 262	23.0	93	400+	14.1	234	26.9	9.0	630	24.9
Morris town.....	649	3.9	33.4	308	905	21.7	192	303	13.7	148	36.5	4.7	638	25.0
New Hartford town.....	1 170	11.1	29.6	1 073	1 117	23.9	324	285	12.4	315	22.6	—	622	24.2
New Hartford Center COP.....	365	5.8	44.1	217	1 105	25.4	103	291	14.9	195	22.6	—	623	24.2
New Milford town.....	6 328	11.7	17.3	4 086	1 179	24.2	916	327	12.3	2 091	38.3	1.0	690	26.2
New Milford COP.....	1 226	13.5	23.3	566	1 009	23.1	213	299	13.7	1 111	39.5	—	661	27.2
Norfolk town.....	503	7.6	25.2	221	1 013	23.0	117	398	14.0	170	24.1	8.8	495	26.6
North Canaan town.....	921	5.3	48.3	348	879	26.3	403	280	14.6	478	33.1	3.1	516	24.3
Canaan COP.....	303	10.9	52.8	172	912	28.4	164	304	13.1	283	32.5	5.3	464	25.0
Plymouth town.....	3 404	3.5	34.3	1 923	934	22.9	905	297	13.9	925	29.0	7.2	532	22.3
Terryville COP.....	1 440	3.4	45.6	653	964	23.6	499	298	13.8	703	30.0	8.5	516	22.4
Roxbury town.....	597	3.5	22.1	283	1 196	23.9	126	355	13.4	122	20.5	4.1	935	25.0
Salisbury town.....	1 177	1.4	33.6	445	872	22.3	451	338	16.0	530	31.3	8.3	570	28.0
Sharon town.....	946	8.5	23.8	394	772	19.4	268	300	15.2	247	30.0	2.8	665	31.5
Thomaston town.....	1 911	9.3	30.9	998	919	22.0	527	295	12.7	731	26.1	3.7	532	24.2
Torrington town.....	8 704	8.0	36.8	3 994	953	24.2	2 555	320	14.0	5 179	32.5	6.2	511	24.6
Torrington city.....	8 704	8.0	36.8	3 994	953	24.2	2 555	320	14.0	5 179	32.5	6.2	511	24.6
Warren town.....	410	8.5	28.3	198	1 037	23.6	100	316	12.7	57	28.1	22.8	828	35.0+
Washington town.....	1 176	6.0	28.4	562	1 139	20.9	268	377	15.0	343	39.1	8.2	722	23.5
New Preston COP.....	361	3.6	30.7	166	911	19.3	123	331	14.5	89	20.2	—	676	22.5
Watertown town.....	5 670	5.9	34.6	3 387	915	21.8	1 598	312	13.4	1 584	33.6	5.3	562	24.2
Oakville COP.....	2 289	6.9	40.7	315	854	21.7	760	309	14.2	823	35.8	5.2	560	24.1
Winchester town.....	7 720	8.4	34.4	436	977	25.2	606	323	15.1	1 802	33.6	4.3	534	24.5
Winsted COP.....	1 703	7.4	40.5	797	966	26.4	434	329	16.3	1 645	32.3	4.0	518	24.5
Woodbury town.....	2 339	9.4	27.0	1 232	1 242	24.0	531	380	12.9	900	35.6	1.7	741	26.7
Woodbury Center COP.....	279	5.4	43.7	88	1 637	22.0	117	381	13.4	268	27.6	5.6	703	30.5
Middlesex County	38 474	7.0	28.2	22 670	1 029	22.9	8 762	302	13.1	16 177	40.2	3.7	619	25.1
Chester town.....	934	4.1	30.4	529	1 174	23.9	239	283	14.9	482	48.8	1.9	595	26.8
Chester Center COP.....	414	6.3	26.6	236	1 275	26.8	102	324	13.8	193	56.0	3.1	594	27.5
Clinton town.....	3 590	7.2	21.8	2 281	1 103	24.7	700	328	13.5	1 069	45.6	1.8	775	28.7
Clinton COP.....	888	6.5	31.4	429	1 117	25.4	261	325	14.8	533	36.6	2.6	753	30.4
Cromwell town.....	3 657	9.4	23.7	2 252	1 117	23.1	680	321	13.9	1 205	32.4	4.1	722	25.9
Deep River town.....	1 219	6.3	35.4	642	938	21.9	413	314	15.5	436	46.3	4.1	637	29.8
Deep River Center COP.....	631	6.5	38.4	312	908	21.1	248	316	14.9	368	50.5	1.6	643	31.1
Durham town.....	1 688	4.0	27.0	1 201	1 152	21.9	259	340	10.7	174	29.3	4.6	561	29.4
Durham COP.....	814	4.4	29.1	547	1 194	22.3	156	358	11.2	108	30.6	—	575	32.7
East Haddam town.....	2 046	5.3	24.7	1 208	956	23.9	431	246	13.0	432	35.0	9.3	603	20.6
Moodus COP.....	307	2.3	58.0	160	969	23.2	115	206	11.6	163	54.6	—	524	23.0
East Hampton town.....	2 988	6.9	22.4	2 011	1 034	24.0	460	319	12.6	782	27.1	2.8	631	22.8
East Hampton COP.....	547	5.3	33.3	368	869	21.5	95	328	11.7	250	22.8	3.6	526	23.3
Lake Pocotopaug COP.....	864	8.4	44.8	1 071	651	29.7	118	328	14.4	357	35.0	—	511	21.7
Essex town.....	1 839	8.6	25.5	1 038	1 019	23.2	490	285	13.4	717	53.3	3.3	832	27.2
Essex Village COP.....	833	7.6	22.6	412	1 189	24.1	243	336	12.9	303	50.2	5.9	820	26.8
Haddam town.....	2 068	5.2	28.5	1 325	969	20.3	425	260	12.0	375	32.3	5.9	624	21.3
Higginson COP.....	497	5.8	44.1	274	733	16.9	159	258	12.7	152	40.8	5.3	541	20.4
Killingworth town.....	1 629	7.0	19.8	906	1 271	26.7	215	400+	12.2	99	39.4	11.1	658	20.1
Middlefield town.....	1 240	4.4	44.8	726	927	22.5	380	303	12.5	220	33.2	5.0	593	24.1
Middletown town.....	8 535	8.2	32.8	4 425	983	22.3	2 127	295	13.2	8 286	41.9	3.2	576	24.6
Middletown city.....	8 535	8.2	32.8	4 425	983	22.3	2 127	295	13.2	8 286	41.9	3.2	576	24.6
Old Saybrook town.....	3 046	5.5	24.8	1 897	1 001	21.3	879	295	12.7	733	41.3	2.3	810	26.4
Fenwick borough.....	31	—	54.8	9	1 208	35.0+	22	400+	14.7	6	33.3	—	875	10.0
Old Saybrook Center COP.....	677	3.2	35.5	351	797	21.7	250	318	14.2	211	16.1	—	634	24.8
Saybrook Manor COP.....	387	4.9	28.9	216	1 136	16.9	143	272	10.0	84	44.0	—	758	30.8
Portland town.....	2 985	6.1	37.7	1 362	1 031	23.2	703	312	12.9	304	37.1	6.7	541	25.9
Portland COP.....	1 535	4.5	44.8	769	964									

Table 15. Homeowner and Renter Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County County Subdivision Place	All owner-occupied housing units			Specified owner-occupied housing units						All renter-occupied housing units				
	Total	Percent with householder moved into unit—		With a mortgage			Not mortgaged			Percent with householder moved into unit—		Specified renter paying cash rent		
		1989 to March 1990	1969 or earlier	Total	Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989	Total	Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989	Total	1989 to March 1990	1969 or earlier	rent (dollars)	Median gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989
New Haven County—Con.														
Derby town	2 882	7.4	38.6	1 178	1 016	25.1	767	315	14.9	2 092	34.8	8.4	597	24.7
Derby city	2 882	7.4	38.6	1 178	1 016	25.1	767	315	14.9	2 092	34.8	8.4	597	24.7
East Haven town	7 524	8.3	43.7	3 688	938	25.1	2 533	318	16.1	2 535	37.2	5.0	605	26.8
East Haven COP (pt.)	7 524	8.3	43.7	3 688	938	25.1	2 533	318	16.1	2 535	37.2	5.0	605	26.8
Guilford town	6 053	6.3	22.3	4 274	1 178	22.4	1 089	370	13.3	1 128	39.9	2.8	752	26.4
Guilford Center COP	661	2.6	46.0	311	1 074	23.6	210	329	14.0	465	32.9	1.5	688	29.5
Hamden town	14 492	6.5	37.4	7 689	1 050	22.4	4 699	366	14.3	6 149	31.6	5.3	680	29.1
Madison town	4 744	6.3	17.2	3 110	1 306	22.4	1 095	400+	14.1	828	46.1	1.1	778	28.2
Madison Center COP	623	3.7	22.6	381	1 473	23.8	133	384	18.0	378	38.9	2.4	584	29.5
Menden town	14 071	8.0	35.7	7 237	1 006	23.8	3 776	301	13.9	9 169	35.2	5.6	533	26.7
Menden city	14 071	8.0	35.7	7 237	1 006	23.8	3 776	301	13.9	9 169	35.2	5.6	533	26.7
Middlebury town	1 980	5.9	35.4	1 198	1 041	20.7	618	338	13.6	247	38.9	7.7	680	25.0
Milford town	14 358	6.0	33.2	8 590	1 024	23.3	3 904	347	14.2	4 493	36.5	3.3	748	26.1
Milford city (remainder)	13 873	5.9	33.4	8 278	1 025	23.3	3 791	347	14.1	4 243	35.8	3.2	746	26.2
Woodmont borough	485	9.5	28.5	312	1 005	23.9	113	361	15.4	250	47.6	5.6	799	25.2
Naugatuck town	7 606	7.3	28.3	4 331	1 057	24.3	1 685	330	14.3	3 724	35.7	4.2	578	23.9
Naugatuck borough	7 606	7.3	28.3	4 331	1 057	24.3	1 685	330	14.4	3 724	35.7	4.2	578	23.9
New Haven town	15 655	6.0	34.5	5 662	989	23.5	3 028	364	14.9	33 331	33.6	6.1	568	30.0
New Haven city	15 655	6.0	34.5	5 662	989	23.5	3 028	364	14.9	33 331	33.6	6.1	568	30.0
North Branford town	3 924	4.9	35.7	2 493	1 028	22.3	978	311	13.8	557	38.1	2.2	765	28.6
North Haven town	7 043	4.8	44.5	3 886	1 030	22.1	2 553	337	13.0	933	25.2	8.4	686	25.1
North Haven CDP (pt.)	7 043	4.8	44.5	3 886	1 030	22.1	2 553	337	13.0	933	25.2	8.4	686	25.1
Orange town	4 157	3.5	43.7	2 360	1 298	21.8	1 466	400+	13.4	264	39.0	15.5	815	21.0
Orange COP	4 157	3.5	43.7	2 360	1 298	21.8	1 466	400+	13.4	264	39.0	15.5	815	21.0
Oxford town	2 590	4.6	22.7	1 736	1 146	25.1	520	310	12.4	224	21.0	8.0	618	25.6
Prospect town	2 380	6.6	37.5	1 382	1 048	23.1	674	278	13.6	176	40.3	2.8	727	23.4
Seymour town	4 006	5.4	41.3	1 837	940	22.9	1 286	267	12.9	1 598	37.6	10.1	600	23.8
Southbury town	5 340	10.2	10.3	2 514	1 200	25.8	1 625	400+	16.9	869	43.8	3.1	929	23.2
Henriette Village COP	2 124	11.2	4.3	262	1 091	35.0+	1 045	400+	20.2	237	55.7	—	941	35.0+
Wallingford town	10 917	6.8	31.9	6 147	1 041	22.6	2 626	321	13.9	4 257	34.2	4.5	617	24.9
Wallingford Center COP	4 097	7.2	42.4	1 758	1 031	23.0	1 256	308	14.8	3 134	31.6	4.2	584	24.8
Waterbury town	21 159	7.5	40.7	9 137	923	23.2	6 478	308	13.9	22 005	31.4	7.4	492	26.8
Waterbury city	21 159	7.5	40.7	9 137	923	23.2	6 478	308	13.9	22 005	31.4	7.4	492	26.8
West Haven town	11 931	4.6	39.2	6 071	977	23.6	3 391	349	15.0	9 353	35.2	5.8	621	26.4
West Haven city	11 931	4.6	39.2	6 071	977	23.6	3 391	349	15.0	9 353	35.2	5.8	621	26.4
Wolcott town	4 127	7.8	37.3	2 565	958	22.5	1 223	307	12.4	509	35.2	6.7	635	24.0
Woodbridge town	2 504	6.0	32.6	1 499	1 483	20.1	739	400+	13.8	243	23.5	23.5	848	25.9
New London County	60 315	7.0	30.1	33 333	963	23.3	14 237	283	13.0	32 930	42.4	4.6	572	25.8
Bazrah town	666	7.5	28.4	319	852	25.4	176	274	11.4	157	42.0	17.8	597	18.8
Colchester town	3 046	10.7	16.1	1 980	1 054	24.2	339	280	13.6	849	37.5	3.2	617	22.9
Colchester borough	737	7.1	26.9	519	913	22.2	120	287	15.0	418	34.7	4.5	583	24.3
East Lyme town	4 326	8.2	24.7	2 866	990	22.2	932	315	12.8	1 177	43.2	2.9	711	27.9
Niantic COP	869	4.0	31.6	519	868	20.4	249	279	10.8	424	34.7	4.0	686	35.0+
Franklin town	579	4.0	29.2	324	819	22.4	132	264	11.8	71	23.9	18.3	489	18.3
Grissold town	2 614	6.5	27.2	1 419	806	23.9	528	227	11.4	1 219	38.0	6.4	495	25.6
Jewett City borough	499	7.0	45.3	1 550	908	25.5	338	256	10.0	837	33.6	6.3	482	24.3
Groton town	7 048	8.3	30.7	3 578	995	23.5	1 853	316	14.1	7 805	50.6	1.6	607	24.6
Conning Towers-Nautilus Park COP	412	2.4	19.2	158	883	21.2	85	313	16.0	2 271	50.3	—	602	23.9
Groton city	1 484	6.9	44.7	671	957	25.6	516	293	13.9	2 617	52.3	2.0	585	25.1
Poquonock Bridge COP	529	5.3	32.5	314	777	22.3	139	254	15.6	452	32.5	2.2	578	24.3
West Mystic COP	1 075	7.0	28.7	619	1 214	23.3	298	369	15.2	366	46.7	4.6	695	26.4
Lebanon town	1 802	8.9	19.8	1 068	862	21.6	314	244	11.8	242	34.3	5.0	684	22.5
Ledyard town	4 049	9.9	21.0	3 065	1 105	24.5	442	301	12.7	999	46.3	—	690	25.4
Lisbon town	1 174	6.8	24.8	655	926	25.5	208	247	11.2	168	2.4	7.7	588	22.0
Lyme town	674	7.3	27.4	304	1 055	25.9	190	298	12.0	138	34.1	5.8	686	23.2
Montville town	4 595	6.3	29.7	2 836	866	21.6	862	253	12.8	1 354	45.1	1.2	622	24.6
Uncasville-Oxoboxo Valley COP	778	7.2	33.0	345	832	21.7	141	235	14.0	423	42.3	1.4	552	23.4
New London town	3 954	5.8	40.5	1 727	980	27.2	1 091	341	14.6	6 758	41.0	5.0	526	27.7
New London city	3 954	5.8	40.5	1 727	980	27.2	1 091	341	14.6	6 758	41.0	5.0	526	27.7
North Stonington town	1 456	7.1	22.0	844	972	22.1	243	266	10.7	214	39.3	8.4	577	20.4
Norwich town	7 919	6.4	37.7	3 568	954	24.0	2 215	299	13.9	7 099	41.0	6.2	524	26.9
Norwich city	7 919	6.4	37.7	3 568	954	24.0	2 215	299	13.9	7 099	41.0	6.2	524	26.9
Old Lyme town	2 112	6.3	23.4	1 270	1 075	22.3	590	320	13.5	456	41.0	1.1	777	27.6
Preston town	1 382	3.0	40.0	718	966	22.5	390	274	14.8	239	28.5	10.9	602	25.5
Salem town	947	5.3	15.3	668	1 094	25.7	95	310	10.0	175	50.0	—	670	25.2
Sprague town	4 821	5.3	35.7	2 888	927	22.6	169	256	14.0	379	28.0	10.8	487	22.9
Stonington town	4 821	5.3	35.7	2 888	927	22.6	169	256	14.0	379	28.0	10.8	487	22.9
Stonington COP	684	8.2	27.9	370	1 079	23.3	197	309	15.7	411	49.6	3.6	694	23.4
Mystic COP	1 238	2.7	45.5	500	886	23.2	441	255	14.4	947	29.4	9.1	498	24.2
Pawcatuck COP	1 300	1.3	37.3	81	112	8.1	100	400+	15.9	271	38.7	27.9	571	25.2
Stonington borough	300	1.3	37.3	81	112	8.1	100	400+	15.9	271	38.7	27.9	571	25.2
Voluntown town	618	11.3	24.6	354	859	25.0	127	330	13.4	157	30.6	1.9	534	24.7
Waterford town	5 878	6.3	38.4	3 191	916	21.2	1 910	228	11.9	1 078	31.4	9.7	656	24.7
Central Waterford COP	979	8.9	36.0	426	735	21.5	258	217	12.4	275	42.5	8.0	654	24.3
Tolland County	31 919	7.0	25.9	20 439	1 013	22.4	5 975	304	12.6	12 390	39.7	2.6	598	25.4
Andover town	801	5.9	21.3	560	1 028	23.5	139	320	14.9	135	24.4	—	485	25.6
Bolton town	1 403	1.6	31.9	924	1 109	23.6	302	334	12.5	254	56.3	1.6	629	26.2
Columbia town	1 411	7.0	24.1	886	1 117	25.8								

Table 15. **Homeowner and Renter Characteristics: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	All owner-occupied housing units			Specified owner-occupied housing units						All renter-occupied housing units				
	Total	Percent with householder moved into unit—		With a mortgage			Not mortgaged			Total	Percent with householder moved into unit—		Specified renter paying cash rent	
		1989 to March 1990	1969 or earlier	Total	Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989	Total	Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989		1989 to March 1990	1969 or earlier	Median gross rent (dollars)	Median gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989
Tolland County—Con.														
Union town	208	4.3	35.1	98	893	23.5	38	246	11.9	26	19.2	19.2	450	14.3
Vernon town	6 996	7.4	29.2	4 336	992	21.7	1 411	307	12.3	5 141	36.0	2.0	577	24.5
Willington town	1 397	8.5	21.5	892	1 012	24.5	184	312	11.6	796	52.9	2.9	644	32.7
Crystal Lake CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Windham County	24 954	7.6	28.7	12 825	834	22.9	5 450	261	13.2	12 517	35.0	5.2	488	26.0
Ashford town	985	3.8	23.4	552	883	22.7	147	310	13.9	417	48.0	1.4	618	24.0
Brooklyn town	1 735	10.6	22.6	1 054	855	20.1	271	252	11.8	560	29.8	5.0	440	27.9
East Brooklyn CDP	302	18.5	25.8	160	888	21.5	38	268	30.8	330	24.8	2.4	342	26.9
Canterbury town	1 315	4.8	21.4	749	803	22.0	197	247	10.6	188	31.4	4.3	429	20.7
Chaplin town	609	6.2	24.0	307	878	24.0	115	283	12.9	134	40.3	1.5	573	20.7
Eastford town	405	13.1	26.2	180	997	25.4	99	296	12.8	90	31.1	3.3	463	20.7
Hampton town	493	6.1	24.3	230	975	25.6	72	293	14.4	88	33.0	2.3	571	25.9
Killingly town	3 803	6.6	29.2	2 044	777	23.5	824	249	13.2	2 070	37.7	6.6	499	25.5
Danielsboro borough	767	3.7	33.2	381	708	23.0	185	265	11.3	1 017	45.8	6.5	511	27.0
Plainfield town	3 866	8.9	28.5	1 957	758	24.6	686	246	13.4	1 610	38.7	6.0	517	24.7
Moosup CDP	627	2.2	33.0	320	614	18.9	150	220	13.6	599	45.2	4.7	498	24.8
Plainfield Village CDP	523	3.8	38.0	301	835	27.7	84	248	19.5	438	36.5	1.6	540	25.2
Wouregan CDP	172	18.0	29.1	84	908	30.7	12	257	10.0	207	31.9	16.9	491	26.4
Pomfret town	794	12.5	22.8	335	964	22.3	117	223	10.6	347	23.3	9.5	532	25.2
Putnam town	1 990	8.6	34.0	985	824	22.5	551	285	12.9	1 399	32.8	5.8	441	27.5
Putnam District CDP	1 322	10.4	33.7	626	800	22.2	378	304	13.5	1 516	33.2	6.1	441	27.7
Scotland town	375	11.7	23.7	201	879	22.8	49	281	14.8	43	30.2	16.3	583	23.0
Sterling town	676	7.2	25.0	320	827	25.9	114	240	13.3	129	33.3	7.8	520	24.8
Thompson town	2 503	6.2	35.2	1 202	797	20.8	669	256	13.3	721	32.6	8.3	471	24.1
North Grosvenor Dale CDP	315	6.3	40.6	138	747	23.0	90	247	14.3	311	45.0	2.9	477	27.2
Guinebaug CDP	367	7.9	45.0	118	679	21.5	132	239	13.3	49	44.9	42.9	546	22.3
Windham town	4 041	7.5	31.5	1 830	899	23.7	1 089	267	14.1	4 087	33.8	3.3	472	26.9
South Windham CDP	504	5.6	32.5	216	831	23.4	175	236	12.2	100	44.0	4.0	511	21.4
Willimantic CDP	2 137	9.4	33.2	1 042	915	24.0	583	271	15.1	3 372	33.2	3.4	472	27.6
Woodstock town	1 844	6.4	29.1	879	906	20.6	450	273	14.2	434	37.1	8.8	606	26.2
South Woodstock CDP	292	6.2	35.3	137	879	19.6	92	283	13.5	183	44.3	4.9	618	26.5

Table 16. Homeowner and Renter Characteristics: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	All owner-occupied housing units			Specified owner-occupied housing units						All renter-occupied housing units				
	Total	Percent with house- holder moved into unit—		With a mortgage			Not mortgaged			Total	Percent with house- holder moved into unit—		Specified renter paying cash rent	
		1989 to March 1990	1969 or earlier	Total	Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Median selected monthly owner costs as a per- centage of household income in 1989	Total	Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Median selected monthly owner costs as a per- centage of household income in 1989		1989 to March 1990	1969 or earlier	Median gross rent (dol- lars)	Median gross rent as a per- centage of household income in 1989
The State	807 559	6.9	31.7	449 008	1 096	22.9	200 962	338	13.7	422 920	35.4	5.3	598	26.6
COUNTY														
Fairfield County	208 121	7.0	30.5	116 516	1 406	23.2	49 321	400+	14.4	96 890	34.9	5.7	709	27.3
Litchfield County	203 609	6.6	33.2	116 178	1 065	22.4	53 170	327	13.3	121 082	34.7	5.1	568	26.2
Middlesex County	48 584	7.4	30.2	25 854	1 007	23.3	12 149	320	13.6	17 787	32.8	5.1	575	24.8
New Haven County	38 474	7.0	28.2	22 670	1 029	22.9	8 762	302	13.1	16 177	40.2	3.7	619	25.1
New London County	191 583	6.6	34.4	101 193	1 040	23.2	51 898	335	14.2	113 147	34.0	6.1	585	27.3
Tolland County	60 315	7.0	30.1	33 333	963	23.3	14 237	283	13.0	32 930	42.4	4.6	572	25.8
Windham County	31 919	7.0	25.9	20 439	1 013	22.4	5 975	304	12.6	12 390	39.7	2.6	598	25.4
	24 954	7.6	28.7	12 825	834	22.9	5 450	261	13.2	12 517	35.0	5.2	488	26.0
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION														
Andover town, Tolland County	801	5.9	21.3	560	1 028	23.5	139	320	14.9	135	24.4	—	485	25.6
Ansonia city, New Haven County	4 135	4.9	50.9	1 901	907	22.8	1 141	291	15.8	3 024	27.4	8.9	541	23.6
Ansonia town, New Haven County	4 135	4.9	50.9	1 901	907	22.8	1 141	291	15.8	3 024	27.4	8.9	541	23.6
Asheford town, Windham County	985	3.8	23.4	552	883	22.7	147	310	13.9	417	48.0	1.4	618	24.0
Avon town, Hartford County	4 493	9.5	32.6	3 028	1 589	23.6	916	400+	13.4	873	48.2	3.7	864	26.9
Bantam borough, Litchfield County	206	5.8	37.4	100	740	26.4	56	329	14.0	131	19.8	3.1	425	23.8
Barkhamsted town, Litchfield County	1 019	4.7	22.4	613	950	21.6	213	313	12.9	215	34.4	—	618	23.8
Beacon Falls town, New Haven County	1 466	10.7	20.6	872	943	21.1	271	278	15.5	423	34.0	3.8	659	24.0
Berlin town, Hartford County	5 204	5.7	39.0	2 944	1 060	21.4	1 683	352	14.7	820	42.3	7.4	595	22.3
Bethany town, New Haven County	1 398	5.8	30.8	946	1 276	24.2	261	379	15.5	154	35.1	16.2	616	18.1
Bethel town, Fairfield County	4 630	6.5	23.0	3 139	1 254	23.5	836	358	14.3	1 545	35.0	3.1	762	26.0
Bethel CDP, Fairfield County	2 143	5.9	29.8	1 286	1 088	24.0	434	328	14.5	332	33.2	2.7	755	26.0
Bethlehem town, Litchfield County	930	7.7	16.6	534	1 053	24.1	212	362	12.5	177	17.5	8.5	725	32.2
Bethlehem Village CDP, Litchfield County	573	8.9	17.8	349	986	23.4	139	351	13.2	133	23.3	11.3	719	34.1
Bloomfield town, Hartford County	5 814	6.3	30.9	3 900	1 107	22.7	1 359	348	13.3	1 660	21.4	3.9	673	28.7
Blue Hills CDP, Hartford County	956	7.1	43.9	671	1 118	23.1	229	291	13.1	109	13.8	18.3	573	24.4
Bolton town, Tolland County	1 403	1.6	31.9	924	1 109	23.6	302	333	12.5	254	56.3	1.6	529	26.2
Borah town, New London County	664	7.5	28.4	319	852	25.4	176	274	11.4	157	42.0	17.8	597	18.9
Bronford town, New Haven County	8 038	7.9	27.0	4 129	1 098	22.8	2 048	318	14.5	3 625	38.8	3.8	733	25.9
Bronford Center CDP, New Haven County	1 249	9.4	36.8	471	1 082	24.8	418	275	15.0	1 407	32.9	3.1	684	28.4
Bridgeport city, Fairfield County	23 104	6.2	32.6	8 187	1 066	26.2	4 951	400+	16.9	29 224	35.0	6.5	594	30.3
Bridgeport town, Fairfield County	23 104	6.2	32.6	8 187	1 066	26.2	4 951	400+	16.9	29 224	35.0	6.5	594	30.3
Bridgewater town, Litchfield County	562	5.7	25.4	304	1 311	23.7	134	388	15.1	92	37.0	7.6	912	23.8
Bristol city, Hartford County	14 938	6.9	32.7	8 513	993	23.6	3 881	315	13.6	8 998	32.3	4.6	549	24.7
Bristol town, Hartford County	699	8.9	32.7	393	958	23.6	3 881	315	13.6	8 998	32.3	4.6	549	24.7
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	711	8.6	28.6	435	1 110	25.7	152	327	15.0	672	32.3	—	669	24.7
Brookfield town, Fairfield County	4 326	8.2	21.0	2 967	1 361	24.4	719	355	13.9	613	39.6	9.3	880	24.6
Brooklyn town, Windham County	1 735	10.6	22.6	1 054	855	20.1	271	252	11.8	560	29.8	5.0	440	27.9
Burlington town, Hartford County	2 142	5.6	21.3	1 594	1 164	23.7	338	334	13.2	168	32.7	14.9	713	14.1
Canaan CDP, Litchfield County	303	10.9	52.8	92	917	28.4	164	304	13.1	263	19.4	5.3	464	25.0
Canaan town, Litchfield County	355	5.1	30.4	164	824	24.7	101	296	14.3	76	35.5	13.2	572	29.6
Canterbury town, Windham County	1 315	4.8	21.4	749	803	22.0	197	247	10.6	188	31.4	4.3	429	20.7
Canterbury town, Hartford County	2 503	7.1	24.5	1 703	1 176	22.9	368	377	13.0	699	32.0	5.4	639	26.1
Canter Valley CDP, Hartford County	453	8.2	16.8	326	1 047	22.5	43	360	23.8	236	27.1	3.8	467	26.1
Central Manchester CDP, Hartford County	7 174	6.5	42.5	3 559	944	22.9	2 479	292	12.5	5 687	39.4	4.4	669	26.6
Central Somers CDP, Tolland County	457	4.8	33.0	248	1 112	16.4	133	266	11.7	104	22.1	6.7	225	26.5
Central Waterford CDP, New London County	8 979	8.9	36.0	4 276	1 179	25.8	219	258	12.4	275	42.5	8.0	654	24.3
Chaplin town, Windham County	609	6.2	24.0	307	878	24.0	115	283	12.9	134	40.3	1.5	573	20.7
Cheshire town, New Haven County	7 103	6.5	24.3	4 761	1 262	22.9	1 424	361	12.6	1 237	40.3	4.0	696	27.3
Cheshire Village CDP, New Haven County	1 670	5.6	32.9	1 073	1 171	21.4	401	382	11.8	550	40.0	—	610	28.8
Chester town, Middlesex County	934	4.1	30.4	529	1 174	23.9	239	283	14.9	322	48.8	1.9	595	26.8
Chester Center CDP, Middlesex County	414	6.3	26.6	236	1 275	26.8	102	324	13.8	192	56.0	3.1	594	27.5
Clinton town, Middlesex County	3 590	7.2	21.8	2 281	1 103	24.7	700	328	13.5	1 069	45.6	1.8	775	28.7
Clinton CDP, Middlesex County	888	6.5	31.4	429	1 117	25.4	261	325	14.8	533	36.6	2.6	753	30.4
Colchester borough, New London County	737	7.1	26.9	519	913	22.2	120	287	15.0	418	34.7	4.5	583	24.3
Colchester town, New London County	3 046	10.7	16.1	1 980	1 054	24.2	339	280	13.6	849	37.5	3.2	617	22.9
Colbrook town, Litchfield County	452	4.9	30.3	211	975	23.7	103	307	15.6	63	33.3	15.9	625	23.3
Collinsville CDP, Hartford County	723	4.8	27.5	478	1 006	19.7	99	400+	11.4	335	34.3	6.0	644	23.7
Columbia town, Tolland County	1 411	7.0	24.1	886	1 117	25.8	318	301	11.0	190	39.5	2.1	688	24.3
Canning Towers-Nautilus Park CDP, New London County	412	2.4	19.2	158	883	21.2	85	313	16.0	2 271	50.3	—	602	23.9
Cornwall town, Litchfield County	481	5.8	35.1	146	973	20.5	133	310	13.7	137	25.5	8.8	641	27.9
Coventry town, Tolland County	3 083	10.4	20.9	2 105	1 009	24.1	503	276	12.0	551	31.4	1.5	617	26.4
Coventry Lake CDP, Tolland County	962	9.3	24.6	663	886	26.7	264	254	11.2	139	33.1	—	670	33.1
Cornwall town, Middlesex County	3 637	9.4	23.7	2 252	1 117	23.1	680	321	13.9	1 205	32.4	4.1	722	25.9
Crystal Lake CDP, Tolland County	419	3.6	23.4	291	822	21.0	56	243	20.3	55	20.0	—	925	35.0+
Danbury city, Fairfield County	14 478	8.6	28.5	7 823	1 181	24.0	2 829	366	14.5	9 616	37.1	3.6	693	26.5
Danbury town, Fairfield County	14 478	8.6	28.5	7 823	1 181	24.0	2 829	366	14.5	9 616	37.1	3.6	693	26.5
Danielson borough, Windham County	767	3.7	33.2	381	708	23.0	185	265	11.3	1 017	45.8	6.5	511	27.0
Darien town, Fairfield County	5 491	8.4	32.8	3 582	2 000+	22.0	1 574	400+	12.0	913	47.8	5.4	1 000+	27.0
Darien CDP, Fairfield County	5 461	8.4	32.9	3 552	2 000+	21.9	1 574	400+	12.0	913	47.8	5.4	1 000+	23.7
Deep River town, Middlesex County	1 219	6.3	35.4	642	938	21.9	413	314	15.5	436	46.3	4.1	637	29.8
Deep River Center CDP, Middlesex County	631	6.5	38.4	312	908	21.1	248	316	14.8	368	50.5	1.6	643	31.1
Derby city, New Haven County	2 882	7.4	38.6	1 178	1 016	25.1	767	315	14.9	2 092	34.8	8.4	597	24.7
Derby town, New Haven County	2 882	7.4	38.6	1 178	1 016	25.1	767	315	14.9	2 092	34.8	8.4	597	24.7
Durham CDP, Middlesex County	5 814	4.4	29.1	3 547	1 194	22.3	156	358	11.2	108	30.6	—	575	32.7
Durham town, Middlesex County	1 688	4.0	27.0	1 201	1 012	21.9	259</							

Table 16. Homeowner and Renter Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	All owner-occupied housing units			Specified owner-occupied housing units						All renter-occupied housing units				
	Total	Percent with house- holder moved into unit—		With a mortgage			Not mortgaged			Total	Percent with house- holder moved into unit—		Specified renter paying cash rent	
		1989 to March 1990	1969 or earlier	Total	Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Median selected monthly owner costs as a per- centage of household income in 1989	Total	Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Median selected monthly owner costs as a per- centage of household income in 1989		1989 to March 1990	1969 or earlier	Median gross rent (dol- lars)	Median gross rent as a per- centage of household income in 1989
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.														
East Hampton CDP, Middlesex County	547	5.3	33.3	368	869	21.5	95	328	11.7	250	22.8	3.6	526	23.8
East Hampton town, Middlesex County	2 988	6.9	22.4	2 011	1 034	24.0	460	319	12.6	782	27.1	2.8	631	22.8
Essex town, Middlesex County	12 108	7.4	42.5	6 342	911	21.9	3 807	285	13.4	8 235	34.2	4.0	574	25.5
East Hartford CDP, Hartford County	12 108	7.4	42.5	6 342	911	21.9	3 807	285	13.4	8 235	34.2	4.0	574	25.5
East Haven town, New Haven County	7 524	8.3	43.7	3 688	938	25.1	2 533	318	16.1	2 535	37.2	5.0	605	26.8
East Haven CDP, New Haven County	7 524	8.3	43.7	3 688	938	25.1	2 533	318	16.1	2 535	37.2	5.0	605	26.8
East Lyme town, New London County	4 326	8.2	24.7	2 866	990	22.2	932	315	12.8	1 177	43.2	2.9	711	27.9
Easton town, Fairfield County	1 984	5.2	27.1	1 355	1 744	23.2	427	400+	13.4	149	29.5	17.4	1 000+	23.1
East Windsor town, Hartford County	2 400	6.0	32.5	1 219	1 036	24.5	563	297	14.0	1 500	37.0	1.0	660	22.7
Ellington town, Tolland County	3 019	5.7	25.9	1 935	945	20.9	533	320	13.1	1 263	44.0	2.3	625	22.0
Enfield town, Hartford County	12 172	6.4	37.3	7 996	959	22.6	2 858	295	13.1	3 813	39.5	4.9	668	24.8
Essex town, Middlesex County	1 839	8.6	25.5	1 038	1 019	23.2	490	285	13.4	717	53.4	3.3	832	27.2
Essex Village CDP, Middlesex County	833	7.6	22.6	412	1 189	24.1	243	336	12.9	303	50.2	5.9	820	26.8
Fairfield town, Fairfield County	15 557	6.5	39.3	8 816	1 462	23.5	4 917	379	15.1	3 814	36.1	7.2	895	26.6
Farmington town, Hartford County	5 999	9.7	26.1	3 611	1 229	22.1	1 375	311	12.0	2 214	37.6	3.7	833	24.9
Fenwick borough, Middlesex County	31	—	54.8	9	1 208	35.0+	22	400+	14.7	6	33.3	—	875	10.0
Franklin town, New London County	579	4.0	29.2	324	819	22.4	132	264	11.8	71	23.9	18.3	489	18.3
Georgetown CDP, Fairfield County	531	1.5	30.1	339	1 688	21.0	145	387	13.7	131	23.7	12.2	938	22.4
Glastonbury town, Hartford County	8 304	6.9	24.0	5 415	1 334	22.2	1 746	391	13.5	2 249	34.5	4.6	698	24.4
Glastonbury Center CDP, Hartford County	1 992	4.9	29.2	1 140	1 206	21.2	490	375	14.1	1 133	38.2	4.1	671	25.2
Goshen town, Litchfield County	744	5.5	23.7	406	1 173	25.3	166	286	12.6	130	39.2	13.1	534	26.7
Granby town, Hartford County	2 879	5.5	20.9	2 024	1 227	22.7	485	356	11.4	475	45.9	3.6	686	24.1
Greenwich town, Fairfield County	15 049	5.3	34.8	7 692	1 963	20.6	4 430	400+	13.2	7 143	31.5	7.8	951	24.8
Griswold town, New London County	2 614	6.5	27.2	1 419	806	23.9	528	227	11.4	1 219	38.0	6.4	495	25.6
Groton city, New London County	1 484	6.9	44.7	671	957	25.6	516	293	13.9	2 617	52.3	2.0	585	25.1
Groton town, New London County	7 048	8.3	30.7	3 578	995	23.5	1 853	316	14.1	7 805	50.6	1.6	607	24.6
Guilford town, New Haven County	6 053	6.3	22.3	4 274	1 178	22.4	1 089	370	13.3	1 128	39.9	2.8	752	26.4
Guilford Center CDP, New Haven County	661	2.6	46.0	311	1 074	23.6	329	109	14.0	465	32.9	1.5	688	29.5
Haddam town, Middlesex County	2 068	5.2	28.5	1 325	969	20.3	425	260	12.0	375	32.3	5.9	624	21.3
Hamden town, New Haven County	14 492	6.5	37.4	7 689	1 050	22.4	4 699	366	14.3	6 149	31.6	5.3	680	29.1
Hampton town, Windham County	493	6.1	24.3	230	975	25.6	72	293	14.4	88	33.0	2.3	571	25.9
Hartford city, Hartford County	12 148	6.8	32.7	4 388	963	23.9	2 203	308	14.8	39 316	35.3	4.8	504	29.1
Hartford town, Hartford County	12 148	6.8	32.7	4 388	963	23.9	2 203	308	14.8	39 316	35.3	4.8	504	29.1
Hartland town, Hartford County	573	3.3	29.5	350	992	23.7	130	313	11.2	60	20.0	3.3	530	22.5
Hartwinton town, Litchfield County	1 491	4.1	30.5	1 031	1 025	22.4	376	299	13.7	109	28.4	16.5	800	30.3
Hazardville CDP, Hartford County	1 573	4.4	44.4	986	923	23.0	495	282	12.4	279	30.1	2.9	753	30.1
Hebron town, Tolland County	2 070	6.1	14.2	1 572	1 115	23.0	192	349	13.8	265	42.6	—	693	24.2
Heritage Village CDP, New Haven County	2 124	11.2	4.3	262	1 091	35.0+	1 045	400+	20.2	237	55.7	—	941	35.0+
Higdon CDP, Middlesex County	497	5.8	44.1	274	733	16.9	159	258	12.7	152	40.8	5.3	541	20.4
Jewett City borough, New London County	499	7.0	45.3	150	908	25.5	138	256	10.0	837	33.6	6.3	482	24.3
Kensington CDP, Hartford County	2 562	4.4	40.9	1 410	978	20.4	891	344	15.3	515	41.9	3.5	545	21.3
Kent town, Litchfield County	733	10.8	24.6	371	799	19.0	159	304	11.5	407	39.9	2.0	729	23.3
Killingly town, Windham County	3 803	6.6	29.2	2 044	777	23.5	824	249	13.2	2 070	37.7	6.6	499	25.5
Killingworth town, Middlesex County	1 629	7.0	19.8	906	1 271	26.7	215	400+	12.2	99	39.4	11.1	658	20.1
Lake Pocotopaug CDP, Middlesex County	864	8.4	17.9	563	1 071	29.7	118	328	12.2	357	35.0	—	651	21.7
Lebanon town, New London County	1 802	8.9	19.8	1 068	862	21.6	314	244	11.8	242	34.3	5.0	684	22.5
Ledyard town, New London County	4 049	9.9	21.0	3 065	1 105	24.5	442	301	12.7	999	46.3	—	690	25.4
Lisbon town, New London County	1 174	6.8	24.8	655	926	25.5	208	247	11.2	168	2.4	7.7	588	22.0
Litchfield borough, Litchfield County	323	4.6	33.4	166	1 262	23.0	93	400+	14.1	234	26.9	9.0	630	24.9
Litchfield town, Litchfield County	2 392	4.7	31.5	1 168	960	21.9	665	368	13.3	759	27.0	8.6	609	23.7
Lyme town, New London County	674	7.3	27.4	304	1 055	25.9	190	298	12.0	138	34.1	5.8	686	23.2
Madison town, New Haven County	4 744	6.3	17.2	3 110	1 306	22.4	1 095	400+	14.1	828	46.1	1.1	778	28.2
Madison Center CDP, New Haven County	623	3.7	22.6	381	1 473	23.8	133	384	18.0	378	38.9	2.4	584	29.5
Manchester town, Hartford County	12 340	7.6	35.3	6 818	989	22.7	3 673	301	12.4	8 405	36.5	3.3	664	25.8
Manchester town, Tolland County	2 987	6.1	29.7	1 530	1 034	19.6	710	327	11.9	1 944	46.0	1.0	585	29.5
Marlborough town, Hartford County	1 615	4.5	16.5	1 269	1 117	22.2	175	331	14.2	187	32.6	2.7	646	24.1
Meriden city, New Haven County	14 071	8.0	35.7	7 237	1 006	23.8	3 776	301	13.9	9 169	35.2	5.6	533	26.7
Meriden town, New Haven County	14 071	8.0	35.7	7 237	1 006	23.8	3 776	301	13.9	9 169	35.2	5.6	533	26.7
Middlebury town, New Haven County	1 980	5.9	35.4	1 198	1 041	20.7	618	338	13.6	247	38.9	7.7	680	25.0
Middlefield town, Middlesex County	1 240	4.4	44.8	726	927	22.5	380	303	12.5	220	33.2	5.0	593	24.1
Middletown city, Middlesex County	8 535	8.2	32.8	4 425	983	22.3	2 127	295	13.2	8 286	41.9	3.2	576	24.6
Middletown town, Middlesex County	8 535	8.2	32.8	4 425	983	22.3	2 127	295	13.2	8 286	41.9	3.2	576	24.6
Milford town, New Haven County	14 358	6.0	33.2	8 590	1 024	23.3	3 904	347	14.2	4 493	36.5	3.3	748	26.1
Milford city (remainder), New Haven County	13 873	5.9	33.4	8 278	1 025	23.3	3 791	347	14.1	4 243	35.8	3.2	746	26.2
Monroe town, Fairfield County	4 940	8.7	24.4	3 600	1 355	24.4	832	395	12.9	486	46.9	4.3	977	29.1
Monville town, New London County	4 595	6.3	29.7	2 836	866	21.6	862	253	12.8	1 354	45.1	1.2	622	24.6
Moodus CDP, Middlesex County	307	2.3	58.0	160	969	23.2	115	206	11.6	163	54.6	—	524	23.0
Moosup CDP, Windham County	627	2.2	33.0	320	614	18.9	150	220	13.6	599	45.2	4.7	498	24.8
Morris town, Litchfield County	649	3.9	33.4	308	905	21.7	192	303	13.7	148	36.5	4.7	638	23.5
Mythic CDP, New London County	684	8.2	27.9	370	1 079	23.3	197	309	15.7	411	49.6	3.6	694	23.4
Nauguck borough, New Haven County	7 606	7.3	28.3	4 331	1 057	24.3	1 685	330	14.4	3 724	35.7	4.2	578	23.9
Nauguck town, New Haven County	7 606	7.3	28.3	4 331	1 057	24.3	1 685	330	14.4	3 724	35.7	4.2	578	23.9
New Britain city, Hartford County	13 005	6.1	46.0	4 467	964	24.4	4 047	348	14.9	17 165	32.1	7.3	512	24.8
New Britain town, Hartford County	13 005	6.1	46.0	4 467	964	24.4	4 047	348	14.9	17 165	32.1	7.3	512	24.8
New Canaan town, Fairfield County														

Table 16. Homeowner and Renter Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	All owner-occupied housing units			Specified owner-occupied housing units						All renter-occupied housing units				
	Total	Percent with house- holder moved into unit—		Total	With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		Total	Percent with house- holder moved into unit—		Specified renter paying cash rent		
		1989 to March 1990	1969 or earlier		Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989	Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989		1989 to March 1990	1969 or earlier			
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.														
Newington town, Hartford County	9 091	5.7	35.5	4 989	900	21.5	3 033	328	12.8	2 132	34.4	4.0	716	24.7
Newington CDP, Hartford County	9 091	5.7	35.5	4 989	900	21.5	3 033	328	12.8	2 132	34.4	4.0	716	24.7
New London city, New London County	3 954	5.8	40.5	1 727	980	27.2	1 091	341	14.6	6 758	41.0	5.0	526	27.7
New London town, New London County	3 954	5.8	40.5	1 727	980	27.2	1 091	341	14.6	6 758	41.0	5.0	526	27.7
New Milford CDP, Litchfield County	1 226	13.5	23.3	566	1 009	23.1	213	299	13.7	1 111	39.5	—	661	27.2
New Milford town, Litchfield County	6 328	11.7	17.3	4 086	1 179	24.2	916	327	12.3	2 091	38.3	1.0	690	26.2
New Preston CDP, Litchfield County	361	3.6	30.7	166	911	19.3	123	331	14.5	89	20.2	—	676	22.5
Newtown borough, Fairfield County	575	5.9	31.3	373	1 363	23.3	147	400+	14.0	75	30.7	1.3	934	29.6
Newtown town, Fairfield County	6 038	7.9	21.7	4 276	1 317	24.2	1 010	387	14.1	760	35.1	4.7	820	28.3
Niantic CDP, New London County	869	4.0	31.6	519	868	20.4	249	279	10.8	424	34.7	4.0	686	35.0+
Norfolk town, Litchfield County	503	7.6	25.2	221	1 013	23.0	117	398	14.0	170	24.1	8.8	495	26.6
North Branford town, New Haven County	3 924	4.9	35.7	2 493	1 028	22.3	978	311	13.8	557	38.1	2.2	765	28.6
North Canaan town, Litchfield County	921	5.3	48.3	348	879	26.3	403	280	14.6	478	33.1	3.1	516	24.3
North Granby CDP, Hartford County	447	5.8	7.4	317	1 398	23.9	49	338	10.4	11	100.0	—	1 000+	24.6
North Grosvenor Dale CDP, Windham County	315	6.3	40.6	138	747	23.0	90	247	14.3	311	45.0	2.9	477	27.2
North Haven town, New Haven County	7 043	4.8	44.5	3 886	1 030	22.1	2 553	337	13.0	933	25.2	8.4	686	25.1
North Haven CDP, New Haven County	7 051	4.8	44.4	3 894	1 028	22.0	2 553	337	13.0	933	25.2	8.4	686	25.1
North Stonington town, New London County	1 456	7.1	22.0	844	972	22.1	243	266	10.7	214	39.3	8.4	577	20.4
Northwest Hartwood CDP, Litchfield County	1 082	3.3	35.5	686	961	21.8	263	290	14.5	104	29.8	17.3	842	31.0
Norwalk city, Fairfield County	18 940	6.9	30.6	9 963	1 342	23.7	4 367	400+	15.4	11 620	34.5	5.3	738	26.6
Norwalk town, Fairfield County	18 940	6.9	30.6	9 963	1 342	23.7	4 367	400+	15.4	11 620	34.5	5.3	738	26.6
Norwich city, New London County	7 919	6.4	37.7	3 568	954	24.0	2 215	299	13.9	7 099	41.0	6.2	524	26.9
Norwich town, New London County	7 919	6.4	37.7	3 568	954	24.0	2 215	299	13.9	7 099	41.0	6.2	524	26.9
Dakville CDP, Litchfield County	2 289	6.9	40.7	1 315	854	21.7	760	309	14.2	823	35.8	5.2	560	24.1
Old Lyme town, New London County	2 112	6.3	23.4	1 270	1 075	22.3	590	320	13.5	456	41.0	1.1	777	27.6
Old Saybrook town, Middlesex County	3 046	5.5	24.8	1 897	1 001	21.3	879	295	12.7	733	41.3	2.3	810	26.4
Old Saybrook Center CDP, Middlesex County	677	3.2	35.5	351	797	21.7	250	318	14.2	211	16.1	—	634	24.8
Orange town, New Haven County	4 157	3.5	43.7	2 360	1 298	21.8	1 466	400+	13.4	264	39.0	15.5	815	21.0
Orange CDP, New Haven County	4 157	3.5	43.7	2 360	1 298	21.8	1 466	400+	13.4	264	39.0	15.5	815	21.0
Oxford town, New Haven County	2 590	4.6	22.7	1 736	1 146	25.1	520	310	12.4	224	21.0	8.0	618	25.6
Pawcatuck CDP, New London County	1 238	2.7	45.5	500	886	23.2	441	255	14.4	947	29.4	9.1	498	24.2
Plainfield town, Windham County	3 386	8.9	28.5	1 957	758	24.6	686	246	13.4	1 610	38.7	6.0	517	24.7
Plainfield Village CDP, Windham County	523	3.8	38.0	301	835	27.7	84	248	19.5	438	36.5	1.6	540	25.2
Plainville town, Hartford County	4 908	6.5	36.6	2 801	906	22.6	1 279	287	14.5	2 181	38.7	6.8	534	24.4
Plymouth town, Litchfield County	3 404	3.5	34.3	1 923	934	22.9	905	297	13.9	925	29.7	7.2	532	22.3
Pomfret town, Windham County	794	12.5	22.8	335	964	22.3	117	223	10.6	347	23.0	9.5	532	25.2
Poquonock Bridge CDP, New London County	529	5.3	32.5	314	777	22.3	139	254	15.6	452	32.5	2.2	578	24.3
Ridgefield town, Middlesex County	2 385	6.1	37.7	1 362	1 031	23.2	703	312	12.9	734	30.1	6.7	556	25.9
Portland CDP, Middlesex County	1 535	4.5	44.8	769	964	24.3	553	318	13.6	495	28.4	7.1	551	26.4
Preston town, New London County	1 382	3.0	40.0	718	966	22.5	390	274	14.8	239	28.5	10.9	602	25.5
Prospect town, New Haven County	2 380	6.6	37.5	1 382	1 048	23.1	674	278	13.6	176	40.3	2.8	727	23.4
Putnam town, Windham County	1 990	8.6	34.0	985	824	22.5	551	285	12.9	1 599	32.8	5.8	441	27.5
Putnam District CDP, Windham County	1 322	10.4	33.7	626	800	22.2	378	304	13.5	1 516	33.2	6.1	441	27.7
Quinebaug CDP, Windham County	367	7.9	45.0	118	679	13.2	239	132	9.9	232	44.9	42.9	546	22.3
Redding town, Fairfield County	2 452	5.3	25.9	1 435	1 742	23.0	469	400+	13.4	349	30.4	1.4	1 000+	26.9
Ridgefield CDP, Fairfield County	1 802	12.5	23.0	1 153	1 772	25.4	381	400+	15.7	767	35.3	4.0	850	29.7
Ridgefield town, Fairfield County	6 252	9.9	20.0	4 517	1 806	24.0	911	400+	13.2	1 317	37.7	4.8	903	27.8
Rocky Hill town, Hartford County	4 331	9.1	21.2	2 459	1 055	21.6	927	321	11.8	2 246	43.9	3.3	788	24.8
Roxbury town, Litchfield County	597	5.3	22.1	283	1 196	23.9	126	355	13.4	122	20.5	4.1	935	25.0
Salem town, New London County	947	5.3	15.3	664	1 094	25.7	95	310	10.0	170	50.9	—	670	25.2
Salisbury town, Litchfield County	1 177	1.4	33.6	445	872	22.3	451	338	16.0	530	31.3	8.3	570	28.0
Salmon Brook CDP, Hartford County	638	7.2	25.2	427	1 141	21.3	147	379	10.4	280	42.9	1.4	551	25.6
Saybrook Manor CDP, Middlesex County	387	4.9	28.9	216	1 136	16.9	143	272	10.0	84	44.0	—	758	30.5
Scotford town, Windham County	375	11.7	23.7	201	879	22.8	49	281	14.8	43	30.2	16.3	583	23.0
Seymour town, New Haven County	4 006	5.4	41.3	1 837	940	22.9	1 286	267	12.9	1 598	37.6	10.1	600	23.8
Sharon town, Litchfield County	946	8.5	23.8	394	772	19.8	268	300	15.2	247	30.0	2.8	665	31.5
Shelton city, Fairfield County	9 898	9.0	26.1	6 118	1 147	22.8	2 108	325	12.7	2 556	41.2	7.9	654	27.1
Shelton town, Fairfield County	9 898	9.0	26.1	6 118	1 147	22.8	2 108	325	12.7	2 556	41.2	7.9	654	27.1
Sherman town, Fairfield County	969	5.0	19.7	575	1 308	21.9	238	339	13.0	109	41.3	12.8	1 000+	30.7
Sherwood Manor CDP, Hartford County	1 968	7.5	38.0	1 399	867	19.8	347	329	12.1	209	34.0	2.9	754	29.2
Simsbury town, Hartford County	6 478	8.1	19.1	4 855	1 310	20.8	1 041	377	12.4	1 432	46.5	3.1	758	25.6
Simsbury Center CDP, Hartford County	1 672	7.1	15.5	1 191	1 263	21.5	261	364	13.2	442	43.7	3.4	788	27.7
Samers town, Tolland County	2 260	6.8	30.1	1 435	1 030	19.7	566	289	12.4	372	27.4	2.4	571	25.2
Sartbury town, New Haven County	5 340	10.2	10.3	2 514	1 200	25.8	1 625	400+	16.9	869	43.8	3.1	929	23.2
South Coventry CDP, Tolland County	676	14.9	20.9	156	1 100	23.6	29	317	13.8	319	31.9	—	488	21.4
Southington town, Hartford County	11 092	5.7	31.2	6 698	1 063	21.4	2 519	308	12.9	2 674	29.1	4.7	593	22.9
South Windham CDP, Windham County	504	5.6	32.5	216	831	23.4	175	236	12.2	100	44.0	4.0	511	21.4
South Windsor town, Hartford County	7 018	6.8	22.8	4 814	1 145	22.7	1 095	354	12.4	832	51.3	5.9	836	23.6
Southwood Acres CDP, Hartford County	2 726	5.1	34.7	2 090	916	20.1	495	288	12.7	257	40.1	—	833	23.9
South Woodstock CDP, Windham County	292	6.2	35.3	137	879	19.6	92	283	13.5	183	44.3	4.9	618	26.5
Sprague town, New London County	655	5.3	35.7	288	927	22.6	169	256	14.0	379	28.0	10.8	487	22.9
Stafford town, Tolland County	2 927	6.1	31.5	1 679	946	22.9	610	261	14.9	1 136	38.8	8.0	563	25.4
Stafford Springs borough, Tolland County	789	8.5	37.0	398	944	23.2	199	277	18.3	837	39.2	4.9	556	26.6
Stafford city, Fairfield County	24 275	7.5	30.4	11 753	1 629	22.8	5 328	400+	14.7	17 670	33.3	4.9	794	26.5
Stafford town, Fairfield County	24 275	7.5	30.4	11 753	1 629	22.8	5 328	400+	14.7	17 670	33.3	4.9	794	26.5
Sterling town, Windham County	676	7.2	25.0	320	827	25.9	114	240	13.3	329	33.3	7.8	520	24.8
Stonington borough, New London County	300	1.3	37.3	81	1 112	24.6	100	400+	15.9	271	38.7	8.5		

Table 16. Homeowner and Renter Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	All owner-occupied housing units			Specified owner-occupied housing units						All renter-occupied housing units				
	Percent with house- holder moved into unit—			With a mortgage			Not mortgaged			Percent with house- holder moved into unit—			Specified renter paying cash rent	
	Total	1989 to March 1990	1969 or earlier	Total	Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989	Total	Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)	Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989	Total	1989 to March 1990	1969 or earlier	Median gross rent (dol- lars)	Median gross rent as a per- centage of household income in 1989
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.														
Stratford COP, Fairfield County	15 399	4.7	40.2	7 482	998	22.4	5 408	333	15.0	3 911	28.3	5.4	676	26.6
Suffield town, Hartford County	3 346	7.2	24.4	1 966	1 146	22.5	849	350	12.3	830	32.7	8.8	669	25.4
Suffield Depot COP, Hartford County	273	2.2	15.4	170	1 157	23.3	72	396	13.6	213	30.5	9.4	419	28.0
Tauntonville COP, Hartford County	368	6.0	25.5	266	1 120	18.7	86	327	13.3	247	38.1	2.8	588	25.6
Terramugus COP, Hartford County	303	1.7	23.1	221	960	19.9	54	288	12.6	83	34.9	—	746	24.2
Terrville COP, Litchfield County	1 440	3.4	45.6	653	964	23.6	499	298	13.8	703	30.0	8.5	516	22.4
Thomaston town, Litchfield County	1 911	9.3	30.9	998	199	22.0	527	295	12.7	731	26.1	3.7	532	24.2
Thompson town, Windham County	2 503	6.2	35.2	1 202	797	20.8	669	256	13.3	721	32.6	8.3	471	24.1
Thompsonville COP, Hartford County	1 430	9.1	46.6	549	1 048	24.2	478	311	16.5	1 946	37.4	7.2	573	25.3
Tolland town, Tolland County	3 357	8.1	20.5	2 487	1 035	22.6	469	338	12.9	317	36.6	10.1	677	24.4
Torrington city, Litchfield County	8 704	8.0	36.8	3 994	953	24.2	2 555	320	14.0	5 179	32.5	6.2	511	24.6
Torrington town, Litchfield County	8 704	8.0	36.8	3 994	953	24.2	2 555	320	14.0	5 179	32.5	6.2	511	24.6
Trumbull town, Fairfield County	10 027	7.2	38.8	6 297	1 331	22.8	3 099	400+	14.4	811	29.0	6.9	854	22.8
Trumbull COP, Fairfield County	10 027	7.2	38.8	6 297	1 331	22.8	3 099	400+	14.4	811	29.0	6.9	854	22.8
Uncasville-Oxoboxo Valley COP, New London County	778	7.2	33.0	345	832	21.7	141	235	14.0	423	42.3	1.4	552	23.4
Union town, Tolland County	208	4.3	35.1	98	893	23.5	38	246	11.9	19	26	19.2	450	14.3
Vernon town, Tolland County	6 996	7.4	29.2	4 336	992	21.7	1 411	307	12.3	5 141	36.0	2.0	577	24.5
Voluntown town, New London County	618	11.3	24.6	354	859	25.0	127	230	13.4	157	30.6	1.9	534	24.7
Wallingford town, New Haven County	10 917	6.8	31.9	6 147	1 041	22.6	2 626	321	13.9	4 257	34.2	4.5	617	24.9
Wallingford Center COP, New Haven County ..	4 097	7.2	42.4	1 758	1 031	23.0	1 256	308	14.8	3 134	31.6	4.2	584	24.8
Warren town, Litchfield County	410	8.5	28.3	198	1 037	23.6	100	316	12.7	57	28.1	22.8	828	35.0+
Washington town, Litchfield County	1 176	6.0	28.4	562	1 139	20.9	268	377	15.0	343	39.1	8.2	722	23.5
Waterbury city, New Haven County	21 159	7.5	40.7	9 137	923	23.2	6 478	308	13.9	22 005	31.4	7.4	492	26.8
Waterbury town, New Haven County	21 159	7.5	40.7	9 137	923	23.2	6 478	308	13.9	22 005	31.4	7.4	492	26.8
Waterford town, New London County	5 878	6.3	38.4	3 191	916	21.2	1 910	228	11.9	1 078	31.4	9.7	656	24.7
Watertown town, Litchfield County	5 670	5.9	34.6	3 387	915	21.8	1 998	312	13.4	1 584	33.6	5.3	562	24.2
Waregan COP, Windham County	172	18.0	29.1	84	908	30.7	12	257	10.0	207	31.9	16.9	491	26.4
Weatogue COP, Hartford County	718	8.6	17.5	578	1 292	19.5	108	369	16.1	204	55.4	2.0	924	22.8
Westbrook town, Middlesex County	1 610	8.9	30.2	867	877	22.8	361	303	14.7	593	41.0	4.7	618	27.9
Westbrook Center COP, Middlesex County ..	547	9.7	32.2	196	926	21.4	219	299	14.9	377	40.1	4.5	597	30.4
West Hartford town, Hartford County	17 599	4.8	38.8	9 644	1 191	20.5	6 071	400+	13.7	6 317	31.1	5.6	687	26.7
West Hartford COP, Hartford County	17 599	4.8	38.8	9 644	1 191	20.5	6 071	400+	13.7	6 317	31.1	5.6	687	26.7
West Haven city, New Haven County	11 931	4.6	39.2	6 071	977	23.6	3 391	349	15.0	9 353	35.2	5.8	621	26.4
West Haven town, New Haven County	11 931	4.6	39.2	6 071	977	23.6	3 391	349	15.0	9 353	35.2	5.8	621	26.4
West Mystic COP, New London County	1 075	7.0	28.7	619	1 214	23.3	298	369	15.2	366	46.7	4.6	695	26.4
Weston town, Fairfield County	2 736	7.6	23.5	1 942	2 000+	22.8	480	400+	12.7	270	44.4	2.2	1 000+	21.6
Westport town, Fairfield County	7 687	6.9	28.4	5 187	1 994	22.0	1 660	400+	14.0	1 594	38.1	4.5	1 000+	24.8
Westport COP, Fairfield County	7 681	6.9	28.4	5 187	1 994	22.0	1 654	400+	14.0	1 594	38.1	4.5	1 000+	24.8
West Simsbury COP, Hartford County	605	9.6	23.0	471	1 461	22.6	109	375	10.0	51	23.5	—	599	28.5
Wethersfield town, Hartford County	8 322	4.6	42.9	4 233	1 015	21.7	3 396	325	13.0	2 148	21.9	8.8	606	27.3
Wethersfield COP, Hartford County	8 322	4.6	42.9	4 233	1 015	21.7	3 396	325	13.0	2 148	21.9	8.8	606	27.3
Willimantic COP, Windham County	2 137	9.4	33.2	1 042	915	24.0	583	271	15.1	3 372	33.2	3.4	472	27.6
Willington town, Tolland County	1 397	8.5	21.5	892	1 012	24.5	184	312	11.6	796	52.9	2.9	644	32.7
Wilton town, Fairfield County	4 783	8.2	20.9	3 408	1 984	22.0	831	400+	13.4	758	36.0	6.7	976	26.0
Winchester town, Litchfield County	2 720	8.4	34.4	1 456	997	25.2	606	323	15.1	1 802	33.6	4.3	534	24.5
Windham town, Windham County	4 041	7.5	31.5	1 830	899	23.7	1 089	267	14.1	4 087	33.8	3.3	472	26.9
Windsor town, Hartford County	7 843	7.8	28.0	5 214	1 117	23.4	1 932	283	12.8	1 995	43.5	7.2	719	24.8
Windsor Locks town, Hartford County	3 624	6.2	44.5	2 081	895	20.1	1 158	256	12.1	1 134	33.1	3.9	666	24.2
Windsor Locks COP, Hartford County	3 624	6.2	44.5	2 081	895	20.1	1 158	256	12.1	1 134	33.1	3.9	666	24.2
Winsted COP, Litchfield County	1 703	7.4	40.5	797	966	26.4	434	329	16.3	1 645	32.3	4.0	518	24.5
Wolcott town, New Haven County	4 127	7.8	37.3	2 565	958	22.5	1 223	307	12.4	509	35.2	6.7	635	24.0
Woodbridge town, New Haven County	2 504	6.0	32.6	1 499	1 483	20.1	739	400+	13.8	243	23.5	23.5	848	25.9
Woodbury town, Litchfield County	2 339	9.4	27.0	1 232	1 242	24.0	531	380	12.9	900	35.6	1.7	741	26.7
Woodbury Center COP, Litchfield County ..	279	5.4	43.7	88	1 637	22.0	117	381	13.4	268	27.6	5.6	703	30.5
Woodmont borough, New Haven County	485	9.5	28.5	312	1 005	23.9	113	361	15.4	250	47.6	5.6	799	25.2
Woodstock town, Windham County	1 844	6.4	29.1	879	906	20.6	450	273	14.2	434	37.1	8.8	606	26.2
Millard city, New Haven County	14 358	6.0	33.2	8 590	1 024	23.3	3 904	347	14.2	4 493	36.5	3.3	748	26.1

Table 17. Selected Social and Economic Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

American Indian Area County	All persons	Persons 3 years and over— Enrolled in ele- mentary or high school	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut													
			Persons 16 to 19 years			Persons 25 years and over			Persons 16 years and over			Per capita income in 1989 (dollars)	Persons for whom poverty status is deter- mined			
			Total	Not enrolled in school and not high school graduate	Not in labor force	Total	Percent high school graduate or higher	Percent with bache- lor's degree or higher	Total	Civilian labor force			Total	Percent with income in 1989 below poverty level	Total	Percent with income in 1989 below poverty level
				Total						Percent unem- ployed						
AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATION AND TRUST LAND																
Golden Hill Reservation, CT (state) -----	9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fairfield County -----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
New London County -----	9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Mashantucket Pequot Reservation, CT -----	71	17	3	--	--	21	76.2	9.5	26	23	21.7	10 271	50	--	20	--
New London County -----	71	17	3	--	--	21	76.2	9.5	26	23	21.7	10 271	50	--	20	--
Paucatuck Eastern Pequot Reservation, CT (state) -----	16	4	4	--	--	12	66.7	33.3	16	8	50.0	12 619	16	--	--	--
New London County -----	16	4	4	--	--	12	66.7	33.3	16	8	50.0	12 619	16	--	--	--
Schaghticoke Reservation, CT (state) -----	10	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	5	5	--	50 400	5	40.0	--	--
Litchfield County -----	10	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	5	5	--	50 400	5	40.0	--	--
TRIBAL DESIGNATED STATISTICAL AREA																
Mohegan TDSA, CT (state) -----	24 636	24	--	--	--	156	75.6	16.7	185	112	8.0	12 297	240	30.4	27	66.7
New London County -----	24 636	24	--	--	--	156	75.6	16.7	185	112	8.0	12 297	240	30.4	27	66.7

Table 18. **Selected Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas: 1990**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

These tables are sample and subject to sampling variability; see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.

American Indian Area County	All housing units		Occupied housing units with American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder								Specified renter paying cash rent, median gross rent (dol- lars)
	Total	Occupied	Total	Owner occu- pied	Renter occu- pied	Lacking com- plete plumbing facilities	Vehicles available		Specified owner, median se- lected monthly owner costs (dollars)		
							None	1 or more	With a mort- gage	Not mort- gaged	
AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATION AND TRUST LAND											
Golden Hill Reservation, CT (state)	5	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fairfield County	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New London County	5	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mashantucket Pequot Reservation, CT	29	21	16	12	4	—	—	16	540	—	400
New London County	29	21	16	12	4	—	—	16	540	—	400
Paucatuck Eastern Pequot Reservation, CT (state)	25	6	6	6	—	—	4	2	—	—	—
New London County	25	6	6	6	—	—	4	2	—	—	—
Schoaghticoke Reservation, CT (state)	5	5	2	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Litchfield County	5	5	2	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
TRIBAL DESIGNATED STATISTICAL AREA											
Mohegan TDSA, CT (state)	10 682	9 823	63	11	52	—	23	40	—	150	534
New London County	10 682	9 823	63	11	52	—	23	40	—	150	534

Table 19. Percent in Sample, Standard Error, and Confidence Bounds for Population Characteristics: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Persons		Per capita income in 1989 (dollars) — Standard error	Median income in 1989 (dollars)					
	100-percent count	Percent in sample		Household		Family		Nonfamily household	
				90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
				Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
The State	3 287 116	13.6	38	41 594	41 847	49 017	49 380	23 585	24 006
Fairfield County	827 645	13.4	97	49 465	50 244	57 532	58 455	26 882	27 669
Bethel town	17 541	14.7	441	51 339	55 812	57 724	61 240	21 849	31 425
Bethel CDP	8 835	15.6	469	42 629	46 676	49 353	54 322	19 607	30 238
Bridgeport town	141 686	11.7	132	28 089	29 320	32 251	34 048	18 515	20 130
Bridgeport city	141 686	11.7	132	28 089	29 320	32 251	34 048	18 515	20 130
Brookfield town	14 113	13.4	626	57 585	62 438	62 477	68 048	29 330	37 824
Oanbury town	65 585	11.4	264	42 587	45 066	49 916	52 422	24 452	27 536
Oanbury city	65 585	11.4	264	42 587	45 066	49 916	52 422	24 452	27 536
Oarlen town	18 196	15.0	766	85 127	94 097	96 617	106 246	36 330	46 466
Oarlen CDP	18 130	15.9	768	85 080	94 160	96 642	106 269	36 229	46 261
Easton town	6 303	15.6	1 142	68 743	80 894	76 826	90 617	17 855	38 106
Fairfield town	53 418	14.5	368	54 174	57 422	63 354	66 892	24 844	27 918
Greenwich town	58 441	14.5	468	63 006	67 265	77 771	83 539	32 543	37 080
Monroe town	16 896	12.6	459	57 471	61 994	61 599	66 010	29 396	38 796
New Canaan town	17 864	14.0	882	86 444	98 122	104 491	115 091	32 595	42 860
New Fairfield town	12 911	13.7	585	57 338	62 874	60 713	66 743	25 951	32 955
Newtown town	20 779	18.0	396	59 118	62 441	63 712	67 507	30 237	34 929
Newtown borough	1 800	48.2	665	62 027	66 635	67 859	74 023	23 127	30 613
Norwalk town	78 331	13.1	264	47 139	49 262	54 059	56 396	29 812	32 040
Norwalk city	78 331	13.1	264	47 139	49 262	54 059	56 396	29 812	32 040
Redding town	7 927	14.9	1 091	70 487	81 621	78 189	89 629	32 010	46 070
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	358	12.8	5 488	30 217	61 490	31 703	79 043	7 001	48 689
Ridgefield town	20 919	15.5	623	70 872	77 213	80 706	87 304	36 176	46 352
Ridgefield CDP	6 363	15.4	1 084	56 088	66 155	71 284	81 496	26 751	42 100
Shelton town	35 418	13.8	326	48 198	51 238	54 040	57 363	22 907	27 379
Shelton city	35 418	13.8	326	48 198	51 238	54 040	57 363	22 907	27 379
Sherman town	2 809	14.0	1 665	54 619	66 851	62 095	72 732	25 710	45 659
Stamford town	108 056	11.9	292	48 602	50 753	55 927	58 869	30 933	32 910
Stamford city	108 056	11.9	292	48 602	50 753	55 927	58 869	30 933	32 910
Stratford town	49 389	14.9	243	40 866	42 692	48 053	50 717	17 989	20 566
Stratford CDP	49 389	14.9	243	40 866	42 692	48 053	50 717	17 989	20 566
Trumbull town	32 016	14.9	429	58 770	62 218	64 344	67 917	18 351	22 134
Trumbull CDP	32 000	14.9	429	58 770	62 218	64 344	67 917	18 351	22 134
Weston town	8 648	15.1	1 151	98 300	110 665	108 938	123 656	31 277	50 570
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	177	10.7	10 174	52 098	73 881	72 641	215 099	—	55 000
Westport CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Westport town	24 410	13.7	742	78 830	85 354	91 170	100 740	40 916	47 599
Westport CDP (pt.)	24 407	13.7	743	78 868	85 398	91 234	100 802	40 915	47 600
Wilton town	15 989	13.7	894	82 391	93 652	94 800	105 473	37 209	50 362
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	1 159	11.4	3 411	57 979	101 384	58 650	119 436	23 780	72 164
Hartford County	851 783	13.5	69	40 358	40 861	47 656	48 360	23 239	24 001
Avon town	13 937	14.4	802	63 592	69 938	75 844	83 108	30 617	40 283
Berlin town	16 787	12.5	475	46 969	51 181	53 581	57 162	16 148	22 023
Kensington CDP	8 306	11.5	640	41 235	47 580	47 839	55 384	14 902	24 537
Bloomfield town	19 483	12.5	536	46 074	50 382	54 389	58 753	22 463	27 706
Blue Hills CDP	3 206	10.4	734	39 346	45 923	41 194	50 857	13 764	28 060
Bristol town	60 640	13.2	198	37 291	39 312	44 594	46 629	21 665	23 286
Bristol city	60 640	13.2	198	37 291	39 312	44 594	46 629	21 665	23 286
Burlington town	7 026	11.6	833	54 168	60 360	56 053	62 587	29 803	45 748
Canter town	8 268	15.5	695	50 376	56 821	56 842	63 061	26 047	37 867
Canter Valley CDP	1 563	15.7	1 216	32 278	46 317	45 184	57 615	16 430	29 893
Collinsville CDP	2 291	16.7	1 039	43 151	53 589	48 785	61 678	25 636	39 621
East Granby town	4 302	16.1	947	48 148	56 341	55 184	62 801	27 130	40 077
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
East Hartford town	50 452	13.9	199	35 803	37 364	41 915	43 995	22 120	24 452
East Hartford CDP	50 452	13.9	199	35 803	37 364	41 915	43 995	22 120	24 452
East Windsor town	10 081	13.0	497	38 724	43 196	44 329	49 555	27 855	31 918
Brook Brook CDP	3 585	14.8	747	32 936	40 094	37 378	47 811	26 459	31 435
Enfield town	45 532	15.4	190	43 384	45 563	47 783	49 731	21 985	25 288
Hazardville CDP	5 179	15.4	528	42 508	47 185	46 433	51 443	17 154	26 669
Sherwood Manor CDP	6 357	15.5	525	47 352	53 549	51 496	56 657	23 706	36 087
Southwood Acres CDP	8 963	16.3	415	49 664	53 311	51 662	55 442	19 577	30 737
Thompsonville CDP	8 458	15.6	407	28 264	32 103	34 483	39 217	14 499	19 340
Farmington town	20 608	12.8	589	51 194	54 918	59 571	64 069	28 802	34 677
Glastonbury town	27 901	13.8	455	55 220	59 896	63 993	68 266	29 050	33 830
Glastonbury Center CDP	7 082	11.8	923	42 463	50 896	55 887	66 711	20 152	30 560
Wethersfield CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Granby town	9 369	15.8	599	56 065	61 337	61 632	66 382	23 190	36 813
North Granby CDP (pt.)	1 422	14.2	1 608	52 571	70 728	61 781	75 610	16 621	52 287
Salmon Brook CDP	2 185	17.4	1 136	48 907	59 197	57 137	65 801	16 937	23 773
Hartford town	139 739	11.2	133	21 615	22 707	23 860	25 594	16 475	17 782
Hartford city	139 739	11.2	133	21 615	22 707	23 860	25 594	16 475	17 782
Hartford town	1 866	42.2	469	44 208	50 278	45 820	51 770	21 248	33 573
North Granby CDP (pt.)	33	51.4	7 159	27 143	77 342	30 228	73 424	33 068	34 315
Manchester town	51 614	14.0	233	39 427	41 055	44 047	47 328	24 304	26 555
Central Manchester CDP	30 934	13.9	247	36 429	38 832	41 421	43 678	23 011	25 613
Marlborough town	5 535	15.4	685	57 377	62 882	60 180	64 839	22 039	43 607
Terromuggus CDP	1 044	14.7	1 594	50 725	62 991	52 812	66 248	21 089	60 562
New Britain town	75 491	12.3	176	29 364	30 772	34 781	36 568	20 287	21 861
New Britain city	75 491	12.3	176	29 364	30 772	34 781	36 568	20 287	21 861
Newington town	29 208	15.2	291	44 085	46 503	49 655	52 224	24 365	27 010
Newington CDP	29 208	15.2	291	44 085	46 503	49 655	52 224	24 365	27 010
Plainville town	17 392	12.8	372	36 702	40 215	43 572	46 809	21 823	25 188
Rocky Hill town	16 554	11.6	506	46 359	50 082	54 272	58 347	32 510	36 364
Simsbury town	22 023	15.7	506	62 474	66 765	70 409	75 740	31 436	36 417
Simsbury Center CDP	5 577	16.2	881	53 465	60 193	61 267	69 707	26 621	36 318
Tariffville CDP	1 477	15.4	1 688	33 810	50 247	41 419	56 353	22 238	45 657
Wetotogue CDP	2 521	14.7	1 213	57 912	68 338	63 066	75 420	34 432	54 264
West Simsbury CDP	2 149	14.7	1 705	72 475	87 074	77 536	93 195	30 311	55 044
Southington town	38 518	15.0	269	45 928	48 537	51 668	54 069	18 362	21 479
South Windsor town	22 090	12.5	433	55 712	59 665	59 018	62 195	34 029	41 558
Suffield town	11 422	15.8	615	47 428	52 846	54 126	59 721	24 804	29 067
Suffield Depor CDP	1 353	15.2	2 101	27 719	46 228	46 319	66 031	15 775	26 170
West Hartford town	60 110	14.7	345	48 389	50 790	59 131	61 939	26 838	30 118
West Hartford CDP	60 110	14.7	345	48 389	50 790	59 131	61 939	26 838	30 118
Wethersfield town	25 651	13.9	450	42 266	45 612	51 614	54 728	20 260	24 385
Wethersfield CDP (pt.)	25 651	13.9	450	42 266	45 612	51 614	54 728	20 260	24 385
Windsor town	27 817	14.0	336	53 661	51 477	53 956	56 651	29 882	39 882
Windsor Locks town	12 358	13.7	395	42 013	45 123	46 526	50 395	20 788	27 394
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	12 358	13.7	395	42 013	45 123	46 526	50 395	20 788	27 394

Table 19. Percent in Sample, Standard Error, and Confidence Bounds for Population Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Persons		Per capita income in 1989 (dollars) —Standard error	Median income in 1989 (dollars)					
	100-percent count	Percent in sample		Household		Family		Nonfamily household	
				90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
				Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
Litchfield County	174 092	16.5	136	42 140	43 119	48 485	49 637	21 694	23 160
Barkhamsted town	3 369	16.0	801	49 589	57 329	54 769	61 369	15 850	32 487
Bethlehem town	3 071	15.5	1 134	45 371	51 985	50 008	57 221	21 154	30 840
Bethlehem Village COP	1 976	15.7	1 178	42 555	52 074	46 830	57 932	14 219	27 480
Bridgewater town	1 654	44.3	1 000	56 255	62 586	65 259	72 849	26 475	31 453
Canaan town	1 057	43.3	1 031	31 434	38 380	38 572	44 952	12 491	20 902
Colebrook town	1 365	42.1	1 783	41 937	45 967	44 819	48 862	22 255	29 228
Comwall town	1 414	42.3	1 240	36 684	42 816	43 838	53 223	18 325	28 228
Goshen town	2 329	38.9	755	42 385	47 879	50 302	56 553	18 624	27 274
Harwinton town	5 228	15.4	860	46 911	52 883	50 119	56 239	23 823	35 507
Northwest Harwinton COP	3 299	15.7	1 087	45 771	52 507	49 565	55 968	14 766	33 150
Kent town	2 918	15.8	1 122	39 676	47 103	42 047	55 683	22 042	33 894
Litchfield town	8 365	23.9	576	43 307	48 403	50 656	54 416	21 069	25 849
Bantam borough	757	36.1	829	26 434	32 300	33 101	38 498	11 237	18 628
Litchfield borough	1 378	41.4	1 206	38 730	47 738	51 757	63 146	21 911	28 790
Morris town	2 039	42.2	604	39 815	43 866	45 016	49 339	20 405	26 314
New Hartford town	5 769	10.5	889	46 269	54 223	52 181	59 104	18 415	25 615
New Hartford Center COP	1 269	10.0	1 492	27 497	45 009	39 143	56 856	8 555	26 382
New Milford town	23 629	13.2	402	48 020	51 171	52 693	55 746	25 511	31 201
New Milford COP	5 775	14.0	644	35 698	40 383	41 288	47 702	12 231	30 896
Norfolk town	2 060	39.7	792	36 998	46 023	47 475	55 535	20 292	27 628
North Canaan town	3 284	14.8	822	32 751	38 864	37 848	43 175	14 808	21 865
Canaan COP	1 194	14.9	1 123	23 590	33 433	31 956	41 298	13 033	20 083
Plymouth town	11 822	13.2	394	40 095	42 578	44 075	48 890	18 434	24 130
Terryville COP	5 426	13.8	590	36 528	41 976	43 952	50 090	17 822	21 184
Roxbury town	1 825	43.9	909	47 894	54 855	53 747	62 054	27 355	40 586
Salisbury town	4 090	10.7	1 804	38 157	44 436	42 036	53 014	27 659	32 259
Sharon town	2 928	14.4	1 810	36 457	47 639	41 126	52 803	16 586	33 527
Thomaston town	6 947	14.0	590	38 683	43 282	44 706	48 973	18 560	26 116
Torrington town	33 687	14.3	267	34 113	36 418	41 976	44 629	16 734	19 804
Torrington city	33 687	14.3	267	34 113	36 418	41 976	44 629	16 734	19 804
Warren town	1 226	46.1	1 064	42 200	49 941	45 960	53 177	29 068	37 766
Washington town	3 905	13.7	1 478	45 092	52 362	47 849	58 029	22 461	34 622
New Preston COP	1 217	13.6	2 346	39 645	53 301	45 609	63 855	16 643	33 842
Watertown town	20 456	13.1	373	43 748	47 450	49 119	52 347	14 242	20 572
Oakville COP	8 741	13.3	425	37 275	43 289	44 189	47 995	10 372	16 883
Winchester town	11 524	13.3	502	35 812	39 561	41 503	44 568	17 051	23 721
Winsted COP	8 254	12.9	487	31 011	35 854	37 708	42 040	15 773	22 754
Woodbury town	8 131	11.8	877	46 861	53 447	54 083	60 570	29 647	38 499
Woodbury Center COP	1 212	12.4	1 564	32 474	47 076	41 404	55 708	17 027	32 552
Middlesex County	143 196	13.4	154	42 510	43 915	50 264	51 540	25 729	27 364
Chester town	3 417	14.9	971	40 750	47 362	46 543	54 110	22 721	32 154
Chester Center COP	1 563	14.8	1 501	34 879	50 529	45 631	57 825	17 987	31 810
Clinton town	12 767	15.8	405	43 915	47 378	50 046	53 169	23 781	30 350
Clinton COP	3 439	14.9	740	34 787	41 639	40 392	47 078	18 609	25 935
Cromwell town	12 286	13.6	454	44 580	49 560	52 226	56 732	27 262	32 141
Deep River town	4 332	16.3	822	36 937	42 911	41 029	50 202	21 608	30 061
Deep River Center COP	2 520	16.2	841	32 839	40 403	37 394	48 158	22 613	30 802
Ourham town	5 732	15.7	664	52 922	58 811	55 527	61 683	26 605	43 579
Ourham COP	2 650	15.4	1 027	48 884	58 885	51 598	61 850	26 183	45 423
East Haddam town	6 676	10.9	777	41 722	47 412	45 556	52 859	19 652	27 911
Moodus COP	1 170	10.7	1 181	29 799	42 217	38 167	44 999	11 295	22 038
East Hampton town	10 428	13.6	463	45 540	50 572	51 415	55 621	24 979	31 879
East Hampton COP	2 167	15.0	997	41 551	51 417	46 305	54 137	16 527	30 548
Lake Pocotopaug COP	3 029	11.9	959	39 650	46 683	44 695	55 631	27 713	38 925
Essex town	5 904	11.3	1 150	40 792	49 371	50 745	60 482	24 610	33 810
Essex Village COP	2 500	11.4	2 140	39 843	53 647	48 077	67 924	27 070	35 835
Haddam town	6 769	11.5	694	49 038	54 033	51 889	58 671	29 447	42 720
Higginum COP	1 692	11.2	1 209	38 911	52 397	41 045	56 490	22 745	50 125
Killingworth town	4 814	16.5	759	46 540	54 981	52 876	59 815	23 162	31 129
Middlefield town	3 925	15.5	613	42 887	49 286	47 678	54 521	19 464	33 910
Middletown town	42 762	12.7	265	36 688	38 830	42 971	45 871	24 237	27 303
Middletown city	42 762	12.7	265	36 688	38 830	42 971	45 871	24 237	27 303
Old Saybrook town	9 552	11.9	840	44 524	51 196	51 314	58 774	21 460	29 272
Ferwick borough	89	40.4	6 878	31 862	63 228	32 063	62 824	12 578	27 441
Old Saybrook Center COP	1 820	11.5	1 702	36 220	52 532	47 802	58 614	16 259	31 830
Saybrook Manor COP	1 073	12.9	2 472	39 554	63 322	50 409	66 874	14 200	34 119
Portland town	8 418	15.1	559	44 269	49 591	50 408	54 168	20 969	27 002
Portland COP	5 645	14.5	666	40 318	45 724	46 228	52 084	17 825	26 004
Westbrook town	5 414	11.1	1 106	35 337	40 980	41 619	48 874	21 050	28 575
Westbrook Center COP	2 060	11.4	1 818	28 889	37 135	35 775	42 464	21 893	29 185
New Haven County	804 219	12.6	69	38 145	38 797	45 727	46 389	21 266	21 902
Ansonia town	18 403	12.9	317	32 283	36 085	38 568	42 833	15 009	18 927
Ansonia city	18 403	12.9	317	32 283	36 085	38 568	42 833	15 009	18 927
Beacon Falls town	5 083	11.7	736	41 052	46 096	45 249	51 700	26 970	34 565
Bethany town	4 608	14.9	969	53 545	61 457	56 936	65 220	23 008	45 178
Branford town	27 603	13.4	420	42 197	45 052	50 068	53 492	29 463	32 342
Branford Center COP	5 688	10.8	886	31 653	35 799	36 094	43 706	18 142	27 290
East Haven COP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cheshire town	25 684	13.5	449	56 269	60 296	62 298	66 184	21 742	27 341
Cheshire Village COP	5 759	13.1	1 046	44 180	56 102	60 366	67 002	13 919	25 241
Derby town	12 199	10.8	493	33 107	38 475	40 367	46 494	21 676	26 116
Oerby city	12 199	10.8	493	33 107	38 475	40 367	46 494	21 676	26 116
East Haven town	26 144	12.8	298	36 138	38 836	41 473	44 279	20 740	24 551
East Haven COP (pt.)	26 144	12.8	298	36 138	38 836	41 473	44 279	20 740	24 551
Guilford town	19 848	15.3	486	54 235	57 954	59 542	63 328	30 403	36 711
Guilford Center COP	2 588	14.1	1 393	29 965	39 205	38 920	49 694	17 518	25 429
Hamden town	52 434	13.8	255	40 686	42 955	49 221	51 384	21 546	24 340
Madison town	15 483	12.9	2 493	59 031	64 934	66 368	74 008	32 773	39 889
Madison Center COP	2 139	12.2	2 425	36 345	55 560	57 360	84 830	14 453	22 062
Meriden town	59 479	12.4	198	35 282	37 140	40 839	42 950	19 747	22 248
Meriden city	59 479	12.4	198	35 282	37 140	40 839	42 950	19 747	22 248
Middlebury town	6 145	15.1	1 047	45 797	52 673	51 863	60 374	18 820	29 875
Milford town	49 938	16.7	222	43 210	45 082	49 210	51 214	25 740	27 855
Milford city (remainder)	48 168	15.6	235	43 162	45 157	49 233	51 359	25 338	27 389
Woodmont borough	1 770	45.6	588	41 771	45 812	46 418	50 353	31 455	38 130
Naugatuck town	30 625	11.3	313	38 557	41 289	45 199	48 319	20 411	23 975
Naugatuck borough	30 625	11.3	313	38 557	41 289	45 199	48 319	20 411	23 975
New Haven town	130 474	10.5	165	25 134	26 489	30 334	31 993	16 416	18 025
New Haven city	130 474	10.5	165	25 134	26 489	30 334	31 993	16 416	18 025
North Branford town	12 996	11.1	542	48 904	52 618	51 530	55 191	25 149	34 561

Table 19. Percent in Sample, Standard Error, and Confidence Bounds for Population Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Persons		Per capita income in 1989 (dollars) —Standard error	Median income in 1989 (dollars)						
	100-percent count	Percent in sample		Household		Family		Nonfamily household		
				90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		
				Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	
New Haven County—Con.										
North Haven town	22 247	11.7	499	46 978	50 892	51 834	55 264	20 722	26 022	26 022
North Haven CDP (pt.)	22 247	11.7	499	46 978	50 892	51 834	55 264	20 722	26 022	26 022
Orange town	12 830	16.0	631	59 758	64 431	63 966	69 332	20 975	26 257	26 257
Orange CDP	12 830	16.0	631	59 758	64 431	63 966	69 332	20 975	26 257	26 257
Oxford town	8 685	10.9	624	51 665	56 977	54 262	59 980	21 375	32 452	32 452
Prospect town	7 775	15.1	577	45 585	51 910	49 244	55 565	14 472	27 801	27 801
Seymour town	14 288	11.5	486	37 285	42 367	45 271	49 535	21 514	26 882	26 882
Southbury town	15 818	12.5	595	44 861	49 636	56 195	61 546	24 467	28 291	28 291
Heritage Village CDP	3 623	11.5	1 383	29 414	34 089	41 144	47 773	20 669	22 315	22 315
Wallingford town	40 822	13.4	271	41 787	44 404	48 034	50 656	22 624	25 854	25 854
North Haven CDP (pt.)	2	100.0	—	—	60 000	—	60 000	—	—	—
Wallingford Center CDP	17 827	12.8	373	35 461	37 757	41 193	45 600	20 430	24 418	24 418
Waterbury town	108 961	12.0	148	29 948	31 101	37 013	38 875	16 855	18 725	18 725
Waterbury city	108 961	12.0	148	29 948	31 101	37 013	38 875	16 855	18 725	18 725
West Haven town	54 021	11.3	217	34 878	36 552	41 144	42 773	20 669	22 315	22 315
West Haven city	54 021	11.3	217	34 878	36 552	41 144	42 773	20 669	22 315	22 315
Walcott town	13 700	15.2	430	46 501	50 367	50 443	54 200	15 819	24 188	24 188
Woodbridge town	7 924	15.1	1 138	64 697	77 145	73 747	86 936	26 859	36 082	36 082
New London County										
Bazrah town	2 297	15.6	665	37 966	47 539	42 709	43 803	21 969	23 096	23 096
Colchester town	10 980	13.1	426	44 376	48 316	47 960	51 899	18 091	30 062	30 062
Colchester borough	3 212	15.4	634	37 315	43 346	42 067	45 779	19 775	25 775	25 775
East Lyme town	15 340	12.0	484	45 415	49 337	50 667	54 397	28 201	33 849	33 849
Niantic CDP	3 048	10.4	1 285	35 238	42 238	42 405	53 583	17 143	32 308	32 308
Franklin town	1 810	45.8	448	40 061	45 216	44 007	49 033	21 576	26 092	26 092
Grisswold town	10 384	13.7	376	30 894	35 434	35 506	40 215	16 330	22 009	22 009
Jewett City borough	3 349	12.4	610	25 937	31 514	29 106	38 004	10 998	24 448	24 448
Groton town	45 144	14.3	208	33 140	34 794	35 988	38 941	22 371	43 416	43 416
Canning Towers-Nauticus Park CDP	10 013	13.2	207	27 358	30 315	27 227	30 105	12 421	38 175	38 175
Groton city	9 837	12.9	423	29 319	32 509	33 649	37 965	21 402	24 029	24 029
Poquonock Bridge CDP	2 770	17.0	573	26 794	32 729	30 025	35 399	11 544	19 140	19 140
West Mystic CDP	3 595	16.5	1 191	41 493	48 466	49 819	58 780	29 076	33 870	33 870
Lebanon town	6 041	10.7	689	41 307	47 507	44 225	50 414	21 334	33 278	33 278
Ledyard town	14 913	12.0	439	48 133	54 658	51 269	54 658	26 572	33 113	33 113
Lisbon town	3 790	15.3	621	35 159	40 900	44 357	47 227	22 040	26 880	26 880
Lyme town	1 949	47.8	878	43 925	48 297	49 576	57 526	23 512	30 302	30 302
Montville town	16 673	12.3	353	40 730	45 063	45 150	47 459	21 284	26 538	26 538
Uncasville-Oxoboxo Valley CDP	2 975	13.5	613	29 091	37 588	36 582	41 843	16 517	23 943	23 943
New London town	28 540	12.8	272	25 441	27 232	29 945	32 671	18 292	21 187	21 187
New London city	28 540	12.8	272	25 441	27 232	29 945	32 671	18 292	21 187	21 187
North Stonington town	4 384	15.4	735	43 396	49 775	46 715	51 792	28 621	43 695	43 695
Norwich town	37 391	13.2	261	28 531	30 259	35 756	38 412	17 824	20 784	20 784
Norwich city	37 391	13.2	261	28 531	30 259	35 756	38 412	17 824	20 784	20 784
Old Lyme town	6 535	14.1	922	47 101	54 096	52 702	61 044	20 458	31 352	31 352
Preston town	5 006	15.5	694	39 692	46 896	46 012	53 770	10 674	24 072	24 072
Salem town	3 310	15.3	597	46 435	52 090	47 902	54 492	32 857	45 588	45 588
Sprague town	3 008	15.0	752	34 353	40 434	38 494	45 689	11 639	25 929	25 929
Stonington town	16 919	16.1	450	38 124	41 010	44 903	48 586	21 952	26 176	26 176
Mystic CDP	2 618	15.7	1 127	34 271	44 419	40 580	50 677	21 874	29 612	29 612
Powcatuck CDP	5 289	11.8	736	31 302	36 260	36 281	41 588	12 440	20 832	20 832
Stonington borough	1 100	47.7	1 076	36 236	41 423	47 868	54 088	23 341	30 995	30 995
Voluntown town	2 113	47.0	398	33 042	37 491	37 900	42 665	18 784	23 351	23 351
Waterford town	17 930	14.6	405	42 457	45 719	47 516	50 847	21 879	26 500	26 500
Central Waterford CDP	2 939	16.0	767	36 319	43 265	43 123	49 521	21 937	30 375	30 375
Tolland County										
Andover town	2 540	42.0	406	46 590	50 233	50 620	55 150	21 338	30 983	30 983
Bolton town	4 575	15.3	828	48 375	55 081	53 203	60 749	21 806	31 000	31 000
Columbia town	4 510	15.8	680	50 947	56 642	52 503	59 112	26 313	38 758	38 758
Coventry town	10 063	13.9	436	45 030	48 527	49 116	55 020	22 867	33 518	33 518
Coventry Lake CDP	2 857	12.4	724	35 074	42 054	39 006	46 351	23 527	33 518	33 518
South Coventry CDP	1 157	11.8	1 258	33 757	45 153	40 412	47 154	7 224	25 391	25 391
Ellington town	11 197	12.9	497	43 697	46 920	49 480	53 372	29 375	35 000	35 000
Crystal Lake CDP (pt.)	1 175	14.7	1 981	34 550	48 053	34 867	50 619	27 109	49 815	49 815
Hebron town	7 079	10.7	733	52 858	58 575	54 911	60 034	22 436	46 350	46 350
Mansfield town	21 103	14.5	328	36 185	40 913	47 556	53 072	21 525	46 373	46 373
Storrs CDP	12 198	13.9	305	23 700	28 365	30 384	37 815	15 493	22 274	22 274
Somers town	9 108	13.9	624	49 682	56 530	54 767	61 980	15 391	28 024	28 024
Central Somers CDP	1 644	14.8	1 661	39 631	50 936	47 013	59 137	10 047	25 793	25 793
Stafford town	11 091	13.1	414	36 818	40 943	41 354	45 208	16 844	21 982	21 982
Stafford Springs borough	4 100	15.4	589	28 335	35 579	34 698	41 018	17 363	25 529	25 529
Tolland town	11 001	13.5	467	53 873	58 422	55 915	60 625	25 631	43 748	43 748
Union town	29 841	13.9	303	39 427	44 502	42 129	47 274	20 522	33 984	33 984
Vernon town	29 841	13.9	303	39 425	41 462	46 985	49 683	23 859	26 645	26 645
Willington town	5 979	11.7	613	38 832	44 956	44 985	52 606	20 346	27 982	27 982
Crystal Lake CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Windham County										
Ashford town	3 765	15.5	767	36 900	41 702	39 245	46 824	30 032	34 756	34 756
Brooklyn town	6 181	16.0	653	35 308	40 037	40 216	44 468	15 516	19 946	19 946
East Brooklyn CDP	1 481	12.0	1 456	20 427	35 578	35 252	43 290	7 876	12 080	12 080
Canterbury town	4 467	16.0	523	39 044	43 706	42 495	47 786	15 592	25 275	25 275
Chaplin town	2 048	47.7	442	39 744	41 999	41 885	44 413	20 332	30 230	30 230
Eastford town	1 314	44.2	598	34 726	39 921	43 577	46 192	15 947	30 777	30 777
Hampton town	1 578	48.8	533	38 260	43 456	43 291	46 698	16 881	25 226	25 226
Killingly town	15 889	13.0	337	34 282	39 378	33 578	38 033	15 395	19 868	19 868
Danielsborough	4 441	11.2	708	24 883	29 788	29 216	36 817	14 676	19 617	19 617
Plainfield town	14 363	15.3	286	32 653	36 277	36 456	39 418	15 051	20 306	20 306
Moosup CDP	3 289	14.0	670	26 325	34 810	30 227	38 582	9 939	21 438	21 438
Plainfield Village CDP	2 856	15.6	616	31 455	37 817	35 276	40 116	18 893	28 893	28 893
Worren CDP	1 079	13.9	903	23 750	31 042	25 421	31 228	10 604	21 471	21 471
Pomfret town	3 102	16.1	1 045	34 282	42 474	42 363	47 942	11 604	17 359	17 359
Putnam town	9 031	12.8	558	25 776	30 265	31 755	37 820	13 039	21 359	21 359
Putnam District CDP	6 835	12.1	543	23 025	26 899	29 166	33 129	12 164	17 019	17 019
Scotland town	1 215	46.7	601	37 108	43 569	41 607	45 660	17 989	32 845	32 845
Sterling town	2 357	44.3	362	31 512	34 673	34 012	36 970	11 854	20 243	20 243
Thompson town	8 668	15.7	435	32 578	36 884	36 884	41 140	16 469	20 926	20 926
North Grosvenor Dale CDP	1 705	15.7	826	26 287	33 898	26 282	35 424	8 975	22 878	22 878
Quinebaug CDP	1 031	15.7	1 597	27 190	37 770	28 893	47 076	13 006	29 330	29 330

Table 19. **Percent in Sample, Standard Error, and Confidence Bounds for Population Characteristics: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Persons		Per capita income in 1989 (dollars) —Standard error	Medion income in 1989 (dollars)					
				Household		Family		Nonfamily household	
				90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample		Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
Windham County—Con.									
Windham town -----	22 039	13.1	307	27 624	30 623	34 215	38 267	15 778	18 842
South Windham CDP -----	1 644	12.8	1 257	32 620	43 624	40 488	48 858	9 252	28 297
Willimantic CDP -----	14 746	13.5	335	25 407	28 764	32 405	36 493	14 630	17 346
Woodstock town -----	6 008	12.3	748	40 096	45 781	42 849	49 452	17 601	30 734
South Woodstock CDP -----	1 112	12.1	1 824	26 297	45 175	36 478	47 477	11 743	26 159

Table 20. Percent in Sample, Standard Error, and Confidence Bounds for Population Characteristics: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons		Per capita income in 1989 (dollars) —Standard error	Median income in 1989 (dollars)					
	100-percent count	Percent in sample		Household		Family		Nonfamily household	
				90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
				Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
The State	3 287 116	13.6	38	41 594	41 847	49 017	49 380	23 585	24 006
COUNTY									
Fairfield County	827 645	13.4	97	49 465	50 244	57 532	58 455	26 882	27 669
Hartford County	851 783	13.5	69	40 358	40 861	47 656	48 360	23 239	24 001
Litchfield County	174 092	16.5	136	42 140	43 119	48 485	49 637	21 694	23 160
Middlesex County	143 196	13.4	154	42 510	43 915	50 264	51 540	25 729	27 364
New Haven County	804 219	12.6	69	38 145	38 797	45 727	46 389	21 266	21 902
New London County	254 957	14.4	99	37 064	37 954	42 709	43 803	21 969	23 096
Tolland County	128 699	14.4	139	44 307	45 631	50 745	52 151	25 263	26 923
Windham County	102 525	16.5	130	33 193	34 509	38 629	40 027	17 003	18 683
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION									
Andover town, Tolland County	2 540	42.0	406	46 590	50 233	50 620	55 150	21 338	30 983
Ansonia city, New Haven County	18 403	12.9	317	32 263	36 085	38 568	42 833	15 009	18 927
Ansonia town, New Haven County	3 765	15.5	767	36 900	41 702	39 245	46 824	30 032	34 756
Avon town, Hartford County	13 937	14.4	802	63 592	69 938	75 844	83 108	30 617	40 283
Bantam borough, Litchfield County	757	36.1	829	26 434	32 300	33 101	38 498	11 237	18 628
Barkhamsted town, Litchfield County	3 369	16.0	801	49 589	57 329	54 769	61 369	15 850	32 487
Beacon Falls town, New Haven County	5 083	11.7	736	41 052	46 096	45 249	51 700	26 970	34 565
Berlin town, Hartford County	14 787	12.5	475	46 969	51 181	53 581	57 162	16 148	22 023
Bethany town, New Haven County	4 608	14.9	969	53 545	61 457	56 936	65 220	23 008	45 178
Bethel town, Fairfield County	17 541	14.7	441	51 339	55 812	57 724	61 240	21 849	31 425
Bethel COP, Fairfield County	8 835	15.6	469	42 629	46 676	49 353	54 322	19 607	30 238
Bethlehem town, Litchfield County	3 071	15.5	1 134	45 371	51 985	50 008	57 221	21 154	30 840
Bethlehem Village COP, Litchfield County	1 176	12.9	1 178	42 555	52 074	47 830	54 219	27 480	34 565
Bloomfield town, Hartford County	19 483	12.5	536	46 074	50 382	54 389	58 753	22 463	27 706
Blue Hills COP, Hartford County	3 206	10.4	734	39 346	45 923	41 194	50 857	13 764	28 060
Bolton town, Tolland County	4 575	15.3	828	48 375	55 081	53 203	60 749	21 806	31 000
Bozrah town, New London County	2 297	15.6	665	37 966	47 539	43 658	50 121	17 007	27 017
Bronford town, New Haven County	27 603	13.4	420	42 197	45 052	50 068	53 492	29 463	32 342
Bronford Center COP, New Haven County	5 688	10.8	886	31 653	35 799	36 094	43 706	18 142	27 290
Bridgeport city, Fairfield County	141 686	11.7	132	28 089	29 320	32 251	34 048	18 515	20 130
Bridgeport town, Fairfield County	141 686	11.7	132	28 089	29 320	32 251	34 048	18 515	20 130
Bridgewater town, Litchfield County	1 654	44.3	1 000	56 255	62 586	65 259	72 849	26 475	31 453
Bristol city, Hartford County	60 640	13.2	1 988	37 291	39 312	44 594	46 629	21 165	23 286
Bristol town, Hartford County	60 640	13.2	1 988	37 291	39 312	44 594	46 629	21 165	23 286
Broad Brook COP, Hartford County	3 585	14.8	747	32 936	40 094	37 378	47 811	26 459	31 435
Brookfield town, Fairfield County	14 113	13.4	626	57 585	62 438	62 477	68 048	29 330	37 824
Brooklyn town, Windham County	6 681	12.3	653	35 308	40 216	40 037	44 468	11 516	16 936
Burlington town, Hartford County	7 026	11.6	833	54 168	60 360	56 053	62 587	29 803	45 748
Canaan COP, Litchfield County	1 194	14.9	1 123	23 590	33 433	31 956	41 298	13 033	20 083
Canaan town, Litchfield County	1 057	43.3	1 031	31 434	38 530	38 572	44 952	12 491	20 902
Canterbury town, Windham County	4 467	16.0	523	39 044	43 706	42 495	47 786	15 592	25 275
Canton town, Hartford County	8 268	15.5	695	50 376	56 821	56 842	63 061	26 047	37 867
Canton Valley COP, Hartford County	1 563	15.7	1 216	32 278	46 317	45 184	57 615	16 430	29 893
Central Manchester COP, Hartford County	30 934	13.9	247	36 629	38 832	41 421	43 678	23 011	25 613
Central Somers COP, Tolland County	1 644	14.8	1 644	39 631	50 936	47 013	59 137	25 047	35 798
Central Waterford COP, New London County	2 939	16.0	787	36 319	43 265	43 123	49 521	21 937	30 375
Chaplin town, Windham County	2 048	47.7	442	39 744	41 999	41 885	44 413	20 332	30 230
Cheshire town, New Haven County	25 684	13.5	449	56 269	60 296	62 298	66 184	21 742	27 341
Cheshire Village COP, New Haven County	5 759	13.1	1 046	44 180	56 102	60 366	67 002	13 919	25 241
Chester town, Middlesex County	3 417	14.9	971	40 750	47 362	46 543	54 110	22 721	32 154
Chester Center COP, Middlesex County	1 563	14.8	1 501	34 879	50 529	45 631	57 825	17 987	31 810
Clinton town, Middlesex County	12 767	15.8	405	43 915	47 378	50 046	53 169	23 781	30 350
Clinton COP, Middlesex County	3 439	14.5	740	34 787	41 639	40 392	47 078	18 609	25 935
Colchester borough, New London County	3 212	15.4	634	37 315	43 346	42 067	48 779	10 960	19 775
Colchester town, New London County	10 980	13.1	426	44 376	48 316	47 960	51 899	18 991	23 062
Colebrook town, Litchfield County	1 365	42.1	783	41 907	45 967	44 819	48 862	22 255	29 228
Collinsville COP, Hartford County	2 591	16.7	1 039	43 151	53 589	48 785	61 678	25 636	39 621
Columbia town, Tolland County	4 510	15.8	680	50 947	56 642	52 503	59 112	26 313	38 758
Canning Towers-Nautilus Park COP, New London County	10 013	13.2	207	27 358	30 315	27 227	30 105	12 421	38 175
Conwall town, Litchfield County	1 414	42.3	1 240	36 684	42 816	43 838	53 223	18 325	28 228
Coventry town, Tolland County	10 063	13.9	436	45 030	48 527	49 416	55 020	22 863	27 647
Coventry Lake COP, Tolland County	2 895	12.4	726	35 076	42 754	39 006	46 351	23 527	33 518
Cromwell town, Middlesex County	12 286	13.6	454	44 580	49 560	52 226	56 732	22 262	32 141
Crystal Lake COP, Tolland County	1 175	14.7	1 981	34 550	48 053	34 867	50 619	27 109	49 815
Danbury city, Fairfield County	65 585	11.4	624	42 587	45 066	49 916	52 422	24 452	27 536
Danbury town, Fairfield County	65 585	11.4	624	42 587	45 066	49 916	52 422	24 452	27 536
Danielsville COP, Hartford County	4 441	11.2	708	24 883	29 788	29 216	36 817	14 476	19 617
Darien town, Fairfield County	18 196	16.0	766	85 127	94 097	96 617	106 246	36 330	46 466
Darien COP, Fairfield County	18 130	15.9	768	85 080	94 160	96 642	106 269	36 229	46 261
Deep River town, Middlesex County	4 332	16.3	822	36 937	42 911	41 029	50 202	21 608	30 061
Deep River Center COP, Middlesex County	2 520	16.2	841	32 839	40 473	37 394	48 158	22 613	30 802
Derby city, New Haven County	12 199	10.0	493	33 107	38 475	40 367	46 494	21 676	26 116
Derby town, New Haven County	12 199	10.0	493	33 107	38 475	40 367	46 494	21 676	26 116
Durham COP, Middlesex County	2 650	15.4	1 027	48 884	58 885	51 598	61 850	26 183	45 423
Durham town, Middlesex County	5 732	15.7	664	52 922	58 811	55 527	61 683	26 605	43 579
East Brooklyn COP, Windham County	1 481	12.0	1 454	20 427	35 378	35 372	43 290	7 876	12 080
Eastford town, Windham County	3 314	44.2	598	34 726	39 921	38 577	44 192	15 947	30 777
East Granby town, Hartford County	4 302	16.1	947	48 148	56 341	55 184	62 801	27 130	40 077
East Haddam town, Middlesex County	6 676	10.9	777	41 722	47 412	45 556	52 859	19 652	27 911
East Hampton COP, Middlesex County	2 167	15.0	997	41 551	51 417	46 305	54 137	16 527	30 548
East Hampton town, Middlesex County	10 428	13.6	463	45 540	50 572	51 415	58 979	24 979	31 879
East Hartford town, Hartford County	50 452	13.9	199	45 803	37 364	41 915	43 995	22 120	24 452
East Hartford COP, Hartford County	50 452	13.9	199	45 803	37 364	41 915	43 995	22 120	24 452
East Haven town, New Haven County	26 144	12.8	298	36 138	38 836	41 473	44 279	20 740	24 551
East Haven COP, New Haven County	26 144	12.8	298	36 138	38 836	41 473	44 279	20 740	24 551
East Lyme town, New London County	15 340	12.0	484	45 415	49 337	50 667	54 397	28 201	33 849
Easton town, Fairfield County	6 303	15.6	1 142	68 743	80 894	76 824	87 117	17 855	38 106
East Windsor town, Hartford County	10 081	13.0	497	38 724	43 196	44 329	49 555	27 855	31 918
Ellington town, Tolland County	11 197	12.9	497	43 697	46 920	49 480	53 372	29 375	35 000

Table 20. Percent in Sample, Standard Error, and Confidence Bounds for Population Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons		Per capita income in 1989 (dollars) —Standard error	Median income in 1989 (dollars)					
	100-percent count	Percent in sample		Household		Family		Nonfamily household	
				90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
				Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.									
Enfield town, Hartford County	45 532	15.4	190	43 384	45 563	47 783	49 731	21 985	25 288
Essex town, Middlesex County	5 904	11.3	1 150	40 792	49 371	50 745	60 482	24 610	31 810
Essex Village CDP, Middlesex County	2 500	11.4	2 140	39 843	53 647	48 077	67 924	27 070	35 835
Fairfield town, Fairfield County	53 418	14.5	368	54 174	57 422	63 354	66 892	24 844	27 918
Farmington town, Hartford County	20 608	12.8	589	51 194	54 918	59 571	64 069	28 802	34 677
Fernwick borough, Middlesex County	89	40.4	6 878	31 862	63 228	32 063	92 824	12 578	67 441
Franklin town, New London County	1 810	45.8	448	40 061	45 216	44 007	49 033	21 576	26 092
Georgetown CDP, Fairfield County	1 694	11.6	2 878	55 018	78 627	60 435	92 531	23 541	51 366
Glastonbury town, Hartford County	27 901	13.8	455	55 220	59 896	63 993	68 266	29 050	33 830
Glastonbury Center CDP, Hartford County	7 082	11.8	923	42 463	50 896	55 887	66 711	20 152	30 560
Goshen town, Litchfield County	2 329	38.9	755	42 385	47 879	50 302	56 553	18 624	27 274
Gronby town, Hartford County	9 369	15.8	599	56 065	61 337	61 632	66 382	23 190	36 813
Greenwich town, Fairfield County	58 441	14.5	468	63 006	67 265	77 771	83 539	32 543	37 080
Griswold town, New London County	10 384	13.7	376	30 894	35 434	35 506	40 215	16 630	22 009
Groton city, New London County	9 837	12.9	423	29 319	32 509	33 649	37 965	21 402	24 029
Groton town, New London County	45 144	14.3	208	33 140	34 794	35 938	37 941	22 371	25 416
Guilford town, New Haven County	19 848	15.3	486	54 235	57 954	59 542	63 328	30 403	36 711
Guilford Center CDP, New Haven County	2 588	14.1	1 393	29 965	39 205	38 920	49 694	17 518	25 429
Haddam town, Middlesex County	6 769	11.5	894	49 038	54 033	51 889	58 671	23 447	42 720
Hamden town, New Haven County	52 434	13.8	255	40 686	42 955	49 221	51 384	21 546	24 340
Hampton town, Windham County	1 578	44.8	533	38 260	43 456	43 291	46 698	16 881	25 226
Hartford city, Hartford County	139 739	11.2	133	21 615	22 707	23 860	25 594	16 475	17 782
Hartford town, Hartford County	139 739	11.2	133	21 615	22 707	23 860	25 594	16 475	17 782
Hartford town, Hartford County	1 866	42.2	469	44 208	50 278	45 820	51 770	21 248	33 573
Harwinton town, Litchfield County	5 228	15.4	860	46 911	52 883	50 119	56 239	23 823	35 507
Hazardville CDP, Hartford County	5 179	15.4	528	42 508	47 185	46 433	51 043	17 154	26 669
Hebron town, Tolland County	7 079	10.7	733	52 858	58 575	54 911	60 034	22 436	46 350
Heritage Village CDP, New Haven County	3 623	11.5	1 383	29 414	34 089	47 060	57 293	22 349	25 420
Higginson CDP, Middlesex County	1 692	11.2	1 209	38 911	52 397	41 045	56 490	22 745	50 125
Jewett City borough, New London County	3 349	12.4	610	25 937	31 514	29 106	38 004	10 998	24 448
Kensington CDP, Hartford County	8 306	11.5	640	41 235	47 580	47 839	55 384	14 902	24 537
Kent town, Litchfield County	2 918	15.8	1 122	39 676	47 103	42 047	55 683	22 042	33 894
Killingly town, Windham County	15 889	13.0	355	29 911	33 578	34 634	38 033	15 395	19 868
Killingworth town, Middlesex County	4 814	16.5	759	46 540	54 981	52 876	59 815	23 162	31 129
Lake Pocotopaug CDP, Middlesex County	3 029	11.9	959	39 650	46 683	44 695	55 631	27 713	38 925
Lebanon town, New London County	6 041	10.7	689	41 307	47 507	44 225	50 414	21 334	33 278
Ledyard town, New London County	14 913	12.0	439	48 133	51 343	51 269	54 658	26 572	33 113
Lisbon town, New London County	3 790	15.3	621	35 159	40 900	39 367	44 357	22 040	26 880
Litchfield borough, Litchfield County	1 378	41.4	1 206	38 730	47 738	51 757	63 146	21 911	28 790
Litchfield town, Litchfield County	8 365	23.9	576	43 307	48 403	50 656	54 416	21 069	25 849
Lyme town, New London County	1 949	47.8	878	43 925	48 297	49 576	57 526	23 512	30 302
Madison town, New Haven County	15 485	12.9	727	59 031	64 934	66 368	74 008	26 173	34 325
Madison Center CDP, New Haven County	2 139	12.2	2 425	36 345	55 560	57 360	84 830	14 453	22 062
Manchester town, Hartford County	51 618	14.0	233	39 427	41 055	45 047	47 328	24 304	26 555
Mansfield town, Tolland County	21 103	14.5	328	36 185	40 913	47 256	53 072	21 525	26 373
Martinsborough town, Hartford County	5 535	15.4	685	57 377	62 882	60 180	64 839	22 039	43 607
Meriden city, New Haven County	59 479	12.4	198	35 282	37 140	40 839	42 950	19 747	22 248
Meriden town, New Haven County	59 479	12.4	198	35 282	37 140	40 839	42 950	19 747	22 248
Middlebury town, New Haven County	6 145	15.1	1 047	45 797	52 673	51 863	60 374	18 820	29 875
Middlefield town, Middlesex County	3 925	15.5	613	42 887	49 286	47 678	54 521	19 464	33 910
Middletown city, Middlesex County	42 762	12.7	265	36 688	38 830	42 971	45 871	24 237	27 303
Middletown town, Middlesex County	42 762	12.7	265	36 688	38 830	42 971	45 871	24 237	27 303
Milford town, New Haven County	49 938	16.7	222	43 210	45 082	49 210	51 214	25 740	27 855
Milford city (remainder), New Haven County	48 168	15.6	235	43 162	45 157	49 233	51 359	25 338	27 389
Monroe town, Fairfield County	16 896	12.6	459	57 471	61 994	61 599	66 010	29 396	38 796
Montville town, New London County	16 673	12.3	353	40 730	45 063	45 150	47 459	21 284	26 538
Moodus CDP, Middlesex County	1 170	10.7	1 181	29 799	42 217	38 167	44 999	11 295	22 038
Moosup CDP, Windham County	3 289	14.0	670	26 325	34 810	30 227	38 582	9 939	21 438
Morris town, Litchfield County	2 039	42.2	604	39 815	43 866	45 016	49 339	20 405	26 314
Mystic CDP, New London County	2 618	15.7	1 127	34 271	44 419	40 580	50 677	21 874	29 612
Naugatuck borough, New Haven County	30 625	11.3	313	38 557	41 289	45 199	48 319	20 411	23 975
Naugatuck town, New Haven County	30 625	11.3	313	38 557	41 289	45 199	48 319	20 411	23 975
New Britain city, Hartford County	75 491	12.3	176	29 364	30 772	34 781	36 568	20 287	21 861
New Britain town, Hartford County	75 491	12.3	176	29 364	30 772	34 781	36 568	20 287	21 861
New Canaan town, Fairfield County	17 864	14.0	882	86 444	98 122	104 491	115 091	32 595	42 860
New Fairfield town, Fairfield County	12 911	13.1	585	57 338	62 874	60 713	66 743	25 691	42 955
New Hartford town, Litchfield County	5 769	10.5	889	46 269	54 223	52 181	59 104	18 415	25 615
New Hartford Center CDP, Litchfield County	1 269	10.0	1 492	27 497	45 009	39 143	56 856	8 555	26 382
New Haven city, New Haven County	130 474	10.5	165	25 134	26 489	30 334	31 993	16 416	18 025
New Haven town, New Haven County	130 474	10.5	165	25 134	26 489	30 334	31 993	16 416	18 025
Newington town, Hartford County	29 208	15.2	291	44 085	46 503	49 655	52 224	24 365	27 010
Newington CDP, Hartford County	29 208	15.2	291	44 085	46 503	49 655	52 224	24 365	27 010
New London city, New London County	28 540	12.8	272	25 441	27 232	29 945	32 671	18 292	21 187
New London town, New London County	28 540	12.8	272	25 441	27 232	29 945	32 671	18 292	21 187
New Milford CDP, Litchfield County	5 775	14.0	644	35 698	40 383	41 288	47 702	22 231	30 896
New Milford town, Litchfield County	23 629	13.2	402	48 020	51 171	52 693	55 746	25 511	31 201
New Preston CDP, Litchfield County	1 217	13.6	2 346	33 445	53 301	45 695	63 655	16 643	33 842
Newtown borough, Fairfield County	1 800	48.2	665	62 027	66 635	67 859	74 023	23 127	30 613
Newtown town, Fairfield County	20 779	18.0	396	59 118	62 441	63 712	67 507	30 327	34 929
Niantic CDP, New London County	3 048	10.4	1 285	35 238	42 238	42 405	53 583	17 143	32 308
Norfolk town, Litchfield County	2 060	39.7	792	36 998	46 023	47 475	55 535	20 292	27 628
North Branford town, New Haven County	12 996	11.1	542	48 904	52 618	51 530	55 191	25 149	34 561
North Canaan town, Litchfield County	3 284	14.8	822	32 751	38 864	37 848	43 175	14 808	21 865
North Granby CDP, Hartford County	1 455	15.1	1 570	53 673	69 957	56 986	75 150	17 331	52 389
North Grosvenor Dale CDP, Windham County	1 705	15.5	826	23 907	33 898	26 282	35 424	8 975	22 878
North Haven town, New Haven County	22 247	11.7	499	46 978	50 892	51 834	55 264	20 722	26 022
North Haven CDP, New Haven County	22 247	11.7	499	47 020	50 926	51 872	55 319	20 722	26 022
North Stonington town, New London County	4 884	15.4	735	43 396	49 775	46 715	51 792	28 621	43 695
Northwest Harwinton CDP, Litchfield County	3 299	15.7	1 087	45 771	52 507	49 565	55 968	14 766	33 150
Norwalk city, Fairfield County	78 331	13.1	264	47 139	49 262	54 059	56 396	29 812	32 040

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State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons		Per capita income in 1989 (dollars) —Standard error	Median income in 1989 (dollars)					
	100-percent count	Percent in sample		Household		Family		Nonfamily household	
				90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
				Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.									
Norwalk town, Fairfield County	78 331	13.1	264	47 139	49 262	54 059	56 396	29 812	32 040
Norwich city, New London County	37 391	13.2	261	28 531	30 259	35 756	38 412	17 824	20 784
Norwich town, New London County	37 391	13.2	261	28 531	30 259	35 756	38 412	17 824	20 784
Oakville CDP, Litchfield County	8 741	13.3	425	37 275	43 289	44 189	47 995	10 372	16 883
Old Lyme town, New London County	6 535	14.1	922	47 101	54 096	52 702	61 044	20 458	31 352
Old Saybrook town, Middlesex County	9 552	11.9	840	44 524	51 196	51 314	58 774	21 460	29 372
Old Saybrook Center CDP, Middlesex County	1 820	11.5	1 702	36 220	52 532	47 802	58 614	16 259	31 830
Orange town, New Haven County	12 830	16.0	631	59 758	64 431	63 966	69 332	20 975	26 257
Orange CDP, New Haven County	12 830	16.0	631	59 758	64 431	63 966	69 332	20 975	26 257
Oxford town, New Haven County	8 685	10.9	624	51 665	56 977	54 262	59 980	21 375	32 452
Pawcatuck CDP, New London County	5 289	11.8	736	31 302	36 260	36 281	41 588	12 440	20 832
Plainfield town, Windham County	14 363	15.3	286	32 655	36 277	36 456	39 418	15 051	20 306
Plainfield Village CDP, Windham County	2 856	15.6	616	31 455	37 817	35 276	40 116	8 273	18 893
Plainville town, Hartford County	17 392	12.8	372	36 702	40 215	43 572	46 809	21 823	25 188
Plainville town, Litchfield County	11 322	13.2	810	40 095	42 978	44 075	48 890	16 434	23 130
Pomfret town, Windham County	3 102	16.1	1 065	34 282	47 363	42 474	55 942	11 604	21 471
Poquonock Bridge CDP, New London County	2 770	17.0	573	26 794	32 729	30 025	35 399	11 544	19 140
Portland town, Middlesex County	8 418	15.1	559	44 269	49 591	50 408	54 168	20 969	27 002
Portland CDP, Middlesex County	5 645	14.5	666	40 318	45 724	46 228	52 084	17 825	26 004
Preston town, New London County	5 006	15.5	694	39 692	46 896	46 012	53 770	10 674	24 072
Prospect town, New Haven County	7 775	15.1	577	45 585	51 910	49 244	55 565	14 472	27 801
Putnam town, Windham County	9 031	12.8	558	25 776	30 265	31 755	37 820	13 039	17 359
Putnam District CDP, Windham County	6 835	12.1	543	23 025	26 899	29 166	33 129	12 164	17 019
Queinebaug CDP, Windham County	1 031	15.7	1 597	27 190	37 770	28 893	47 076	13 006	29 330
Redding town, Fairfield County	7 927	14.9	091	70 687	81 621	78 189	84 629	32 010	46 070
Ridgefield CDP, Fairfield County	6 363	15.0	084	56 088	66 155	71 284	81 596	26 176	42 100
Ridgefield town, Fairfield County	20 919	15.5	623	70 872	77 213	80 706	87 304	36 175	46 352
Rocky Hill town, Hartford County	16 554	11.6	506	46 359	50 082	54 272	58 347	32 510	36 364
Roxbury town, Litchfield County	1 825	43.9	909	47 894	54 855	53 747	62 054	27 355	40 586
Salem town, New London County	3 310	15.3	597	46 435	52 090	47 902	54 492	32 857	45 588
Salisbury town, Litchfield County	4 090	10.7	1 804	38 157	44 436	42 036	53 014	27 659	32 259
Salmon Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 185	17.4	1 136	48 907	59 197	57 137	65 801	16 937	23 773
Saybrook Manor CDP, Middlesex County	1 073	12.9	2 472	39 554	63 322	50 409	66 874	14 200	34 119
Scotland town, Windham County	1 215	46.7	601	37 108	43 569	41 607	45 660	17 989	32 845
Seymour town, New Haven County	14 288	11.5	486	37 285	42 367	45 271	49 535	21 514	26 882
Sharon town, Litchfield County	2 928	14.4	810	46 198	47 639	47 639	52 803	16 586	33 527
Shelton city, Fairfield County	35 418	13.8	324	48 198	51 238	54 040	57 363	22 907	27 379
Shelton town, Fairfield County	35 418	13.8	326	48 198	51 238	54 040	57 363	22 907	27 379
Sherman town, Fairfield County	2 809	14.0	1 665	54 619	66 851	62 095	72 732	25 710	45 659
Sherwood Manor CDP, Hartford County	6 357	15.5	525	47 352	53 549	51 496	56 657	23 706	36 087
Simsbury town, Hartford County	22 023	15.7	506	62 474	66 765	70 409	75 740	31 436	36 417
Simsbury Center CDP, Hartford County	5 577	16.2	881	53 465	60 193	61 263	69 707	26 021	36 318
Somers town, Tolland County	9 108	13.9	624	49 682	56 530	54 767	61 980	15 391	28 024
Southbury town, New Haven County	15 818	12.5	595	44 861	49 636	56 195	61 546	24 467	28 291
South Coventry CDP, Tolland County	1 257	11.8	258	33 757	45 153	40 412	47 154	7 224	25 391
Southford town, Hartford County	38 518	15.0	269	45 928	48 537	51 668	54 669	18 462	29 999
South Windham CDP, Windham County	1 644	12.8	1 257	32 620	43 624	40 288	48 858	9 252	28 297
South Windsor town, Hartford County	22 090	12.5	433	55 712	59 665	59 018	62 195	34 029	41 558
Southwood Acres CDP, Hartford County	8 963	16.3	415	49 664	53 311	51 662	55 442	19 577	30 737
South Woodstock CDP, Windham County	1 112	12.1	1 824	26 297	45 175	36 478	47 477	11 743	26 159
Sprague town, New London County	3 008	15.0	752	34 353	40 434	38 494	45 689	11 639	25 929
Stafford town, Tolland County	11 091	13.1	414	36 818	40 943	41 354	45 208	16 844	21 982
Stafford Springs borough, Tolland County	4 100	15.4	589	28 335	35 579	34 698	41 018	17 363	25 529
Stamford city, Fairfield County	108 056	11.9	292	48 602	50 753	55 927	58 869	30 933	32 910
Stamford town, Fairfield County	108 056	11.9	292	48 602	50 753	55 927	58 869	30 933	32 910
Sterling town, Windham County	2 357	44.3	362	31 512	34 673	34 012	36 970	11 854	20 243
Stonington borough, New London County	1 100	47.7	076	36 236	41 423	47 868	54 088	23 341	30 995
Stonington town, New London County	16 919	16.1	450	38 124	41 010	44 903	48 586	21 952	26 176
Storrs CDP, Tolland County	12 198	13.9	305	23 170	28 365	30 384	37 815	15 493	22 274
Stratford town, Fairfield County	49 389	14.9	243	40 866	42 692	48 053	50 717	17 989	20 566
Stratford CDP, Fairfield County	49 389	14.9	243	40 866	42 692	48 053	50 717	17 989	20 566
Suffield town, Hartford County	11 427	15.8	215	47 428	52 846	54 122	59 721	24 804	29 067
Suffield Depot CDP, Hartford County	1 353	15.2	2 101	27 919	46 228	46 031	51 979	15 775	26 170
Taunton CDP, Hartford County	1 477	15.4	1 668	33 810	50 247	41 419	56 353	22 238	45 657
Terrauggus CDP, Hartford County	1 044	14.7	1 594	50 725	62 991	52 812	66 248	21 089	60 562
Terrville CDP, Litchfield County	5 426	13.8	590	36 528	41 976	43 952	50 090	17 582	21 184
Thomaston town, Litchfield County	6 947	14.0	590	38 683	43 282	44 706	48 973	18 560	26 116
Thompson town, Windham County	8 668	15.7	435	32 578	36 884	36 594	41 140	14 469	20 926
Thompsonville CDP, Hartford County	8 458	15.6	407	26 264	32 103	34 483	39 217	14 499	19 340
Tolland town, Tolland County	11 001	13.5	467	53 873	58 422	55 915	60 625	31 631	43 748
Torrington city, Litchfield County	33 687	14.3	267	34 113	36 418	41 976	44 629	16 734	19 804
Torrington town, Litchfield County	33 687	14.3	267	34 113	36 418	41 976	44 629	16 734	19 804
Trumbull town, Fairfield County	32 016	14.9	429	58 770	62 218	64 344	67 917	18 351	22 134
Trumbull CDP, Fairfield County	32 000	14.9	429	58 770	62 218	64 344	67 917	18 351	22 134
Uncasville-Oxoboxo Valley CDP, New London County	2 975	13.5	613	29 091	37 588	36 582	41 843	16 517	23 943
Union town, Tolland County	6 12	49.8	770	39 147	44 502	42 129	47 274	20 522	33 984
Vernon town, Tolland County	29 841	13.9	303	39 435	41 462	46 698	49 683	23 559	26 645
Voluntown town, New London County	2 113	47.0	398	33 042	37 491	37 491	37 491	18 784	23 351
Wallingford town, New Haven County	40 822	13.4	271	41 787	44 404	48 034	50 656	22 624	25 854
Wallingford Center CDP, New Haven County	17 827	12.8	373	35 461	37 757	41 193	45 600	20 430	24 418
Warren town, Litchfield County	1 226	46.1	1 064	42 200	49 941	45 960	53 177	29 068	37 766
Washington town, Litchfield County	3 905	13.7	1 478	45 092	52 362	47 849	58 029	22 461	34 627
Waterbury city, New Haven County	108 963	12.0	148	29 948	31 101	37 013	38 875	16 855	18 725
Waterbury town, New Haven County	108 963	12.0	148	29 948	31 101	37 013	38 875	16 855	18 725
Waterford town, New London County	17 930	14.6	407	42 457	45 719	47 516	50 847	21 879	26 500
Watertown town, Litchfield County	20 456	13.1	373	43 748	47 450	49 119	52 347	14 242	20 572
Wauregan CDP, Windham County	1 079	13.9	903	23 750	31 042	25 421	31 228	15 260	31 585
Weare CDP, Hartford County	2 521	14.7	1 213	57 912	68 338	63 066	75 420	34 432	54 264
Westbrook town, Middlesex County	5 414	11.8	1 106	41 787	44 404	40 980	48 874	21 050	28 575
Westbrook Center CDP, Middlesex County	2 060	11.4	1 818	28 889	37 135	35 775	42 464	21 893	29 185

Table 20. **Percent in Sample, Standard Error, and Confidence Bounds for Population Characteristics: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons		Per capita income in 1989 (dollars) —Standard error	Medion income in 1989 (dollars)					
	100-percent count	Percent in sample		Household		Family		Nonfamily household	
				90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
				Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
				PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION — Con.					
West Hartford town, Hartford County -----	60 110	14.7	345	48 389	50 790	59 131	61 939	26 838	30 118
West Hartford CDP, Hartford County -----	60 110	14.7	345	48 389	50 790	59 131	61 939	26 838	30 118
West Haven city, New Haven County -----	54 021	11.3	217	34 878	36 552	41 144	42 773	20 669	22 315
West Haven town, New Haven County -----	54 021	11.3	217	34 878	36 552	41 144	42 773	20 669	22 315
West Mystic CDP, New London County -----	3 595	16.5	1 191	41 493	48 466	49 819	58 780	29 076	33 870
Weston town, Fairfield County -----	8 648	15.1	1 151	98 300	110 665	108 938	123 656	31 277	50 570
Westport town, Fairfield County -----	24 410	13.7	742	78 830	85 354	91 170	100 740	40 916	47 599
Westport CDP, Fairfield County -----	24 407	13.7	743	78 868	85 398	91 234	100 802	40 915	47 600
West Simsbury CDP, Hartford County -----	2 149	14.7	1 705	72 475	87 074	77 536	93 195	30 311	55 404
Wethersfield town, Hartford County -----	25 651	13.9	450	42 266	45 612	51 614	54 728	20 260	24 385
Wethersfield CDP, Hartford County -----	25 651	13.9	450	42 266	45 612	51 614	54 728	20 260	24 385
Willimontic CDP, Windham County -----	14 746	13.5	335	25 407	28 764	32 405	36 493	14 430	17 346
Willington town, Tolland County -----	5 979	11.7	613	38 832	44 956	44 985	52 606	20 346	27 982
Wilton town, Fairfield County -----	15 989	13.7	894	82 391	93 652	94 800	105 473	37 209	50 362
Winchester town, Litchfield County -----	11 524	13.3	502	35 812	39 561	41 503	44 568	17 051	23 721
Windham town, Windham County -----	22 039	13.1	307	27 624	30 623	34 215	38 267	15 778	18 842
Windsor town, Hartford County -----	27 817	14.0	336	48 774	51 477	53 956	56 651	26 024	29 882
Windsor Locks town, Hartford County -----	12 358	13.7	395	42 013	45 123	46 526	50 395	20 788	27 394
Windsor Locks CDP, Hartford County -----	12 358	13.7	395	42 013	45 123	46 526	50 395	20 788	27 394
Winsted CDP, Litchfield County -----	8 254	12.9	487	31 011	35 854	37 708	42 040	15 773	22 754
Wolcott town, New Haven County -----	13 700	15.2	430	46 501	50 367	50 443	54 200	15 819	24 188
Woodbridge town, New Haven County -----	7 924	15.1	1 138	64 697	77 145	73 747	86 936	26 859	36 082
Woodbury town, Litchfield County -----	8 131	11.8	877	46 861	53 447	54 083	60 570	29 647	38 499
Woodbury Center CDP, Litchfield County -----	1 212	12.4	1 564	32 474	47 076	41 404	55 708	17 027	32 552
Woodmont borough, New Haven County -----	1 770	45.6	588	41 971	45 812	46 418	50 353	31 455	38 130
Woodstock town, Windham County -----	6 008	12.3	748	40 096	45 781	42 849	49 452	17 601	30 734
Milford city, New Haven County -----	49 938	16.7	222	43 210	45 082	49 210	51 214	25 740	27 855

Table 21. Percent in Sample and Confidence Bounds for Housing Characteristics: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Housing units		Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)				Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989				Median gross rent (dollars)		Median gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
			90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
			Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper				
The State	1 320 850	13.7	1 091	1 100	337	339	22.8	23.0	13.6	13.9	596	600	26.5	26.7
Fairfield County	324 355	13.4	1 393	1 419	406	420	23.0	23.4	14.1	14.7	704	715	27.1	27.6
Bethel town	6 399	14.4	1 200	1 312	341	377	22.5	24.5	12.3	16.3	712	803	24.4	27.8
Bethel CDP	3 615	14.8	1 032	1 184	309	347	22.1	25.8	11.7	17.2	692	798	24.4	28.0
Bridgeport town	57 224	12.0	1 035	1 096	396	437	25.4	27.1	15.8	17.9	588	600	29.7	31.0
Bridgeport city	57 224	12.0	1 035	1 096	396	437	25.4	27.1	15.8	17.9	588	600	29.7	31.0
Brookfield town	5 354	13.7	1 296	1 426	338	373	23.3	25.5	11.7	16.0	830	930	22.7	27.2
Oonbury town	25 950	11.2	1 136	1 226	355	376	23.1	25.0	13.2	15.7	674	708	25.7	27.2
Oonbury city	25 950	11.2	1 136	1 226	355	376	23.1	25.0	13.2	15.7	674	708	25.7	27.2
Oarion town	6 653	16.1	1 964	2 199	478	534	20.9	23.1	10.8	13.1	1 122	1 323	22.0	25.6
Dorion CDP	6 627	16.1	1 961	2 197	478	534	20.8	23.0	10.8	13.1	1 122	1 323	22.0	25.6
Easton town	2 215	15.8	1 605	1 883	499	593	21.6	24.9	10.9	15.8	1 849	1 356	25.9	27.1
Fairfield town	20 204	14.6	1 415	1 511	372	387	22.8	24.2	14.2	15.9	868	923	25.5	27.8
Greenwich town	23 515	14.4	1 884	2 049	488	523	19.7	21.5	12.4	14.0	925	978	24.0	25.7
Monroe town	5 596	12.8	1 297	1 414	379	442	23.3	25.7	10.9	14.8	892	1 162	25.2	35.8
New Canaan town	6 856	14.0	2 187	2 429	555	607	21.1	24.0	11.7	14.9	988	1 190	22.7	26.9
New Fairfield town	5 081	14.4	1 212	1 326	337	382	22.5	24.6	12.4	16.7	843	1 263	23.0	34.5
Newton town	7 194	18.4	1 269	1 365	375	401	23.2	25.2	12.5	15.6	732	908	26.5	30.1
Newton borough	6 74	47.5	1 299	1 428	392	473	22.3	24.4	12.0	16.0	828	1 090	24.1	36.6
Norwalk town	32 224	13.2	1 293	1 390	461	502	23.0	24.4	14.4	16.4	725	751	25.8	27.3
Norwalk city	32 224	13.2	1 293	1 390	461	502	23.0	24.4	14.4	16.4	725	751	25.8	27.3
Redding town	2 990	15.1	1 605	1 879	455	561	21.0	24.9	11.0	15.8	780	1 254	24.2	29.7
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	172	15.1	476	1 268	284	495	8.0	28.0	7.5	26.6	637	1 512	23.4	33.4
Ridgefield town	7 999	15.6	1 731	1 882	455	533	24.4	26.9	14.9	18.9	864	980	25.2	30.9
Ridgefield CDP	2 717	15.6	1 615	1 929	419	544	23.2	27.8	12.7	18.8	805	896	25.8	32.9
Shelton town	12 981	13.6	1 111	1 184	315	335	22.0	23.6	11.6	13.9	626	690	25.3	29.0
Shelton city	12 981	13.6	1 111	1 184	315	335	22.0	23.6	11.6	13.9	626	690	25.3	29.0
Sherman town	1 451	15.2	1 205	1 389	311	368	19.2	24.3	9.7	16.3	658	1 469	11.7	56.6
Stamford town	44 279	12.0	1 568	1 691	469	507	22.1	23.4	13.8	15.5	781	807	25.9	27.1
Stamford city	44 279	12.0	1 568	1 691	469	507	22.1	23.4	13.8	15.5	781	807	25.9	27.1
Storrtown town	20 152	14.6	967	1 031	328	339	21.6	23.1	14.2	15.8	648	703	25.6	27.7
Storrtown CDP	20 152	14.6	967	1 031	328	339	21.6	23.1	14.2	15.8	648	703	25.6	27.7
Trumbull town	11 095	15.0	1 283	1 378	393	437	22.2	23.5	13.4	15.4	725	988	21.4	24.2
Trumbull CDP	11 090	15.0	1 283	1 378	393	437	22.2	23.5	13.4	15.4	725	988	21.4	24.2
Weston town	3 278	15.7	2 198	2 485	500	589	21.1	24.5	10.5	14.9	927	1 358	16.1	27.3
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	68	13.2	484	3 046	-	801	6.7	45.7	-	100.0	-	1 000	-	20.0
Westport CDP (pt.)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Westport town	9 841	14.1	1 918	2 104	508	561	20.8	23.1	12.6	15.4	1 015	1 203	23.6	26.6
Westport CDP (pt.)	9 840	14.1	1 918	2 104	509	562	20.8	23.1	12.6	15.4	1 015	1 203	23.6	26.6
Wilton town	5 824	13.8	1 901	2 114	476	557	21.0	23.1	11.5	15.3	844	1 131	23.6	28.1
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	441	12.5	1 405	2 414	344	590	16.0	24.7	5.9	18.1	506	1 630	4.5	19.5
Hartford County	341 812	13.7	1 057	1 073	325	329	22.2	22.5	13.0	13.5	565	572	26.0	26.5
Avon town	5 709	14.2	1 501	1 678	379	459	22.4	24.7	11.6	15.2	826	902	24.8	28.8
Berlin town	6 204	12.7	1 013	1 107	340	365	20.1	22.7	13.2	16.3	530	634	20.2	24.3
Kensington CDP	3 159	11.8	944	1 030	329	362	18.0	22.5	13.0	17.6	513	642	17.6	24.1
Bloomfield town	7 738	12.7	1 060	1 155	333	364	21.7	23.7	11.7	14.8	628	709	26.7	30.7
Blue Hills CDP	1 046	10.5	750	934	249	323	20.4	25.9	8.9	17.2	376	1 387	13.4	45.3
Bristol town	24 989	13.1	965	1 020	308	322	22.9	24.3	12.7	14.8	560	560	25.4	25.4
Bristol city	24 989	13.1	965	1 020	308	322	22.9	24.3	12.7	14.5	538	560	24.0	25.4
Burlington town	2 372	11.6	1 089	1 240	319	350	22.2	25.4	9.9	16.5	574	993	8.5	19.7
Canton town	3 323	16.0	1 106	1 246	356	398	21.4	24.3	10.4	15.6	603	690	23.8	28.7
Canton Valley CDP	740	15.4	851	1 158	312	397	19.7	25.1	10.4	27.8	358	640	23.1	28.8
Collinsville CDP	1 075	16.3	956	1 137	346	575	16.3	22.5	7.1	15.6	612	698	20.8	28.2
East Granby town	1 685	16.0	885	1 109	306	345	18.1	22.2	9.4	15.2	588	646	18.2	23.0
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
East Hartford town	21 274	13.8	880	942	280	290	21.0	22.7	12.5	14.3	562	586	24.8	26.2
East Hartford CDP	21 274	13.8	880	942	280	290	21.0	22.7	12.5	14.3	562	586	24.8	26.2
East Windsor town	4 115	13.3	970	1 113	279	315	22.7	26.1	11.5	16.5	636	680	21.2	24.2
Brook Brook CDP	1 497	15.2	1 018	1 202	290	364	23.1	27.7	10.3	19.8	635	694	22.9	27.4
Enfield town	16 614	15.4	936	981	288	301	21.9	23.2	12.1	14.1	657	680	24.0	25.9
Hazardville CDP	1 891	15.8	848	981	267	297	21.4	24.6	10.3	14.5	676	810	24.0	34.0
Sherwood Manor CDP	2 226	15.0	819	925	303	354	17.8	21.5	9.5	14.6	685	952	24.6	39.4
Southwood Acres CDP	3 015	16.0	870	952	278	298	18.5	21.5	10.5	14.8	749	916	21.4	27.6
Thompsonville CDP	3 635	15.8	961	1 126	289	332	22.4	26.6	13.7	19.4	552	595	24.0	26.9
Farmingtown town	8 654	12.9	1 176	1 294	296	326	20.9	23.3	10.6	13.4	793	873	23.7	26.9
Glastonbury town	10 948	13.6	1 289	1 380	378	413	21.5	22.9	12.2	14.9	672	729	25.8	28.8
Glastonbury CDP	3 228	11.9	1 122	1 305	357	393	19.5	22.7	11.3	17.0	640	703	23.4	27.8
Wethersfield CDP (pt.)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Granby town	3 492	15.7	1 170	1 282	336	376	21.5	23.8	9.4	13.3	600	816	21.3	27.5
North Granby CDP (pt.)	467	15.6	1 281	1 515	231	503	21.5	26.4	4.4	15.6	-	2 001	-	100.0
Solomon Brook CDP	948	15.6	1 055	1 228	357	413	18.4	23.3	7.1	13.7	366	778	21.9	30.3
Hartford town	56 098	11.8	910	1 012	357	420	22.8	24.9	13.3	16.2	500	509	28.6	29.5
Hartford city	56 098	11.8	910	1 012	357	420	22.8	24.9	13.3	16.2	500	509	28.6	29.5
Hartford town	695	43.5	955	1 044	294	335	22.3	25.0	9.4	13.1	469	593	14.4	34.1
North Granby CDP (pt.)	13	53.8	1 350	3 469	-	801	8.0	48.2	-	25.0	-	-	-	-
Manchester town	21 704	14.2	967	1 015	295	308	22.0	23.5	11.6	13.2	654	673	25.1	26.5
Central Manchester CDP	13 443	14.0	917	971	286	299	21.9	24.0	11.5	13.5	659	678	25.7	27.5
Morborough town	1 609	15.9	1 028	1 206	277	370	21.0							

Table 21. Percent in Sample and Confidence Bounds for Housing Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Housing units		Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)				Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989				Median gross rent (dollars)		Median gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
			90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds					
			Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
Hartford County—Con.														
Wethersfield town	10 790	14.2	973	1 061	316	333	20.8	22.6	12.1	13.9	582	627	26.0	28.7
Wethersfield CDP (pt.)	10 790	14.2	973	1 061	316	333	20.8	22.6	12.1	13.9	582	627	26.0	28.7
Windsor town	10 233	14.2	1 085	1 149	276	291	22.6	24.2	11.6	14.0	693	746	23.4	26.4
Windsor Locks town	4 929	13.5	840	932	245	267	18.4	21.5	10.6	13.6	625	709	22.4	26.1
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	4 929	13.5	840	932	245	267	18.4	21.5	10.6	13.6	625	709	22.4	26.1
Litchfield County	74 274	17.3	992	1 022	316	324	22.9	23.6	13.2	14.1	568	582	24.4	25.3
Barkhamsted town	1 334	16.0	814	1 057	275	340	19.9	23.3	9.6	16.2	541	678	17.5	28.2
Bethlehem town	1 262	15.5	948	1 198	331	390	22.1	27.5	9.2	15.8	542	841	15.6	46.1
Bethlehem Village CDP	849	15.3	905	1 126	261	383	20.0	28.7	8.9	17.6	548	848	19.9	56.9
Bridgewater town	734	45.4	1 197	1 407	369	423	21.8	25.5	12.7	17.4	748	1 133	20.4	29.2
Canaan town	587	45.5	774	870	281	318	21.5	25.2	11.8	16.9	526	631	26.7	34.9
Colebrook town	613	43.4	913	1 073	287	327	21.0	27.2	12.7	18.5	489	694	15.3	30.9
Conwall town	822	42.5	894	1 095	286	335	17.1	26.4	11.4	16.0	589	679	21.9	33.3
Goshen town	1 287	42.0	1 098	1 248	271	302	23.6	26.7	10.7	14.5	500	615	21.7	32.9
Horwinton town	1 883	15.5	934	1 102	285	324	20.1	24.7	11.0	16.4	485	1 182	23.1	37.2
Northwest Horwinton CDP	1 233	15.2	869	1 070	274	312	18.8	24.7	11.1	18.0	473	1 263	23.4	43.4
Kent town	1 414	15.8	696	962	263	368	15.3	23.5	8.1	15.0	587	818	20.6	28.0
Litchfield town	3 430	25.2	919	1 001	347	391	20.2	23.6	11.8	14.7	574	637	22.2	25.2
Bantom borough	344	37.5	596	908	300	359	24.1	28.1	10.0	18.0	311	549	21.6	26.3
Litchfield borough	600	44.8	1 101	1 409	437	553	20.5	25.8	11.4	16.9	604	662	23.1	27.1
Morris town	1 089	43.4	819	979	291	337	19.8	23.6	11.8	15.6	605	675	20.1	27.0
New Hartford town	2 319	10.7	1 023	1 210	255	319	21.7	26.0	9.1	15.6	535	643	20.7	29.3
New Hartford Center CDP	546	9.7	892	1 218	230	414	19.9	28.2	7.5	29.0	545	648	20.5	29.7
New Milford town	9 295	13.3	1 133	1 226	311	342	23.2	25.2	10.6	14.0	664	714	24.9	27.5
New Milford CDP	2 563	13.9	925	1 082	263	354	21.3	25.0	9.8	17.5	638	687	25.4	29.0
Norfolk town	904	44.6	935	1 086	363	465	21.4	24.7	11.6	16.4	472	567	23.5	30.2
North Canaan town	1 405	14.3	766	1 076	254	306	23.1	28.7	11.7	17.5	472	565	22.3	27.1
Canaan CDP	5 093	14.6	700	1 185	271	349	25.9	48.5	9.0	17.2	382	524	22.5	28.6
Plymouth town	4 556	13.5	879	986	285	314	21.5	24.4	11.9	15.8	510	555	19.2	25.3
Terryville CDP	2 267	14.0	899	1 052	280	324	21.5	25.8	11.2	16.3	493	538	18.3	26.6
Roxbury town	871	44.3	1 067	1 357	337	381	22.4	25.6	11.1	15.6	852	1 057	21.5	28.5
Salisbury town	2 469	11.7	777	975	298	373	18.8	25.7	12.6	19.5	450	663	23.2	32.6
Sharon town	1 595	14.9	693	864	251	347	15.5	22.7	11.5	19.0	614	721	16.4	42.9
Thomaston town	2 736	13.9	860	962	281	311	20.7	23.3	10.4	15.0	511	559	22.4	26.5
Torrington town	15 161	14.6	919	987	312	329	23.3	25.1	12.9	15.1	498	525	23.7	25.5
Torrington city	15 161	14.6	919	987	312	329	23.3	25.1	12.9	15.1	498	525	23.7	25.5
Warren town	592	47.5	964	1 111	296	336	21.7	25.6	10.5	15.0	673	958	30.9	65.9
Washington town	1 856	15.0	1 028	1 251	337	448	17.6	23.9	11.4	18.5	661	796	17.5	28.9
New Preston CDP	585	14.7	752	1 219	229	394	13.4	22.6	9.3	19.6	599	770	14.7	27.1
Watertown town	7 522	13.3	876	970	303	321	20.7	27.9	12.0	14.8	537	584	22.3	26.7
Oakville CDP	3 218	13.4	809	900	296	321	20.2	23.2	12.0	16.3	529	584	21.0	26.7
Winchester town	5 093	13.4	942	1 051	302	344	23.2	26.6	12.5	17.7	508	558	23.0	26.2
Winsted CDP	3 643	12.8	887	1 038	305	357	24.3	28.1	13.0	19.7	491	546	22.9	26.3
Woodbury town	3 445	11.9	1 158	1 361	359	407	22.4	25.8	10.4	15.4	697	809	23.8	29.3
Woodbury Center CDP	594	12.0	987	1 899	337	508	13.2	27.5	7.9	19.0	651	756	24.0	44.4
Middlesex County	61 593	13.6	1 010	1 049	297	307	22.6	23.3	12.6	13.7	610	628	24.6	25.6
Chester town	1 379	16.0	1 053	1 281	264	303	22.1	26.3	11.3	18.6	572	633	23.1	30.6
Chester Center CDP	647	16.4	1 106	1 414	286	368	23.3	30.6	8.7	18.9	569	632	23.0	34.5
Clinton town	5 411	15.8	1 047	1 159	309	346	23.6	25.8	11.6	15.4	733	813	26.1	31.2
Clinton CDP	1 578	15.3	969	1 268	297	354	22.9	28.0	11.3	18.4	683	806	25.0	34.8
Cromwell town	5 090	13.9	1 058	1 176	308	335	22.1	24.1	11.8	16.1	691	755	24.1	27.4
Deep River town	1 786	16.4	850	1 042	296	331	18.8	24.8	12.7	18.4	611	693	26.6	32.8
Deep River Center CDP	1 064	16.4	809	1 049	292	340	16.6	25.4	11.4	18.5	610	708	27.5	33.8
Durham town	1 927	15.5	1 070	1 234	310	373	20.6	23.3	8.1	13.3	443	655	25.2	34.0
Durham CDP	954	15.8	1 087	1 302	318	390	20.6	24.1	7.8	14.6	430	678	19.0	54.4
East Haddam town	3 289	11.3	881	1 038	227	272	22.0	25.6	10.1	15.9	521	648	15.7	24.2
Moodus CDP	535	11.0	767	1 190	174	252	14.8	31.8	6.6	16.7	422	673	18.1	27.2
East Hampton town	4 205	13.4	971	1 118	304	334	22.5	25.5	10.1	15.1	579	680	21.0	24.5
East Hampton CDP	817	15.1	778	1 028	307	348	17.8	24.3	7.0	16.4	459	617	21.4	26.7
Lake Pocotopog CDP	1 527	11.3	953	1 236	271	423	25.6	32.2	7.1	17.7	570	726	17.5	24.8
Essex town	2 728	11.3	918	1 149	266	311	21.1	25.4	10.6	16.2	718	938	25.3	29.0
Essex Village CDP	1 247	10.7	925	1 484	281	381	19.3	29.1	9.0	16.9	639	970	24.3	29.0
Haddam town	2 598	12.1	912	1 039	241	281	17.9	22.1	9.4	14.6	518	685	17.8	23.4
Higgonum CDP	657	11.9	584	915	230	287	12.3	21.1	8.2	17.2	458	647	12.7	23.2
Killingworth town	1 879	16.4	1 161	1 376	332	506	24.4	29.0	9.1	15.3	460	854	11.0	23.9
Middlefield town	1 587	14.8	782	1 017	280	320	21.3	23.8	9.9	15.0	540	692	19.6	28.1
Middletown town	18 102	13.1	947	1 021	285	306	21.4	23.1	12.0	14.4	561	591	23.9	25.3
Middletown city	18 102	13.1	947	1 021	285	306	21.4	23.1	12.0	14.4	561	591	23.9	25.3
Old Saybrook town	5 092	12.4	909	1 073	279	320	19.5	23.0	10.8	14.6	748	871	23.6	29.6
Fenwick borough	81	46.9	694	2 125	498	663	29.7	75.6	9.2	20.3	—	1 000	—	20.0
Old Saybrook Center CDP	940	11.7	743	1 024	284	360	18.0	24.4	10.1	18.3	500	826	21.5	29.8
Saybrook Manor CDP	1 000	11.6	808	1 414	219	314	11.7	25.4	6.2	13.8	588	1 186	13.2	34.1
Portland town	3 289	15.1	963	1 097	295	330	21.8	24.6	11.0	14.8	511	591	23.7	28.0
Portland CDP	2 222	14.5	888	1 075	297	339	22.1	26.7	11.3	15.9	508	594	23.5	29.5
Westbrook town	3 231	11.8	799	977	264	331	21.1	24.6	11.2	18.1	579	647	23.2	31.2
Westbrook Center CDP	1 657	11.9	680	1 143	246	335	15.9	24.6	10.4	19.4	543	636	24.0	32.3
New Haven County	327 079	12.5	1 031	1 049	333	338	22.9	23.4	13.9	14.4	581	588	27.0	27.5
Ansonia town	7 503	12.6	851	994	280	303	21.4							

Table 21. Percent in Sample and Confidence Bounds for Housing Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Housing units		Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)				Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989				Median gross rent (dollars)		Median gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
			90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
			Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper				
New Haven County—Con.														
Meriden town	24 826	12.6	980	1 032	295	309	23.1	24.5	13.0	14.9	519	547	25.9	27.5
Meriden city	24 826	12.6	980	1 032	295	309	23.1	24.5	13.0	14.9	519	547	25.9	27.5
Middlebury town	2 365	15.1	946	1 149	324	355	18.4	22.8	11.5	15.8	611	800	22.1	29.1
Milford town	20 149	16.8	994	1 056	341	354	22.7	24.0	13.3	15.0	734	759	25.2	27.1
Milford city (remainder)	19 339	15.5	993	1 059	340	354	22.6	24.0	13.3	15.0	731	768	25.1	27.2
Woodmont borough	8 810	46.5	942	1 078	337	390	22.8	25.0	12.8	18.0	755	844	23.6	27.4
Naugatuck town	11 930	11.3	1 023	1 091	317	343	23.3	25.4	12.8	16.1	563	593	22.9	24.9
Naugatuck borough	11 930	11.3	1 023	1 091	317	343	23.3	25.4	12.8	16.1	563	593	22.9	24.9
New Haven town	54 057	10.5	951	1 029	350	377	22.5	24.5	13.6	16.2	561	575	29.4	30.7
New Haven city	54 057	10.5	951	1 029	350	377	22.5	24.5	13.6	16.2	561	575	29.4	30.7
North Branford town	4 610	11.1	975	1 080	295	327	20.9	23.7	11.7	15.9	664	869	23.3	32.7
North Haven town	8 243	11.7	971	1 081	327	347	20.9	23.3	11.8	14.1	649	716	23.5	27.5
North Haven CDP (pt.)	8 243	11.7	971	1 081	327	347	20.9	23.3	11.8	14.1	649	716	23.5	27.5
Orange town	4 544	15.6	1 220	1 394	417	486	20.6	23.0	12.0	14.7	671	1 025	14.3	37.3
Orange CDP	4 544	15.6	1 220	1 394	417	486	20.6	23.0	12.0	14.7	671	1 025	14.3	37.3
Oxford town	2 930	11.0	1 074	1 217	279	352	23.7	26.7	9.8	14.9	543	806	18.4	30.3
Prospect town	2 624	15.2	995	1 100	260	295	21.5	24.8	11.6	15.7	618	918	21.7	30.8
Seymour town	5 877	11.1	975	1 019	255	278	20.9	24.9	11.2	14.6	569	629	22.2	25.5
Southbury town	6 826	12.0	1 123	1 278	508	566	24.5	27.0	15.0	18.7	857	1 004	21.0	25.6
Heritage Village CDP	2 700	11.6	927	1 296	567	625	28.7	57.2	17.4	23.0	843	1 163	27.6	58.9
Wallingford town	15 936	13.3	1 003	1 078	313	328	21.8	23.3	12.8	15.1	603	630	24.0	26.0
North Haven CDP (pt.)		100.0	850	850			10.0	10.0						
Wallingford Center CDP	7 716	12.7	967	1 088	297	320	21.7	24.4	13.0	16.6	567	600	23.7	26.1
Waterbury town	47 205	11.9	901	944	302	315	22.4	23.9	13.2	14.7	484	499	26.2	27.4
Waterbury city	47 205	11.9	901	944	302	315	22.4	23.9	13.2	14.7	484	499	26.2	27.4
West Haven town	22 679	11.3	942	1 012	341	359	22.7	24.6	13.8	16.2	612	630	25.5	27.4
West Haven city	22 679	11.3	942	1 012	341	359	22.7	24.6	13.8	16.2	612	630	25.5	27.4
Wolcott town	4 870	15.0	920	996	297	317	21.3	23.8	11.1	13.8	566	784	22.0	26.5
Woodbridge town	2 825	15.3	1 380	1 599	514	585	18.1	21.8	11.8	15.8	727	1 026	21.5	30.4
New London County	104 461	14.5	952	975	279	286	23.0	23.7	12.6	13.5	566	577	25.4	26.2
Bolton town	4 874	15.8	775	954	259	290	22.2	28.5	8.1	14.6	560	633	12.0	26.5
Colchester town	4 150	13.1	988	1 125	252	309	23.0	25.4	10.5	16.7	564	655	21.1	24.7
Colchester borough	1 219	15.8	830	1 025	252	323	20.7	23.8	9.8	25.2	533	662	22.1	30.1
East Lyme town	6 772	12.0	941	1 045	298	332	21.0	23.3	10.9	14.7	675	749	24.6	31.4
Niantic CDP	1 690	11.0	761	976	257	304	16.2	24.5	7.5	14.1	642	790	30.8	51.9
Franklin town	6 666	47.1	769	877	251	276	20.8	23.9	10.0	13.6	446	535	13.9	21.9
Griswold town	4 211	13.7	752	895	213	241	22.3	25.5	9.3	13.4	470	518	23.6	28.1
Jewett City borough	1 469	11.9	578	982	233	289	21.8	46.6	6.2	13.8	456	507	21.9	27.6
Groton town	16 598	14.0	956	1 031	305	327	22.5	24.4	12.7	15.4	597	616	24.0	25.3
Conning Towers-Nautilus Park CDP	2 769	13.4	737	1 121	238	350	14.4	29.5	8.8	27.9	581	617	22.6	25.2
Groton city	4 479	13.1	901	1 019	280	307	22.9	28.0	11.3	16.5	570	601	23.8	26.2
Paquonnet Bridge CDP	1 028	16.6	691	911	231	315	20.6	24.1	10.7	20.6	562	593	21.5	27.5
West Mystic CDP	1 584	16.4	1 136	1 312	346	391	21.2	25.5	11.9	18.5	661	736	23.7	28.7
Lebanon town	2 422	11.5	786	927	229	267	19.0	24.1	8.8	14.8	456	515	17.0	44.8
Ledyard town	5 250	12.2	1 047	1 164	283	323	23.2	25.7	10.0	15.3	657	735	23.6	27.1
Lisbon town	1 400	15.4	823	985	232	278	23.4	27.7	8.2	14.2	512	657	16.3	26.9
Lyme town	986	47.4	970	1 173	284	329	23.8	28.0	10.5	13.5	641	734	19.2	30.7
Monville town	6 283	12.7	820	910	241	266	20.1	23.0	10.9	14.7	605	640	23.1	26.6
Uncasville-Oakboxoxa Valley CDP	1 283	14.3	685	912	207	270	16.8	26.3	9.2	18.7	489	590	21.2	26.8
New London town	11 970	12.8	934	1 028	324	360	25.1	29.3	12.7	16.5	515	538	26.8	28.6
New London city	11 970	12.8	934	1 028	324	360	25.1	29.3	12.7	16.5	515	538	26.8	28.6
North Stonington town	1 858	15.7	884	1 058	242	289	20.2	24.1	8.1	13.3	470	632	14.2	23.1
Norwich town	16 472	13.1	919	988	290	310	22.9	25.2	12.6	15.1	513	535	26.1	27.7
Norwich city	16 472	13.1	919	988	290	310	22.9	25.2	12.6	15.1	513	535	26.1	27.7
Old Lyme town	4 336	13.7	1 004	1 145	301	339	20.5	24.1	11.2	15.5	683	879	24.5	30.7
Preston town	1 689	15.2	921	1 021	254	294	20.0	25.0	11.9	17.7	453	663	21.5	29.6
Salem town	1 245	15.2	997	1 193	254	366	23.5	28.0	6.0	14.0	651	689	20.4	29.8
Sprague town	1 109	15.2	786	1 003	228	296	20.2	25.1	9.8	18.1	455	551	20.5	25.9
Stonington town	7 923	15.0	946	1 040	274	304	21.8	24.0	11.8	14.4	567	609	23.0	25.2
Mystic CDP	1 211	15.9	949	1 224	260	340	21.4	25.6	11.4	19.9	642	737	19.7	27.0
Pawcatuck CDP	2 324	11.8	778	988	239	280	19.5	26.6	11.3	17.5	463	540	22.6	26.1
Stonington borough	5 713	45.9	956	1 598	420	535	22.7	27.5	13.0	18.7	589	657	21.6	26.8
Voluntown town	890	44.8	808	907	213	246	23.4	26.3	11.2	15.5	516	556	22.1	28.2
Waterford town	7 357	14.6	873	952	221	234	20.0	22.4	10.8	13.0	629	697	23.2	27.1
Central Waterford CDP	1 338	15.4	639	828	198	235	18.6	23.8	9.4	15.4	615	695	21.9	27.3
Tolland County	46 677	14.6	996	1 031	298	310	22.0	22.8	11.9	13.2	591	605	24.8	26.0
Andover town	980	43.3	985	1 070	292	355	22.4	24.7	12.6	17.3	469	500	23.3	28.2
Bolton town	1 704	16.0	1 027	1 190	315	355	20.9	25.9	9.8	15.7	609	649	20.9	31.5
Columbia town	1 754	15.8	1 021	1 212	284	323	24.2	27.3	8.7	13.3	609	737	18.5	30.5
Coventry town	3 894	13.5	958	1 063	262	289	22.9	25.4	9.8	14.2	545	674	22.4	31.2
Coventry Lake CDP	1 272	12.3	810	947	234	277	22.4	30.3	8.2	14.3	523	998	25.8	51.4
South Coventry CDP	508	12.0	888	1 335	211	384	18.9	27.3	2.4	23.4	384	617	15.1	27.0
Ellington town	4 562	12.8	802	1 019	302	338	19.1	22.4	10.7	15.6	612	639	23.3	23.8
Crystal Lake CDP (pt.)	4 536	14.5	686	933	211	362	16.1	26.2	9.7	24.7	785	1 382	22.5	73.7
Hebron town	2 489	11.8	1 030	1 200	318	413	21.4	24.5	9.2	18.4	673	789	21.1	30.9
Mansfield town	5 158	15.2	978	1 085	305	349	17.6	21.0	10.2	13.7	564	608	27.9	31.4
Storrs CDP	1 717	14.2	925	1 224	356	393	12.9	22.3	8.6	15.9	539	615		

Table 21. **Percent in Sample and Confidence Bounds for Housing Characteristics: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Housing units		Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)				Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989				Median gross rent (dollars)		Median gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
			90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
			Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper				
Windham County—Con.														
Killingly town.....	6 480	13.0	736	824	234	266	22.3	24.7	11.2	15.1	483	520	24.1	27.0
Danielson borough.....	1 912	11.8	643	806	223	300	19.9	26.2	7.5	15.0	485	541	25.2	28.8
Plainfield town.....	5 342	15.7	716	800	235	262	23.1	26.1	11.4	15.3	498	536	22.8	27.3
Moosup CDP.....	1 323	14.7	558	714	194	245	14.7	22.8	9.1	18.1	467	528	22.3	28.4
Plainfield Village CDP.....	1 025	16.4	719	928	219	342	23.8	31.2	11.6	24.7	508	569	21.7	29.1
Wauregon CDP.....	403	15.1	585	1 082	—	300	25.3	47.7	—	20.0	465	553	18.7	38.5
Pomfret town.....	1 258	15.7	799	1 100	195	248	20.2	24.4	6.9	14.4	490	578	21.3	27.8
Putnam town.....	3 790	12.8	752	898	265	305	20.7	24.3	10.5	15.2	423	461	25.5	29.5
Putnam District CDP.....	3 020	12.1	702	907	271	322	19.6	24.7	10.5	16.6	422	462	25.6	29.8
Scotland town.....	435	46.7	819	938	266	297	21.2	24.4	11.0	18.7	556	814	18.5	32.1
Sterling town.....	877	46.4	780	879	229	254	24.6	27.2	11.1	15.6	481	552	21.4	27.5
Thompson town.....	3 563	15.6	745	839	241	268	19.0	22.3	11.3	15.3	451	490	22.2	26.3
North Grosvenor Dale CDP.....	673	15.2	671	914	216	312	19.2	28.2	8.4	20.2	451	507	23.8	31.1
Quinebaug CDP.....	445	16.4	610	835	192	272	15.2	25.2	9.0	17.6	458	679	13.3	33.1
Windham town.....	8 727	13.2	852	942	253	281	22.3	25.0	12.3	15.8	457	487	25.8	28.1
South Windham CDP.....	690	13.6	718	1 006	206	265	20.4	26.9	8.4	16.1	467	587	12.0	28.0
Willimantic CDP.....	5 887	13.8	858	971	254	288	22.0	26.2	12.6	17.7	456	489	26.4	28.8
Woodstock town.....	2 615	11.8	792	964	252	294	17.7	22.9	11.2	17.2	551	645	23.0	28.5
South Woodstock CDP.....	546	11.4	666	1 345	254	314	11.9	31.8	7.0	20.0	466	694	23.5	28.9

Table 22. Percent in Sample and Confidence Bounds for Housing Characteristics: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and (In Selected States) County Subdivision	Housing units		Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)				Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989				Median gross rent (dollars)		Median gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
			90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
			Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
The State	1 320 850	13.7	1 091	1 100	337	339	22.8	23.0	13.6	13.9	596	600	26.5	26.7
COUNTY														
Fairfield County	324 355	13.4	1 393	1 419	406	420	23.0	23.4	14.1	14.7	704	715	27.1	27.6
Hartford County	341 812	13.7	1 057	1 073	325	329	22.2	22.5	13.0	13.5	565	572	26.0	26.3
Litchfield County	74 274	17.3	992	1 022	316	324	22.9	23.6	13.2	14.1	568	582	24.4	25.3
Middlesex County	61 593	13.6	1 010	1 049	297	307	22.6	23.3	12.6	13.7	610	628	24.6	25.5
New Haven County	327 079	12.5	1 031	1 049	333	338	22.9	23.4	13.9	14.4	581	588	27.0	27.5
New London County	104 461	14.5	952	975	279	286	23.0	23.7	12.6	13.5	566	577	25.4	26.2
Tolland County	46 677	14.6	996	1 031	298	310	22.0	22.8	11.9	13.2	591	605	24.8	26.0
Windham County	40 599	16.4	817	851	256	267	22.4	23.3	12.5	13.9	481	495	25.4	26.6
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION														
Andover town, Tolland County	980	43.3	985	1 070	292	355	22.4	24.7	12.6	17.3	469	500	23.3	28.2
Ansonia city, New Haven County	7 503	12.6	851	994	280	303	21.4	24.1	13.8	17.9	511	567	22.4	24.8
Ansonia town, New Haven County	7 503	12.6	851	994	280	303	21.4	24.1	13.8	17.9	511	567	22.4	24.8
Ashford town, Windham County	1 562	15.1	825	1 012	258	342	20.6	24.8	9.2	18.7	587	650	22.3	26.5
Avon town, Hartford County	5 709	14.2	1 501	1 678	379	459	22.4	24.7	11.6	15.2	826	902	24.8	28.8
Bantam borough, Litchfield County	344	37.5	596	908	300	359	24.1	28.1	10.0	18.0	311	549	21.6	26.3
Barkhamsted town, Litchfield County	1 334	16.0	814	1 057	275	340	19.9	23.3	9.6	16.2	541	678	17.5	28.2
Beacon Falls town, New Haven County	1 990	11.2	843	1 035	256	299	18.1	23.7	11.1	19.8	629	699	21.7	26.5
Berlin town, Hartford County	6 204	12.7	1 013	1 107	340	365	20.1	22.7	13.2	16.3	530	634	20.2	24.3
Bethany town, New Haven County	1 581	14.9	1 159	1 405	348	438	22.1	26.1	11.8	19.3	564	887	11.8	23.9
Bethel town, Fairfield County	6 399	14.4	1 200	1 312	341	377	22.5	24.5	12.3	16.3	712	803	24.4	27.8
Bethel COP, Fairfield County	3 615	14.8	1 032	1 184	309	347	22.1	25.8	11.7	17.2	692	798	24.4	27.8
Bethlehem town, Litchfield County	1 262	15.5	948	1 198	331	390	22.1	27.5	9.2	15.8	542	841	15.6	46.1
Bethlehem Village COP, Litchfield County	849	15.3	905	1 126	261	383	20.0	28.7	8.9	17.6	548	748	19.9	56.9
Bloomfield town, Hartford County	7 738	12.7	1 060	1 155	333	364	21.7	23.7	11.7	14.8	628	709	26.7	30.7
Blue Hills COP, Hartford County	1 046	10.5	750	934	249	323	20.4	25.9	8.9	17.2	376	1 387	13.4	45.3
Bolton town, Tolland County	1 704	16.0	1 027	1 190	315	355	20.9	25.9	9.8	15.2	649	699	20.9	31.5
Borah town, New London County	874	15.8	775	954	259	290	22.2	28.5	8.1	14.6	560	633	12.0	26.5
Brantford town, New Haven County	13 056	13.0	1 058	1 137	306	329	21.8	23.8	13.1	15.9	716	750	24.6	27.2
Brantford Center COP, New Haven County	3 000	10.5	902	1 210	255	295	20.8	28.8	11.5	18.5	645	717	25.9	31.0
Bridgeport city, Fairfield County	57 224	12.0	1 035	1 096	396	437	25.4	27.1	15.8	17.9	588	600	29.7	31.0
Bridgeport town, Fairfield County	57 224	12.0	1 035	1 096	396	437	25.4	27.1	15.8	17.9	588	600	29.7	31.0
Bridgewater town, Litchfield County	734	45.4	1 197	1 407	369	423	21.2	24.3	12.7	17.4	748	1 133	20.4	29.2
Bristol city, Hartford County	24 989	13.1	965	1 020	308	322	22.9	24.5	12.7	14.5	538	560	24.0	25.4
Bristol town, Hartford County	24 989	13.1	965	1 020	308	322	22.9	24.5	12.7	14.5	538	560	24.0	25.4
Broad Brook COP, Hartford County	1 497	15.2	1 018	1 202	290	364	23.1	27.7	10.3	19.8	635	694	22.9	27.2
Brookfield town, Fairfield County	5 354	13.7	1 296	1 426	338	373	23.3	25.5	11.7	16.0	830	930	22.7	27.4
Brooklyn town, Windham County	2 405	12.0	772	932	201	282	17.3	22.7	8.6	15.0	391	491	25.6	30.3
Burlington town, Hartford County	2 372	11.6	1 089	1 240	319	350	22.2	25.4	9.9	16.5	574	693	8.5	19.7
Canaan COP, Litchfield County	596	14.6	700	1 185	271	349	25.9	48.5	9.0	17.2	382	524	22.5	28.6
Canaan town, Litchfield County	587	45.5	774	870	281	318	21.5	27.2	11.8	16.9	526	631	26.7	34.9
Canterbury town, Windham County	1 556	15.9	749	860	220	277	20.1	24.0	7.8	13.5	380	490	14.3	25.0
Canton town, Hartford County	3 323	16.0	1 106	1 246	356	398	21.4	24.3	10.4	15.6	603	690	23.8	28.7
Canton Valley COP, Hartford County	740	15.4	851	1 158	312	397	19.7	25.1	10.4	27.8	358	640	23.1	28.8
Central Manchester COP, Hartford County	13 443	14.0	917	971	286	299	21.9	24.0	11.5	13.5	659	678	25.7	27.5
Central Somers COP, Tolland County	605	15.4	992	1 228	250	281	12.4	20.8	7.8	15.6	145	494	20.2	31.5
Central Waterford COP, New London County	1 338	15.4	639	828	198	235	18.6	23.8	9.4	15.4	615	695	21.9	27.3
Chaplin town, Windham County	770	46.2	832	920	258	308	22.5	25.6	10.7	15.0	560	586	17.3	23.8
Cheshire town, New Haven County	8 590	13.3	1 213	1 313	348	376	21.9	23.9	11.2	14.0	663	722	25.7	29.0
Cheshire Village COP, New Haven County	2 294	12.7	1 066	1 289	362	414	18.6	24.3	9.2	14.4	508	637	27.1	30.8
Chester town, Middlesex County	1 379	16.0	1 053	1 281	264	303	22.1	26.3	11.3	18.6	572	633	23.1	30.6
Chester Center COP, Middlesex County	647	16.4	1 106	1 414	286	368	23.3	30.6	8.7	18.9	569	632	23.0	34.5
Clinton town, Middlesex County	5 411	15.8	1 047	1 159	309	346	23.3	26.6	11.6	15.4	733	813	26.1	31.2
Clinton COP, Middlesex County	1 578	15.3	969	1 268	297	354	22.9	28.0	11.3	18.4	683	806	25.0	34.8
Colchester borough, New London County	1 219	15.8	830	1 025	252	323	20.7	23.8	9.8	25.2	533	662	22.1	30.1
Colchester town, New London County	4 150	13.1	988	1 125	252	309	23.0	25.4	10.5	16.7	564	655	21.1	24.7
Colebrook town, Litchfield County	1 613	43.4	913	1 073	287	327	21.0	25.9	12.7	18.5	489	694	15.3	30.9
Collinsville COP, Hartford County	1 075	16.3	956	1 137	346	375	16.3	22.5	7.1	15.6	612	698	20.8	28.2
Columbia town, Tolland County	1 754	15.8	1 021	1 212	284	323	24.2	27.3	8.7	13.3	609	737	18.5	30.5
Canning Towers-Nauticus Park COP, New London County	2 769	13.4	737	1 121	238	350	14.4	29.5	8.8	27.9	581	617	22.6	25.2
Connawall town, Litchfield County	822	42.5	894	1 095	286	335	17.1	26.4	11.4	16.0	589	679	21.9	33.3
Coventry town, Tolland County	3 894	13.3	958	1 063	262	289	22.9	25.4	9.8	14.2	545	674	22.4	31.2
Coventry Lake COP, Tolland County	1 272	12.3	947	1 074	234	277	22.4	30.3	8.2	14.3	523	998	25.8	51.4
Cromwell town, Middlesex County	25 090	13.9	1 058	1 176	308	335	22.1	24.1	11.8	16.1	691	755	24.1	27.4
Croft Lake COP, Tolland County	5 930	14.5	686	933	211	362	16.1	26.2	9.7	24.7	785	1 382	22.5	73.7
Danbury city, Fairfield County	25 990	11.2	1 136	1 226	355	376	23.1	25.0	13.2	15.7	674	708	25.7	27.2
Danbury town, Fairfield County	25 950	11.2	1 136	1 226	355	376	23.1	25.0	13.2	15.7	674	708	25.7	27.2
Danielson borough, Windham County	1 912	11.8	643	806	223	300	19.9	26.2	7.5	15.0	485	541	25.2	28.8
Danien town, Fairfield County	6 653	16.1	1 999	2 199	478	534	20.9	23.1	10.8	13.1	1 122	1 323	22.0	25.6
Danien COP, Fairfield County	6 627	16.1	1 961	2 197	478	534	20.8	23.0	10.8	13.1	1 122	1 323	22.0	25.6
Deep River town, Middlesex County	1 786	16.4	850	1 042	296	331	18.8	24.8	12.7	18.4	611	693	26.6	32.8
Deep River Center COP, Middlesex County	1 064	16.4	809	1 049	292	340	16.6	25.4	11.4	18.5	610	708	27.5	33.8
Derby city, New Haven County	5 269	10.1	920	1 117	301	329	22.9	27.3	12.2	17.5	572	620	23.2	26.6
Derby town, New Haven County	5 269	10.1	920	1 117	301	329	22.9	27.3	12.2	17.5	572	620	23.2	26.6
Durham COP, Middlesex County	1 954	15.8	1 087	1 302	318	390	20.6	24.1	7.8	14.6	430	678	19.0	54.4
Durham town, Middlesex County	1 927	15.5	1 070	1 234	310	373	20.6	23						

Table 22. Percent in Sample and Confidence Bounds for Housing Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [in Selected States] County Subdivision	Housing units		Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)				Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989				Median gross rent (dollars)		Median gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
			90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
			Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper				
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION—Con.														
Enfield town, Hartford County	16 614	15.4	936	981	288	301	21.9	23.2	12.1	14.0	657	680	24.0	25.9
Essex town, Middlesex County	2 728	11.3	918	1 149	266	311	21.1	25.4	10.6	16.2	718	938	25.3	29.0
Essex Village CDP, Middlesex County	1 247	10.7	925	1 484	281	381	19.3	29.1	9.0	16.9	639	970	24.3	29.0
Fairfield town, Fairfield County	20 204	14.6	1 415	1 511	372	387	22.8	24.2	14.2	15.9	868	923	25.5	27.8
Farmington town, Hartford County	8 654	12.9	1 176	1 294	296	326	20.9	23.3	10.6	13.4	793	873	23.7	26.9
Fernwick borough, Middlesex County	81	46.9	694	2 125	498	663	29.7	75.6	9.2	20.3	—	1 000	—	20.0
Franklin town, New London County	666	47.1	769	877	251	276	20.8	23.9	10.0	13.6	446	535	13.9	21.9
Georgetown CDP, Fairfield County	681	13.2	1 247	2 020	352	501	16.5	24.6	8.9	18.5	605	1 365	14.6	28.5
Glastonbury town, Hartford County	10 948	13.6	1 289	1 380	378	413	21.5	22.9	12.2	14.9	672	729	23.3	25.8
Glastonbury Center CDP, Hartford County	3 228	11.9	1 122	1 305	357	393	19.5	22.7	11.3	17.0	640	703	23.4	27.8
Goshen town, Litchfield County	1 287	42.0	1 098	1 248	271	302	23.6	26.7	10.7	14.5	500	615	21.7	32.9
Granby town, Hartford County	3 492	15.7	1 170	1 282	336	376	21.5	23.8	9.4	13.3	600	816	21.3	27.5
Greenwich town, Fairfield County	23 515	14.4	1 884	2 049	488	523	19.7	21.5	12.4	14.0	925	978	24.0	25.7
Griswold town, New London County	4 211	13.7	752	895	213	241	22.3	25.5	9.3	13.4	470	518	23.6	28.1
Groton city, New London County	4 479	13.1	901	1 019	280	307	22.9	28.0	11.3	16.5	570	601	23.8	26.2
Groton town, New London County	16 598	14.0	956	1 031	305	327	22.5	24.4	12.7	15.4	597	616	24.0	25.3
Gulford town, New Haven County	7 765	11.6	1 123	1 232	354	386	21.5	23.3	11.7	14.8	699	806	24.4	28.8
Gulford Center CDP, New Haven County	2 253	14.7	932	1 252	301	358	21.7	26.1	10.2	17.8	608	759	25.8	35.0
Haddam town, Middlesex County	2 598	12.1	912	1 039	241	281	17.9	22.1	9.4	14.6	518	685	17.8	23.4
Harden town, New Haven County	21 738	13.6	1 023	1 078	359	373	21.6	23.2	13.5	15.2	668	692	28.0	30.1
Hampton town, Windham County	611	45.8	907	1 045	266	331	23.8	27.5	11.4	17.4	480	627	22.0	27.5
Hartford city, Hartford County	56 098	11.8	910	1 012	297	320	22.8	24.9	13.3	16.2	500	509	28.6	29.5
Hartford town, Hartford County	56 098	11.8	910	1 012	297	320	22.8	24.9	13.3	16.2	500	509	28.6	29.5
Hartford town, Hartford County	695	43.5	955	1 044	294	335	22.3	25.0	9.4	13.1	469	593	14.4	34.1
Hartwinton town, Litchfield County	1 883	15.5	934	1 102	285	324	20.1	24.7	11.0	16.4	485	1 182	23.1	37.2
Hazardville CDP, Hartford County	1 891	15.8	848	981	267	297	21.4	24.6	10.3	14.5	676	810	24.0	34.0
Hebron town, Tolland County	2 489	11.8	1 030	1 200	318	413	21.4	24.5	9.2	18.4	673	789	21.1	30.9
Heritage Village CDP, New Haven County	2 700	11.6	927	1 296	567	625	28.7	57.2	17.4	23.0	843	1 163	27.6	58.9
Higganum CDP, Middlesex County	657	11.9	584	915	230	287	12.3	21.1	8.2	17.2	458	647	12.7	23.2
Jewett City borough, New London County	1 469	11.9	578	982	223	289	21.8	46.6	6.2	13.8	456	507	21.9	27.6
Kensington CDP, Hartford County	3 159	11.8	944	1 030	329	362	18.0	22.5	13.0	17.6	513	642	17.6	24.1
Kent town, Litchfield County	1 414	15.8	696	962	263	368	15.3	23.5	8.1	15.0	587	818	20.6	28.2
Killingly town, Windham County	6 480	13.0	736	824	324	266	22.3	24.7	11.2	15.1	483	520	24.1	27.0
Killingworth town, Middlesex County	1 879	16.4	1 161	1 376	232	306	24.4	29.0	9.1	15.3	460	854	11.0	23.9
Lake Pocotopaug CDP, Middlesex County	1 527	11.3	953	1 236	271	423	25.6	32.2	7.1	17.7	570	726	17.5	24.8
Lebanon town, New London County	2 422	11.5	786	927	229	267	19.0	24.1	8.8	14.8	656	715	17.0	44.8
Ledyard town, New London County	5 250	12.2	1 047	1 164	283	323	23.2	25.7	10.0	15.3	657	735	23.6	27.1
Lisbon town, New London County	1 400	15.4	823	985	232	278	23.4	27.7	8.2	14.2	512	657	16.3	26.9
Litchfield borough, Litchfield County	600	44.8	1 101	1 409	437	553	20.5	25.8	11.4	16.9	604	662	23.1	27.1
Litchfield town, Litchfield County	3 430	25.2	919	1 001	347	391	20.2	23.6	11.8	14.7	574	637	22.2	25.2
Lyme town, New London County	986	47.4	970	1 173	284	329	23.8	28.0	10.5	13.5	641	734	19.2	30.7
Madison town, New Haven County	6 511	12.6	1 235	1 378	399	491	21.3	23.4	12.2	15.9	690	873	25.5	30.7
Madison Center CDP, New Haven County	1 160	11.9	1 347	1 708	337	515	21.1	28.1	11.0	27.0	488	669	26.3	32.3
Manchester town, Hartford County	21 704	14.2	967	1 015	295	308	22.0	23.5	11.6	13.2	654	673	25.1	26.5
Mansfield town, Tolland County	5 158	15.2	978	1 085	305	349	17.6	21.0	10.2	13.7	564	608	27.9	31.4
Mansfield town, Hartford County	1 869	15.9	1 028	1 206	297	370	21.0	23.4	10.1	18.3	586	847	21.8	31.7
Meriden city, New Haven County	24 826	12.6	980	1 032	295	309	23.1	24.5	13.0	14.9	519	547	25.9	27.5
Meriden town, New Haven County	24 826	12.6	980	1 032	295	309	23.1	24.5	13.0	14.9	519	547	25.9	27.5
Middlebury town, New Haven County	2 365	15.1	946	1 149	324	355	18.4	22.8	11.5	15.8	611	800	22.1	29.1
Middlefield town, Middlesex County	1 587	14.8	782	1 017	280	320	21.3	23.8	9.9	15.0	540	692	19.6	28.1
Middletown city, Middlesex County	18 102	13.1	947	1 021	285	306	21.4	23.1	12.0	14.4	561	591	23.9	25.3
Middletown town, Middlesex County	18 102	13.1	947	1 021	285	306	21.4	23.1	12.0	14.4	561	591	23.9	25.3
Milford town, New Haven County	20 149	16.8	994	1 056	341	354	22.7	24.0	13.3	15.0	734	769	25.2	27.1
Milford city (remainder), New Haven County	19 339	15.5	993	1 059	340	354	22.6	24.0	13.3	15.0	731	768	25.1	27.2
Monroe town, Fairfield County	5 596	12.8	1 297	1 414	379	442	23.3	25.7	10.9	14.8	892	1 162	25.2	35.8
Monville town, New London County	6 283	12.7	820	910	241	266	20.1	23.0	10.9	14.7	605	640	23.1	26.6
Moosup CDP, Middlesex County	5 535	11.0	767	1 190	174	252	14.8	31.8	6.6	16.7	422	673	18.1	27.2
Moosup CDP, Windham County	1 323	14.7	558	714	194	245	14.7	22.8	9.1	18.1	467	528	22.3	28.4
Morris town, Litchfield County	1 089	43.4	819	979	291	337	19.8	23.6	11.8	15.6	605	675	20.1	27.0
Mystic CDP, New London County	1 211	15.9	949	1 224	260	340	21.4	25.6	11.4	19.9	642	737	19.7	27.0
Naugatuck borough, New Haven County	11 930	11.3	1 023	1 091	317	343	23.3	25.4	12.8	16.1	563	593	22.9	24.9
Naugatuck town, New Haven County	11 930	11.3	1 023	1 091	317	343	23.3	25.4	12.8	16.1	563	593	22.9	24.9
New Britain city, Hartford County	32 335	12.8	925	1 004	342	356	23.5	25.5	13.9	15.9	505	519	24.2	25.5
New Britain town, Hartford County	32 335	12.8	925	1 004	342	356	23.5	25.5	13.9	15.9	505	519	24.2	25.5
New Canaan town, Fairfield County	6 856	14.0	2 187	2 429	555	607	21.1	24.0	11.7	14.9	988	1 190	22.7	26.9
New Fairfield town, Fairfield County	5 081	14.4	1 212	1 326	337	382	22.5	24.6	12.4	16.7	843	1 263	23.0	34.5
New Hartford town, Litchfield County	2 319	10.7	1 023	1 210	255	319	21.7	26.0	9.1	15.6	535	643	20.7	29.3
New Hartford Center CDP, Litchfield County	1 404	14.7	892	1 218	230	414	19.9	28.2	7.5	29.0	545	648	20.5	29.7
New Haven city, New Haven County	54 057	10.5	951	1 029	350	377	22.5	24.5	13.6	16.2	561	575	29.4	30.7
New Haven town, New Haven County	54 057	10.5	951	1 029	350	377	22.5	24.5	13.6	16.2	561	575	29.4	30.7
Newington town, Hartford County	11 609	15.3	865	942	321	334	20.7	22.3	11.9	13.7	701	731	23.6	26.2
Newington CDP, Hartford County	11 609	15.3	865	942	321	334	20.7	22.3	11.9	13.7	701	731	23.6	26.2
New London city, New London County	11 970	12.8	934	1 028	324	360	25.1	29.3	12.7	16.5	515	538	26.8	28.6
New London town, New London County	11 970	12.8	934	1 028	324	360	25.1	29.3	12.7	16.5	515	538	26.8	28.6
New Milford CDP, Litchfield County	2 563	13.9	925	1 082	263	354	21.3	25.0	9.8	17.5	638	687	25.4	29.0
New Milford town, Litchfield County	9 295	13.3	1 133	1 226	31									

Table 22. Percent in Sample and Confidence Bounds for Housing Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Housing units		Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)				Median selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989				Median gross rent (dollars)		Median gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
			90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds					
			Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION —														
Con.														
Norwalk town, Fairfield County	32 224	13.2	1 293	1 390	461	502	23.0	24.4	14.4	16.4	725	751	25.8	27.3
Norwich city, New London County	16 472	13.1	919	988	290	310	22.9	25.2	12.6	15.1	513	535	26.1	27.7
Norwich town, New London County	16 472	13.1	919	988	290	310	22.9	25.2	12.6	15.1	513	535	26.1	27.7
Oakville CDP, Litchfield County	3 218	13.4	809	900	296	321	20.2	23.2	12.0	16.3	529	584	21.0	26.7
Old Lyme town, New London County	4 336	13.7	1 004	1 145	301	339	20.5	24.1	11.2	15.9	683	879	24.5	30.7
Old Saybrook town, Middlesex County	5 092	12.4	909	1 073	279	320	19.5	23.0	10.8	14.6	748	871	23.6	29.6
Old Saybrook Center CDP, Middlesex County	940	11.7	743	1 024	284	360	18.0	24.4	10.1	18.3	500	826	21.5	29.8
Orange town, New Haven County	4 544	15.6	1 220	1 394	417	486	20.6	23.0	12.0	14.7	671	1 025	14.3	37.3
Orange CDP, New Haven County	4 544	15.6	1 220	1 394	417	486	20.6	23.0	12.0	14.7	671	1 025	14.3	37.3
Oxford town, New Haven County	2 930	11.0	1 074	1 217	279	352	23.7	26.7	9.8	14.9	543	806	18.4	30.3
Powcatuck CDP, New London County	2 324	11.8	778	988	239	280	19.5	26.6	11.3	17.5	463	540	22.6	26.1
Plainfield town, Windham County	5 342	15.7	716	800	235	262	23.1	26.1	11.4	15.3	498	536	22.8	27.3
Plainfield Village CDP, Windham County	1 025	16.4	719	928	219	342	23.8	31.2	11.6	24.7	508	569	21.7	29.1
Plainville town, Hartford County	7 452	12.5	863	952	278	317	21.3	23.9	12.8	16.3	514	556	23.5	25.8
Plymouth town, Litchfield County	4 556	13.5	879	986	285	314	21.5	24.4	11.9	15.8	510	555	19.2	25.3
Pomfret town, Windham County	1 258	15.7	799	1 100	195	248	20.2	24.4	6.9	14.4	490	578	21.3	27.8
Poquonock Bridge CDP, New London County	1 028	16.6	691	911	231	315	20.6	24.1	10.7	20.6	562	593	21.5	27.5
Portland town, Middlesex County	3 289	15.1	963	1 097	295	330	21.8	24.6	11.0	14.8	511	591	23.7	28.0
Portland CDP, Middlesex County	2 222	14.5	888	1 075	297	339	22.1	26.7	11.3	15.9	508	594	23.5	29.5
Preston town, New London County	1 689	15.2	921	1 021	254	294	20.0	25.0	11.9	17.7	453	663	21.5	29.6
Prospect town, New Haven County	2 624	15.2	995	1 100	260	295	21.5	24.8	11.6	15.7	618	918	21.7	30.8
Putnam town, Windham County	3 790	12.8	752	898	265	305	20.7	24.3	10.5	15.2	423	461	25.5	29.5
Putnam District CDP, Windham County	3 020	12.1	702	907	271	322	19.6	24.7	10.5	16.6	422	462	25.6	29.8
Queinebog CDP, Windham County	445	16.4	610	835	192	272	15.2	25.2	9.0	17.6	458	679	13.3	33.1
Redding town, Fairfield County	2 990	15.1	1 605	1 879	455	561	21.0	24.9	11.0	15.8	780	1 254	24.2	29.7
Ridgefield CDP, Fairfield County	2 717	15.6	1 615	1 929	419	544	23.2	27.8	12.7	18.8	805	896	25.8	32.9
Ridgefield town, Fairfield County	7 999	15.6	1 731	1 882	455	533	23.0	24.9	11.5	14.9	864	942	25.2	30.4
Rosky Hill town, Hartford County	447	11.8	998	1 113	310	332	20.5	22.8	10.0	13.6	765	812	23.4	26.4
Roxbury town, Litchfield County	871	44.3	1 067	1 357	337	381	22.4	25.6	11.1	15.6	852	1 037	21.5	28.5
Salem town, New London County	1 245	15.2	997	1 193	254	366	23.5	28.0	6.0	14.0	651	689	20.4	29.8
Salisbury town, Litchfield County	2 469	11.7	777	975	298	373	18.8	25.7	12.6	19.5	450	663	23.2	32.6
Salmon Brook CDP, Hartford County	948	15.6	1 055	1 228	357	413	18.4	23.3	7.1	13.7	366	778	21.9	30.3
Saybrook Manor CDP, Middlesex County	1 000	11.6	808	1 414	219	314	11.7	25.4	6.2	13.8	588	1 186	13.2	34.1
Scotford town, Windham County	435	46.7	819	938	266	297	21.2	24.4	11.0	18.7	556	814	18.5	32.1
Seymour town, New Haven County	5 877	11.1	875	1 019	255	278	20.9	24.9	11.2	14.6	569	629	22.2	25.5
Sharon town, Litchfield County	1 595	14.9	693	864	251	347	15.5	22.7	11.5	19.0	614	721	16.4	42.9
Shelton city, Fairfield County	12 981	13.6	1 111	1 184	315	335	22.0	23.6	10.6	13.9	626	690	25.3	29.0
Shelton town, Fairfield County	12 981	13.6	1 111	1 184	315	335	22.0	23.6	10.6	13.9	626	690	25.3	29.0
Sherman town, Fairfield County	1 451	15.2	1 205	1 389	311	368	19.2	24.3	9.7	16.3	658	1 469	11.7	56.6
Sherwood Manor CDP, Hartford County	2 226	15.0	819	925	303	354	17.8	21.5	9.5	14.6	685	952	24.6	39.4
Simsbury town, Hartford County	8 175	15.9	1 265	1 354	362	392	20.0	21.7	10.9	13.8	727	806	24.0	27.6
Simsbury Center CDP, Hartford County	2 196	16.0	1 185	1 330	327	433	19.7	23.3	10.1	16.3	733	875	23.8	31.1
Somers town, Tolland County	2 739	15.5	970	1 100	278	300	17.7	21.3	10.4	14.4	540	599	22.1	28.2
Southbury town, New Haven County	6 826	12.0	1 123	1 278	508	566	24.5	27.0	15.0	18.7	857	1 004	21.0	25.6
South Coventry CDP, Tolland County	508	12.0	808	1 335	211	384	18.9	27.3	2.4	23.4	385	617	15.1	27.0
Southington town, Hartford County	14 250	15.0	1 031	1 094	300	317	20.4	22.2	11.9	13.9	563	619	21.9	24.0
South Windham CDP, Windham County	690	13.6	718	1 006	206	265	20.4	26.9	8.4	16.1	467	587	12.0	28.0
South Windsor town, Hartford County	8 044	12.3	1 105	1 184	342	367	21.9	23.6	10.7	14.0	791	881	21.9	26.3
Southwood Acres CDP, Hartford County	3 015	16.0	870	952	278	298	18.5	21.5	10.5	14.8	749	916	21.4	27.6
South Woodstock CDP, Windham County	546	11.4	666	1 345	254	314	11.9	31.8	7.0	20.0	466	694	23.5	28.9
Sprague town, New London County	1 109	15.2	786	1 003	228	296	20.2	25.1	9.8	18.1	455	551	20.5	25.9
Stafford town, Tolland County	4 310	13.2	911	981	247	275	21.7	24.1	12.3	17.4	528	588	23.3	27.7
Stafford Springs borough, Tolland County	1 747	15.3	821	1 033	263	291	21.1	25.4	13.3	23.6	520	583	23.8	29.6
Stamford city, Fairfield County	44 279	12.0	1 568	1 691	469	527	22.1	23.4	13.8	15.5	781	807	27.1	27.1
Stamford town, Fairfield County	44 279	12.0	1 568	1 691	469	527	22.1	23.4	13.8	15.5	781	807	25.9	27.1
Sterling town, Windham County	877	46.4	780	879	229	254	24.6	27.2	11.1	15.6	481	552	21.4	27.5
Stonington borough, New London County	713	45.9	956	1 598	420	535	22.7	27.5	13.0	18.7	589	657	21.6	26.8
Stonington town, New London County	7 923	17.0	946	1 040	274	304	21.8	24.0	11.8	14.4	567	609	23.0	25.2
Stons CDP, Tolland County	1 717	14.2	925	1 224	356	393	12.9	22.3	8.6	15.9	539	615	31.1	40.1
Stratford town, Fairfield County	20 152	14.6	967	1 031	328	339	21.6	23.1	14.2	15.8	648	703	25.6	27.7
Stratford CDP, Fairfield County	20 152	14.6	967	1 031	328	339	21.6	23.1	14.2	15.8	648	703	25.6	27.7
Suffield town, Hartford County	4 384	16.1	1 093	1 199	335	367	21.4	23.6	10.7	13.9	575	718	23.4	28.6
Suffield Depot CDP, Hartford County	557	15.4	938	1 394	329	576	17.4	28.4	7.4	19.7	282	513	25.3	30.6
Tariffville CDP, Hartford County	465	15.0	1 050	1 189	308	345	14.2	22.6	7.5	19.2	492	660	22.4	28.6
Terrauggus CDP, Hartford County	403	16.1	833	1 186	228	384	14.9	22.4	6.1	19.0	602	968	21.4	31.0
Terryville CDP, Litchfield County	2 267	14.0	899	1 052	280	324	21.5	25.8	11.2	16.3	493	538	18.3	26.6
Thompson CDP, Hartford County	1 747	15.3	860	962	281	311	20.7	23.3	10.4	15.0	511	559	22.4	26.5
Thompson town, Windham County	3 263	15.6	745	839	241	268	19.0	22.3	11.3	15.3	451	490	22.2	26.3
Thompsonville CDP, Hartford County	3 635	15.8	961	1 126	289	332	22.4	26.6	13.7	19.4	552	595	24.0	26.9
Tolland town, Tolland County	3 747	13.7	987	1 085	317	359	21.3	23.8	10.4	15.3	630	723	21.8	30.2
Torrington city, Litchfield County	15 161	14.6	919	987	312	329	23.3	25.1	12.9	15.1	498	525	23.7	25.5
Torrington town, Litchfield County	15 161	14.6	919	987	312	329	23.3	25.1	12.9	15.1	498	525	23.7	25.5
Trumbull town, Fairfield County	11 095	15.0	1 283	1 378	393	437	22.2	23.5	13.4	15.4	725	988	21.4	24.2
Trumbull CDP, Fairfield County	11 090	15.0	1 283	1 378	393	437	22.2	23.5	13.4	15.4	725	988	21.4	24.2
Uncasville-Oxoboxo Valley CDP, New London County	1 283	14.3	685	912	207	270								

Table 22. Percent in Sample and Confidence Bounds for Housing Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Housing units		Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)				Median selected monthly owner costs as a percent of household income in 1989				Median gross rent (dol- lars)		Median gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds	
			90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds		Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
			Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper				
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.														
West Hartford town, Hartford County -----	25 021	15.1	1 159	1 222	398	433	19.8	21.2	13.0	14.4	676	698	25.7	27.6
West Hartford COP, Hartford County -----	25 021	15.1	1 159	1 222	398	433	19.8	21.2	13.0	14.4	676	698	25.7	27.6
West Haven city, New Haven County -----	22 679	11.3	942	1 012	341	359	22.7	24.6	13.8	16.2	612	630	25.5	27.4
West Haven town, New Haven County -----	22 679	11.3	942	1 012	341	359	22.7	24.6	13.8	16.2	612	630	25.5	27.4
West Mystic COP, New London County -----	1 584	16.4	1 136	1 312	346	391	21.2	25.5	11.9	18.5	661	736	23.7	28.7
Weston town, Fairfield County -----	3 278	15.7	2 198	2 485	500	589	21.1	24.5	10.5	14.9	927	1 358	16.1	27.3
Westport town, Fairfield County -----	9 841	14.1	1 918	2 104	508	561	20.8	23.1	12.6	15.4	1 015	1 203	23.6	26.6
Westport COP, Fairfield County -----	9 840	14.1	1 918	2 104	509	562	20.8	23.1	12.6	15.4	1 015	1 203	23.6	26.6
West Simsbury COP, Hartford County -----	690	15.8	1 310	1 671	327	499	20.2	24.9	6.4	13.6	561	1 557	25.4	31.9
Wethersfield town, Hartford County -----	10 790	14.2	973	1 061	316	333	20.8	22.6	12.1	13.9	582	627	26.0	28.7
Wethersfield COP, Hartford County -----	10 790	14.2	973	1 061	316	333	20.8	22.6	12.1	13.9	582	627	26.0	28.7
Willimantic COP, Windham County -----	5 887	13.8	858	971	254	288	22.0	26.2	12.6	17.7	456	489	26.4	28.8
Willington town, Tolland County -----	2 301	11.7	939	1 099	277	337	22.7	26.7	7.8	15.5	624	663	29.8	37.1
Wilton town, Fairfield County -----	5 824	13.8	1 901	2 114	476	557	21.0	23.1	11.5	15.3	844	1 131	23.6	28.1
Winchester town, Litchfield County -----	5 093	13.4	942	1 051	302	344	23.2	26.6	12.5	17.7	508	558	23.0	26.2
Windham town, Windham County -----	8 727	13.2	852	942	253	281	22.3	25.0	12.3	15.8	457	487	25.8	28.1
Windsor town, Hartford County -----	10 233	14.2	1 085	1 149	276	291	22.6	24.2	11.6	14.0	693	746	23.4	26.4
Windsor Locks town, Hartford County -----	4 929	13.5	840	932	245	267	18.4	21.5	10.6	13.6	625	709	22.4	26.1
Windsor Locks COP, Hartford County -----	4 929	13.5	840	932	245	267	18.4	21.5	10.6	13.6	625	709	22.4	26.1
Winsted COP, Litchfield County -----	3 643	12.8	887	1 038	305	357	24.3	28.1	13.0	19.7	491	546	22.9	26.3
Wolcott town, New Haven County -----	4 870	15.0	920	996	297	317	21.3	23.8	11.1	13.8	566	784	22.0	26.5
Woodbridge town, New Haven County -----	2 825	15.3	1 380	1 599	514	585	18.1	21.8	11.8	15.8	727	1 026	21.5	30.4
Woodbury town, Litchfield County -----	3 445	11.9	1 158	1 361	359	407	22.4	25.8	10.4	15.4	697	809	23.8	29.3
Woodbury Center COP, Litchfield County -----	594	12.0	987	1 899	337	508	13.2	27.5	7.9	19.0	651	756	24.0	44.4
Woodmont borough, New Haven County -----	810	46.5	942	1 078	337	390	22.8	25.0	12.8	18.0	755	844	23.6	27.4
Woodstock town, Windham County -----	2 615	11.8	792	964	252	294	17.7	22.9	11.2	17.2	551	645	23.0	28.5
Milford city, New Haven County -----	20 149	16.8	994	1 056	341	354	22.7	24.0	13.3	15.0	734	769	25.2	27.1

Table 23. Percent in Sample, Standard Error, and Confidence Bounds for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

American Indian Area County	Persons		Housing units		Per capita income in 1989 (dollars) for American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut per- sons—Stan- dard error	Occupied housing units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder					
						Median selected monthly owner costs (dollars)				Median gross rent (dollars)	
						With a mortgage		Not mortgaged		90-percent confidence bounds	
						90-percent confidence bounds		90-percent confidence bounds			
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample		Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATION AND TRUST LAND											
Golden Hill Reservation, CT (state) -----	10	30.0	5	20.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Fairfield County -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
New London County -----	10	30.0	5	20.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Mashantucket Pequot Reservation, CT -----	83	34.9	35	34.3	704	382	698	—	—	500	
New London County -----	83	34.9	35	34.3	704	382	698	—	—	500	
Pocotuck Eastern Pequot Reservation, CT (state) -----	18	22.2	13	46.2	2 516	—	—	—	—	—	
New London County -----	18	22.2	13	46.2	2 516	—	—	—	—	—	
Schohhticoke Reservation, CT (state) -----	10	40.0	6	33.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Litchfield County -----	10	40.0	6	33.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	
TRIBAL DESIGNATED STATISTICAL AREA											
Mohegan TOSA, CT (state) -----	24 636	13.1	10 666	13.0	859	—	—	—	200	324 708	
New London County -----	24 636	13.1	10 666	13.0	859	—	—	—	200	324 708	

APPENDIX A.

Area Classifications

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These definitions are for all geographic entities and concepts that the Census Bureau will include in its standard 1990 census data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one 1990 census data product. For a description of geographic areas included in each data product, see appendix F.

AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE AREA

Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRC's) are corporate entities established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203, as amended by Public Law 94-204, to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives. Alaska is divided into

12 ANRC's that cover the entire State, except for the Annette Islands Reserve. The boundaries of the 12 ANRC's were established by the Department of the Interior, in cooperation with Alaska Natives. Each ANRC was designed to include, as far as practicable, Alaska Natives with a common heritage and common interests. The ANRC boundaries for the 1990 census were identified by the Bureau of Land Management. A 13th region was established for Alaska Natives who are not permanent residents and who chose not to enroll in one of the 12 ANRC's; no census products are prepared for the 13th region. ANRC's were first identified for the 1980 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a two-digit census code ranging from 07 through 84. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of the ANRC's.

Alaska Native Village (ANV) Statistical Area

Alaska Native villages (ANV's) constitute tribes, bands, clans, groups, villages, communities, or associations in Alaska that are recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203. Because ANV's do not have legally designated boundaries, the Census Bureau has established Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSA's) for statistical purposes. For the 1990 census, the Census Bureau cooperated with officials of the nonprofit corporation within each participating Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC), as well as other knowledgeable officials, to delineate boundaries that encompass the settled area associated with each ANV. ANVSA's are located within ANRC's and do not cross ANRC boundaries. ANVSA's for the 1990 census replace the ANV's that the Census Bureau recognized for the 1980 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 6001 through 8989. Each ANVSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order of ANVSA's.

American Indian Reservation and Trust Land

American Indian Reservation—Federal American Indian reservations are areas with boundaries established by treaty, statute, and/or executive or court order, and recognized by the Federal Government as territory in which American Indian tribes have jurisdiction. State reservations are lands held in trust by State governments for the use and benefit of a given tribe. The reservations and their boundaries were identified for the 1990 census by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Department of Interior (for Federal reservations), and State governments (for State reservations). The names of American Indian reservations recognized by State governments, but not by the Federal Government, are followed by "(State)." Areas composed of reservation lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two reservations, as identified by the BIA, are called "joint areas," and are treated as separate American Indian reservations for census purposes.

Federal reservations may cross State boundaries, and Federal and State reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross State boundaries, only the portion of the reservations in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; the entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States.

Each American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4989. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservations nationwide, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code; because the FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence of American Indian reservations within each State, the FIPS code is different in each State for reservations in more than one State.

Trust Land—Trust lands are property associated with a particular American Indian reservation or tribe, held in trust by the Federal Government. Trust lands may be held in trust either for a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual member of a tribe (individual trust land). Trust lands recognized for the 1990 census comprise all tribal trust lands and inhabited individual trust lands located outside of a reservation boundary. As with other American Indian areas, trust lands may be located in more than one State. Only the trust lands in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; all trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The Census Bureau first reported data for tribal trust lands for the 1980 census.

Trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS code, the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. Trust lands not associated with a reservation are presented by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservations.

Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSA's) are areas, delineated outside Oklahoma by federally- and State-recognized tribes without a land base or associated trust lands, to provide statistical areas for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TDSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which federally-recognized tribes have jurisdiction and areas in which State tribes provide benefits and services to their members. The names of TDSA's delineated by State-recognized tribes are followed by "(State)." The Census Bureau did not recognize TDSA's before the 1990 census.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9001 through 9589. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TDSA's nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA)

Tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (TJSA's) are areas, delineated by federally-recognized tribes in Oklahoma without a reservation, for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TJSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which one or more tribal governments have jurisdiction; if tribal officials delineated adjacent TJSA's so that they include some duplicate territory, the overlap area is called a "joint use area," which is treated as a separate TJSA for census purposes.

TJSA's replace the "Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas)" shown in 1980 census data products. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma comprised the territory located within reservations that had legally established boundaries from 1900 to 1907; these reservations were dissolved during the 2- to 3-year period preceding the statehood of Oklahoma in 1907. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) were identified only for the 1980 census.

Each TJSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 5001 through 5989. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TJSA's, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each TJSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within Oklahoma.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurements provide the size, in square kilometers (also in square miles in printed reports), recorded for each geographic entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data in general-purpose data products (except crews-of-vessels entities and ZIP Codes). (Square kilometers may be divided by 2.59 to convert an area measurement to square miles.) Area was calculated from the specific set of boundaries recorded for the entity in the Census Bureau's geographic data base (see "TIGER"). On machine-readable files, area measurements are shown to three decimal places; the decimal point is implied. In printed reports and listings, area measurements are shown to one decimal.

The Census Bureau provides measurements for both land area and total water area for the 1990 census; the water figure includes inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1980 census, the Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and inland water.) The Census Bureau will provide measurements for the component types of water for the affected entities in a separate file. "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the Census Bureau's geographic data base. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that data base as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are considered to be "coastal" and "territorial"

waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, and territorial waters is for statistical purposes, and does not necessarily reflect legal definitions thereof.

By definition, census blocks do not include water within their boundaries; therefore, the water area of a block is always zero. Land area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on census maps and in the TIGER file because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division, or the water is associated with a State but is not within the legal boundary of any county. Crews-of-vessels entities (see "Census Tract and Block Numbering Area" and "Block") do not encompass territory and therefore have no area measurements. ZIP Codes do not have specific boundaries, and therefore, also do not have area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement figure is limited by the inaccuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary features in the data base, and (2) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

BLOCK

Census blocks are small areas bounded on all sides by visible features such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads.

Tabulation blocks, used in census data products, are in most cases the same as collection blocks, used in the census enumeration. In some cases, collection blocks have been "split" into two or more parts required for data tabulations. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts or block numbering areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, congressional districts, voting districts, urban or rural areas, or urbanized areas. The 1990 census is the first for which the entire United States and its possessions are block-numbered.

Blocks are numbered uniquely within each census tract or BNA. A block is identified by a three-digit number, sometimes with a single alphabetical suffix. Block numbers

with suffixes generally represent collection blocks that were "split" in order to identify separate geographic entities that divide the original block. For example, when a city limit runs through data collection block 101, the data for the portion inside the city is tabulated in block 101A and the portion outside, in block 101B. A block number with the suffix "Z" represents a "crews-of-vessels" entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data, but that does not represent a true geographic area; such a block is shown on census maps associated with an anchor symbol and a census tract or block numbering area with a .99 suffix.

BLOCK GROUP (BG)

Geographic Block Group

A geographic block group (BG) is a cluster of blocks having the same first digit of their three-digit identifying numbers within a census tract or block numbering area (BNA). For example, BG 3 within a census tract or BNA includes all blocks numbered between 301 and 397. In most cases, the numbering involves substantially fewer than 97 blocks. Geographic BG's never cross census tract or BNA boundaries, but may cross the boundaries of county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, urbanized areas, voting districts, and congressional districts. BG's generally contain between 250 and 550 housing units, with the ideal size being 400 housing units.

Tabulation Block Group

In the data tabulations, a geographic BG may be split to present data for every unique combination of county subdivision, place, American Indian and Alaska Native area, urbanized area, voting district, urban/rural and congressional district shown in the data product; for example, if BG 3 is partly in a city and partly outside the city, there will be separate tabulated records for each portion of BG 3. BG's are used in tabulating decennial census data nationwide in the 1990 census, in all block-numbered areas in the 1980 census, and in Tape Address Register (TAR) areas in the 1970 census. For purposes of data presentation, BG's are a substitute for the enumeration districts (ED's) used for reporting data in many parts of the United States for the 1970 and 1980 censuses, and in all areas for pre-1970 censuses.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some counties, county subdivisions, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and many incorporated places, changed between those reported for the 1980 census and January 1, 1990. Boundary changes to legal entities result from:

1. Annexations to or detachments from legally established governmental units.
2. Mergers or consolidations of two or more governmental units.
3. Establishment of new governmental units.
4. Disincorporations or disorganizations of existing governmental units.
5. Changes in treaties and Executive Orders.

The historical counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, and places are not updated for such changes, and thus reflect the population and housing units in the area as delineated at each census. Information on boundary changes reported between the 1980 and 1990 censuses for counties, county subdivisions, and incorporated places is presented in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3, and in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* printed reports. For information on boundary changes for such areas in the decade preceding other decennial censuses, see the *Number of Inhabitants* reports for each census. Boundary changes are not reported for some areas, such as census designated places and block groups.

CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION

Census Division

Census divisions are groupings of States that are subdivisions of the four census regions. There are nine divisions, which the Census Bureau adopted in 1910 for the presentation of data. The regions, divisions, and their constituent States are:

Northeast Region

New England Division:

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut

Middle Atlantic Division:

New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania

Midwest Region

East North Central Division:

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin

West North Central Division:

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

South Region

South Atlantic Division:

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida

East South Central Division:

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi

West South Central Division:

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas

West Region

Mountain Division:

Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada

Pacific Division:

Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

Census Region

Census regions are groupings of States that subdivide the United States for the presentation of data. There are four regions—Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. Each of the four census regions is divided into two or more census divisions. Prior to 1984, the Midwest region was named the North Central region. From 1910, when census regions were established, through the 1940's, there were three regions—North, South, and West.

CENSUS TRACT AND BLOCK NUMBERING AREA

Block Numbering Area (BNA)

Block numbering areas (BNA's) are small statistical subdivisions of a county for grouping and numbering blocks in nonmetropolitan counties where local census statistical areas committees have not established census tracts. State agencies and the Census Bureau delineated BNA's for the 1990 census, using guidelines similar to those for the delineation of census tracts. BNA's do not cross county boundaries.

BNA's are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 9901.07. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic BNA number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many BNA's do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. BNA numbers range from 9501 through 9989.99, and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 0001 through 9499.99 denote a census tract). The suffix .99 identifies a BNA that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" BNA appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its BNA number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers); the BNA relates to the ships associated with the onshore BNA's having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify BNA's that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities.

Some of these revisions produced BNA's that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a BNA can be summarized with an adjacent BNA.

Census Tract

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county. Census tracts are delineated for all metropolitan areas (MA's) and other densely populated counties by local census statistical areas committees following Census Bureau guidelines (more than 3,000 census tracts have been established in 221 counties outside MA's). Six States (California, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Rhode Island) and the District of Columbia are covered entirely by census tracts. Census tracts usually have between 2,500 and 8,000 persons and, when first delineated, are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. Census tracts do not cross county boundaries. The spatial size of census tracts varies widely depending on the density of settlement. Census tract boundaries are delineated with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census. However, physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new development, etc., may require occasional revisions; census tracts occasionally are split due to large population growth, or combined as a result of substantial population decline. Census tracts are referred to as "tracts" in all 1990 data products.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. Leading zeros in a census tract number (for example, 002502) are shown only on machine-readable files.

Census tract numbers range from 0001 through 9499.99 and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 9501 through 9989.99 denote a block numbering area). The suffix .99 identifies a census tract that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" census tract appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its census tract number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers). These census tracts relate to the ships associated with the onshore census tract having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify census tracts that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities. Some of these revisions may have resulted in census tracts that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a census tract can be summarized with an adjacent census tract.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)

Congressional districts (CD's) are the 435 areas from which persons are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the States, based on census population counts, each State is responsible for establishing CD's for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CD's in the State as practicable, based on the decennial census counts.

The CD's that were in effect on January 1, 1990 were those of the 101st Congress. Data on the 101st Congress appear in an early 1990 census data product (Summary Tape File 1A). The CD's of the 101st Congress are the same as those in effect for the 102nd Congress. CD's of the 103rd Congress, reflecting redistricting based on the 1990 census, are summarized in later 1990 data products (STF's 1D and 3D, and 1990 CPH-4, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress* printed reports).

COUNTY

The primary political divisions of most States are termed "counties." In Louisiana, these divisions are known as "parishes." In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized "boroughs" and the "census areas" that are delineated for statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. These cities are known as "independent cities" and are treated as equivalent to counties for statistical purposes. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for statistical purposes.

Each county and county equivalent is assigned a three-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within State, except for the independent cities, which follow the listing of counties.

COUNTY SUBDIVISION

County subdivisions are the primary subdivisions of counties and their equivalents for the reporting of decennial census data. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions, and unorganized territories.

Each county subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code in alphabetical order within county and a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

Census County Division (CCD)

Census county divisions (CCD's) are subdivisions of a county that were delineated by the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State officials and local census statistical

areas committees, for statistical purposes. CCD's were established in 21 States where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCD's), where the MCD's do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCD's change frequently, and/or where the MCD's are not generally known to the public. CCD's have no legal functions, and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCD's usually are delineated to follow visible features, and in most cases coincide with census tract or block numbering area boundaries. The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCD's have been established in the following 21 States: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. For the 1980 census, the county subdivisions recognized for Nevada were MCD's.

Census Subarea (Alaska)

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs and census areas (county equivalents) in Alaska. Census subareas were delineated cooperatively by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. The census subareas, identified first in 1980, replaced the various types of subdivisions used in the 1970 census.

Minor Civil Division (MCD)

Minor civil divisions (MCD's) are the primary political or administrative divisions of a county. MCD's represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCD's are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, election districts, gores, grants, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some States, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD and thus serve as MCD's in their own right. In other States, incorporated places are subordinate to (part of) the MCD's in which they are located, or the pattern is mixed—some incorporated places are independent of MCD's and others are subordinate to one or more MCD's.

The Census Bureau recognizes MCD's in the following 28 States: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to an MCD for statistical purposes.

The MCD's in 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these MCD's in all data products in which it provides data for places.

Unorganized Territory (unorg.)

In nine States (Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, and South Dakota), some counties contain territory that is not included in an MCD recognized by the Census Bureau. Each separate area of unorganized territory in these States is recognized as one or more separate county subdivisions for census purposes. Each unorganized territory is given a descriptive name, followed by the designation "unorg."

GEOGRAPHIC CODE

Geographic codes are shown primarily on machine-readable data products, such as computer tape and compact disc-read only memory (CD-ROM), but also appear on other products such as microfiche; they also are shown on some census maps. Codes are identified as "census codes" only if there is also a Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity. A code that is not identified as either "census" or "FIPS" is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent, or for which the Census Bureau does not use the FIPS code. The exceptions, which use only the FIPS code in census products, are county, congressional district, and metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, and primary metropolitan statistical area).

Census Code

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, census division, census region, county subdivision, place, State, urbanized area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes appear in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and State. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS

codes used in the census are shown in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

The objective of the FIPS codes is to improve the use of data resources of the Federal Government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. More information about FIPS and FIPS code documentation is available from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22161.

United States Postal Service (USPS) Code

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for States are used in all 1990 data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the FIPS two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION

Hierarchical Presentation

A hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure in census products. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation, and is explained for machine-readable media in the discussion of file structure in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the "standard census geographic hierarchy": block, within block group, within census tract or block numbering area, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within State, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:

```
United States
  Region
    Division
      State
        County
          County subdivision
            Place (or part)
              Census tract/block numbering area
                (or part)
                  Block group (or part)
                    Block
```

Inventory Presentation

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical or code sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census tract/

block numbering area, or block group. An example of a series of inventory presentations is: State, followed by all the counties in that State, followed by all the places in that State. Graphically, this is shown as:

State
County "A"
County "B"
County "C"

Place "X"
Place "Y"
Place "Z"

HISTORICAL COUNTS

Historical counts for total population and total housing units are shown in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* report series. As in past censuses, the general rule for presenting historical data for States, counties, county subdivisions, and places is to show historical counts only for single, continually existing entities. Stated another way, if an entity existed for both the current and preceding censuses, the tables show counts for the preceding censuses. Included in this category are entities of the same type (county, county subdivision, place) even if they had changed their names. Also included are entities that merged, but only if the new entity retained the name of one of the merged entities. The historical counts shown are for each entity as it was bounded at each census.

In cases where an entity was formed since a preceding census, such as a newly incorporated place or a newly organized township, the symbol three dots "..." is shown for earlier censuses. The three-dot symbol also is shown for those parts of a place that have extended into an additional county or county subdivision through annexation or other revision of boundaries since the preceding census.

In a few cases, changes in the boundaries of county subdivisions caused a place to be split into two or more parts, or to be split differently than in the preceding census. If historical counts for the parts of the place as currently split did not appear in a preceding census, "(NA)" is shown for the place in each county subdivision; however, the historical population and housing unit counts of the place appear in tables that show the entire place. For counties, county subdivisions, and places formed since January 1, 1980, 1980 census population and housing unit counts in the 1990 territory are reported in the geographic change notes included in the "User Notes" text section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, and in the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

In some cases, population and housing unit counts for individual areas were revised since publication of the 1980 reports (indicated by the prefix "r"). In a number of tables of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, 1980 counts are shown for aggregations of individual areas,

such as the number, population, and housing unit counts of places in size groups, or urban and rural distributions. Revisions of population and housing unit counts for individual areas were not applied to the various aggregations. Therefore, it may not be possible to determine the individual areas in a given aggregation using the historical counts; conversely, the sum of the counts shown for individual areas may not agree with the aggregation.

INTERNAL POINT

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity caused this point to be located outside the boundaries of the entity, it is relocated from the center so that it is within the entity. If the internal point for a block falls in a water area, it is relocated to a land area within the block. On machine-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MA's are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MA classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on MA's. The MA's are designated and defined by the Federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards. These standards were developed by the inter-agency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MA's nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA comprises one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MA's are referred to as "metropolitan." The metropolitan category is subdivided into "inside central city" and "outside central city." The territory, population, and housing units located outside MA's are referred to as "nonmetropolitan." The

metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify an MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) that is divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's). Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Secretary, Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Central City

In each MSA and CMSA, the largest place and, in some cases, additional places are designated as "central cities" under the official standards. A few PMSA's do not have central cities. The largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities are included in the title of the MA; there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that city that extends outside the MA boundary.

Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)

If an area that qualifies as an MA has more than one million persons, primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's) may be defined within it. PMSA's consist of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties that demonstrates very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSA's are established, the larger area of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA).

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) are relatively free-standing MA's and are not closely associated with other MA's. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties.

Metropolitan Area Title and Code

The title of an MSA contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a city with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a PMSA may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population. A CMSA title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is

the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/or third names in a CMSA title if such a designation is supported by local opinion and is deemed to be unambiguous and suitable by the Office of Management and Budget.

The titles for all MA's also contain the name of each State in which the area is located. Each metropolitan area is assigned a four-digit FIPS code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is a "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit codes for CMSA's, also assigned alphabetically.

OUTLYING AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as the statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), Republic of Palau (Palau), Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands). Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A of the text in the data products for each area.

PLACE

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a four-digit census code that is unique within State. Each place is also assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State. Consolidated cities (see below) are assigned a one-character alphabetical census code that is unique nationwide and a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State.

Census Designated Place (CDP)

Census designated places (CDP's) are delineated for the decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDP's comprise densely settled concentrations of population that are identifiable by name, but are not legally incorporated places. Their boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries.

Beginning with the 1950 census, the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State agencies and local census statistical areas committees, has identified and delineated boundaries for CDP's. In the 1990 census, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP." In the 1980 census, "(CDP)" was used; in 1970, 1960, and 1950 censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

To qualify as a CDP for the 1990 census, an unincorporated community must have met the following criteria:

1. In all States except Alaska and Hawaii, the Census Bureau uses three population size criteria to designate a CDP. These criteria are:
 - a. 1,000 or more persons if outside the boundaries of an urbanized area (UA) delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
 - b. 2,500 or more persons if inside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
 - c. 250 or more persons if outside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census, and within the official boundaries of an American Indian reservation recognized for the 1990 census.
2. In Alaska, 25 or more persons if outside a UA, and 2,500 or more persons if inside a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
3. In Hawaii, 300 or more persons, regardless of whether the community is inside or outside a UA.

For the 1990 census, CDP's qualified on the basis of the population counts prepared for the 1990 Postcensus Local Review Program. Because these counts were subject to change, a few CDP's may have final population counts lower than the minimums shown above.

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the data products are CDP's. By agreement with the State of Hawaii, the Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

Consolidated City

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD

continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a "consolidated city."

The data presentation for consolidated cities varies depending upon the geographic presentation. In hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)." Where the consolidated city is coextensive with a county or county subdivision, the data shown for those areas in hierarchical presentations are equivalent to those for the consolidated government.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears at the end of the listing of places. The data for the consolidated city include places that are part of the consolidated city. The "consolidated city (remainder)" is the portion of the consolidated government minus the semi-independent places, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places semi-independent of consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the "consolidated city (remainder)."

Each consolidated city is assigned a one-character alphabetic census code. Each consolidated city also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. The semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)" are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS place code that are unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State.

Incorporated Place

Incorporated places recognized in 1990 census data products are those reported to the Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 1990 under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents.

POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY

Population or housing unit density is computed by dividing the total population or housing units of a geographic unit (for example, United States, State, county, place) by its land area measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both "persons (or housing units) per square kilometer" and "persons (or housing units) per square mile" of land area in 1990 census printed reports.

STATE

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a State for census purposes. The four census regions, nine census divisions, and their component States are shown under "CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION" in this appendix.

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as State equivalents for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States. Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A in the data products for each area.

Each State and equivalent is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by State name, followed by the outlying area names. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned a two-digit census code. This code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each State within each census division; the first digit of the code is the code for the respective division. Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and the outlying areas of the Pacific are assigned "0" as the division code. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/United States Postal Service (USPS) code.

In 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), the minor civil divisions also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these minor civil divisions in all data products in which it provides data for places.

TIGER

TIGER is an acronym for the new digital (computer-readable) geographic data base that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The Census Bureau developed the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER) System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map publication, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and publication of the collected data, assigning residential and employer addresses to their geographic location and relating those locations to the Census Bureau's geographic units, and so forth. The content of the TIGER data base is made available to the public through a variety of "TIGER Extract" files that may be obtained from the Data User Services Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

UNITED STATES

The United States comprises the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In addition, the Census Bureau treats

the outlying areas as statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas include American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

URBAN AND RURAL

The Census Bureau defines "urban" for the 1990 census as comprising all territory, population, and housing units in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more persons outside urbanized areas. More specifically, "urban" consists of territory, persons, and housing units in:

1. Places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities."
2. Census designated places of 2,500 or more persons.
3. Other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

Territory, population, and housing units not classified as urban constitute "rural." In the 100-percent data products, "rural" is divided into "places of less than 2,500" and "not in places." The "not in places" category comprises "rural" outside incorporated and census designated places and the rural portions of extended cities. In many data products, the term "other rural" is used; "other rural" is a residual category specific to the classification of the rural in each data product.

In the sample data products, rural population and housing units are subdivided into "rural farm" and "rural nonfarm." "Rural farm" comprises all rural households and housing units on farms (places from which \$1,000 or more of agricultural products were sold in 1989); "rural nonfarm" comprises the remaining rural.

The urban and rural classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

In censuses prior to 1950, "urban" comprised all territory, persons, and housing units in incorporated places of 2,500 or more persons, and in areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under special rules relating to population size and density. The definition of urban that restricted itself to incorporated places having 2,500 or more persons excluded many large, densely settled areas merely because they were not incorporated. Prior to the 1950 census, the Census Bureau attempted to avoid some of the more obvious omissions by classifying selected areas as "urban under special rules." Even with these rules, however, many large, closely built-up areas were excluded from the urban category.

To improve its measure of urban territory, population, and housing units, the Census Bureau adopted the concept of the urbanized area and delineated boundaries for

unincorporated places (now, census designated places) for the 1950 census. Urban was defined as territory, persons, and housing units in urbanized areas and, outside urbanized areas, in all places, incorporated or unincorporated, that had 2,500 or more persons. With the following three exceptions, the 1950 census definition of urban has continued substantially unchanged. First, in the 1960 census (but not in the 1970, 1980, or 1990 censuses), certain towns in the New England States, townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and Arlington County, Virginia, were designated as urban. However, most of these "special rule" areas would have been classified as urban anyway because they were included in an urbanized area or in an unincorporated place of 2,500 or more persons. Second, "extended cities" were identified for the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses. Extended cities primarily affect the figures for urban and rural territory (area), but have very little effect on the urban and rural population and housing units at the national and State levels—although for some individual counties and urbanized areas, the effects have been more evident. Third, changes since the 1970 census in the criteria for defining urbanized areas have permitted these areas to be defined around smaller centers.

Documentation of the urbanized area and extended city criteria is available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Extended City

Since the 1960 census, there has been a trend in some States toward the extension of city boundaries to include territory that is essentially rural in character. The classification of all the population and living quarters of such places as urban would include in the urban designation territory, persons, and housing units whose environment is primarily rural. For the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses, the Census Bureau identified as rural such territory and its population and housing units for each extended city whose closely settled area was located in an urbanized area. For the 1990 census, this classification also has been applied to certain places outside urbanized areas.

In summary presentations by size of place, the urban portion of an extended city is classified by the population of the entire place; the rural portion is included in "other rural."

URBANIZED AREA (UA)

The Census Bureau delineates urbanized areas (UA's) to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places. A UA comprises one or more places ("central place") and the adjacent densely settled surrounding territory ("urban fringe") that together have a minimum of 50,000 persons. The urban fringe generally consists of contiguous territory having a density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile. The urban fringe also includes outlying territory of such

density if it was connected to the core of the contiguous area by road and is within 1 1/2 road miles of that core, or within 5 road miles of the core but separated by water or other undevelopable territory. Other territory with a population density of fewer than 1,000 people per square mile is included in the urban fringe if it eliminates an enclave or closes an indentation in the boundary of the urbanized area. The population density is determined by (1) outside of a place, one or more contiguous census blocks with a population density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile or (2) inclusion of a place containing census blocks that have at least 50 percent of the population of the place and a density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile. The complete criteria are available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Urbanized Area Central Place

One or more central places function as the dominant centers of each UA. The identification of a UA central place permits the comparison of this dominant center with the remaining territory in the UA. There is no limit on the number of central places, and not all central places are necessarily included in the UA title. UA central places include:

1. Each place entirely (or partially, if the place is an extended city) within the UA that is a central city of a metropolitan area (MA).
2. If the UA does not contain an MA central city or is located outside of an MA, the central place(s) is determined by population size.

Urbanized Area Title and Code

The title of a UA identifies those places that are most important within the UA; it links the UA to the encompassing MA, where appropriate. If a single MA includes most of the UA, the title and code of the UA generally are the same as the title and code of the MA. If the UA is not mostly included in a single MA, if it does not include any place that is a central city of the encompassing MA, or if it is not located in an MA, the Census Bureau uses the population size of the included places, with a preference for incorporated places, to determine the UA title. The name of each State in which the UA is located also is in each UA title.

The numeric code used to identify each UA is the same as the code for the mostly encompassing MA (including CMSA and PMSA). If MA title cities represent multiple UA's, or the UA title city does not correspond to the first name of an MA title, the Census Bureau assigns a code based on the alphabetical sequence of the UA title in relationship to the other UA and MA titles.

VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)

A voting district (VTD) is any of a variety of types of areas (for example, election districts, precincts, wards, legislative districts) established by State and local governments for purposes of elections. For census purposes,

each State participating in Phase 2 of the 1990 Census Redistricting Data Program outlined the boundaries of VTD's around groups of whole census blocks on census maps. The entities identified as VTD's are not necessarily those legally or currently established. Also, to meet the "whole block" criterion, a State may have had to adjust VTD boundaries to nearby block boundaries. Therefore, the VTD's shown on the 1990 census tapes, listings, and maps may not represent the actual VTD's in effect at the time of the census. In the 1980 census, VTD's were referred to as "election precincts."

Each VTD is assigned a four-character alphanumeric code that is unique within each county. The code "ZZZZ" is assigned to nonparticipating areas; the Census Bureau reports data for areas coded "ZZZZ."

ZIP CODE®

ZIP Codes are administrative units established by the United States Postal Service (USPS) for the distribution of mail. ZIP Codes serve addresses for the most efficient delivery of mail, and therefore generally do not respect political or census statistical area boundaries. ZIP Codes usually do not have clearly identifiable boundaries, often serve a continually changing area, are changed periodically to meet postal requirements, and do not cover all the land area of the United States. ZIP Codes are identified by five-digit codes assigned by the USPS. The first three digits identify a major city or sectional distribution center, and the last two digits generally signify a specific post office's delivery area or point. For the 1990 census, ZIP Code data are tabulated for the five-digit codes in STF 3B.

APPENDIX B.

Definitions of Subject Characteristics

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POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

AGE

The data on age were derived from answers to questionnaire item 5, which was asked of all persons. The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 1990. The age response in question 5a was used normally to represent a person's age. However, when the age response was unacceptable or unavailable, a person's age was derived from an acceptable year-of-birth response in question 5b.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of other questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age data are needed to interpret most social and economic characteristics used to plan and examine many programs and policies. Therefore, age is tabulated by single years of age and by many different groupings, such as 5-year age groups.

Some tabulations are shown by the age of the householder. These data were derived from the age responses for each householder. (For more information on householder, see the discussion under "Household Type and Relationship.")

Median Age—This measure divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value and one-half above the value. Generally, median age is computed on the basis of more detailed age intervals than are shown in some census publications; thus, a median based on a less detailed distribution may differ slightly from a corresponding median for the same population based on a more detailed distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Limitation of the Data—Counts in 1970 and 1980 for persons 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. Improvements were made in the questionnaire design, in the allocation procedures, and to the respondent instruction guide to attempt to minimize this problem for the 1990 census.

Review of detailed 1990 census information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round their age up if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in complete months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

Comparability—Age data have been collected in every census. For the first time since 1950, the 1990 data are not available by quarter year of age. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In each census since 1940, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, persons of unknown age were shown as a separate category. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age has been performed by a general procedure described as "imputation." The specific procedures for imputing age have been different in each census. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

ANCESTRY

The data on ancestry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 13, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question was based on self-identification; the data on ancestry represent self-classification by people according to the ancestry group(s) with which they most closely identify. Ancestry refers to a person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage or the place of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Some ethnic identities, such as "Egyptian" or "Polish" can be traced to geographic areas outside the United States, while other ethnicities such as "Pennsylvania Dutch" or "Cajun" evolved in the United States.

The intent of the ancestry question was not to measure the degree of attachment the respondent had to a particular ethnicity. For example, a response of "Irish" might reflect total involvement in an "Irish" community or only a memory of ancestors several generations removed from the individual.

The Census Bureau coded the responses through an automated review, edit, and coding operation. The open-ended write-in ancestry item was coded by subject-matter specialists into a numeric representation using a code list containing over 1,000 categories. The 1990 code list reflects the results of the Census Bureau's own research and consultations with many ethnic experts. Many decisions were made to determine the classification of responses. These decisions affected the grouping of the tabulated data. For example, the "Assyrian" category includes both responses of "Assyrian" and "Chaldean."

The ancestry question allowed respondents to report one or more ancestry groups. While a large number of respondents listed a single ancestry, the majority of answers included more than one ethnic entry. Generally, only the first two responses reported were coded in 1990. If a response was in terms of a dual ancestry, for example, Irish-English, the person was assigned two codes, in this case one for Irish and another for English.

However, in certain cases, multiple responses such as "French Canadian," "Scotch-Irish," "Greek Cypriote," and "Black Dutch" were assigned a single code reflecting their status as unique groups. If a person reported one of these unique groups in addition to another group, for example, "Scotch-Irish English," resulting in three terms, that person received one code for the unique group ("Scotch-Irish") and another one for the remaining group ("English"). If a person reported "English Irish French," only English and Irish were coded. Certain combinations of ancestries where the ancestry group is a part of another, such as "German-Bavarian," the responses were coded as a single ancestry using the smaller group ("Bavarian"). Also, responses such as "Polish-American" or "Italian-American" were coded and tabulated as a single entry ("Polish" or "Italian").

The Census Bureau accepted "American" as a unique ethnicity if it was given alone, with an ambiguous response, or with State names. If the respondent listed any other ethnic identity such as "Italian American," generally the "American" portion of the response was not coded. However, distinct groups such as "American Indian," "Mexican American," and "African American" were coded and identified separately because they represented groups who considered themselves different from those who reported as "Indian," "Mexican," or "African," respectively.

In all tabulations, when respondents provided an unacceptable ethnic identity (for example, an uncodeable or unintelligible response such as "multi-national," "adopted," or "I have no idea"), the answer was included in "Ancestry not reported."

The tabulations on ancestry are presented using two types of data presentations—one used total persons as the base, and the other used total responses as the base. The following are categories shown in the two data presentations:

Presentation Based on Persons:

Single Ancestries Reported—Includes all persons who reported only one ethnic group. Included in this

category are persons with multiple-term responses such as "Scotch-Irish" who are assigned a single code.

Multiple Ancestries Reported—Includes all persons who reported more than one group and were assigned two ancestry codes.

Ancestry Unclassified—Includes all persons who provided a response that could not be assigned an ancestry code because they provided nonsensical entries or religious responses.

Presentations Based on Responses:

Total Ancestries Reported—Includes the total number of ancestries reported and coded. If a person reported a multiple ancestry such as "French Danish," that response was counted twice in the tabulations—once in the "French" category and again in the "Danish" category. Thus, the sum of the counts in this type of presentation is not the total population but the total of all responses.

First Ancestry Reported—Includes the first response of all persons who reported at least one codeable entry. For example, in this category, the count for "Danish" would include all those who reported only Danish and those who reported Danish first and then some other group.

Second Ancestry Reported—Includes the second response of all persons who reported a multiple ancestry. Thus, the count for "Danish" in this category includes all persons who reported Danish as the second response, regardless of the first response provided.

The Census Bureau identified hundreds of ethnic groups in the 1990 census. However, it was impossible to show information for every group in all census tabulations because of space constraints. Publications such as the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* and the 1990 CPH-3, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas* reports show a limited number of groups based on the number reported and the advice received from experts. A more complete distribution of groups is presented in the 1990 Summary Tape File 4, supplementary reports, and a special subject report on ancestry. In addition, groups identified specifically in the questions on race and Hispanic origin (for example, Japanese, Laotian, Mexican, Cuban, and Spaniard), in general, are not shown separately in ancestry tabulations.

Limitation of the Data—Although some experts consider religious affiliation a component of ethnic identity, the ancestry question was not designed to collect any information concerning religion. The Bureau of the Census is prohibited from collecting information on religion. Thus, if a religion was given as an answer to the ancestry question, it was coded as an "Other" response.

Comparability—A question on ancestry was first asked in the 1980 census. Although there were no comparable data prior to the 1980 census, related information on ethnicity was collected through questions on parental birthplace, own birthplace, and language which were included in previous censuses. Unlike other census questions, there was no imputation for nonresponse to the ancestry question.

In 1990, respondents were allowed to report more than one ancestry group; however, only the first two ancestry groups identified were coded. In 1980, the Census Bureau attempted to code a third ancestry for selected triple-ancestry responses.

New categories such as "Arab" and "West Indian" were added to the 1990 question to meet important data needs. The "West Indian" category excluded "Hispanic" groups such as "Puerto Rican" and "Cuban" that were identified primarily through the question on Hispanic origin. In 1990, the ancestry group, "American" is recognized and tabulated as a unique ethnicity. In 1980, "American" was tabulated but included under the category "Ancestry not specified."

A major improvement in the 1990 census was the use of an automated coding system for ancestry responses. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses.

CITIZENSHIP

The data on citizenship were derived from answers to questionnaire item 9, which was asked of a sample of persons.

Citizen—Persons who indicated that they were native-born and foreign-born persons who indicated that they have become naturalized. (For more information on native and foreign born, see the discussion under "Place of Birth.")

There are four categories of citizenship: (1) born in the United States, (2) born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, (3) born abroad of American parents, and (4) citizen by naturalization.

Naturalized Citizen—Foreign-born persons who had completed the naturalization process at the time of the census and upon whom the rights of citizenship had been conferred.

Not a Citizen—Foreign-born persons who were not citizens, including persons who had begun but not completed the naturalization process at the time of the census.

Limitation of the Data—Evaluation studies completed after previous censuses indicated that some persons may have reported themselves as citizens although they had not yet attained the status.

Comparability—Similar questions on citizenship were asked in the censuses of 1820, 1830, 1870, 1890 through 1950, 1970, and 1980. The 1980 question was asked of a sample of the foreign-born population. In 1990, both native and foreign-born persons who received the long-form questionnaire were asked to respond to the citizenship question.

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Data on educational attainment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 12, which was asked of a sample of persons. Data are tabulated as attainment for persons 15 years old and over. Persons are classified according to the highest level of school completed or the highest degree received. The question included instructions to report the level of the previous grade attended or the highest degree received for persons currently enrolled in school. The question included response categories which allowed persons to report completing the 12th grade without receiving a high school diploma, and which instructed respondents to report as "high school graduate(s)"—persons who received either a high school diploma or the equivalent, for example, passed the Test of General Educational Development (G.E.D.), and did not attend college. (On the Military Census Report questionnaire, the lowest response category was "Less than 9th grade.")

Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that schooling completed in foreign or ungraded school systems should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American system; that vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges were not to be reported unless they were college level degrees; and that honorary degrees were not to be reported. The instructions gave "medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology" as examples of professional school degrees, and specifically excluded "barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade" from the professional school category. The order in which they were listed suggested that doctorate degrees were "higher" than professional school degrees, which were "higher" than master's degrees.

Persons who did not report educational attainment were assigned the attainment of a person of the same age, race or Spanish origin, and sex who resided in the same or a nearby area. Persons who filled more than one circle were edited to the highest level or degree reported.

High School Graduate or Higher—Includes persons whose highest degree was a high school diploma or

its equivalent, persons who attended college or professional school, and persons who received a college, university, or professional degree. Persons who reported completing the 12th grade but not receiving a diploma are not included.

Not Enrolled, Not High School Graduate—Includes persons of compulsory school attendance age or above who were not enrolled in school and were not high school graduates; these persons may be taken to be “high school dropouts.” There is no restriction on when they “dropped out” of school, and they may have never attended high school.

In prior censuses, “Median school years completed” was used as a summary measure of educational attainment. In 1990, the median can only be calculated for groups of which less than half the members have attended college. “Percent high school graduate or higher” and “Percent bachelor’s degree or higher” are summary measures which can be calculated from the present data and offer quite readily interpretable measures of differences between population subgroups. To make comparisons over time, “Percent high school graduate or higher” can be calculated and “Percent bachelor’s degree or higher” can be approximated with data from previous censuses.

Comparability—From 1840 to 1930, the census measured educational attainment by means of a basic literacy question. In 1940, a single question was asked on highest grade of school completed. In the censuses of 1950 through 1980, a two-part question asking highest grade of school attended and whether that grade was finished was used to construct highest grade or year of school completed. For persons who have not attended college, the response categories in the 1990 educational attainment question should produce data which are comparable to data on highest grade completed from earlier censuses.

The response categories for persons who have attended college were modified from earlier censuses because there was some ambiguity in interpreting responses in terms of the number of years of college completed. For instance, it was not clear whether “completed the fourth year of college,” “completed the senior year of college,” and “college graduate” were synonymous. Research conducted shortly before the census suggests that these terms were more distinct in 1990 than in earlier decades, and this change may have threatened the ability to estimate the number of “college graduates” from the number of persons reported as having completed the fourth or a higher year of college. It was even more difficult to make inferences about post-baccalaureate degrees and “Associate” degrees from highest year of college completed. Thus, comparisons of post-secondary educational attainment in this and earlier censuses should be made with great caution.

In the 1960 and subsequent censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were assigned the same attainment level as a similar person whose

residence was in the same or a nearby area. In the 1940 and 1950 censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were not allocated.

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

The data on employment status were derived from answers to questionnaire items 21, 25, and 26, which were asked of a sample of persons. The series of questions on employment status was asked of all persons 15 years old and over and was designed to identify, in this sequence: (1) persons who worked at any time during the reference week; (2) persons who did not work during the reference week but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent (excluding layoff); (3) persons on layoff; and (4) persons who did not work during the reference week, but who were looking for work during the last four weeks and were available for work during the reference week. (For more information, see the discussion under “Reference Week.”)

The employment status data shown in this and other 1990 census tabulations relate to persons 16 years old and over. Some tabulations showing employment status, however, include persons 15 years old. By definition, these persons are classified as “Not in Labor Force.” In the 1940, 1950, and 1960 censuses, employment status data were presented for persons 14 years old and over. The change in the universe was made in 1970 to agree with the official measurement of the labor force as revised in January 1967 by the U.S. Department of Labor. The 1970 census was the last to show employment data for persons 14 and 15 years old.

Employed—All civilians 16 years old and over who were either (1) “at work”—those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession, worked on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (2) were “with a job but not at work”—those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or unpaid volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations; also excluded are persons on active duty in the United States Armed Forces.

Unemployed—All civilians 16 years old and over are classified as unemployed if they (1) were neither “at work” nor “with a job but not at work” during the reference week, and (2) were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (3) were available to accept a job. Also included as unemployed are civilians who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. Examples of job seeking activities are:

- Registering at a public or private employment office
- Meeting with prospective employers
- Investigating possibilities for starting a professional practice or opening a business
- Placing or answering advertisements
- Writing letters of application
- Being on a union or professional register

Civilian Labor Force—Consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Experienced Unemployed—These are unemployed persons who have worked at any time in the past.

Experienced Civilian Labor Force—Consists of the employed and the experienced unemployed.

Labor Force—All persons classified in the civilian labor force plus members of the U.S. Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard).

Not in Labor Force—All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force. This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an *off* season who were not looking for work, institutionalized persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week).

Worker—This term appears in connection with several subjects: journey-to-work items, class of worker, weeks worked in 1989, and number of workers in family in 1989. Its meaning varies and, therefore, should be determined in each case by referring to the definition of the subject in which it appears.

Actual Hours Worked Last Week—All persons who reported working during the reference week were asked to report in questionnaire item 21b the number of hours that they worked. The statistics on hours worked pertain to the number of hours actually worked at all jobs, and do not necessarily reflect the number of hours typically or usually worked or the scheduled number of hours. The concept of "actual hours" differs from that of "usual hours" described below. The number of persons who worked only a small number of hours is probably understated since such persons sometimes consider themselves as not working. Respondents were asked to include overtime or extra hours worked, but to exclude lunch hours, sick leave, and vacation leave.

Limitation of the Data—The census may understate the number of employed persons because persons who have irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs sometimes report themselves as not working. The number of employed persons "at work" is probably overstated in the census (and conversely, the number of employed "with a job, but not at work" is understated) since some persons on vacation or sick leave erroneously reported themselves as working. This problem has no effect on the total number of employed persons. The reference week for the employment data is not the same for all persons. Since persons can change their employment status from one week to another, the lack of a uniform reference week may mean that the employment data do not reflect the reality of the employment situation of any given week. (For more information, see the discussion under "Reference Week.")

Comparability—The questionnaire items and employment status concepts for the 1990 census are essentially the same as those used in the 1980 and 1970 censuses. However, these concepts differ in many respects from those associated with the 1950 and 1960 censuses.

Since employment data from the census are obtained from respondents in households, they differ from statistics based on reports from individual business establishments, farm enterprises, and certain government programs. Persons employed at more than one job are counted only once in the census and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. In statistics based on reports from business and farm establishments, persons who work for more than one establishment may be counted more than once. Moreover, some tabulations may exclude private household workers, unpaid family workers, and self-employed persons, but may include workers less than 16 years of age.

An additional difference in the data arises from the fact that persons who had a job but were not at work are included with the employed in the census statistics, whereas many of these persons are likely to be excluded from employment figures based on establishment payroll reports. Furthermore, the employment status data in census tabulations include persons on the basis of place of residence regardless of where they work, whereas establishment data report persons at their place of work regardless of where they live. This latter consideration is particularly significant when comparing data for workers who commute between areas.

Census data on actual hours worked during the reference week may differ from data from other sources. The census measures hours actually worked, whereas some surveys measure hours paid for by employers. Comparability of census actual hours worked data may also be affected by the nature of the reference week (see "Reference Week").

For several reasons, the unemployment figures of the Census Bureau are not comparable with published figures on unemployment compensation claims. For example,

figures on unemployment compensation claims exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (including some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used by the Census Bureau. Persons working only a few hours during the week and persons with a job but not at work are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as "Employed" in the census. Differences in the geographical distribution of unemployment data arise because the place where claims are filed may not necessarily be the same as the place of residence of the unemployed worker.

The figures on employment status from the decennial census are generally comparable with similar data collected in the Current Population Survey. However, some difference may exist because of variations in enumeration and processing techniques.

FERTILITY

The data on fertility (also referred to as "children ever born") were derived from answers to questionnaire item 20, which was asked of a sample of women 15 years old and over regardless of marital status. Stillbirths, stepchildren, and adopted children were excluded from the number of children ever born. Ever-married women were instructed to include all children born to them before and during their most recent marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children who were still living in the home. Never-married women were instructed to include all children born to them.

Data are most frequently presented in terms of the aggregate number of children ever born to women in the specified category and in terms of the rate per 1,000 women. For purposes of calculating the aggregate, the open-ended response category, "12 or more" is assigned a value of 13.

Limitation of the Data—Although the data are assumed to be less complete for out-of-wedlock births than for births occurring within marriage, comparisons of 1980 census data on the fertility of single women with other census sources and administrative records indicate that no significant differences were found between different data sources; that is, 1980 census data on children ever born to single women were complete with no significant understatements of childbearing.

Comparability—The wording of the question on children ever born was the same in 1990 as in 1980. In 1970, however, the question on children ever born was asked of all ever-married women but only of never-married women

who received self-administered questionnaires. Therefore, rates and numbers of children ever born to single women in 1970 may be understated. Data presented for children ever born to ever-married women are comparable for the 1990 census and all previous censuses containing this question.

GROUP QUARTERS

All persons not living in households are classified by the Census Bureau as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized: (1) institutionalized persons and (2) other persons in group quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters").

Institutionalized Persons—Includes persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration. Such persons are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of the availability of nursing or medical care, the length of stay, or the number of persons in the institution. Generally, institutionalized persons are restricted to the institutional buildings and grounds (or must have passes or escorts to leave) and thus have limited interaction with the surrounding community. Also, they are generally under the care of trained staff who have responsibility for their safekeeping and supervision.

Type of Institution—The type of institution was determined as part of census enumeration activities. For institutions which specialize in only one specific type of service, all patients or inmates were given the same classification. For institutions which had multiple types of major services (usually general hospitals and Veterans' Administration hospitals), patients were classified according to selected types of wards. For example, in psychiatric wards of hospitals, patients were classified in "mental (psychiatric) hospitals"; in hospital wards for persons with chronic diseases, patients were classified in "hospitals for the chronically ill." Each patient or inmate was classified in only one type of institution. Institutions include the following types:

Correctional Institutions—Includes prisons, Federal detention centers, military stockades and jails, police lockups, halfway houses, local jails, and other confinement facilities, including work farms.

Prisons—Where persons convicted of crimes serve their sentences. In some census products, the prisons are classified by two types of control: (1) "Federal" (operated by the Bureau of Prisons of the Department of Justice) and (2) "State." Residents who are criminally insane were classified on the basis of where they resided at the time of enumeration: (1) in institutions (or hospital wards)

operated by departments of correction or similar agencies; or (2) in institutions operated by departments of mental health or similar agencies.

Federal Detention Centers—Operated by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and the Bureau of Prisons. These facilities include detention centers used by the Park Police; Bureau of Indian Affairs Detention Centers; INS Centers, such as the INS Federal Alien Detention Facility; INS Processing Centers; and INS Contract Detention Centers used to detain aliens under exclusion or deportation proceedings, as well as those aliens who have not been placed into proceedings, such as custodial required departures; and INS Detention Centers operated within local jails, and State and Federal prisons.

Military Stockades, Jails—Operated by military police and used to hold persons awaiting trial or convicted of violating military laws.

Local Jails and Other Confinement Facilities—Includes facilities operated by counties and cities that primarily hold persons beyond arraignment, usually for more than 48 hours. Also included in this category are work farms used to hold persons awaiting trial or serving time on relatively short sentences and jails run by private businesses under contract for local governments (but *not* by State governments).

Police Lockups—Temporary-holding facilities operated by county and city police that hold persons for 48 hours or less only if they have not been formally charged in court.

Halfway Houses—Operated for correctional purposes and include probation and restitution centers, pre-release centers, and community-residential centers.

Other Types of Correctional Institutions—Privately operated correctional facilities and correctional facilities specifically for alcohol/drug abuse.

Nursing Homes—Comprises a heterogeneous group of places. The majority of patients are elderly, although persons who require nursing care because of chronic physical conditions may be found in these homes regardless of their age. Included in this category are skilled-nursing facilities, intermediate-care facilities, long-term care rooms in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, or long-term care rooms/nursing wings in congregate housing facilities. Also included are nursing, convalescent, and rest homes, such as soldiers', sailors', veterans', and fraternal or religious homes for the aged, with or without nursing care. In some census products, nursing homes are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State," "Private not-for-profit," and "Private for profit."

Mental (Psychiatric) Hospitals—Includes hospitals or wards for the criminally insane not operated by a prison, and psychiatric wards of general hospitals and veterans' hospitals. Patients receive supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, mental hospitals are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

Hospitals for Chronically Ill—Includes hospitals for patients who require long-term care, including those in military hospitals and wards for the chronically ill located on military bases; or other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, which include tuberculosis hospitals or wards, wards in general and Veterans' Administration hospitals for the chronically ill, neurological wards, hospices, wards for patients with Hansen's Disease (leprosy) and other incurable diseases, and other unspecified wards for the chronically ill. Patients who had no usual home elsewhere were enumerated as part of the institutional population in the wards of general and military hospitals. Most hospital patients are at the hospital temporarily and were enumerated at their usual place of residence. (For more information, see "Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere.")

Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Mentally Retarded—Includes those institutions such as wards in hospitals for the mentally retarded, and intermediate-care facilities for the mentally retarded that provide supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Physically Handicapped—Includes three types of institutions: institutions for the blind, those for the deaf, and orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped. Institutions for persons with speech problems are classified with "institutions for the deaf." The category "orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped" includes those institutions providing relatively long-term care to accident victims, and to persons with polio, cerebral palsy, and muscular dystrophy. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Public," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

Hospitals, and Wards for Drug/Alcohol Abuse—Includes hospitals, and hospital wards in psychiatric and general hospitals. These facilities are equipped medically and designed for the diagnosis and treatment of medical or psychiatric illnesses associated with alcohol or drug abuse. Patients receive supervised medical care from formally-trained staff.

Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere—Includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), military, and surgical wards of hospitals, and wards for persons with infectious diseases.

Juvenile Institutions—Includes homes, schools, and other institutions providing care for children (short- or long-term care). Juvenile institutions include the following types:

Homes for Abused, Dependent, and Neglected Children—Includes orphanages and other institutions which provide long-term care (usually more than 30 days) for children. This category is classified in some census products by type of ownership as “Public” and “Private.”

Residential Treatment Centers—Includes those institutions which primarily serve children who, by clinical diagnosis, are moderately or seriously disturbed emotionally. Also, these institutions provide long-term treatment services, usually supervised or directed by a psychiatrist.

Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents—Includes residential training schools or homes, and industrial schools, camps, or farms for juvenile delinquents.

Public Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents—Usually operated by a State agency (for example, department of welfare, corrections, or a youth authority). Some are operated by county and city governments. These public training schools are specialized institutions serving delinquent children, generally between the ages of 10 and 17 years old, all of whom are committed by the courts.

Private Training Schools—Operated under private auspices. Some of the children they serve are committed by the courts as delinquents. Others are referred by parents or social agencies because of delinquent behavior. One difference between private and public training schools is that, by their administrative policy, private schools have control over their selection and intake.

Detention Centers—Includes institutions providing short-term care (usually 30 days or less) primarily for delinquent children pending disposition of their cases by a court. This category also covers diagnostic centers. In practice, such institutions may be caring for both delinquent and neglected children pending court disposition.

Other Persons in Group Quarters (also referred to as “noninstitutional group quarters”)—Includes all persons who live in group quarters other than institutions. Persons who live in the following living quarters are

classified as “other persons in group quarters” when there are 10 or more unrelated persons living in the unit; otherwise, these living quarters are classified as housing units.

Rooming Houses—Includes persons residing in rooming and boarding houses and living in quarters with 10 or more unrelated persons.

Group Homes—Includes “community-based homes” that provide care and supportive services. Such places include homes for the mentally ill, mentally retarded, and physically handicapped; drug/alcohol halfway houses; communes; and maternity homes for unwed mothers.

Homes for the Mentally Ill—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally ill. In some data products, this category is classified by type of ownership as “Federal,” “State,” “Private,” and “Ownership not known.” Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill.

Homes for the Mentally Retarded—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally retarded. Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded. This category is classified by type of ownership in some census products, as “Federal,” “State,” “Private,” or “Ownership not known.”

Homes for the Physically Handicapped—Includes community-based homes for the blind, for the deaf, and other community-based homes for the physically handicapped. Persons with speech problems are classified with homes for the deaf. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as “Public,” “Private,” or “Ownership not known.”

Homes or Halfway Houses for Drug/Alcohol Abuse—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide community-based care and supportive services to persons suffering from a drug/alcohol addiction and to recovering alcoholics and drug abusers. Places providing community-based care for drug and alcohol abusers include group homes, detoxification centers, quarterway houses (residential treatment facilities that work closely with accredited hospitals), halfway houses, and recovery homes for ambulatory, mentally competent recovering alcoholics and drug abusers who may be re-entering the work force.

Maternity Homes for Unwed Mothers—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide domestic care for unwed mothers and their

children. These homes may provide social services and post-natal care within the facility, or may make arrangements for women to receive such services in the community. Nursing services are usually available in the facility.

Other Group Homes—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in communes, foster care homes, and job corps centers with 10 or more unrelated persons. These types of places provide communal living quarters, generally for persons who have formed their own community in which they have common interests and often share or own property jointly.

Religious Group Quarters—Includes, primarily, group quarters for nuns teaching in parochial schools and for priests living in rectories. It also includes other convents and monasteries, except those associated with a general hospital or an institution.

College Quarters Off Campus—Includes privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons. In census products, persons in this category are classified as living in a college dormitory.

Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "noninstitutional group quarters" regardless of the number of people sharing the unit. These include persons residing in the following types of group quarters:

College Dormitories—Includes college students in dormitories (provided the dormitory is restricted to students who do not have their families living with them), fraternity and sorority houses, and on-campus residential quarters used exclusively for those in religious orders who are attending college. Students in privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus are also included, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college-level students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons.

Military Quarters—Includes military personnel living in barracks and dormitories on base, in transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military), and on military ships. However, patients in military hospitals receiving treatment for chronic diseases or who had no usual home elsewhere, and persons being held in military stockades were included as part of the institutional population.

Agriculture Workers' Dormitories—Includes persons in migratory farm workers' camps on farms, bunkhouses for ranch hands, and other dormitories on farms, such as those on "tree farms."

Other Workers' Dormitories—Includes persons in logging camps, construction workers' camps, firehouse dormitories, job-training camps, energy enclaves (Alaska only), and nonfarm migratory workers' camps (for example, workers in mineral and mining camps).

Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities) and Visible in Street Locations—Includes persons enumerated during the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation primarily on March 20-21, 1990. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless." If a person was at one of the locations below on March 20-21, the person was counted as described below. (For more information on the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.) This category is divided into four classifications:

Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities)—Includes persons who stayed overnight on March 20, 1990, in permanent and temporary emergency housing, missions, hotels/motels, and flophouses charging \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night; Salvation Army shelters, hotels, and motels used *entirely* for homeless persons regardless of the nightly rate charged; rooms in hotels and motels used *partially* for the homeless; and similar places known to have persons who have no usual home elsewhere staying overnight. If not shown separately, shelters and group homes that provide *temporary* sleeping facilities for runaway, neglected, and homeless children are included in this category in data products.

Shelters for Runaway, Neglected, and Homeless Children—Includes shelters/group homes which provide *temporary* sleeping facilities for juveniles.

Visible in Street Locations—Includes street blocks and open public locations designated before March 20, 1990, by city and community officials as places where the homeless congregate at night. *All* persons found at predesignated street sites from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m. and leaving abandoned or boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m. on March 21, 1990, were enumerated during "street" enumeration, except persons in uniform such as police and persons engaged in obvious money-making activities other than begging or panhandling. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless."

This cannot be considered a complete count of all persons living on the streets because those who were so well hidden that local people did not know where to find them were likely to have been missed as were persons moving about or in places not identified by local officials. It is also possible that persons with homes could have been included in the count of "visible in street locations" if they were present when the enumerator did the enumeration of a particular block.

Predesignated street sites include street corners, parks, bridges, persons emerging from abandoned and boarded-up buildings, noncommercial campsites (tent cities), all-night movie theaters, all-night restaurants, emergency hospital waiting rooms, train stations, airports, bus depots, and subway stations.

Shelters for Abused Women (Shelters Against Domestic Violence or Family Crisis Centers)—Includes community-based homes or shelters that provide domiciliary care for women who have sought shelter from family violence and who may have been physically abused. Most shelters also provide care for children of abused women. These shelters may provide social services, meals, psychiatric treatment, and counseling. In some census products, “shelters for abused women” are included in the category “other noninstitutional group quarters.”

Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in General and Military Hospitals—Includes group quarters for nurses and other staff members. It excludes patients.

Crews of Maritime Vessels—Includes officers, crew members, and passengers of maritime U.S. flag vessels. All ocean-going and Great Lakes ships are included.

Staff Residents of Institutions—Includes staff residing in group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally-authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

Other Nonhousehold Living Situations—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere enumerated during transient or “T-Night” enumeration at YMCA’s, YWCA’s, youth hostels, commercial and government-run campgrounds, campgrounds at racetracks, fairs, and carnivals, and similar transient sites.

Living Quarters for Victims of Natural Disasters—Includes living quarters for persons temporarily displaced by natural disasters.

Limitation of the Data—Two types of errors can occur in the classification of “types of group quarters”:

1. *Misclassification of Group Quarters*—During the 1990 Special Place Prelist operation, the enumerator determined the type of group quarters associated with each special place in their assignment. The enumerator used the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List and Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List to assign a two-digit code number followed by either an “I,” for institutional, or an “N,” for noninstitutional to each group quarters. In 1990, unacceptable group quarter codes were edited. (For more information on editing of unacceptable data, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

2. *No Classification (unknowns)*—The imputation rate for type of institution was higher in 1980 (23.5 percent) than in 1970 (3.3 percent). Improvements were made to the 1990 Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List; that is, the inclusion of more group quarters categories and an “Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List.” (For more information on the allocation rates for Type of Institution, see the allocation rates in 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics*.)

In previous censuses, allocation rates for demographic characteristics (such as age, sex, race, and marital status) of the institutional population were similar to those for the total population. The allocation rates for sample characteristics such as school enrollment, highest grade completed, income, and veteran status for the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population have been substantially higher than the population in households at least as far back as the 1960 census. The data, however, have historically presented a reasonable picture of the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population.

Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)—For the 1990 census “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation, persons well hidden, moving about, or in locations enumerators did not visit were likely to be missed. The number of people missed will never be known; thus, the 1990 census cannot be considered to include a definitive count of America’s total homeless population. It does, however, give an idea of relative differences among areas of the country. Other components were counted as part of regular census procedures.

The count of persons in shelters and visible on the street could have been affected by many factors. How much the factors affected the count can never be answered definitively, but some elements include:

1. How well enumerators were trained and how well they followed procedures.
2. How well the list of shelter and street locations given to the Census Bureau by the local government reflected the actual places that homeless persons stay at night.
3. Cities were encouraged to open temporary shelters for census night, and many did that and actively encouraged people to enter the shelters. Thus, people who may have been on the street otherwise were in shelters the night of March 20, so that the ratio of shelter-to-street population could be different than usual.
4. The weather, which was unusually cold in some parts of the country, could affect how likely people were to seek emergency shelter or to be more hidden than usual if they stayed outdoors.
5. The media occasionally interfered with the ability to do the count.
6. How homeless people perceived the census and whether they wanted to be counted or feared the census and hid from it.

The Census Bureau conducted two assessments of Shelter and Street Night: (1) the quality of the lists of shelters used for the Shelter-and-Street-Night operation, and (2) how well procedures were followed by census-takers for the street count in parts of five cities (Chicago, Los Angeles, New Orleans, New York, and Phoenix). Information about these two assessments is available from the Chief, Center for Survey Methods Research, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Comparability—For the 1990 census, the definition of institutionalized persons was revised so that the definition of “care” only includes persons under organized medical or formally-authorized, supervised care or custody. As a result of this change to the institutional definition, maternity homes are classified as noninstitutional rather than institutional group quarters as in previous censuses. The following types of other group quarters are classified as institutional rather than noninstitutional group quarters: “halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes)” and “wards in general and military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere,” which includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric, military, and surgical wards of hospitals, other-purpose wards of hospitals, and wards for infectious diseases. These changes should not significantly affect the comparability of data with earlier censuses because of the relatively small number of persons involved.

As in 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons living together were classified as living in noninstitutional group quarters. In 1970, the criteria was six or more unrelated persons.

Several changes also have occurred in the identification of specific types of group quarters. For the first time, the 1990 census identifies separately the following types of correctional institutions: persons in halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes), military stockades and jails, and police lockups. In 1990, tuberculosis hospitals or wards are included with hospitals for the chronically ill; in 1980, they were shown separately. For 1990, the noninstitutional group quarters category, “Group homes” is further classified as: group homes for drug/alcohol abuse; maternity homes (for unwed mothers), group homes for the mentally ill, group homes for the mentally retarded, and group homes for the physically handicapped. Persons living in communes, foster-care homes, and job corps centers are classified with “Other group homes” only if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit; otherwise, they are classified as housing units.

In 1990, workers’ dormitories were classified as group quarters regardless of the number of persons sharing the dorm. In 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons had to share the dorm for it to be classified as a group quarters. In 1960, data on persons in military barracks were shown only for men. In subsequent censuses, they include both men and women.

In 1990 census data products, the phrase “inmates of institutions” was changed to “institutionalized persons.” Also, persons living in noninstitutional group quarters were

referred to as “other persons in group quarters,” and the phrase “staff residents” was used for staff living in institutions.

In 1990, there are additional institutional categories and noninstitutional group quarters categories compared with the 1980 census. The institutional categories added include “hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse” and “military hospitals for the chronically ill.” The noninstitutional group quarters categories added include emergency shelters for homeless persons; shelters for runaway, neglected, and homeless children; shelters for abused women; and visible-in-street locations. Each of these noninstitutional group quarters categories was enumerated on March 20-21, 1990, during the “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation. (For more information on the “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.)

HISPANIC ORIGIN

The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin were derived from answers to questionnaire item 7, which was asked of all persons. Persons of Hispanic origin are those who classified themselves in one of the specific Hispanic origin categories listed on the questionnaire—“Mexican,” “Puerto Rican,” or “Cuban”—as well as those who indicated that they were of “other Spanish/Hispanic” origin. Persons of “Other Spanish/Hispanic” origin are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or the Dominican Republic, or they are persons of Hispanic origin identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on. Write-in responses to the “other Spanish/Hispanic” category were coded only for sample data.

Origin can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person’s parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Some tabulations are shown by the Hispanic origin of the householder. In all cases where households, families, or occupied housing units are classified by Hispanic origin, the Hispanic origin of the householder is used. (See the discussion of householder under “Household Type and Relationship.”)

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single origin response, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her origin or descent. If a person could not provide a single group, the origin of the person’s mother was used. If a single group could not be provided for the person’s mother, the first origin reported by the person was used.

If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by the computer according to the reported entries of other household members by using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. In the processing of sample

questionnaires, responses to other questions on the questionnaire, such as ancestry and place of birth, were used to assign an origin before any reference was made to the origin reported by other household members. If an origin was not entered for any household member, an origin was assigned from another household according to the race of the householder. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation process described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

Comparability—There may be differences between the total Hispanic origin population based on 100-percent tabulations and sample tabulations. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures for the Spanish/Hispanic origin item on the sample questionnaires. (For more information on sampling variability and nonsampling error, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

The 1990 data on Hispanic origin are generally comparable with those for the 1980 census. However, there are some differences in the format of the Hispanic origin question between the two censuses. For 1990, the word “descent” was deleted from the 1980 wording. In addition, the term “Mexican-Amer.” used in 1980 was shortened further to “Mexican-Am.” to reduce misreporting (of “American”) in this category detected in the 1980 census. Finally, the 1990 question allowed those who reported as “other Spanish/Hispanic” to write in their specific Hispanic origin group.

Misreporting in the “Mexican-Amer.” category of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin may affect the comparability of 1980 and 1990 census data for persons of Hispanic origin for certain areas of the country. An evaluation of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the Midwest Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of possible misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census was severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Hispanic origin population was generally sparse. However, national 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Hispanic origin population at the national level was not seriously affected by the reporting problem. (For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the 1980 census Spanish/Hispanic origin item, see the 1980 census Supplementary Reports.)

The 1990 and 1980 census data on the Hispanic population are not directly comparable with 1970 Spanish origin data because of a number of factors: (1) overall improvements in the 1980 and 1990 censuses, (2) better coverage of the population, (3) improved question designs, and (4) an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups.

Specific changes in question design between the 1980 and 1970 censuses included the placement of the category “No, not Spanish/Hispanic” as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category “Central or South American” was deleted because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category; furthermore, the designations “Mexican-American” and “Chicano” were added to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population.

HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP

Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements.

In 100-percent tabulations, the count of households or householders always equals the count of occupied housing units. In sample tabulations, the numbers may differ as a result of the weighting process.

Persons Per Household—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders). In cases where persons in households are cross-classified by race or Hispanic origin, persons in the household are classified by the race or Hispanic origin of the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

Relationship to Householder

Householder—The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to questionnaire item 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. One person in each household is designated as the householder. In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder.

Households are classified by type according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder

is a householder living with one or more persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Spouse—Includes a person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages, as well as persons in common-law marriages.

The number of spouses is equal to the number of “married-couple families” or “married-couple households” in 100-percent tabulations. The number of spouses, however, is generally less than half of the number of “married persons with spouse present” in sample tabulations, since more than one married couple can live in a household, but only spouses of householders are specifically identified as “spouse.” For sample tabulations, the number of “married persons with spouse present” includes married-couple subfamilies and married-couple families.

Child—Includes a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child’s age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and foster children.

Natural-Born or Adopted Son/Daughter—A son or daughter of the householder by birth, regardless of the age of the child. Also, this category includes sons or daughters of the householder by legal adoption, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

Stepson/Stepdaughter—A son or daughter of the householder through marriage but not by birth, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

Own Child—A never-married child under 18 years who is a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder. In certain tabulations, own children are further classified as living with two parents or with one parent only. Own children of the householder living with two parents are by definition found only in married-couple families.

In a subfamily, an “own child” is a never-married child under 18 years of age who is a son, daughter, stepchild, or an adopted child of a mother in a mother-child subfamily, a father in a father-child subfamily, or either spouse in a married-couple subfamily.

“Related children” in a family include own children and all other persons under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder, except the spouse of the householder. Foster children are not included since they are not related to the householder.

Other Relatives—In tabulations, includes any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category. In certain detailed tabulations, the following categories may be shown:

Grandchild—The grandson or granddaughter of the householder.

Brother/Sister—The brother or sister of the householder, including stepbrothers, stepsisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption. Brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are included in the “Other relative” category on the questionnaire.

Parent—The father or mother of the householder, including a stepparent or adoptive parent. Fathers-in-law and mothers-in-law are included in the “Other relative” category on the questionnaire.

Other Relatives—Anyone not listed in a reported category above who is related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption (brother-in-law, grandparent, nephew, aunt, mother-in-law, daughter-in-law, cousin, and so forth).

Nonrelatives—Includes any household member, including foster children not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The following categories may be presented in more detailed tabulations:

Roomer, Boarder, or Foster Child—Roomer, boarder, lodger, and foster children or foster adults of the householder.

Housemate or Roommate—A person who is not related to the householder and who shares living quarters primarily in order to share expenses.

Unmarried Partner—A person who is not related to the householder, who shares living quarters, and who has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Other Nonrelatives—A person who is not related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the householder and who is not described by the categories given above.

When relationship is not reported for an individual, it is imputed according to the responses for age, sex, and marital status for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Family Type

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may comprise a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone.

Families are classified by type as either a "married-couple family" or "other family" according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. The data on family type are based on answers to questions on sex and relationship which were asked on a 100-percent basis.

Married-Couple Family—A family in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

Other Family:

Male Householder, No Wife Present—A family with a male householder and no spouse of householder present.

Female Householder, No Husband Present—A family with a female householder and no spouse of householder present.

Persons Per Family—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders). In cases where the measure, "persons in family" or "persons per family" are cross-tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, the race or Hispanic origin refers to the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

Subfamily

A subfamily is a married couple (husband and wife enumerated as members of the same household) with or without never-married children under 18 years old, or one parent with one or more never-married children under 18 years old, living in a household and related to, but not including, either the householder or the householder's spouse. The number of subfamilies is not included in the count of families, since subfamily members are counted as part of the householder's family.

Subfamilies are defined during processing of sample data. In selected tabulations, subfamilies are further classified by type: married-couple subfamilies, with or without own children; mother-child subfamilies; and father-child subfamilies.

Lone parents include people maintaining either one-parent families or one-parent subfamilies. Married couples include husbands and wives in both married-couple families and married-couple subfamilies.

Unmarried-Partner Household

An unmarried-partner household is a household other than a "married-couple household" that includes a householder and an "unmarried partner." An "unmarried partner" can be of the same sex or of the opposite sex of the householder. An "unmarried partner" in an "unmarried-partner household" is an adult who is unrelated to the householder, but shares living quarters and has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Unmarried-Couple Household

An unmarried-couple household is composed of two unrelated adults of the opposite sex (one of whom is the householder) who share a housing unit with or without the presence of children under 15 years old.

Foster Children

Foster children are nonrelatives of the householder and are included in the category, "Roomer, boarder, or foster child" on the questionnaire. Foster children are identified as persons under 18 years old and living in households that have no nonrelatives 18 years old and over (who might be parents of the nonrelatives under 18 years old).

Stepfamily

A stepfamily is a "married-couple family" with at least one stepchild of the householder present, where the householder is the husband.

Comparability—The 1990 definition of a household is the same as that used in 1980. The 1980 relationship category "Son/daughter" has been replaced by two categories, "Natural-born or adopted son/daughter" and "Stepson/stepdaughter." "Grandchild" has been added as a separate category. The 1980 nonrelative categories: "Roomer, boarder" and "Partner, roommate" have been replaced by the categories "Roomer, boarder, or foster child," "Housemate, roommate," and "Unmarried partner." The 1980 nonrelative category "Paid employee" has been dropped.

INCOME IN 1989

The data on income in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire items 32 and 33. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1989 was requested from persons 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; net nonfarm self-employment income; net farm self-employment income; interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income; Social Security or railroad retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; retirement or disability income; and all other income. "Earnings" is defined as the algebraic sum of

wage or salary income and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment. "Earnings" represent the amount of income received regularly before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources are not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer contributions for persons, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Income Type in 1989

The eight types of income reported in the census are defined as follows:

1. *Wage or Salary Income*—Includes total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1989. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.
2. *Nonfarm Self-Employment Income*—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc.
3. *Farm Self-Employment Income*—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his or her own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government farm programs, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income.
4. *Interest, Dividend, or Net Rental Income*—Includes interest on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers, net royalties, and periodic payments from an estate or trust fund.

5. *Social Security Income*—Includes Social Security pensions and survivors benefits and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government. Medicare reimbursements are not included.
6. *Public Assistance Income*—Includes: (1) supplementary security income payments made by Federal or State welfare agencies to low income persons who are aged (65 years old or over), blind, or disabled; (2) aid to families with dependent children, and (3) general assistance. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded from this item.
7. *Retirement or Disability Income*—Includes: (1) retirement pensions and survivor benefits from a former employer, labor union, or Federal, State, county, or other governmental agency; (2) disability income from sources such as worker's compensation; companies or unions; Federal, State, or local government; and the U.S. military; (3) periodic receipts from annuities and insurance; and (4) regular income from IRA and KEOGH plans.
8. *All Other Income*—Includes unemployment compensation, Veterans Administration (VA) payments, alimony and child support, contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household, military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Income of Households—Includes the income of the householder and all other persons 15 years old and over in the household, whether related to the householder or not. Because many households consist of only one person, average household income is usually less than average family income.

Income of Families and Persons—In compiling statistics on family income, the incomes of all members 15 years old and over in each family are summed and treated as a single amount. However, for persons 15 years old and over, the total amounts of their own incomes are used. Although the income statistics covered the calendar year 1989, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1990). Thus, the income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1989 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. Yet, family income amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1989 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration are included. However, the composition of most families was the same during 1989 as in April 1990.

Median Income—The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median.

For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of units including those with no income. The median for persons is based on persons with income. The median income values for all households, families, and persons are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in most tabulations. Median household or family income figures of \$50,000 or less are calculated using linear interpolation. For persons, corresponding median values of \$40,000 or less are also computed using linear interpolation. All other median income amounts are derived through Pareto interpolation. (For more information on medians and interpolation, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Mean Income—This is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. For the various types of income the means are based on households having those types of income. "Per capita income" is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values for small subgroups of the population. Because the mean is influenced strongly by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in some data products for most small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtained summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in census tabulations.

Limitation of the Data—Since questionnaire entries for income frequently are based on memory and not on records, many persons tended to forget minor or irregular sources of income and, therefore, underreport their income. Underreporting tends to be more pronounced for income sources that are not derived from earnings, such as Social Security, public assistance, or from interest, dividends, and net rental income.

There are errors of reporting due to the misunderstanding of the income questions such as reporting gross rather than net dollar amounts for the two questions on net self-employment income, which resulted in an overstatement of these items. Another common error is the reporting of identical dollar amounts in two of the eight type of income items where a respondent with only one source of income assumed that the second amount should be entered to represent total income. Such instances of

overreporting had an impact on the level of mean nonfarm or farm self-employment income and mean total income published for the various geographical subdivisions of the State.

Extensive computer editing procedures were instituted in the data processing operation to reduce some of these reporting errors and to improve the accuracy of the income data. These procedures corrected various reporting deficiencies and improved the consistency of reported income items associated with work experience and information on occupation and class of worker. For example, if persons reported they were self-employed on their own farm, not incorporated, but had reported wage and salary earnings only, the latter amount was shifted to net farm self-employment income. Also, if any respondent reported total income only, the amount was generally assigned to one of the type of income items according to responses to the work experience and class-of-worker questions. Another type of problem involved nonreporting of income data. Where income information was not reported, procedures were devised to impute appropriate values with either no income or positive or negative dollar amounts for the missing entries. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

In income tabulations for households and families, the lowest income group (e.g., less than \$5,000) includes units that were classified as having no 1989 income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts, were newly created families, or families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or left the household. However, many of the households and families who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the census.

The income data presented in the tabulations covers money income only. The fact that many farm families receive an important part of their income in the form of "free" housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm rather than in money should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. Nonmoney income such as business expense accounts, use of business transportation and facilities, or partial compensation by business for medical and educational expenses was also received by some nonfarm residents. Many low income families also receive income "in kind" from public welfare programs. In comparing income data for 1989 with earlier years, it should be noted that an increase or decrease in money income does not necessarily represent a comparable change in real income, unless adjustments for changes in prices are made.

Comparability—The income data collected in the 1980 and 1970 censuses are similar to the 1990 census data, but there are variations in the detail of the questions. In 1980, income information for 1979 was collected from persons in approximately 19 percent of all housing units and group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income

- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income
- Social Security income
- Public assistance income
- Income from all other sources

Between the 1980 and 1990 censuses, there were minor differences in the processing of the data. In both censuses, all persons with missing values in one or more of the detailed type of income items *and* total income were designated as allocated. Each missing entry was imputed either as a "no" or as a dollar amount. If total income was reported *and* one or more of the type of income fields was not answered, then the entry in total income generally was assigned to one of the income types according to the socioeconomic characteristics of the income recipient. This person was designated as unallocated.

In 1980 and 1990, all nonrespondents with income not reported (whether heads of households or other persons) were assigned the reported income of persons with similar characteristics. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data.")

There was a difference in the method of computer derivation of aggregate income from individual amounts between the two census processing operations. In the 1980 census, income amounts less than \$100,000 were coded in tens of dollars, and amounts of \$100,000 or more were coded in thousands of dollars; \$5 was added to each amount coded in tens of dollars and \$500 to each amount coded in thousands of dollars. Entries of \$999,000 or more were treated as \$999,500 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999. In the 1990 census, income amounts less than \$999,999 were keyed in dollars. Amounts of \$999,999 or more were treated as \$999,999 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999 in all of the computer derivations of aggregate income.

In 1970, information on income in 1969 was obtained from all members in every fifth housing unit and small group quarters (less than 15 persons) and every fifth person in all other group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income
- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Social Security or Railroad Retirement
- Public assistance or welfare payments
- Income from all other sources

If a person reported a dollar amount in wage or salary, net nonfarm self-employment income, or net farm self-employment income, the person was considered as unallocated only if no further dollar amounts were imputed for any additional missing entries.

In 1960, data on income were obtained from all members in every fourth housing unit and from every fourth person 14 years old and over living in group quarters. Each person was required to report wage or salary income, net self-employment income, and income other than earnings received in 1959. An assumption was made in the editing process that no other type of income was received by a person who reported the receipt of either wage and salary income or self-employment but who had failed to report the receipt of other money income.

For several reasons, the income data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with those that may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for Federal tax purposes, differs somewhat from the Census Bureau concept. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is different because of the exemptions of persons having small amounts of income and the inclusion of net capital gains in tax returns. Furthermore, members of some families file separate returns and others file joint returns; consequently, the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

The earnings data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with earnings records of the Social Security Administration. The earnings record data for 1989 excluded the earnings of most civilian government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and persons not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings. Furthermore, earnings received from any one employer in excess of \$48,000 in 1989 are not covered by earnings records. Finally, because census data are obtained from household questionnaires, they may differ from Social Security Administration earnings record data, which are based upon employers' reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons.

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) of the Department of Commerce publishes annual data on aggregate and per-capita personal income received by the population for States, metropolitan areas, and selected counties. Aggregate income estimates based on the income statistics shown in census products usually would be less than those shown in the BEA income series for several reasons. The Census Bureau data are obtained directly from households, whereas the BEA income series is estimated largely on the basis of data from administrative records of business and governmental sources. Moreover, the definitions of income are different. The BEA income series includes some items not included in the income data shown in census publications, such as income "in kind," income received by nonprofit institutions, the value of services of

banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific charges, Medicare payments, and the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to April 1, 1990. On the other hand, the census income data include contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same household and employer contributions for social insurance.

INDUSTRY, OCCUPATION, AND CLASS OF WORKER

The data on industry, occupation, and class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire items 28, 29, and 30 respectively. These questions were asked of a sample of persons. Information on industry relates to the kind of business conducted by a person's employing organization; occupation describes the kind of work the person does on the job.

For employed persons, the data refer to the person's job during the reference week. For those who worked at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. For unemployed persons, the data refer to their last job. The industry and occupation statistics are derived from the detailed classification systems developed for the 1990 census as described below. The *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations* provided additional information on the industry and occupation classification systems.

Respondents provided the data for the tabulations by writing on the questionnaires descriptions of their industry and occupation. These descriptions were keyed and passed through automated coding software which assigned a portion of the written entries to categories in the classification system. The automated system assigned codes to 59 percent of the industry entries and 38 percent of the occupation entries.

Those cases not coded by the computer were referred to clerical staff in the Census Bureau's Kansas City processing office for coding. The clerical staff converted the written questionnaire descriptions to codes by comparing these descriptions to entries in the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For the industry code, these coders also referred to an Employer Name List (formerly called Company Name List). This list, prepared from the Standard Statistical Establishment List developed by the Census Bureau for the economic censuses and surveys, contained the names of business establishments and their Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes converted to population census equivalents. This list facilitated coding and maintained industrial classification comparability.

Industry

The industry classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 235 categories for employed persons, classified into 13 major industry groups. Since

1940, the industrial classification has been based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC). The 1990 census classification was developed from the 1987 SIC published by the Office of Management and Budget Executive Office of the President.

The SIC was designed primarily to classify establishments by the type of industrial activity in which they were engaged. However, census data, which were collected from households, differ in detail and nature from those obtained from establishment surveys. Therefore, the census classification systems, while defined in SIC terms, cannot reflect the full detail in all categories. There are several levels of industrial classification found in census products. For example, the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* report includes 41 unique industrial categories, while the 1990 Summary Tape File 4 (STF 4) presents 72 categories.

Occupation

The occupational classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 500 specific occupational categories for employed persons arranged into 6 summary and 13 major occupational groups. This classification was developed to be consistent with the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1980, published by the Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, U.S. Department of Commerce. Tabulations with occupation as the primary characteristic present several levels of occupational detail. The most detailed tabulations are shown in a special 1990 subject report and tape files on occupation. These products contain all 500 occupational categories plus industry or class of worker subgroupings of occupational categories.

Some occupation groups are related closely to certain industries. Operators of transportation equipment, farm operators and workers, and private household workers account for major portions of their respective industries of transportation, agriculture, and private households. However, the industry categories include persons in other occupations. For example, persons employed in agriculture include truck drivers and bookkeepers; persons employed in the transportation industry include mechanics, freight handlers, and payroll clerks; and persons employed in the private household industry include occupations such as chauffeur, gardener, and secretary.

Class of Worker

The data on class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire item 30. The information on class of worker refers to the same job as a respondent's industry and occupation and categorizes persons according to the type of ownership of the employing organization. The class of worker categories are defined as follows:

Private Wage and Salary Workers—Includes persons who worked for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or piece rates for a private for profit employer or a

private not-for-profit, tax-exempt or charitable organization. Self-employed persons whose business was incorporated are included with private wage and salary workers because they are paid employees of their own companies. Some tabulations present data separately for these subcategories: "For profit," "Not for profit," and "Own business incorporated."

Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, or other formal international organizations were classified as "Private-not-for-profit."

Government Workers—Includes persons who were employees of any local, State, or Federal governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency. For some tabulations, the data were presented separately for the three levels of government.

Self-Employed Workers—Includes persons who worked for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm.

Unpaid Family Workers—Includes persons who worked 15 hours or more without pay in a business or on a farm operated by a relative.

Salaried/Self-Employed—In tabulations that categorize persons as either salaried or self-employed, the salaried category includes private and government wage and salary workers; self-employed includes self-employed persons and unpaid family workers.

The industry category, "Public administration," is limited to regular government functions such as legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities of governments. Other government organizations such as schools, hospitals, liquor stores, and bus lines are classified by industry according to the activity in which they are engaged. On the other hand, the class of worker government categories include all government workers.

Occasionally respondents supplied industry, occupation, or class of worker descriptions which were not sufficiently specific for precise classification or did not report on these items at all. Some of these cases were corrected through the field editing process and during the coding and tabulation operations. In the coding operation, certain types of incomplete entries were corrected using the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For example, it was possible in certain situations to assign an industry code based on the occupation reported.

Following the coding operations, there was a computer edit and an allocation process. The edit first determined whether a respondent was in the universe which required an industry and occupation code. The codes for the three items (industry, occupation, and class of worker) were checked to ensure they were valid and were edited for their relation to each other. Invalid and inconsistent codes were either blanked or changed to a consistent code.

If one or more of the three codes were blank after the edit, a code was assigned from a "similar" person based on other items such as age, sex, education, farm or nonfarm residence, and weeks worked. If all the labor force and income data also were blank, all these economic items were assigned from one other person who provided all the necessary data.

Comparability—Comparability of industry and occupation data was affected by a number of factors, primarily the systems used to classify the questionnaire responses. For both the industry and occupation classification systems, the basic structures were generally the same from 1940 to 1970, but changes in the individual categories limited comparability of the data from one census to another. These changes were needed to recognize the "birth" of new industries and occupations, the "death" of others, and the growth and decline in existing industries and occupations, as well as, the desire of analysts and other users for more detail in the presentation of the data. Probably the greatest cause of incomparability is the movement of a segment of a category to a different category in the next census. Changes in the nature of jobs and respondent terminology, and refinement of category composition made these movements necessary.

In the 1990 census, the industry classification had minor revisions to reflect recent changes to the SIC. The 1990 occupational classification system is essentially the same as that for the 1980 census. However, the conversion of the census classification to the SOC in 1980 meant that the 1990 classification system was less comparable to the classifications used prior to the 1980 census.

Other factors that affected data comparability included the universe to which the data referred (in 1970, the age cutoff for labor force was changed from 14 years to 16 years); how the industry and occupation questions were worded on the questionnaire (for example, important changes were made in 1970); improvements in the coding procedures (the Employer Name List technique was introduced in 1960); and how the "not reported" cases are handled. Prior to 1970, they were placed in the residual categories, "Industry not reported" and "Occupation not reported." In 1970, an allocation process was introduced that assigned these cases to major groups. In 1990, as in 1980, the "Not reported" cases were assigned to individual categories. Therefore, the 1980 and 1990 data for individual categories included some numbers of persons who were tabulated in a "Not reported" category in previous censuses.

The following publications contain information on the various factors affecting comparability and are particularly useful for understanding differences in the occupation and industry information from earlier censuses: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Changes Between the 1950 and 1960 Occupation and Industry Classifications With Detailed Adjustments of 1950 Data to the 1960 Classifications*, Technical Paper No. 18, 1968; U.S. Bureau of the Census, *1970 Occupation and Industry Classification Systems in Terms of their 1960 Occupation and Industry Elements*, Technical

Paper No. 26, 1972; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, *The Relationship Between the 1970 and 1980 Industry and Occupation Classification Systems*, Technical Paper No. 59, 1988. For citations for earlier census years, see the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-D, *Detailed Population Characteristics*.

The 1990 census introduced an additional class of worker category for "private not-for-profit" employers. This category is a subset of the 1980 category "employee of private employer" so there is no comparable data before 1990. Also in 1990, employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, etc., are classified as "private not-for-profit," rather than Federal Government as in 1970 and 1980. While in theory, there was a change in comparability, in practice, the small number of U.S. residents working for foreign governments made this change negligible.

Comparability between the statistics on industry and occupation from the 1990 census and statistics from other sources is affected by many of the factors described in the section on "Employment Status." These factors are primarily geographic differences between residence and place of work, different dates of reference, and differences in counts because of dual job holding. Industry data from population censuses cover all industries and all kinds of workers, whereas, data from establishments often excluded private household workers, government workers, and the self-employed. Also, the replies from household respondents may have differed in detail and nature from those obtained from establishments.

Occupation data from the census and data from government licensing agencies, professional associations, trade unions, etc., may not be as comparable as expected. Organizational listings often include persons not in the labor force or persons devoting all or most of their time to another occupation; or the same person may be included in two or more different listings. In addition, relatively few organizations, except for those requiring licensing, attained complete coverage of membership in a particular occupational field.

JOURNEY TO WORK

Place of Work

The data on place of work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 22, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Data were tabulated for workers 16 years and over; that is, members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. Data on place of work refer to the geographic location at which workers carried out their occupational activities during the reference week. The exact address (number and street) of the place of work was asked, as well as the place (city, town, or post office); whether or not the place of work was inside or

outside the limits of that city or town; and the county, State, and ZIP Code. If the person's employer operated in more than one location, the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number and street name were unknown, a description of the location, such as the building name or nearest street or intersection, was to be entered.

Persons who worked at more than one location during the reference week were asked to report the one at which they worked the greatest number of hours. Persons who regularly worked in several locations each day during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work did not begin at a central place each day, the person was asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

In some tabulations, place-of-work locations may be defined as "in area of residence" and "outside area of residence." The area of residence may vary from table to table or even within a table, and refers to the particular area or areas shown. For example, in a table that provides data for counties, "in area of residence" refers to persons who worked in the same county in which they lived, while "outside area of residence" refers to persons whose workplace was located in a county different from the one in which they lived. Similarly, in a table that provides data for several types of areas, such as the State and its individual metropolitan areas (MA's), counties, and places, the place-of-work data will be variable and is determined by the geographic level (State, MA, county, or place) shown in each section of the tabulation.

In tabulations that present data for States, workplaces for the residents of the State may include, in addition to the State itself, each contiguous State. The category, "in noncontiguous State or abroad," includes persons who worked in a State that did not border their State of residence as well as persons who worked outside the United States.

In tabulations that present data for an MSA/PMSA, place-of-work locations are specified to show the main destinations of workers living in the MSA/PMSA. (For more information on metropolitan areas (MA's), see Appendix A, Area Classifications.) All place-of-work locations are identified with respect to the boundaries of the MSA/PMSA as "inside MSA/PMSA" or "outside MSA/PMSA." Locations within the MSA/PMSA are further divided into each central city, and each county or county balance. Selected large incorporated places also may be specified as places of work.

Within New England MSA/PMSA's, the places of work presented generally are cities and towns. Locations outside the MSA/PMSA are specified if they are important commuting destinations for residents of the MSA/PMSA, and may include adjoining MSA/PMSA's and their central cities, their component counties, large incorporated places, or counties, cities, or other geographic areas outside any MA. In tabulations for MSA/PMSA's in New England;

Honolulu, Hawaii; and certain other MA's, some place-of-work locations are identified as "areas" (e.g., Area 1, Area 5, Area 12, etc.). Such areas consist of groups of towns, cities, census designated places (Honolulu MSA only), or counties that have been identified as unique place-of-work destinations. When an adjoining MSA/PMSA or MSA/PMSA remainder is specified as a place-of-work location, its components are not defined. However, the components are presented in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* and the 1990 CH-1, *General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* reports. In tabulations that present data for census tracts outside MA's, place-of-work locations are defined as "in county of residence" and "outside county of residence."

In areas where the workplace address was coded to the block level, persons were tabulated as working inside or outside a specific place based on the location of that address, regardless of the response to question 22c concerning city/town limits. In areas where it was impossible to code the workplace address to the block level, persons were tabulated as working in a place if a place name was reported in question 22b and the response to question 22c was either "Yes" or the item was left blank. In selected areas, census designated places (CDP's) may appear in the tabulations as places of work. The accuracy of place-of-work data for CDP's may be affected by the extent to which their census names were familiar to respondents, and by coding problems caused by similarities between the CDP name and the names of other geographic jurisdictions in the same vicinity.

Place-of-work data are given for selected minor civil divisions (generally, cities, towns, and townships) in the nine Northeastern States, based on the responses to the place-of-work question. Many towns and townships are regarded locally as equivalent to a place and therefore, were reported as the place of work. When a respondent reported a locality or incorporated place that formed a part of a township or town, the coding and tabulating procedure was designed to include the response in the total for the township or town. The accuracy of the place-of-work data for minor civil divisions is greatest for the New England States. However, the data for some New England towns, for towns in New York, and for townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania may be affected by coding problems that resulted from the unfamiliarity of the respondent with the minor civil division in which the workplace was located or when a township and a city or borough of the same or similar name are located close together.

Place-of-work data may show a few workers who made unlikely daily work trips (e.g., workers who lived in New York and worked in California). This result is attributable to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work, such as persons away from home on business.

Comparability—The wording of the question on place of work was substantially the same in the 1990 census as it was in 1980. However, data on place of work from the

1990 census are based on the full census sample, while data from the 1980 census were based on only about one-half of the full sample.

For the 1980 census, nonresponse or incomplete responses to the place-of-work question were not allocated, resulting in the use of "not reported" categories in the 1980 publications. However, for the 1990 census, when place of work was not reported or the response was incomplete, a work location was allocated to the person based on their means of transportation to work, travel time to work, industry, and location of residence and workplace of others. The 1990 publications, therefore, do not contain a "not reported" category for the place-of-work data.

Comparisons between 1980 and 1990 census data on the gross number of workers in particular commuting flows, or the total number of persons working in an area, should be made with extreme caution. Any apparent increase in the magnitude of the gross numbers may be due solely to the fact that for 1990 the "not reported" cases have been distributed among specific place-of-work destinations, instead of tallied in a separate category as in 1980.

Limitation of the Data—The data on place of work relate to a reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because the enumeration was not completed in 1 week. However, for the majority of persons, the reference week for the 1990 census is the last week in March 1990. The lack of a uniform reference week means that the place-of-work data reported in the census will not exactly match the distribution of workplace locations observed or measured during an actual workweek.

The place-of-work data are estimates of persons 16 years old and over who were both employed and at work during the reference week (including persons in the Armed Forces). Persons who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons are not included in the place-of-work data. Therefore, the data on place of work understate the total number of jobs or total employment in a geographic area during the reference week. It also should be noted that persons who had irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs during the reference week may have erroneously reported themselves as not working.

The address where the individual worked most often during the reference week was recorded on the census questionnaire. If a worker held two jobs, only data about the primary job (the one worked the greatest number of hours during the preceding week) was requested. Persons who regularly worked in several locations during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was

asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

Means of Transportation to Work

The data on means of transportation to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23a, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under “Reference Week.”) Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the person usually used to get from home to work during the reference week.

Persons who used different means of transportation on different days of the week were asked to specify the one they used most often, that is, the greatest number of days. Persons who used more than one means of transportation to get to work each day were asked to report the one used for the longest distance during the work trip. The category, “Car, truck, or van,” includes workers using a car (including company cars but excluding taxicabs), a truck of one-ton capacity or less, or a van. The category, “Public transportation,” includes workers who used a bus or trolley bus, streetcar or trolley car, subway or elevated, railroad, ferryboat, or taxicab even if each mode is not shown separately in the tabulation. The category, “Other means,” includes workers who used a mode of travel which is not identified separately within the data distribution. The category, “Other means,” may vary from table to table, depending on the amount of detail shown in a particular distribution.

The means of transportation data for some areas may show workers using modes of public transportation that are not available in those areas (e.g., subway or elevated riders in an MA where there actually is no subway or elevated service). This result is largely due to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work (such as persons away from home on business in an area where subway service was available) and persons who used more than one means of transportation each day but whose principal means was unavailable where they lived (for example, residents of nonmetropolitan areas who drove to the fringe of an MA and took the commuter railroad most of the distance to work).

Private Vehicle Occupancy

The data on private vehicle occupancy were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that their means of transportation to work was “Car, truck, or van.” (For more information, see discussion under “Reference Week.”)

Private vehicle occupancy refers to the number of persons who usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The category, “Drove alone,” includes persons who usually drove alone to work as well as persons who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination. The category, “Carpooled,” includes workers who reported that two or more persons usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week.

Persons Per Car, Truck, or Van—This is obtained by dividing the number of persons who reported using a car, truck, or van to get to work by the number of such vehicles that they used. The number of vehicles used is derived by counting each person who drove alone as one vehicle, each person who reported being in a two-person carpool as one-half vehicle, each person who reported being in a three-person carpool as one-third vehicle, and so on, and then summing all the vehicles.

Time Leaving Home to Go to Work

The data on time leaving home to go to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24a. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. The departure time refers to the time of day that the person usually left home to go to work during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under “Reference Week.”)

Travel Time to Work

The data on travel time to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. Travel time to work refers to the total number of minutes that it usually took the person to get from home to work during the reference week. The elapsed time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, and time spent in other activities related to getting to work. (For more information, see discussion under “Reference Week.”)

LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH

Language Spoken at Home

Data on language spoken at home were derived from the answers to questionnaire items 15a and 15b, which were asked of a sample of persons born before April 1, 1985. Instructions mailed with the 1990 census questionnaire stated that a respondent should mark “Yes” in

question 15a if the person sometimes or always spoke a language other than English at home and should not mark "Yes" if a language was spoken only at school or if speaking was limited to a few expressions or slang. For question 15b, respondents were instructed to print the name of the non-English language spoken at home. If the person spoke more than one language other than English, the person was to report the language spoken more often or the language learned first.

The cover of the census questionnaire included information in Spanish which provided a telephone number for respondents to call to request a census questionnaire and instructions in Spanish. Instruction guides were also available in 32 other languages to assist enumerators who encountered households or respondents who spoke no English.

Questions 15a and 15b referred to languages spoken at home in an effort to measure the current use of languages other than English. Persons who knew languages other than English but did not use them at home or who only used them elsewhere were excluded. Persons who reported speaking a language other than English at home may also speak English; however, the questions did not permit determination of the main or dominant language of persons who spoke both English and another language. (For more information, see discussion below on "Ability to Speak English.")

For persons who indicated that they spoke a language other than English at home in question 15a, but failed to specify the name of the language in question 15b, the language was assigned based on the language of other speakers in the household; on the language of a person of the same Spanish origin or detailed race group living in the same or a nearby area; or on a person of the same ancestry or place of birth. In all cases where a person was assigned a non-English language, it was assumed that the language was spoken at home. Persons for whom the name of a language other than English was entered in question 15b, and for whom question 15a was blank were assumed to speak that language at home.

The write-in responses listed in question 15b (specific language spoken) were transcribed onto computer files and coded into more than 380 detailed language categories using an automated coding system. The automated procedure compared write-in responses reported by respondents with entries in a computer dictionary, which initially contained approximately 2,000 language names. The dictionary was updated with a large number of new names, variations in spelling, and a small number of residual categories. Each write-in response was given a numeric code that was associated with one of the detailed categories in the dictionary. If the respondent listed more than one non-English language, only the first was coded.

The write-in responses represented the names people used for languages they speak. They may not match the names or categories used by linguists. The sets of categories used are sometimes geographic and sometimes linguistic. Figure 1 provides an illustration of the content of

the classification schemes used to present language data. For more information, write to the Chief, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Household Language—In households where one or more persons (age 5 years old or over) speak a language other than English, the household language assigned to all household members is the non-English language spoken by the first person with a non-English language in the following order: householder, spouse, parent, sibling, child, grandchild, other relative, stepchild, unmarried partner, housemate or roommate, roomer, boarder, or foster child, or other nonrelative. Thus, persons who speak only English may have a non-English household language assigned to them in tabulations of persons by household language.

Figure 1. Four- and Twenty-Five-Group Classifications of 1990 Census Languages Spoken at Home with Illustrative Examples

Four-Group Classification	Twenty-Five-Group Classification	Examples
Spanish	Spanish	Spanish, Ladino
Other Indo-European	French	French, Cajun, French Creole
	Italian	
	Portuguese	
	German	
	Yiddish	
	Other West Germanic	Afrikaans, Dutch, Pennsylvania Dutch
	Scandinavian	Danish, Norwegian, Swedish
	Polish	
	Russian	
	South Slavic	Serbocroatian, Bulgarian, Macedonian, Slovene
Languages of Asia and the Pacific	Other Slavic	Czech, Slovak, Ukrainian
	Greek	
	Indic	Hindi, Bengali, Gujarathi, Punjabi, Romany, Sinhalese
	Other Indo-European, not elsewhere classified	Armenian, Gaelic, Lithuanian, Persian
	Chinese	
	Japanese	
	Mon-Khmer	Cambodian
	Tagalog	
	Korean	
	Vietnamese	
All other languages	Other languages (part)	Chamorro, Dravidian Languages, Hawaiian, Ilocano, Thai, Turkish
	Arabic	
	Hungarian	
	Native North American languages	
	Other languages (part)	Amharic, Syriac, Finnish, Hebrew, Languages of Central and South America, Other Languages of Africa

Ability to Speak English

Persons 5 years old and over who reported that they spoke a language other than English in question 15a were also asked in question 15c to indicate their ability to speak English based on one of the following categories: "Very well," "Well," "Not well," or "Not at all."

The data on ability to speak English represent the person's own perception about his or her own ability or, because census questionnaires are usually completed by one household member, the responses may represent the perception of another household member. The instruction guides and questionnaires that were mailed to households did not include any information on how to interpret the response categories in question 15c.

Persons who reported that they spoke a language other than English at home but whose ability to speak English was not reported, were assigned the English-language ability of a randomly selected person of the same age, Spanish origin, nativity and year of entry, and language group.

Linguistic Isolation—A household in which no person age 14 years or over speaks only English and no person age 14 years or over who speaks a language other than English speaks English "Very well" is classified as "linguistically isolated." All the members of a linguistically isolated household are tabulated as linguistically isolated, including members under age 14 years who may speak only English.

Limitation of the Data—Persons who speak a language other than English at home may have first learned that language at school. However, these persons would be expected to indicate that they spoke English "Very well." Persons who speak a language other than English, but do not do so *at home*, should have been reported as not speaking a language other than English at home.

The extreme detail in which language names were coded may give a false impression of the linguistic precision of these data. The names used by speakers of a language to identify it may reflect ethnic, geographic, or political affiliations and do not necessarily respect linguistic distinctions. The categories shown in the tabulations were chosen on a number of criteria, such as information about the number of speakers of each language that might be expected in a sample of the United States population.

Comparability—Information on language has been collected in every census since 1890. The comparability of data among censuses is limited by changes in question wording, by the subpopulations to whom the question was addressed, and by the detail that was published.

The same question on language was asked in the 1980 and 1990 censuses. This question on the current language spoken at home replaced the questions asked in prior

censuses on mother tongue; that is, the language other than English spoken in the person's home when he or she was a child; one's first language; or the language spoken before immigrating to the United States. The censuses of 1910-1940, 1960 and 1970 included questions on mother tongue. A change in coding procedure from 1980 to 1990 should have improved accuracy of coding and may affect the number of persons reported in some of the 380 plus categories. It should not greatly affect the 4-group or 25-group lists. In 1980, coding clerks supplied numeric codes for the written entries on each questionnaire using a 2,000 name reference list. In 1990 written entries were transcribed to a computer file and matched to a computer dictionary which began with the 2,000 name list, but expanded as unmatched names were referred to headquarters specialists for resolution.

The question on ability to speak English was asked for the first time in 1980. In tabulations from 1980, the categories "Very well" and "Well" were combined. Data from other surveys suggested a major difference between the category "Very well" and the remaining categories. In tabulations showing ability to speak English, persons who reported that they spoke English "Very well" are presented separately from persons who reported their ability to speak English as less than "Very well."

MARITAL STATUS

The data on marital status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Data on marital status are tabulated only for persons 15 years old and over.

All persons were asked whether they were "now married," "widowed," "divorced," "separated," or "never married." Couples who live together (unmarried persons, persons in common-law marriages) were allowed to report the marital status they considered the most appropriate.

Never Married—Includes all persons who have never been married, including persons whose only marriage(s) was annulled.

Ever Married—Includes persons married at the time of enumeration (including those separated), widowed, or divorced.

Now Married, Except Separated—Includes persons whose current marriage has not ended through widowhood, divorce, or separation (regardless of previous marital history). The category may also include couples who live together or persons in common-law marriages if they consider this category the most appropriate. In certain tabulations, currently married persons are further classified as "spouse present" or "spouse absent."

Separated—Includes persons legally separated or otherwise absent from their spouse because of marital discord. Included are persons who have been deserted or who have parted because they no longer want to live together but who have not obtained a divorce.

Widowed—Includes widows and widowers who have not remarried.

Divorced—Includes persons who are legally divorced and who have not remarried.

In selected sample tabulations, data for married and separated persons are reorganized and combined with information on the presence of the spouse in the same household.

Now Married—All persons whose current marriage has not ended by widowhood or divorce. This category includes persons defined above as “separated.”

Spouse Present—Married persons whose wife or husband was enumerated as a member of the same household, including those whose spouse may have been temporarily absent for such reasons as travel or hospitalization.

Spouse Absent—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household. This category also includes all married persons living in group quarters.

Separated—Defined above.

Spouse Absent, Other—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household, excluding separated. Included is any person whose spouse was employed and living away from home or in an institution or absent in the Armed Forces.

Differences between the number of currently married males and the number of currently married females occur because of reporting differences and because some husbands and wives have their usual residence in different areas. In sample tabulations, these differences can also occur because different weights are applied to the individual's data. Any differences between the number of “now married, spouse present” males and females are due solely to sample weighting. By definition, the numbers would be the same.

When marital status was not reported, it was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and sex and age of the person. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

Comparability—The 1990 marital status definitions are the same as those used in 1980 with the exception of the term “never married” which replaces the term “single” in tabulations. A general marital status question has been asked in every census since 1880.

MOBILITY LIMITATION STATUS

The data on mobility limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19a, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were

identified as having a mobility limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to go outside the home alone. Examples of outside activities on the questionnaire included shopping and visiting the doctor's office.

The term “health condition” referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

Comparability—This was the first time that a question on mobility limitation was included in the census.

PLACE OF BIRTH

The data on place of birth were derived from answers to questionnaire item 8, which was asked on a sample basis. The place-of-birth question asked respondents to report the U.S. State, commonwealth or territory, or the foreign country where they were born. Persons born outside the United States were asked to report their place of birth according to current international boundaries. Since numerous changes in boundaries of foreign countries have occurred in the last century, some persons may have reported their place of birth in terms of boundaries that existed at the time of their birth or emigration, or in accordance with their own national preference.

Persons not reporting place of birth were assigned the birthplace of another family member or were allocated the response of another person with similar characteristics. Persons allocated as foreign born were not assigned a specific country of birth but were classified as “Born abroad, country not specified.”

Nativity—Information on place of birth and citizenship were used to classify the population into two major categories: native and foreign born. When information on place of birth was not reported, nativity was assigned on the basis of answers to citizenship, if reported, and other characteristics.

Native—Includes persons born in the United States, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the United States. The small number of persons who were born in a foreign country but have at least one American parent also are included in this category.

The native population is classified in the following groups: persons born in the State in which they resided at the time of the census; persons born in a different State, by region; persons born in Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the U.S.; and persons born abroad with at least one American parent.

Foreign Born—Includes persons not classified as “Native.” Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.

The foreign-born population is shown by selected area, country, or region of birth: the places of birth shown in data products were selected based on the number of respondents who reported that area or country of birth.

Comparability—Data on the State of birth of the native population have been collected in each census beginning with that of 1850. Similar data were shown in tabulations for the 1980 census and other recent censuses. Nonresponse was allocated in a similar manner in 1980; however, prior to 1980, nonresponse to the place of birth question was not allocated. Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.

The questionnaire instruction to report mother's State of residence instead of the person's actual State of birth (if born in a hospital in a different State) was dropped in 1990. Evaluation studies of 1970 and 1980 census data demonstrated that this instruction was generally either ignored or misunderstood. Since the hospital and the mother's residence is in the same State for most births, this change may have a slight effect on State of birth data for States with large metropolitan areas that straddle State lines.

POVERTY STATUS IN 1989

The data on poverty status were derived from answers to the same questions as the income data, questionnaire items 32 and 33. (For more information, see the discussion under "Income in 1989.") Poverty statistics presented in census publications were based on a definition originated by the Social Security Administration in 1964 and subsequently modified by Federal interagency committees in 1969 and 1980 and prescribed by the Office of Management and Budget in Directive 14 as the standard to be used by Federal agencies for statistical purposes.

At the core of this definition was the 1961 economy food plan, the least costly of four nutritionally adequate food plans designed by the Department of Agriculture. It was determined from the Agriculture Department's 1955 survey of food consumption that families of three or more persons spend approximately one-third of their income on food; hence, the poverty level for these families was set at three times the cost of the economy food plan. For smaller families and persons living alone, the cost of the economy food plan was multiplied by factors that were slightly higher to compensate for the relatively larger fixed expenses for these smaller households.

The income cutoffs used by the Census Bureau to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals included a set of 48 thresholds arranged in a two-dimensional matrix consisting of family size (from one person to nine or more persons) cross-classified by presence and number of family members under 18 years old (from no children present to eight or more children present). Unrelated individuals and two-person families were further differentiated by age of the householder (under 65 years old and 65 years old and over).

The total income of each family or unrelated individual in the sample was tested against the appropriate poverty threshold to determine the poverty status of that family or unrelated individual. If the total income was less than the corresponding cutoff, the family or unrelated individual was classified as "below the poverty level." The number of persons below the poverty level was the sum of the number of persons in families with incomes below the poverty level and the number of unrelated individuals with incomes below the poverty level.

The poverty thresholds are revised annually to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$12,674 in 1989. (For more information, see table A below.) Poverty thresholds were applied on a national basis and were not adjusted for regional, State or local variations in the cost of living. For a detailed discussion of the poverty definition, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 171, *Poverty in the United States: 1988 and 1989*.

Persons for Whom Poverty Status is Determined

Poverty status was determined for all persons except institutionalized persons, persons in military group quarters and in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old. These groups also were excluded from the denominator when calculating poverty rates.

Specified Poverty Levels—Since the poverty levels currently in use by the Federal Government do not meet all the needs of data users, some of the data are presented for alternate levels. These specified poverty levels are obtained by multiplying the income cutoffs at the poverty level by the appropriate factor. For example, the average income cutoff at 125 percent of poverty level was \$15,843 ($\$12,674 \times 1.25$) in 1989 for a family of four persons.

Weighted Average Thresholds at the Poverty Level

The average thresholds shown in the first column of table A are weighted by the presence and number of children. For example, the weighted average threshold for a given family size is obtained by multiplying the threshold for each presence and number of children category within the given family size by the number of families in that category. These products are then aggregated across the entire range of presence and number of children categories, and the aggregate is divided by the total number of families in the group to yield the weighted average threshold at the poverty level for that family size.

Since the basic thresholds used to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals are applied to all families and unrelated individuals, the weighted average poverty thresholds are derived using all families and unrelated individuals rather than just those classified as being below the poverty level. To obtain the weighted poverty thresholds for families and unrelated individuals below alternate poverty levels, the weighted thresholds

shown in table A may be multiplied directly by the appropriate factor. The weighted average thresholds presented in the table are based on the March 1990 Current Population Survey. However, these thresholds would not differ significantly from those based on the 1990 census.

Income Deficit—Represents the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars and for such cases the deficit is equal to the poverty threshold.

This measure provided an estimate of the amount which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective poverty thresholds. The income deficit is thus a measure of the degree of impoverishment of a family or unrelated individual. However, caution must be used in comparing the average deficits of families with different characteristics. Apparent differences in average income deficits may, to some extent, be a function of differences in family size.

Mean Income Deficit—Represents the amount obtained by dividing the total income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families (or unrelated individuals) in that group.

Comparability—The poverty definition used in the 1990 and 1980 censuses differed slightly from the one used in the 1970 census. Three technical modifications were made to the definition used in the 1970 census as described below:

1. The separate thresholds for families with a female householder with no husband present and all other families were eliminated. For the 1980 and 1990 censuses, the weighted average of the poverty thresholds for these two types of families was applied to all types of families, regardless of the sex of the householder.

2. Farm families and farm unrelated individuals no longer had a set of poverty thresholds that were lower than the thresholds applied to nonfarm families and unrelated individuals. The farm thresholds were 85 percent of the corresponding levels for nonfarm families in the 1970 census. The same thresholds were applied to all families and unrelated individuals regardless of residence in 1980 and 1990.
3. The thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons in 1970 to nine or more persons in 1980 and 1990.

These changes resulted in a minimal increase in the number of poor at the national level. For a complete discussion of these modifications and their impact, see the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133.

The population covered in the poverty statistics derived from the 1980 and 1990 censuses was essentially the same as in the 1970 census. The only difference was that in 1980 and 1990, unrelated individuals under 15 years old were excluded from the poverty universe, while in 1970, only those under 14 years old were excluded. The poverty data from the 1960 census excluded all persons in group quarters and included all unrelated individuals regardless of age. It was unlikely that these differences in population coverage would have had significant impact when comparing the poverty data for persons since the 1960 censuses.

Current Population Survey—Because of differences in the questionnaires and data collection procedures, estimates of the number of persons below the poverty level by various characteristics from the 1990 census may differ from those reported in the March 1990 Current Population Survey.

RACE

The data on race were derived from answers to questionnaire item 4, which was asked of all persons. The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects

Table A. Poverty Thresholds in 1989 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

Size of Family Unit	Weighted average thresholds	Related children under 18 years								
		None	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight or more
One person (unrelated individual).	\$6,310									
Under 65 years.....	6 451	\$6,451								
65 years and over.....	5,947	5,947								
Two persons.....	8,076									
Householder under 65 years...	8,343	8,303	\$8,547							
Householder 65 years and over.....	7,501	7,495	8,515							
Three persons.....	9,885	9,699	9,981	\$9,990						
Four persons.....	12,674	12,790	12,999	12,575	\$12,619					
Five persons.....	14,990	15,424	15,648	15,169	14,798	\$14,572				
Six persons.....	16,921	17,740	17,811	17,444	17,092	16,569	\$16,259			
Seven persons.....	19,162	20,412	20,540	20,101	19,794	19,224	18,558	\$17,828		
Eight persons.....	21,328	22,830	23,031	22,617	22,253	21,738	21,084	20,403	\$20,230	
Nine or more persons.....	25,480	27,463	27,596	27,229	26,921	26,415	25,719	25,089	24,933	\$23,973

self-identification; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. The data for race represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they most closely identify. Furthermore, it is recognized that the categories of the race item include both racial and national origin or socio-cultural groups.

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single response to the race question, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her racial identity. If a person could not provide a single race response, the race of the mother was used. If a single race response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. In all cases where occupied housing units, households, or families are classified by race, the race of the householder was used.

The racial classification used by the Census Bureau generally adheres to the guidelines in Federal Statistical Directive No. 15, issued by the Office of Management and Budget, which provides standards on ethnic and racial categories for statistical reporting to be used by all Federal agencies. The racial categories used in the 1990 census data products are provided below.

White—Includes persons who indicated their race as "White" or reported entries such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

Black—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Black or Negro" or reported entries such as African American, Afro-American, Black Puerto Rican, Jamaican, Nigerian, West Indian, or Haitian.

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut—Includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories identified below.

American Indian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "American Indian," entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian.

American Indian Tribe—Persons who identified themselves as American Indian were asked to report their enrolled or principal tribe. Therefore, tribal data in tabulations reflect the written tribal entries reported on the questionnaires. Some of the entries (for example, Iroquois, Sioux, Colorado River, and Flat-head) represent nations or reservations.

The information on tribe is based on self-identification and therefore does not reflect any designation of Federally- or State-recognized tribe. Information on American Indian tribes is presented in summary tape files and special data products. The information is derived from the American Indian Detailed Tribal

Classification List for the 1990 census. The classification list represents all tribes, bands, and clans that had a specified number of American Indians reported on the census questionnaire.

Eskimo—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Eskimo" or reported entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, and Yupik.

Aleut—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Aleut" or reported entries such as Alutiq, Egegik, and Pribilofian.

Asian or Pacific Islander—Includes persons who reported in one of the Asian or Pacific Islander groups listed on the questionnaire or who provided write-in responses such as Thai, Nepali, or Tongan. A more detailed listing of the groups comprising the Asian or Pacific Islander population is presented in figure 2 below. In some data products, information is presented separately for the Asian population and the Pacific Islander population.

Asian—Includes "Chinese," "Filipino," "Japanese," "Asian Indian," "Korean," "Vietnamese," and "Other Asian." In some tables, "Other Asian" may not be shown separately, but is included in the total Asian population.

Chinese—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Chinese" or who identified themselves as Cantonese, Tibetan, or Chinese American. In standard census reports, persons who reported as "Taiwanese" or "Formosan" are included here with Chinese. In special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander population, information on persons who identified themselves as Taiwanese are shown separately.

Filipino—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Filipino" or reported entries such as Philipino, Philippine, or Filipino American.

Japanese—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Japanese" and persons who identified themselves as Nipponese or Japanese American.

Asian Indian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Asian Indian" and persons who identified themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

Korean—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Korean" and persons who identified themselves as Korean American.

Vietnamese—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Vietnamese" and persons who identified themselves as Vietnamese American.

Cambodian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Cambodian or Cambodia.

Hmong—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Hmong, Laohmong, or Mong.

Laotian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Laotian, Laos, or Lao.

Thai—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Thai, Thailand, or Siamese.

Other Asian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of Bangladeshi, Burmese, Indonesian, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, Amerasian, or Eurasian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising "Other Asian."

Pacific Islander—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Pacific Islander" by classifying themselves into one of the following groups or identifying themselves as one of the Pacific Islander cultural groups of Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian.

Hawaiian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Hawaiian" as well as persons who identified themselves as Part Hawaiian or Native Hawaiian.

Samoan—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Samoan" or persons who identified themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

Guamanian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Guamanian" or persons who identified themselves as Chamorro or Guam.

Other Pacific Islander—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group such as Tahitian, Northern Mariana Islander, Palauan, Fijian, or a cultural group such as Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising "Other Pacific Islander."

Other Race—Includes all other persons not included in the "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and the "Asian or Pacific Islander" race categories described above. Persons reporting in the "Other race" category and providing write-in entries such as multiracial, multiethnic, mixed, interracial, Wesort, or a Spanish/Hispanic origin group (such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) are included here.

Written entries to three categories on the race item—"Indian (Amer.)," "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," and "Other race"—were reviewed, edited, and coded by subject matter specialists. (For more information on the coding operation, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

The written entries under "Indian (Amer.)," and "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)" were reviewed and coded during 100-percent processing of the 1990 census questionnaires. A substantial portion of the entries for the "Other race" category also were reviewed, edited, and coded during the 100-percent processing. The remaining entries under "Other race" underwent review and coding during sample processing. Most of the written entries reviewed and coded during sample processing were those indicating Hispanic origin such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican.

If the race entry for a member of a household was missing on the questionnaire, race was assigned based upon the reported entries of race by other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for the daughter of the householder, then the race of her mother (as female householder or female spouse) would be assigned. If there was no female householder or spouse in the household, the daughter would be assigned her father's (male householder) race. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

Limitation of the Data—In the 1980 census, a relatively high proportion (20 percent) of American Indians did not report any tribal entry in the race item. Evaluation of the pre-census tests indicated that changes made for the 1990 race item should improve the reporting of tribes in the rural areas (especially on reservations) for the 1990 census. The results for urban areas were inconclusive. Also, the precensus tests indicated that there may be overreporting of the Cherokee tribe. An evaluation of 1980 census data showed overreporting of Cherokee in urban areas or areas where the number of American Indians was sparse.

In the 1990 census, respondents sometimes did not fill in a circle or filled the "Other race" circle and wrote in a response, such as Arab, Polish, or African American in the shared write-in box for "Other race" and "Other API" responses. During the automated coding process, these responses were edited and assigned to the appropriate racial designation. Also, some Hispanic origin persons did not fill in a circle, but provided entries such as Mexican or Puerto Rican. These persons were classified in the "Other race" category during the coding and editing process. There may be some minor differences between sample data and 100-percent data because sample processing included additional edits not included in the 100-percent processing.

Figure 2. Asian or Pacific Islander Groups Reported in the 1990 Census

Asian	Pacific Islander
Chinese	Hawaiian
Filipino	Samoan
Japanese	Guamanian
Asian Indian	Other Pacific Islander ¹
Korean	Carolinian
Vietnamese	Fijian
Cambodian	Kosraean
Hmong	Melanesian ³
Laotian	Micronesian ³
Thai	Northern Mariana Islander
Other Asian ¹	Palauan
Bangladeshi	Papua New Guinean
Bhutanese	Ponapean (Pohnpeian)
Borneo	Polynesian ³
Burmese	Solomon Islander
Celebesian	Tahitian
Ceram	Tarawa Islander
Indochinese	Tokelauan
Indonesian	Tongan
Iwo-Jiman	Trukese (Chuukese)
Javanese	Yapese
Malayan	Pacific Islander, not specified
Maldivian	
Nepali	
Okinawan	
Pakistani	
Sikkim	
Singaporean	
Sri Lankan	
Sumatran	
Asian, not specified ²	

¹In some data products, specific groups listed under "Other Asian" or "Other Pacific Islander" are shown separately. Groups not shown are tabulated as "All other Asian" or "All other Pacific Islander," respectively.

²Includes entries such as Asian American, Asian, Asiatic, Amerasian, and Eurasian.

³Polynesian, Micronesian, and Melanesian are Pacific Islander cultural groups.

Comparability—Differences between the 1990 census and earlier censuses affect the comparability of data for certain racial groups and American Indian tribes. The 1990 census was the first census to undertake, on a 100-percent basis, an automated review, edit, and coding operation for written responses to the race item. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the race subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses. In the 1980 census, there was only a limited clerical review of the race responses on the 100-percent forms with a full clerical review conducted only on the sample questionnaires.

Another major difference between the 1990 and preceding censuses is the handling of the write-in responses for the Asian or Pacific Islander populations. In addition to the nine Asian or Pacific Islander categories shown on the questionnaire under the spanner "Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," the 1990 census race item provided a new residual category, "Other API," for Asian or Pacific Islander persons who did not report in one of the listed Asian or Pacific

Islander groups. During the coding operation, write-in responses for "Other API" were reviewed, coded, and assigned to the appropriate classification. For example, in 1990, a write-in entry of Laotian, Thai, or Javanese is classified as "Other Asian," while a write-in entry of Tongan or Fijian is classified as "Other Pacific Islander." In the 1990 census, these persons were able to identify as "Other API" in both the 100-percent and sample operations.

In the 1980 census, the nine Asian or Pacific Islander groups were also listed separately. However, persons not belonging to these nine groups wrote in their specific racial group under the "Other" race category. Persons with a written entry such as Laotian, Thai, or Tongan, were tabulated and published as "Other race" in the 100-percent processing operation in 1980, but were reclassified as "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" in 1980 sample tabulations. In 1980 special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander populations, data were shown separately for "Other Asian" and "Other Pacific Islander."

The 1970 questionnaire did not have separate race categories for Asian Indian, Vietnamese, Samoan, and Guamanian. These persons indicated their race in the "Other" category and later, through the editing process, were assigned to a specific group. For example, in 1970, Asian Indians were reclassified as "White," while Vietnamese, Guamanians, and Samoans were included in the "Other" category.

Another difference between 1990 and preceding censuses is the approach taken when persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin did not report in a specific race category but reported as "Other race" or "Other." These persons commonly provided a write-in entry such as Mexican, Venezuelan, or Latino. In the 1990 and 1980 censuses, these entries remained in the "Other race" or "Other" category, respectively. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

REFERENCE WEEK

The data on labor force status and journey to work were related to the reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents since the enumeration was not completed in one week. The occurrence of holidays during the enumeration period could affect the data on actual hours worked during the reference week, but probably had no effect on overall measurement of employment status (see the discussion below on "Comparability").

Comparability—The reference weeks for the 1990 and 1980 censuses differ in that Passover and Good Friday occurred in the first week of April 1980, but in the second week of April 1990. Many workers presumably took time off for those observances. The differing occurrence of

these holidays could affect the comparability of the 1990 and 1980 data on actual hours worked for some areas if the respective weeks were the reference weeks for a significant number of persons. The holidays probably did not affect the overall measurement of employment status since this information was based on work activity during the entire reference week.

RESIDENCE IN 1985

The data on residence in 1985 were derived from answers to question 14b, which asked for the State (or foreign country), county, and place of residence on April 1, 1985, for those persons reporting in question 14a that on that date they lived in a different house than their current residence. Residence in 1985 is used in conjunction with location of current residence to determine the extent of residential mobility of the population and the resulting redistribution of the population across the various States, metropolitan areas, and regions of the country.

When no information on residence in 1985 was reported for a person, information for other family members, if available, was used to assign a location of residence in 1985. All cases of nonresponse or incomplete response that were not assigned a previous residence based on information from other family members were allocated the previous residence of another person with similar characteristics who provided complete information.

The tabulation category, "Same house," includes all persons 5 years old and over who did not move during the 5 years as well as those who had moved but by 1990 had returned to their 1985 residence. The category, "Different house in the United States," includes persons who lived in the United States in 1985 but in a different house or apartment from the one they occupied on April 1, 1990. These movers are then further subdivided according to the type of move.

In most tabulations, movers are divided into three groups according to their 1985 residence: "Different house, same county," "Different county, same State," and "Different State." The last group may be further subdivided into region of residence in 1985. The category, "Abroad," includes those persons who were residing in a foreign country, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the U.S. in 1985, including members of the Armed Forces and their dependents. Some tabulations show movers who were residing in Puerto Rico or an outlying area in 1985 separately from those residing in other countries.

In tabulations for metropolitan areas, movers are categorized according to the metropolitan status of their current and previous residences, resulting in such groups as movers within an MSA/PMSA, movers between MSA/PMSA's, movers from nonmetropolitan areas to MSA/PMSA, and movers from central cities to the remainder of an MSA/PMSA. In some tabulations, these categories are further subdivided by size of MSA/PMSA, region of current or previous residence, or movers within or between central cities and the remainder of the same or a different MSA/PMSA.

The size categories used in some tabulations for both 1985 and 1990 residence refer to the populations of the MSA/PMSA on April 1, 1990; that is, at the end of the migration interval.

Some tabulations present data on immigrants, outmigrants, and net migration. "Immigrants" are generally defined as those persons who entered a specified area by crossing its boundary from some point outside the area. In some tabulations, movers from abroad are included in the number of immigrants; in others, only movers within the United States are included.

"Outmigrants" are persons who depart from a specific area by crossing its boundary to a point outside it, but without leaving the United States. "Net migration" is calculated by subtracting the number of outmigrants from the number of immigrants and, depending upon the particular tabulation, may or may not include movers from abroad. The net migration for the area is net immigration if the result was positive and net outmigration if the result was negative. In the tabulations, net outmigration is indicated by a minus sign (-).

Immigrants and outmigrants for States include only those persons who did not live in the same State in 1985 and 1990; that is, they exclude persons who moved between counties within the same State. Thus, the sum of the immigrants to (or outmigrants from) all counties in any State is greater than the number of immigrants to (or outmigrants from) that State. However, in the case of net migration, the sum of the nets for all the counties within a State equal the net for the State. In the same fashion, the net migration for a division or region equals the sum of the nets for the States comprising that division or region, while the number of immigrants and outmigrants for that division or region is less than the sum of the immigrants or outmigrants for the individual States.

The number of persons who were living in a different house in 1985 is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5-year period. Some persons in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of the census had returned to their 1985 residence. Other persons who were living in a different house had made one or more intermediate moves. For similar reasons, the number of persons living in a different county, MSA/PMSA, or State or moving between nonmetropolitan areas may be understated.

Comparability—Similar questions were asked on all previous censuses beginning in 1940, except the questions in 1950 referred to residence 1 year earlier rather than 5 years earlier. Although the questions in the 1940 census covered a 5-year period, comparability with that census was reduced somewhat because of different definitions and categories of tabulation. Comparability with the 1960 and 1970 census is also somewhat reduced because nonresponse was not allocated in those earlier censuses. For the 1980 census, nonresponse was allocated in a manner similar to the 1990 allocation scheme.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND LABOR FORCE STATUS

Tabulation of data on enrollment, educational attainment, and labor force status for the population 16 to 19 years old allows for calculation of the proportion of the age group who are not enrolled in school and not high school graduates or “dropouts” and an unemployment rate for the “dropout” population. Definitions of the three topics and descriptions of the census items from which they were derived are presented in “Educational Attainment,” “Employment Status,” and “School Enrollment and Type of School.” The published tabulations include both the civilian and Armed Forces populations, but labor force status is provided for the civilian population only. Therefore, the component labor force statuses may not add to the total lines *enrolled in school, high school graduate, and not high school graduate*. The difference is Armed Forces.

Comparability—The tabulation of school enrollment by labor force status is similar to that published in 1980 census reports. The 1980 census tabulation included a single data line for Armed Forces; however, enrollment, attainment, and labor force status data were shown for the civilian population only. In 1970, a tabulation was included for 16 to 21 year old males not attending school.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL

Data on school enrollment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 11, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons were classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a “regular” public or private school or college at any time between February 1, 1990, and the time of enumeration. The question included instructions to “include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which would lead to a high school diploma or a college degree” as regular school. Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring were not to be included unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. Persons who did not answer the enrollment question were assigned the enrollment status and type of school of a person with the same age, race or Hispanic origin, and, at older ages, sex, whose residence was in the same or a nearby area.

Public and Private School—Includes persons who attended school in the reference period and indicated they were enrolled by marking one of the questionnaire categories for either “public school, public college” or “private school, private college.” The instruction guide defines a public school as “any school or college controlled and supported by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.” “Schools supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups” are defined as private. Persons who filled both the “public” and “private” circles are edited to the first entry, “public.”

Level of School in Which Enrolled—Persons who were enrolled in school were classified as enrolled in “preprimary school,” “elementary or high school,” or “college” according to their response to question 12 (years of school completed or highest degree received). Persons who were enrolled and reported completing nursery school or less were classified as enrolled in “preprimary school,” which includes kindergarten. Similarly, enrolled persons who had completed at least kindergarten, but not high school, were classified as enrolled in elementary or high school. Enrolled persons who reported completing high school or some college or having received a post-secondary degree were classified as enrolled in “college.” Enrolled persons who reported completing the twelfth grade but receiving “NO DIPLOMA” were classified as enrolled in high school. (For more information on level of school, see the discussion under “Educational Attainment.”)

Comparability—School enrollment questions have been included in the census since 1840; grade attended was first asked in 1940; type of school was first asked in 1960. Before 1940, the enrollment question in various censuses referred to attendance in the preceding six months or the preceding year. In 1940, the reference was to attendance in the month preceding the census, and in the 1950 and subsequent censuses, the question referred to attendance in the two months preceding the census date.

Until the 1910 census, there were no instructions limiting the kinds of schools in which enrollment was to be counted. Starting in 1910, the instructions indicated that attendance at “school, college, or any educational institution” was to be counted. In 1930 an instruction to include “night school” was added. In the 1940 instructions, night school, extension school, or vocational school were included only if the school was part of the regular school system. Correspondence school work of any kind was excluded. In the 1950 instructions, the term “regular school” was introduced, and it was defined as schooling which “advances a person towards an elementary or high school diploma or a college, university, or professional school degree.” Vocational, trade, or business schools were excluded unless they were graded and considered part of a regular school system. On-the-job training was excluded, as was nursery school. Instruction by correspondence was excluded unless it was given by a regular school and counted towards promotion.

In 1960, the question used the term “regular school or college” and a similar, though expanded, definition of “regular” was included in the instructions, which continued to exclude nursery school. Because of the census’ use of mailed questionnaires, the 1960 census was the first in which instructions were written for the respondent as well as enumerators. In the 1970 census, the questionnaire used the phrase “regular school or college” and included instructions to “count nursery school, kindergarten, and schooling which leads to an elementary school certificate, high school diploma, or college degree.” Instructions in a separate document specified that to be counted as regular

school, nursery school must include instruction as an important and integral phase of its program, and continued the exclusion of vocational, trade, and business schools. The 1980 census question was very similar to the 1970 question, but the separate instruction booklet did not require that nursery school include substantial instructional content in order to be counted.

The age range for which enrollment data have been obtained and published has varied over the censuses. Information on enrollment was recorded for persons of all ages in the 1930 and 1940 and 1970 through 1990; for persons under age 30, in 1950; and for persons age 5 to 34, in 1960. Most of the published enrollment figures referred to persons age 5 to 20 in the 1930 census, 5 to 24 in 1940, 5 to 29 in 1950, 5 to 34 in 1960, 3 to 34 in 1970, and 3 years old and over in 1980. This growth in the age group whose enrollment was reported reflects increased interest in the number of children in preprimary schools and in the number of older persons attending colleges and universities.

In the 1950 and subsequent censuses, college students were enumerated where they lived while attending college, whereas in earlier censuses, they generally were enumerated at their parental homes. This change should not affect the comparability of national figures on college enrollment since 1940; however, it may affect the comparability over time of enrollment figures at sub-national levels.

Type of school was first introduced in the 1960 census, where a separate question asked the enrolled persons whether they were in a "public" or "private" school. Since the 1970 census, the type of school was incorporated into the response categories for the enrollment question and the terms were changed to "public," "parochial," and "other private." In the 1980 census, "private, church related" and "private, not church related" replaced "parochial" and "other private."

Grade of enrollment was first available in the 1940 census, where it was obtained from responses to the question on highest grade of school completed. Enumerators were instructed that "for a person still in school, the last grade completed will be the grade preceding the one in which he or she was now enrolled." From 1950 to 1980, grade of enrollment was obtained from the highest grade attended in the two-part question used to measure educational attainment. (For more information, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.") The form of the question from which level of enrollment was derived in the 1990 census most closely corresponds to the question used in 1940. While data from prior censuses can be aggregated to provide levels of enrollment comparable to the 1990 census, 1990 data cannot be disaggregated to show single grade of enrollment as in previous censuses.

Data on school enrollment were also collected and published by other Federal, State, and local government agencies. Where these data were obtained from administrative records of school systems and institutions of higher learning, they were only roughly comparable with data from population censuses and household surveys because of

differences in definitions and concepts, subject matter covered, time references, and enumeration methods. At the local level, the difference between the location of the institution and the residence of the student may affect the comparability of census and administrative data. Differences between the boundaries of school districts and census geographic units also may affect these comparisons.

SELF-CARE LIMITATION STATUS

The data on self-care limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19b, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a self-care limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to take care of their own personal needs, such as dressing, bathing, or getting around inside the home.

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally was not considered a health condition.

Comparability—This was the first time that a question on self-care limitation was included in the census.

SEX

The data on sex were derived from answers to questionnaire item 3, which was asked of all persons. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined by the appropriate entry from the person's given name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age and marital status of the person. For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

Sex Ratio—A measure derived by dividing the total number of males by the total number of females and multiplying by 100.

Comparability—A question on the sex of individuals has been asked of the total population in every census.

VETERAN STATUS

Data on veteran status, period of military service, and years of military service were derived from answers to questionnaire item 17, which was asked of a sample of persons.

Veteran Status—The data on veteran status were derived from responses to question 17a. For census data products, a "civilian veteran" is a person 16 years old or over who had served (even for a short time) but is not now

serving on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or the Coast Guard, or who served as a Merchant Marine seaman during World War II. Persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves are classified as veterans only if they were ever called or ordered to active duty not counting the 4-6 months for initial training or yearly summer camps. All other civilians 16 years old and over are classified as nonveterans.

Period of Military Service—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to indicate in question 17b the period or periods in which they served. Persons serving in at least one wartime period are classified in their most recent wartime period. For example, persons who served both during the Korean conflict and the post-Korean peacetime era between February 1955 and July 1964 are classified in one of the two “Korean conflict” categories. If the same person had also served during the Vietnam era, he or she would instead be included in the “Vietnam era and Korean conflict” category. The responses were edited to eliminate inconsistencies between reported period(s) of service and the age of the person and to cancel out reported combinations of periods containing unreasonable gaps (for example, a person could not serve during World War I and the Korean conflict without serving during World War II). Note that the period of service categories shown in this report are mutually exclusive.

Years of Military Service—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to report the total number of years of active-duty service in question 17c. The data were edited for consistency with responses to question 17b (Period of Military Service) and with the age of the person.

Limitation of the Data—There may be a tendency for the following kinds of persons to report erroneously that they served on active duty in the Armed Forces: (a) persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves but were never called to active duty; (b) civilian employees or volunteers for the USO, Red Cross, or the Department of Defense (or its predecessor Departments, War and Navy); and (c) employees of the Merchant Marine or Public Health Service. There may also be a tendency for persons to erroneously round up months to the nearest year in question 17c (for example, persons with 1 year 8 months of active duty military service may mistakenly report “2 years”).

Comparability—Since census data on veterans were based on self-reported responses, they may differ from data from other sources such as administrative records of the Department of Defense. Census data may also differ from Veterans Administration data on the benefits-eligible population, since factors determining eligibility for veterans benefits differ from the rules for classifying veterans in the census.

The wording of the question on veteran status (17a) for 1990 was expanded from the veteran/not veteran question in 1980 to include questions on current active duty status and service in the military Reserves and the National Guard. The expansion was intended to clarify the appropriate response for persons in the Armed Forces and for persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserve units only. For the first time in a census, service during World War II as a Merchant Marine Seaman was considered active-duty military service and persons with such service were counted as veterans. An additional period of military service, “September 1980 or later” was added in 1990. As in 1970 and 1980, persons reporting more than one period of service are shown in the most recent wartime period of service category. Question 17c (Years of Military Service) was new for 1990.

WORK DISABILITY STATUS

The data on work disability were derived from answers to questionnaire item 18, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a work disability if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which limited the kind or amount of work they could do at a job or business. A person was limited in the kind of work he or she could do if the person had a health condition which restricted his or her choice of jobs. A person was limited in the amount of work if he or she was not able to work full-time. Persons with a work disability were further classified as “Prevented from working” or “Not prevented from working.”

The term “health condition” referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

Comparability—The wording of the question on work disability was the same in 1990 as in 1980. Information on work disability was first collected in 1970. In that census, the work disability question did not contain a clause restricting the definition of disability to limitations caused by a health condition that had lasted 6 or more months; however, it did contain a separate question about the duration of the disability.

WORK STATUS IN 1989

The data on work status in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks according to the criteria described below are classified as “Worked in 1989.” All other persons 16 years old and over are classified as “Did not work in 1989.” Some tabulations showing work status in 1989 include 15 year olds; these persons, by definition, are classified as “Did not work in 1989.”

Weeks Worked in 1989

The data on weeks worked in 1989 were derived from responses to questionnaire item 31b. Question 31b (Weeks Worked in 1989) was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated in question 31a that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of weeks during 1989 in which a person did any work for pay or profit (including paid vacation and paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business. Weeks of active service in the Armed Forces are also included.

Usual Hours Worked Per Week Worked in 1989

The data on usual hours worked per week worked in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31c. This question was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of hours a person usually worked during the weeks worked in 1989. The respondent was to report the number of hours worked per week in the majority of the weeks he or she worked in 1989. If the hours worked per week varied considerably during 1989, the respondent was to report an approximate average of the hours worked per week. The statistics on usual hours worked per week in 1989 are not necessarily related to the data on actual hours worked during the census reference week (question 21b).

Persons 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week during the weeks they worked are classified as "Usually worked full time;" persons who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours are classified as "Usually worked part time."

Year-Round Full-Time Workers—All persons 16 years old and over who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in 1989.

Number of Workers in Family in 1989—The term "worker" as used for these data is defined based on the criteria for Work Status in 1989.

Limitation of the Data—It is probable that the number of persons who worked in 1989 and the number of weeks worked are understated since there was some tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment or to exclude weeks worked without pay. There may also be a tendency for persons not to include weeks of paid vacation among their weeks worked; one result may be that the census figures may understate the number of persons who worked "50 to 52 weeks."

Comparability—The data on weeks worked collected in the 1990 census were comparable with data from the 1980, 1970, and 1960 censuses, but may not be entirely comparable with data from the 1940 and 1950 censuses. Since the 1960 census, two separate questions have been

used to obtain this information. The first identified persons with any work experience during the year and, thus, indicated those persons for whom the questions on number of weeks worked applied. In 1940 and 1950, however, the questionnaires contained only a single question on number of weeks worked.

In 1970, persons responded to the question on weeks worked by indicating one of six weeks-worked intervals. In 1980 and 1990, persons were asked to enter the specific number of weeks they worked.

YEAR OF ENTRY

The data on year of entry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 10, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question, "When did this person come to the United States to stay?" was asked of persons who indicated in the question on citizenship that they were not born in the United States. (For more information, see the discussion under "Citizenship.")

The 1990 census questions, tabulations, and census data products about citizenship and year of entry include no reference to immigration. All persons who were born and resided outside the United States before becoming residents of the United States have a date of entry. Some of these persons are U.S. citizens by birth (e.g., persons born in Puerto Rico or born abroad of American parents). To avoid any possible confusion concerning the date of entry of persons who are U.S. citizens by birth, the term, "year of entry" is used in this report instead of the term "year of immigration."

Limitation of the Data—The census questions on nativity, citizenship, and year of entry were not designed to measure the degree of permanence of residence in the United States. The phrase, "to stay" was used to obtain the year in which the person became a resident of the United States. Although the respondent was directed to indicate the year he or she entered the country "to stay," it was difficult to ensure that respondents interpreted the phrase correctly.

Comparability—A question on year of entry, (alternately called "year of immigration") was asked in each decennial census from 1890 to 1930, 1970, and 1980. In 1980, the question on year of entry included six arrival time intervals. The number of arrival intervals was expanded to ten in 1990. In 1980, the question on year of entry was asked only of the foreign-born population. In 1990, all persons who responded to the long-form questionnaire and were not born in the United States were to complete the question on year of entry.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified as either housing units or group quarters. (For more information, see the discussion of "Group Quarters" under Population Characteristics.)

Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (for example, a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, or mobile home). Living quarters also may be in structures intended for nonresidential use (for example, the rooms in a warehouse where a guard lives), as well as in places such as tents, vans, shelters for the homeless, dormitories, barracks, and old railroad cars.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms or a single room occupied as separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory, except that recreational vehicles, boats, vans, tents, railroad cars, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory.

If the living quarters contains nine or more persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge (a total of at least 10 unrelated persons), it is classified as group quarters. If the living quarters contains eight or fewer persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge, it is classified as a housing unit.

Occupied Housing Units—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation or business. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, the count of occupied housing units for 100-percent tabulations is the same as the count of households or householders. In sample tabulations, the counts of household and occupied housing units may vary slightly because of different sample weighting methods.

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere also are classified as vacant. (For more information, see discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is condemned or is to be demolished. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Hotels, Motels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels, motels, and similar places in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

Comparability—The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the "dwelling unit" concept. Although the term became "housing unit" and the definition has been modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the 1990 definition is essentially comparable to previous censuses. There was no change in the housing unit definition between 1980 and 1990.

ACREAGE

The data on acreage were obtained from questionnaire items H5a and H19a. Question H5a was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. Question H19a was asked on a sample basis at occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes.

Question H5a asks whether the house or mobile home is located on a place of 10 or more acres. The intent of this

item is to exclude owner-occupied and renter-occupied one-family houses on 10 or more acres from the specified owner- and renter-occupied universes for value and rent tabulations.

Question H19a provides data on whether the unit is located on less than 1 acre. The main purpose of this item, in conjunction with question H19b on agricultural sales, is to identify farm units. (For more information, see discussion under "Farm Residence.")

For both items, the land may consist of more than one tract or plot. These tracts or plots are usually adjoining; however, they may be separated by a road, creek, another piece of land, etc.

Comparability—Question H5a is similar to that asked in 1970 and 1980. This item was asked for the first time of mobile home occupants in 1990. Question H19a is an abbreviated form of a question asked on a sample basis in 1980. In previous censuses, information on city or suburban lot and number of acres was obtained also.

AGRICULTURAL SALES

Data on the sales of agricultural crops were obtained from questionnaire item H19b, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied one-family houses and mobile homes located on lots of 1 acre or more. Data for this item exclude units on lots of less than 1 acre, units located in structures containing 2 or more units, and all vacant units. This item refers to the total amount (before taxes and expenses) received in 1989 from the sale of crops, vegetables, fruits, nuts, livestock and livestock products, and nursery and forest products, produced on "this property." Respondents new to a unit were asked to estimate total agricultural sales in 1989 even if some portion of the sales had been made by other occupants of the unit.

This item is used mainly to classify housing units as farm or nonfarm residences, not to provide detailed information on the sale of agricultural products. Detailed information on the sale of agricultural products is provided by the Census Bureau's Census of Agriculture (*Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics*, Bureau of the Census, 1989). (For more information, see the discussion under "Farm Residence.")

BEDROOMS

The data on bedrooms were obtained from questionnaire item H9, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The number of bedrooms is the count of rooms designed to be used as bedrooms; that is, the number of rooms that would be listed as bedrooms if the house or apartment were on the market for sale or for rent. Included are all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms even if

they currently are being used for some other purpose. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom.

Comparability—Data on bedrooms have been collected in every census since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, data for bedrooms were shown only for year-round units. In past censuses, a room was defined as a bedroom if it was used mainly for sleeping even if also used for other purposes. Rooms that were designed to be used as bedrooms but used mainly for other purposes were not considered to be bedrooms. A distribution of housing units by number of bedrooms calculated from data collected in a 1986 test showed virtually no differences in the two versions except in the two bedroom category, where the previous "use" definition showed a slightly lower proportion of units.

BOARDED-UP STATUS

Boarded-up status was obtained from questionnaire item C2 and was determined for all vacant units. Boarded-up units have windows and doors covered by wood, metal, or masonry to protect the interior and to prevent entry into the building. A single-unit structure, a unit in a multi-unit structure, or an entire multi-unit structure may be boarded-up in this way. For certain census data products, boarded-up units are shown only for units in the "Other vacant" category. A unit classified as "Usual home elsewhere" can never be boarded up. (For more information, see the discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

Comparability—This item was first asked in the 1980 census and was shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all vacant housing units.

BUSINESS ON PROPERTY

The data for business on property were obtained from questionnaire item H5b, which was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. This question is used to exclude owner-occupied one-family houses with business or medical offices on the property from certain statistics on financial characteristics.

A business must be easily recognizable from the outside. It usually will have a separate outside entrance and have the appearance of a business, such as a grocery store, restaurant, or barber shop. It may be either attached to the house or mobile home or be located elsewhere on the property. Those housing units in which a room is used for business or professional purposes and have no recognizable alterations to the outside are *not* considered as having a business. Medical offices are considered businesses for tabulation purposes.

Comparability—Data on business on property have been collected since 1940.

CONDOMINIUM FEE

The data on condominium fee were obtained from questionnaire item H25, which was asked at owner-occupied condominiums. This item was asked on a sample basis. A condominium fee normally is charged monthly to the owners of the individual condominium units by the condominium owners association to cover operating, maintenance, administrative, and improvement costs of the common property (grounds, halls, lobby, parking areas, laundry rooms, swimming pool, etc.) The costs for utilities and/or fuels may be included in the condominium fee if the units do not have separate meters.

Data on condominium fees may include real estate tax and/or insurance payments for the common property, but do not include real estate taxes or fire, hazard, and flood insurance for the individual unit already reported in questions H21 and H22.

Amounts reported were the regular monthly payment, even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. Costs were estimated as closely as possible when exact costs were not known.

The data from this item were added to payments for mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments; and utilities and fuels to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for condominium owners.

Comparability—This is a new item in 1990.

CONDOMINIUM STATUS

The data on condominium housing units were obtained from questionnaire item H18, which was asked on a sample basis at both occupied and vacant housing units. Condominium is a type of ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similarly owned units and to hold a common or joint ownership in some or all of the common areas and facilities such as land, roof, hallways, entrances, elevators, swimming pool, etc. Condominiums may be single-family houses as well as units in apartment buildings. A condominium unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such. A unit classified as "mobile home or trailer" or "other" (see discussion under "Units in Structure") cannot be a condominium unit.

Limitation of the Data—Testing done prior to the 1980 and 1990 censuses indicated that the number of condominiums may be slightly overstated.

Comparability—In 1970, condominiums were grouped together with cooperative housing units, and the data were reported only for owner-occupied cooperatives and condominiums. Beginning in 1980, the census identified all

condominium units and the data were shown for renter-occupied and vacant year-round condominiums as well as owner occupied. In 1970 and 1980, the question on condominiums was asked on a 100-percent basis. In 1990, it was asked on a sample basis.

CONTRACT RENT

The data on contract rent (also referred to as "rent asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H7a, which was asked at all occupied housing units that were rented for cash rent and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

Housing units that are renter occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in census data products. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. Rent-free houses or apartments may be provided to compensate caretakers, ministers, tenant farmers, sharecroppers, or others.

Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, fees, meals, or services that may be included. For vacant units, it is the monthly rent asked for the rental unit at the time of enumeration.

If the contract rent includes rent for a business unit or for living quarters occupied by another household, the respondent was instructed to report that part of the rent estimated to be for his or her unit only. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises.

If a renter pays rent to the owner of a condominium or cooperative, and the condominium fee or cooperative carrying charge is also paid by the renter to the owner, the respondent was instructed to include the fee or carrying charge.

If a renter receives payments from lodgers or roomers who are listed as members of the household, the respondent was instructed to report the rent without deduction for any payments received from the lodgers or roomers. The respondent was instructed to report the rent agreed to or contracted for even if paid by someone else such as friends or relatives living elsewhere, or a church or welfare agency.

In some tabulations, contract rent is presented for all renter-occupied housing units, as well as specified renter-occupied and vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information on rent, see the discussion under "Gross Rent.")

Median and Quartile Contract Rent—The median divides the rent distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the rent distribution into four equal parts. In computing median and quartile contract rent, units reported as "No

cash rent" are excluded. Median and quartile rent calculations are rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Aggregate Contract Rent—To calculate aggregate contract rent, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$80" is \$50. The amount assigned to the category "\$1,000 or more" is \$1,250. Mean contract rent is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Limitation of the Data—In the 1970 and 1980 censuses, contract rent for vacant units had high allocation rates, about 35 percent.

Comparability—Data on this item have been collected since 1930. For 1990, quartiles were added because the range of rents and values in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large rent and value differences among various geographic areas.

DURATION OF VACANCY

The data for duration of vacancy (also referred to as "months vacant") were obtained from questionnaire item D, which was completed by census enumerators. The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months and years) between the date the last occupants moved from the unit and the time of enumeration. The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant.

For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed. Units occupied by an entire household with a usual home elsewhere are assigned to the "Less than 1 month" interval.

Comparability—Similar data have been collected since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all vacant housing units.

FARM RESIDENCE

The data on farm residence were obtained from questionnaire items H19a and H19b. An occupied one-family house or mobile home is classified as a farm residence if: (1) the housing unit is located on a property of 1 acre or more, and (2) at least \$1,000 worth of agricultural products were sold from the property in 1989. Group quarters and housing units that are in multi-unit buildings or vacant are not included as farm residences.

A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household paying cash rent for land and buildings is enumerated as a farm residence only if sales of agricultural products from its yard (as opposed to the general property on which it is located) amounted to at least \$1,000 in 1989. A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household that does not pay cash rent is enumerated as a farm residence if the remainder of the farm (including its yard) qualifies as a farm.

Farm residence is provided as an independent data item only for housing units located in rural areas. It may be derived for housing units in urban areas from the data items on acreage and sales of agricultural products on the public-use microdata sample (PUMS) files. (For more information on PUMS, see Appendix F, Data Products and User Assistance.)

The farm population consists of persons in households living in farm residences. Some persons who are counted on a property classified as a farm (including in some cases farm workers) are excluded from the farm population. Such persons include those who reside in multi-unit buildings or group quarters.

Comparability—These are the same criteria that were used to define a farm residence in 1980. In 1960 and 1970, a farm was defined as a place of 10 or more acres with at least \$50 worth of agricultural sales or a place of less than 10 acres with at least \$250 worth of agricultural sales. Earlier censuses used other definitions. Note that the definition of a farm residence differs from the definition of a farm in the Census of Agriculture (*Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics*, Bureau of the Census, 1989).

GROSS RENT

Gross rent is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else). Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of utilities and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures for the tabulations. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the tabulations. Gross rent is calculated on a sample basis.

Comparability—Data on gross rent have been collected since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989

Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989 is a computed ratio of monthly gross rent to monthly household income (total household income in 1989 divided by 12). The ratio was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole percentage. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss in 1989 comprise the category "Not computed." This item is calculated on a sample basis.

HOUSE HEATING FUEL

The data on house heating fuel were obtained from questionnaire item H14, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The data show the type of fuel used most to heat the house or apartment.

Utility Gas—Includes gas piped through underground pipes from a central system to serve the neighborhood.

Bottled, Tank, or LP Gas—Includes liquid propane gas stored in bottles or tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty.

Fuel Oil, Kerosene, Etc.—Includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids.

Wood—Includes purchased wood, wood cut by household members on their property or elsewhere, driftwood, saw-mill or construction scraps, or the like.

Solar Energy—Includes heat provided by sunlight which is collected, stored, and actively distributed to most of the rooms.

Other Fuel—Includes all other fuels not specified elsewhere.

No Fuel Used—Includes units that do not use any fuel or that do not have heating equipment.

Comparability—Data on house heating fuel have been collected since 1940. The category, "Solar energy" is new for 1990.

INSURANCE FOR FIRE, HAZARD, AND FLOOD

The data on fire, hazard, and flood insurance were obtained from questionnaire item H22, which was asked at a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics for this item refer to the annual premium for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on

the property (land and buildings); that is, policies that protect the property and its contents against loss due to damage by fire, lightning, winds, hail, flood, explosion, and so on.

Liability policies are included only if they are paid with the fire, hazard, and flood insurance premiums and the amounts for fire, hazard, and flood cannot be separated. Premiums are included even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, the premiums are converted to a yearly basis.

The payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance is added to payments for real estate taxes, utilities, fuels, and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

A separate question (H23d) determines whether insurance premiums are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting these premiums twice in the computations.

Comparability—Data on payment for fire and hazard insurance were collected for the first time in 1980. Flood insurance was not specifically mentioned in the wording of the question in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

KITCHEN FACILITIES

Data on kitchen facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H11, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all of the following: (1) an installed sink with piped water, (2) a range, cook top and convection or microwave oven, or cookstove, and (3) a refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure. They need not be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered a range or cookstove. An ice box is not considered to be a refrigerator.

Comparability—Data on complete kitchen facilities were collected for the first time in 1970. Earlier censuses collected data on individual components, such as kitchen sink and type of refrigeration equipment. In 1970 and 1980, data for kitchen facilities were shown only for year-round units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT

The data on meals included in the rent were obtained from questionnaire item H7b, which was asked of all

occupied housing units that were rented for cash and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

The statistics on meals included in rent are presented for specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information, see the discussion under "Contract Rent.")

Comparability—This is a new item in 1990. It is intended to measure "congregate" housing, which generally is considered to be housing units where the rent includes meals and other services, such as transportation to shopping and recreation.

MOBILE HOME COSTS

The data on mobile home costs were obtained from questionnaire item H26, which was asked at owner-occupied mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis.

These data include the total yearly costs for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees, and license fees on all owner-occupied mobile homes. The instructions are to not include real estate taxes already reported in question H21.

Costs are estimated as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. Amounts are the total for an entire 12-month billing period, even if they are paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid.

The data from this item are added to payments for mortgages, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, utilities, and fuels to derive selected monthly owner costs for mobile homes owners.

Comparability—This item is new for 1990.

MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on mortgage payment were obtained from questionnaire item H23b, which was asked at owner occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis. Question H23b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid the lender for the first mortgage (deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt) on the property. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

The amounts reported include everything paid to the lender including principal and interest payments, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, and mortgage insurance premiums. Separate questions determine whether real estate taxes and fire, hazard, and flood

insurance payments are included in the mortgage payment to the lender. This makes it possible to avoid counting these components twice in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs."

Comparability—Information on mortgage payment was collected for the first time in 1980. It was collected only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, one-family houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions on monthly mortgage payments were asked of all owner-occupied one-family houses, including one-family houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office.

The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from a single question. Two questions were used in 1990; one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages or home equity loans. (For more information, see the discussion under "Second or Junior Mortgage Payment.")

MORTGAGE STATUS

The data on mortgage status were obtained from questionnaire items H23a and H24a, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. "Mortgage" refers to all forms of debt where the property is pledged as security for repayment of the debt. It includes such debt instruments as deeds of trust, trust deeds, contracts to purchase, land contracts, junior mortgages and home equity loans.

A mortgage is considered a first mortgage if it has prior claim over any other mortgage or if it is the only mortgage on the property. All other mortgages, (second, third, etc.) are considered junior mortgages. A home equity loan is generally a junior mortgage. If no first mortgage is reported, but a junior mortgage or home equity loan is reported, then the loan is considered a first mortgage.

In most census data products, the tabulations for "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." The category "not mortgaged" is comprised of housing units owned free and clear of debt.

Comparability—A question on mortgage status was included in the 1940 and 1950 censuses, but not in the 1960 and 1970 censuses. The item was reinstated in 1980 along with a separate question dealing with the existence of second or junior mortgages. In 1980, the mortgage status questions were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses on less than 10 acres. Excluded were mobile homes,

condominiums, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions were asked of all one-family owner-occupied housing units, including houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and houses with a business or medical office.

PERSONS IN UNIT

This item is based on the 100-percent count of persons in occupied housing units. All persons occupying the housing unit are counted, including the householder, occupants related to the householder, and lodgers, roomers, boarders, and so forth.

The data on "persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. The phrase "persons in unit" is used for housing tabulations, "persons in households" for population items. Figures for "persons in unit" match those for "persons in household" for 100-percent data products. In sample products, they may differ because of the weighting process.

Median Persons in Unit—In computing median persons in unit, a whole number is used as the midpoint of an interval; thus, a unit with 4 persons is treated as an interval ranging from 3.5 to 4.5 persons. Median persons is rounded to the nearest hundredth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Persons in Occupied Housing Units—This is the total population minus those persons living in group quarters. "Persons per occupied housing unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units.

PERSONS PER ROOM

"Persons per room" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. Persons per room is rounded to the nearest hundredth. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Mean Persons Per Room—This is computed by dividing persons in housing units by the aggregate number of rooms. This is intended to provide a measure of utilization. A higher mean may indicate a greater degree of utilization or crowding; a low mean may indicate under-utilization. (For more information on means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

PLUMBING FACILITIES

The data on plumbing facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H10, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a

sample basis. Complete plumbing facilities include hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower. All three facilities must be located inside the house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Housing units are classified as lacking complete plumbing facilities when any of the three facilities are not present.

Comparability—The 1990 data on complete plumbing facilities are not strictly comparable with the 1980 data. In 1980, complete plumbing facilities were defined as hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet in the housing unit for the exclusive use of the residents of that unit. In 1990, the Census Bureau dropped the requirement of exclusive use from the definition of complete plumbing facilities. Of the 2.3 million year-round housing units classified in 1980 as lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use, approximately 25 percent of these units had complete plumbing but the facilities were also used by members of another household. From 1940 to 1970, separate and more detailed questions were asked on piped water, bathing, and toilet facilities. In 1970 and 1980, the data on plumbing facilities were shown only for year-round units.

POVERTY STATUS OF HOUSEHOLDS IN 1989

The data on poverty status of households were derived from answers to the income questions. The income items were asked on a sample basis. Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1989 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household, nor does their presence affect the household size in determining the appropriate poverty threshold. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual for one and two-persons households. (For more information, see the discussion of "Poverty Status in 1989" and "Income in 1989" under Population Characteristics.)

REAL ESTATE TAXES

The data on real estate taxes were obtained from questionnaire item H21, which was asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics from this question refer to the total amount of all real estate taxes on the entire property (land and buildings) payable in 1989 to all taxing jurisdictions, including special assessments, school taxes, county taxes, and so forth.

Real estate taxes include State, local, and all other real estate taxes even if delinquent, unpaid, or paid by someone who is not a member of the household. However, taxes due from prior years are not included. If taxes are paid on other than a yearly basis, the payments are converted to a yearly basis.

The payment for real estate taxes is added to payments for fire, hazard, and flood insurance; utilities and fuels; and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989." A separate question (H23c) determines whether real estate taxes are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting taxes twice in the computations.

Comparability—Data for real estate taxes were collected for the first time in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes or trailers, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

ROOMS

The data on rooms were obtained from questionnaire item H3, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. The statistics on rooms are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms. The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes.

For each unit, rooms include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls or foyers, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling, but not if the partition consists solely of shelves or cabinets.

Median Rooms—This measure divides the room distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below the median number of rooms and one-half above the median. In computing median rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval; thus, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. Median rooms is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Aggregate Rooms—To calculate aggregate rooms, an arbitrary value of "10" is assigned to rooms for units falling within the terminal category, "9 or more." (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Comparability—Data on rooms have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all housing units.

SECOND OR JUNIOR MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on second or junior mortgage payments were obtained from questionnaire items H24a and H24b, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Question H24a asks whether a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan exists on the property. Question H24b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid to the lender on all second or junior mortgages and home equity loans. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

All mortgages other than first mortgages are classified as "junior" mortgages. A second mortgage is a junior mortgage that gives the lender a claim against the property that is second to the claim of the holder of the first mortgage. Any other junior mortgage(s) would be subordinate to the second mortgage. A home equity loan is a line of credit available to the borrower that is secured by real estate. It may be placed on a property that already has a first or second mortgage, or it may be placed on a property that is owned free and clear.

If the respondents answered that no first mortgage existed, but a second mortgage did (as in the above case with a home equity loan), a computer edit assigned the unit a first mortgage and made the first mortgage monthly payment the amount reported in the second mortgage. The second mortgage data were then made "No" in question H24a and blank in question H24b.

Comparability—The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from one single question. Two questions were used in 1990: one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages and home equity loans.

SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS

The data on selected monthly owner costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20 through H26 for a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts to purchase, or similar debts on the property (including payments for the first mortgage, second or junior mortgages, and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.). It also includes, where appropriate, the monthly condominium fee for condominiums and mobile home costs (personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees) for mobile homes.

In certain tabulations, selected monthly owner costs are presented separately for specified owner-occupied housing units (owner-occupied one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property), owner-occupied condominiums, and owner-occupied mobile homes. Data usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged."

Median Selected Monthly Owner Costs—This measure is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

Comparability—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The 1990 tabulations of selected monthly owner costs for specified owner-occupied housing units are virtually identical to 1980, the primary difference was the amounts of the first and second mortgages were collected in separate questions in 1990, while the amounts were collected in a single question in 1980. The component parts of the item were tabulated for mobile homes and condominiums for the first time in 1990.

In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989

The information on selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989 is the computed ratio of selected monthly owner costs to monthly household income in 1989. The ratio was computed separately for each unit and rounded to the nearest whole percentage. The data are tabulated separately for specified owner-occupied units, condominiums, and mobile homes.

Separate distributions are often shown for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." Units occupied by households reporting no income or a net loss in 1989 are included in the "not computed" category. (For more information, see the discussion under "Selected Monthly Owner Costs.")

Comparability—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The tabulations of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for specified owner-occupied housing units are comparable to 1980.

SEWAGE DISPOSAL

The data on sewage disposal were obtained from questionnaire item H16, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Housing units are either connected to a public sewer, to a septic tank or cesspool, or they dispose

of sewage by other means. A public sewer may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. A housing unit is considered to be connected to a septic tank or cesspool when the unit is provided with an underground pit or tank for sewage disposal. The category, "Other means" includes housing units which dispose of sewage in some other way.

Comparability—Data on sewage disposal have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

SOURCE OF WATER

The data on source of water were obtained from questionnaire item H15, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. Housing units may receive their water supply from a number of sources. A common source supplying water to five or more units is classified as a "Public system or private company." The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, water company, etc., or it may be obtained from a well which supplies water to five or more housing units. If the water is supplied from a well serving four or fewer housing units, the units are classified as having water supplied by either an "Individual drilled well" or an "Individual dug well." Drilled wells or small diameter wells are usually less than 1-1/2 feet in diameter. Dug wells are usually larger than 1-1/2 feet wide and generally hand dug. The category, "Some other source" includes water obtained from springs, creeks, rivers, lakes, cisterns, etc.

Comparability—Data on source of water have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

TELEPHONE IN HOUSING UNIT

The data on telephones were obtained from questionnaire item H12, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. A telephone must be inside the house or apartment for the unit to be classified as having a telephone. Units where the respondent uses a telephone located inside the building but not in the respondent's living quarters are classified as having no telephone.

Comparability—Data on telephones in 1980 are comparable to 1990. The 1960 and 1970 censuses collected data on telephone availability. A unit was classified as having a telephone available if there was a telephone number on which occupants of the unit could be reached. The telephone could have been in another unit, in a common hall, or outside the building.

TENURE

The data for tenure were obtained from questionnaire item H4, which was asked at all occupied housing units. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied.

Owner Occupied—A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is the person listed in column 1 of the questionnaire. The unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan" if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit is also considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit.

A housing unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)" if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage. Although owner-occupied units are divided between mortgaged and owned free and clear on the questionnaire, census data products containing 100-percent data show only total owner-occupied counts. More extensive mortgage information was collected on the long-form questionnaire and are shown in census products containing sample data. (For more information, see the discussion under "Mortgage Status.")

Renter Occupied—All occupied housing units which are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. "No cash rent" units are separately identified in the rent tabulations. Such units are generally provided free by friends or relatives or in exchange for services such as resident manager, caretaker, minister, or tenant farmer. Housing units on military bases also are classified in the "No cash rent" category. "Rented for cash rent" includes units in continuing care, sometimes called life care arrangements. These arrangements usually involve a contract between one or more individuals and a health services provider guaranteeing the individual shelter, usually a house or apartment, and services, such as meals or transportation to shopping or recreation.

Comparability—Data on tenure have been collected since 1890. In 1970, the question on tenure also included a category for condominium and cooperative ownership. In 1980, condominium units and cooperatives were dropped from the tenure item, and since 1980, only condominium units are identified in a separate question.

For 1990, the response categories were expanded to allow the respondent to report whether the unit was owned with a mortgage or free and clear (without a mortgage). The distinction between units owned with a mortgage and units owned free and clear was added in 1990 to improve

the count of owner-occupied units. Research after the 1980 census indicated some respondents did not consider their units owned if they had a mortgage.

UNITS IN STRUCTURE

The data on units in structure (also referred to as "type of structure") were obtained from questionnaire item H2, which was asked at all housing units. A structure is a separate building that either has open spaces on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In determining the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, are counted. Stores and office space are excluded.

The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings.

1-Unit, Detached—This is a 1-unit structure detached from any other house; that is, with open space on all four sides. Such structures are considered detached even if they have an adjoining shed or garage. A one-family house that contains a business is considered detached as long as the building has open space on all four sides. Mobile homes or trailers to which one or more permanent rooms have been added or built also are included.

1-Unit, Attached—This is a 1-unit structure that has one or more walls extending from ground to roof separating it from adjoining structures. In row houses (sometimes called townhouses), double houses, or houses attached to non-residential structures, each house is a separate, attached structure if the dividing or common wall goes from ground to roof.

2 or More Units—These are units in structures containing 2 or more housing units, further categorized as units in structures with 2, 3 or 4, 5 to 9, 10 to 19, 20 to 49, and 50 or more units.

Mobile Home or Trailer—Both occupied and vacant mobile homes to which no permanent rooms have been added are counted in this category. Mobile homes or trailers used only for business purposes or for extra sleeping space and mobile homes or trailers for sale on a dealer's lot, at the factory, or in storage are not counted in the housing inventory.

Other—This category is for any living quarters occupied as a housing unit that does not fit the previous categories. Examples that fit this category are houseboats, railroad cars, campers, and vans.

Comparability—Data on units in structure have been collected since 1940 and on mobile homes and trailers since 1950. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are

shown for all housing units. In 1980, the data were collected on a sample basis. The category, "Boat, tent, van, etc." was replaced in 1990 by the category "Other." In some areas, the proportion of units classified as "Other" is far larger than the number of units that were classified as "Boat, tent, van, etc." in 1980.

USUAL HOME ELSEWHERE

The data for usual home elsewhere are obtained from questionnaire item B, which was completed by census employees. A housing unit temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons with a usual residence elsewhere is classified as vacant. The occupants are classified as having a "Usual home elsewhere" and are counted at the address of their usual place of residence. Typical examples are people in a vacation home, persons renting living quarters temporarily for work, and migrant workers.

Limitation of the Data—Evidence from previous censuses suggests that in some areas enumerators marked units as "vacant—usual home elsewhere" when they should have marked "vacant—regular."

Comparability—Data for usual home elsewhere was tabulated for the first time in 1980.

UTILITIES

The data on utility costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20a through H20d, which were asked of occupied housing units. These items were asked on a sample basis.

Questions H20a through H20d asked for the yearly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, water) and other fuels (oil, coal, wood, kerosene, etc.). For the tabulations, these yearly amounts are divided by 12 to derive the average monthly cost and are then included in the computation of "Gross Rent," "Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989," "Selected Monthly Owner Costs," and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

Costs are recorded if paid by or billed to occupants, a welfare agency, relatives, or friends. Costs that are paid by landlords, included in the rent payment, or included in condominium or cooperative fees are excluded.

Limitation of the Data—Research has shown that respondents tended to overstate their expenses for electricity and gas when compared to utility company records. There is some evidence that this overstatement is reduced when yearly costs are asked rather than monthly costs. Caution should be exercised in using these data for direct analysis because costs are not reported for certain kinds of units

such as renter-occupied units with all utilities included in the rent and owner-occupied condominium units with utilities included in the condominium fee.

Comparability—The data on utility costs have been collected since 1980 for owner-occupied housing units, and since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

VACANCY STATUS

The data on vacancy status were obtained from questionnaire item C1, which was completed by census enumerators. Vacancy status and other characteristics of vacant units were determined by enumerators obtaining information from landlords, owners, neighbors, rental agents, and others. Vacant units are subdivided according to their housing market classification as follows:

For Rent—These are vacant units offered "for rent," and vacant units offered either "for rent" or "for sale."

For Sale Only—These are vacant units being offered "for sale only," including units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "for sale only."

Rented or Sold, Not Occupied—If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the vacant unit is classified as "rented or sold, not occupied."

For Seasonal, Recreational, or Occasional Use—These are vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons or for weekend or other occasional use throughout the year.

Seasonal units include those used for summer or winter sports or recreation, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins. Seasonal units also may include quarters for such workers as herders and loggers. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared-ownership or time-sharing condominiums, also are included here.

For Migrant Workers—These include vacant units intended for occupancy by migratory workers employed in farm work during the crop season. (Work in a cannery, a freezer plant, or a food-processing plant is not farm work.)

Other Vacant—If a vacant unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as "other vacant." For example, this category includes units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.

Homeowner Vacancy Rate—This is the percentage relationship between the number of vacant units for sale and the total homeowner inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for sale only by the sum of the owner-occupied units and the number of vacant units that are for sale only.

Rental Vacancy Rate—This is the percentage relationship of the number of vacant units for rent to the total rental inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for rent by the sum of the renter-occupied units and the number of vacant units for rent.

Comparability—Data on vacancy status have been collected since 1940. For 1990, the category, “seasonal/recreational/occasional use” combined vacant units classified in 1980 as “seasonal or migratory” and “held for occasional use.” Also, in 1970 and 1980, housing characteristics generally were presented only for year-round units. In 1990, housing characteristics are shown for all housing units.

VALUE

The data on value (also referred to as “price asked” for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H6, which was asked at housing units that were owned, being bought, or vacant for sale at the time of enumeration. Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot, mobile home and lot, or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale. If the house or mobile home was owned or being bought, but the land on which it sits was not, the respondent was asked to estimate the combined value of the house or mobile home and the land. For vacant units, value was the price asked for the property.

Value was tabulated separately for all owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale housing units, owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale mobile homes or trailers, and specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units. Specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units include only one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property. The data for “specified units” exclude mobile homes, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings.

Median and Quartile Value—The median divides the value distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the value distribution into four equal parts. These measures are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under “Derived Measures.”)

Aggregate Value—To calculate aggregate value, the amount assigned for the category “Less than \$10,000” is \$9,000. The amount assigned to the category “\$500,000 or more”

is \$600,000. Mean value is rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under “Derived Measures.”)

Comparability—In 1980, value was asked only at owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres with no business or medical office on the property and at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale condominium housing units. Mobile homes were excluded. Value data were presented for specified owner-occupied housing units, specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units, and owner-occupied condominium housing units.

In 1990, the question was asked at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale-only housing units with no exclusions. Data presented for specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units will include one-family condominium houses but not condominiums in multi-unit structures since condominium units are now identified only in long-form questionnaires.

For 1990, quartiles have been added because the range of values and rents in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large value and rent differences among various geographic areas.

VEHICLES AVAILABLE

The data on vehicles available were obtained from questionnaire item H13, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data show the number of households with a specified number of passenger cars, vans, and pickup or panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less kept at home and available for the use of household members. Vehicles rented or leased for one month or more, company vehicles, and police and government vehicles are included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled or immobile vehicles are excluded. Vehicles kept at home but used only for business purposes also are excluded.

Vehicles Per Household—This is computed by dividing aggregate vehicles available by the number of occupied housing units.

Limitation of the Data—The 1980 census evaluations showed that the number of automobiles was slightly overreported; the number of vans and trucks slightly underreported. The statistics do not measure the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles.

Comparability—Data on automobiles available were collected from 1960 to 1980. In 1980, a separate question also was asked on the number of trucks and vans. The data on automobiles and trucks and vans were presented

separately and also as a combined vehicles available tabulation. The 1990 data are comparable to the 1980 vehicles available tabulations.

YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT

The data on year householder moved into unit were obtained from questionnaire item H8, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data refer to the year of the latest move by the householder. If a householder moved back into a housing unit he or she previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another within the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year that the householder moved in is not necessarily the same year other members of the household moved, although in the great majority of cases an entire household moves at the same time.

Comparability—In 1960 and 1970, this question was asked of every person and included in population reports. This item in housing tabulations refers to the year the householder moved in. In 1980 and 1990, the question was asked only of the householder.

YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT

The data on year structure built were obtained from questionnaire item H17, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Data on year structure built refer to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For housing units under construction that met the housing unit definition—that is, all exterior windows, doors, and final usable floors were in place—the category “1989 or March 1990” was used. For a houseboat or a mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer’s model year was assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in census data products relate to the number of units built during the specified periods that were still in existence at the time of enumeration.

Median Year Structure Built—The median divides the distribution into two equal parts. The median is rounded to the nearest calendar year. Median age of housing can be obtained by subtracting median year structure built from 1990. For example, if the median year structure built is 1957, the median age of housing in that area is 33 years (1990 minus 1957).

Limitation of the Data—Data on year structure built are more susceptible to errors of response and nonreporting than data on many other items because respondents must rely on their memory or on estimates by persons who have

lived in the neighborhood a long time. Available evidence indicates there is underreporting in the older-year-structure-built categories, especially “Built in 1939 or earlier.” The introduction of the “Don’t know” category (see the discussion on “Comparability”) may have resulted in relatively higher allocation rates. Data users should refer to the discussion in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data, and to the allocation tables.

Comparability—Data on year structure built were collected for the first time in the 1940 census. Since then, the response categories have been modified to accommodate the 10-year period between each census. In 1990, the category, “Don’t Know,” was added in an effort to minimize the response error mentioned in the paragraph above on limitation of the data.

DERIVED MEASURES

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero. In printed reports, zero is indicated by a dash (–).

Interpolation

Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. “Pareto interpolation” is an alternative to linear interpolation. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500. In Pareto interpolation, the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category.

Mean

This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum of a group of numerical items (or aggregate) by the total number of items. Aggregates are used in computing mean values. For example, mean family income is obtained by dividing the aggregate of all income reported by persons in families by the total number of families. (Additional information on means and aggregates is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

Median

This measure represents the middle value in a distribution. The median divides the total frequency into two equal parts: one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. The median is

computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in specific census publications and other data products.

In reports, if the median falls within the upper interval of the tabulation distribution, the median is shown as the initial value of the interval followed by a plus sign (+); if within the lower interval, the median is shown as the upper value of the category followed by a minus sign (-). For summary tape files, if the median falls within the upper or lower interval, it is set to a specified value. (Additional information on medians is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

Percentages, Rates, and Ratios

These measures are frequently presented in census products to compare two numbers or two sets of measurements. These comparisons are made in two ways: (1)

subtraction, which provides an absolute measure of the difference between two items, and (2) the quotient of two numbers, which provides a relative measure of difference.

Quartile

This measure divides a distribution into four equal parts. The first quartile (or lower quartile) is the value that defines the upper limit of the lowest one-quarter of the cases. The second quartile is the median. The third quartile (or upper quartile) defines the lower limit of the upper one-quarter of the cases in the distribution. The difference between the upper and lower quartiles is called the interquartile range. This interquartile range is less affected by wide variations than is the mean. Quartiles are presented for certain financial characteristics such as housing value and rent.

APPENDIX C.

Accuracy of the Data

CONTENTS

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INTRODUCTION

The data contained in this data product are based on the 1990 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. Estimates derived from a sample are expected to be different from the 100-percent figures because they are subject to sampling and nonsampling errors. Sampling error in data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. Nonsampling error affects both sample and 100-percent data, and is introduced as a result of errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. Provided below is a detailed discussion of both types of errors and a description of the estimation procedures.

SAMPLE DESIGN

Every person and housing unit in the United States was asked certain basic demographic and housing questions (for example, race, age, marital status, housing value, or rent). A sample of these persons and housing units was asked more detailed questions about such items as income, occupation, and housing costs in addition to the basic demographic and housing information. The primary sampling unit for the 1990 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Persons in group quarters were sampled at a 1-in-6 rate.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. Approximately 95 percent of the population was enumerated by the mailback procedure. In these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list, which was updated by the United States Postal Service and Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized and the appropriate units were electronically designated as sample units. The questionnaires were either mailed or hand-delivered to the addresses with instructions to complete and mail back the form.

Housing units in governmental units with a precensus (1988) estimated population of fewer than 2,500 persons were sampled at 1-in-2. Governmental units were defined for sampling purposes as all incorporated places, all counties, all county equivalents such as parishes in Louisiana, and all minor civil divisions in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin. Housing units in census tracts and block numbering areas (BNA's) with a precensus housing unit count below 2,000 housing units were sampled at 1-in-6 for those portions not in small governmental units (governmental units with a population less than 2,500). Housing units within census tracts and BNA's with 2,000 or more housing units were sampled at 1-in-8 for those portions not in small governmental units.

In list/enumerate areas (about 5 percent of the population), each enumerator was given a blank address register with designated sample lines. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed an assigned area and listed all housing units in the address register in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit listed on a designated sample line, were collected. For all governmental units with fewer than 2,500 persons in list/enumerate areas, a 1-in-2 sampling rate was used. All other list/enumerate areas were sampled at 1-in-6.

Housing units in American Indian reservations, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas, and Alaska Native villages were sampled according to the same criteria as other governmental units, except the sampling rates were based on the size of the American Indian and Alaska Native population in those areas as measured in the 1980 census. Trust lands were sampled at the same rate as their associated American Indian reservations. Census designated places in Hawaii were sampled at the same rate as governmental units because the Census Bureau does not recognize incorporated places in Hawaii.

The purpose of using variable sampling rates was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas and decrease respondent burden in more densely populated areas while maintaining data reliability. When all sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately one out of every six housing units in the Nation was included in the 1990 census sample.

CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

To maintain the confidentiality required by law (Title 13, United States Code), the Bureau of the Census applies a confidentiality edit to the 1990 census data to assure that

published data do not disclose information about specific individuals, households, or housing units. As a result, a small amount of uncertainty is introduced into the estimates of census characteristics. The sample itself provides adequate protection for most areas for which sample data are published since the resulting data are estimates of the actual counts; however, small areas require more protection. The edit is controlled so that the basic structure of the data is preserved.

The confidentiality edit is implemented by selecting a small subset of individual households from the internal sample data files and blanking a subset of the data items on these household records. Responses to those data items were then imputed using the same imputation procedures that were used for nonresponse. A larger subset of households is selected for the confidentiality edit for small areas to provide greater protection for these areas. The editing process is implemented in such a way that the quality and usefulness of the data were preserved.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since statistics in this data product are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from 100-percent figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The sample estimate also would differ from other samples of housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a sample estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. Described below is the method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this product.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during any of the various complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one

direction will make both sample and 100-percent data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to under-report their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will tend to be understated for the higher income categories and overstated for the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages—Tables A through C in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this data product. To calculate the standard error, it is necessary to know the basic standard error for the characteristic (given in table A or B) that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, households, or housing units) and estimation technique; the design factor for the particular characteristic estimated (given in table C); and the number of persons or housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in the sample. For machine-readable products, the percent-in-sample is included in a data matrix on the file for each tabulation area. In printed reports, the percent-in-sample is provided in data tables at the end of the statistical tables that compose the report. The design factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1990 census. Tape purchasers will receive table C, the table of design factors, as a supplement to the technical documentation. Table C is included in this appendix for printed reports.

The steps given below should be used to calculate the standard error of an estimate of a total or a percentage contained in this product. A percentage is defined here as a ratio of a numerator to a denominator where the numerator is a subset of the denominator. For example, the proportion of Black teachers is the ratio of Black teachers to all teachers.

1. Obtain the standard error from table A or B (or use the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
2. Find the geographic area to which the estimate applies in the appropriate percent-in-sample table or appropriate matrix, and obtain the person or housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for this area. Use the person "percent-in-sample" figure for person and family characteristics. Use the housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for housing unit characteristics.
3. Use table C to obtain the design factor for the characteristic (for example, employment status, school enrollment) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the basic standard error by this factor.

The unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages will approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or

estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. Nevertheless, these estimated totals and percentages still are subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate. For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the basic standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use a basic standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in the section entitled "Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors."

Sums and Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to sums of and differences between two sample estimates. To estimate the standard error of a sum or difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

1. For the sum of or difference between a sample estimate and a 100-percent value, use the standard error of the sample estimate. The complete count value is not subject to sampling error.
2. For the sum of or difference between two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors:

$$SE_{\hat{X}} \text{ and } SE_{\hat{Y}} \text{ of estimates } \hat{X} \text{ and } \hat{Y}:$$

$$SE_{(\hat{X} \pm \hat{Y})} = SE_{(\hat{X} - \hat{Y})} = \sqrt{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2 + (SE_{\hat{Y}})^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or from a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1990 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this appendix.

3. For the differences between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest. For example, to determine the estimate of non-Black teachers, one may subtract the estimate of Black teachers from the estimate of total teachers. To determine the standard error of the estimate of non-Black teachers apply the above formula directly.

Ratios—Frequently, the statistic of interest is the ratio of two variables, where the numerator is not a subset of the

denominator. For example, the ratio of teachers to students in public elementary schools. The standard error of the ratio between two sample estimates is estimated as follows:

1. If the ratio is a proportion, then follow the procedure outlined for "Totals and Percentages."
2. If the ratio is not a proportion, then approximate the standard error using the formula below.

$$SE_{(\hat{X} / \hat{Y})} = \frac{\hat{X}}{\hat{Y}} \sqrt{\frac{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2}{\hat{X}^2} + \frac{(SE_{\hat{Y}})^2}{\hat{Y}^2}}$$

Medians—For the standard error of the median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above. Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, continue cumulating frequencies until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

When interpolation is required in the upper open-ended interval of a distribution to obtain a confidence bound, use 1.5 times the lower limit of the open-ended confidence interval as the upper limit of the open-ended interval.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1990 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples;

2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 times the estimated standard error below the estimate to 1.645 times the estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.
3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent, 90 percent, and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus, we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability of confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the 100-percent value).

Confidence intervals also may be constructed for the ratio, sum of, or difference between two sample figures. This is done by first computing the ratio, sum, or difference, then obtaining the standard error of the ratio, sum, or difference (using the formulas given earlier), and finally forming a confidence interval for this estimated ratio, sum, or difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the ratio, sum, or difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this appendix do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. The standard errors reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not the effect of correlated errors introduced by enumerators, coders, or other field or processing personnel. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68, 90, or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this data product based on the estimated standard errors.

A standard sampling theory text should be helpful if the user needs more information about confidence intervals and nonsampling errors.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

The following is a hypothetical example of how to compute a standard error of a total and a percentage. Suppose a particular data table shows that for City A 9,948 persons out of all 15,888 persons age 16 years and over were in the civilian labor force. The percent-in-sample

table lists City A with a percent-in-sample of 16.0 percent (Persons column). The column in table C which includes 16.0 percent-in-sample shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment status."

The basic standard error for the estimated total 9,948 may be obtained from table A or from the formula given below table A. In order to avoid interpolation, the use of the formula will be demonstrated here. Suppose that the total population of City A was 21,220. The formula for the basic standard error, SE, is

$$SE(9,948) = \sqrt{5(9,948) (1 - 9,948/21,220)}$$

$$= 163 \text{ persons.}$$

The standard error of the estimated 9,948 persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is found by multiplying the basic standard error 163 by the design factor, 1.1 from table C. This yields an estimated standard error of 179 for the total number of persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force.

The estimated percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force in City A is 62.6. From table B, the unadjusted standard error is found to be approximately 0.85 percentage points. The standard error for the estimated 62.6 percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is $0.85 \times 1.1 = 0.94$ percentage points.

A note of caution concerning numerical values is necessary. Standard errors of percentages derived in this manner are approximate. Calculations can be expressed to several decimal places, but to do so would indicate more precision in the data than is justifiable. Final results should contain no more than two decimal places when the estimated standard error is one percentage point (i.e., 1.00) or more.

In the previous example, the standard error of the 9,948 persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force was found to be 179. Thus, a 90 percent confidence interval for this estimated total is found to be:

$$[9,948 - 1.645(179)] \text{ to } [9,948 + 1.645(179)]$$

or

$$9,654 \text{ to } 10,242$$

One can say, with about 90 percent confidence, that this interval includes the value that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The following is an illustration of the calculation of standard errors and confidence intervals when a difference between two sample estimates is obtained. For example, suppose the number of persons in City B age 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force was 9,314 and the total number of persons 16 years and over was 16,666. Further suppose the population of City B was 25,225. Thus, the estimated percentage of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is 55.9 percent. The unadjusted standard error determined using the formula provided at the bottom of table B is 0.86

percentage points. We find that City B had a percent-in-sample of 15.7. The range which includes 15.7 percent-in-sample in table C shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment Status." Thus, the approximate standard error of the percentage (55.9 percent) is $0.86 \times 1.1 = 0.95$ percentage points.

Now suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the difference between City A and City B of the percentages of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force. The difference in the percentages of interest for the two cities is:

$$62.6 - 55.9 = 6.7 \text{ percent.}$$

Using the results of the previous example:

$$\begin{aligned} SE(6.7) &= \sqrt{(SE(62.6))^2 + (SE(55.9))^2} = \sqrt{(0.94)^2 + (0.95)^2} \\ &= 1.34 \text{ percentage points} \end{aligned}$$

The 90 percent confidence interval for the difference is formed as before:

$$\begin{aligned} [6.70 - 1.645(1.34)] \text{ to } [6.70 + 1.645(1.34)] \\ \text{or} \\ 4.50 \text{ to } 8.90 \end{aligned}$$

One can say with 90 percent confidence that the interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

For reasonably large samples, ratio estimates are normally distributed, particularly for the census population. Therefore, if we can calculate the standard error of a ratio estimate then we can form a confidence interval around the ratio. Suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the ratio of the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City A to the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City B. The ratio of the two estimates of interest is:

$$\begin{aligned} 9948/9314 &= 1.07 \\ SE(1.07) &= \left(\frac{9948}{9314} \right) \sqrt{\frac{179^2}{(9948)^2} + \frac{188^2}{(9314)^2}} \\ &= .029 \end{aligned}$$

Using the results above, the 90 percent confidence interval for this ratio would be:

$$\begin{aligned} [1.07 - 1.645(.029)] \text{ to } [1.07 + 1.645(.029)] \\ \text{or} \\ 1.02 \text{ to } 1.12 \end{aligned}$$

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure (iterative proportional fitting) resulting in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For

any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units possessing the characteristic in the tabulation area. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weight assigned to the family member designated as householder. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value 6, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with the weight of 6. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights varying from person to person or housing unit to housing unit. The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas generally were formed of contiguous geographic units which agreed closely with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas never crossed State or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count below 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in four stages. For persons, the first stage applied 17 household-type groups. The second stage used two groups: sampling rate of 1-in-2; sampling rate less than 1-in-2. The third stage used the dichotomy householders/nonhouseholders. The fourth stage applied 180 aggregate age-sex-race-Hispanic origin categories. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Group Quarters
17	Persons in Group Quarters

STAGE II: SAMPLING RATES

1	Sampling rate of 1-in-2
2	Sampling rate less than 1-in-2

STAGE III: HOUSEHOLDER/NONHOUSEHOLDER

1	Householder
2	Nonhouseholder

STAGE IV: AGE/SEX/RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN

Group	White Persons of Hispanic Origin Male
1	0 to 4 years
2	5 to 14 years
3	15 to 19 years
4	20 to 24 years
5	25 to 34 years
6	35 to 54 years
7	55 to 64 years
8	65 to 74 years
9	75 years and over
	Female
10-18	Same age categories as groups 1 through 9.
	Persons Not of Hispanic Origin
19-36	Same sex and age categories as groups 1 through 18.
	Black
37-72	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	Asian or Pacific Islander
73-108	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut
109-144	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	Other Race (includes those races not listed above)
145-180	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign an initial weight to each sample person record. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure, prior to iterative proportional fitting, was to combine categories in each of the four estimation stages, when needed to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For each stage, any group that did not meet certain criteria for the unweighted sample count or for the ratio of the 100-percent to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the fourth stage, an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each race/Hispanic origin category was applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent four stages of ratio adjustment applying the grouping procedures described above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight.

In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Next, at stage III, the stage II weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. Finally, at stage IV, the stage III weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage III weights for sample persons in each stage IV group. The four stages of ratio adjustment were performed two times (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage IV were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight of the persons in a particular group was 7.25 then 1/4 of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8, while the remaining 3/4 received a weight of 7.

The ratio estimation procedure for housing units was essentially the same as that for persons, except that vacant units were treated differently. The occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in four stages, and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in a single stage. The first stage for occupied housing units applied 16 household type categories, while the second stage used the two sampling categories described above for persons. The third stage applied three units-in-structure categories; i.e. single units, multi-unit less than 10 and multi-unit 10 or more. The fourth stage could potentially use 200 tenure-race-Hispanic origin-value/rent groups. The stages for ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit

STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD—Con.

	All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit

STAGE II: SAMPLING RATE CATEGORY

1	Sampling rate of 1-in-2
2	Sampling rate less than 1-in-2

STAGE III: UNITS IN STRUCTURE

1	Single unit structure
2	Multi-unit structure consisting of fewer than 10 individual units
3	Multi-unit structure consisting of 10 or more individual units

STAGE IV: TENURE/RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER/VALUE OR RENT

Group	Owner	
	White Householder	
	Householder of Hispanic Origin	
	Value	
1	Less than \$20,000	
2	\$20,000 to \$39,999	
3	\$40,000 to \$59,999	
4	\$60,000 to \$79,999	
5	\$80,000 to \$99,999	
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999	
7	\$150,000 to \$249,999	
8	\$250,000 to \$299,999	
9	\$300,000 or more	
10	Other ¹	
	Householder Not of Hispanic Origin	
11-20	Same value categories as groups 1 through 10	
	Black Householder	
21-40	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20	
	Asian or Pacific Islander Householder	
41-60	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20	
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder	
61-80	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20	
	Householder of Other Race	
81-100	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20	

Renter

White Householder
Householder of Hispanic origin
Rent
101 Less than \$100
102 \$100 to \$199
103 \$200 to \$299
104 \$300 to \$399
105 \$400 to \$499
106 \$500 to \$599
107 \$600 to \$749
108 \$750 to \$999
109 \$1,000 or more
110 No cash rent
Householder Not of Hispanic Origin
Same rent categories as groups 101 through 110
111-120
Black Householder
Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
121-140
Asian or Pacific Islander Householder
Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
141-160
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder
Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
161-180
Householder of Other Race
Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
181-200
Vacant Housing Units
1 Vacant for rent
2 Vacant for sale
3 Other vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and if the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial, unadjusted weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

¹Value of units in this category results from other factors besides housing value alone, for example, inclusion of more than 10 acres of land, or presence of a business establishment on the premises.

Control of Nonsampling Error

As mentioned earlier, both sample and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. This component of error could introduce serious bias into the data, and the total error could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the decennial census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. Described below are the primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions actually were carried out during the census. As part of the 1990 census evaluation program, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some households or persons to be missed entirely by the census. The undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census address list and census enumeration and processing to minimize undercoverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1980 census and results from the 1990 census testing cycle. In developing and updating the census address list, the Census Bureau used a variety of specialized procedures in different parts of the country.

- In the large urban areas, the Census Bureau purchased and geocoded address lists. Concurrent with geocoding, the United States Postal Service (USPS) reviewed and updated this list. After the postal check, census enumerators conducted a dependent canvass and update operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials were given the opportunity to examine block counts of address listings (local review) and identify possible errors. Prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review.
- In small cities, suburban areas, and selected rural parts of the country, the Census Bureau created the address list through a listing operation. The USPS reviewed and updated this list, and the Census Bureau reconciled USPS corrections and updated through a field operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials participated in reviewing block counts of address listings. Prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review.
- The Census Bureau (rather than the USPS) conducted a listing operation in the fall of 1989 and delivered census questionnaires in selected rural and seasonal housing areas in March of 1990. In some inner-city public housing developments, whose addresses had been obtained via the purchased address list noted above, census questionnaires were also delivered by Census Bureau enumerators.

Coverage improvement programs continued during and after mailout. A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent improved further the coverage of persons and housing units. All local officials were given the opportunity to participate in a post-census local review, and census enumerators conducted an additional canvass. In addition, efforts were made to improve the coverage of unique population groups, such as the homeless and parolees/probationers. Computer and clerical edits and telephone and personal visit followup also contributed to improved coverage.

More extensive discussion of the programs implemented to improve coverage will be published by the Census Bureau when the evaluation of the coverage improvement program is completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error—The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error, although the questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests, and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency, and problems were followed up as necessary.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was monitored carefully. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages that included hands-on experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse were reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases involved in processing the census data represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any imputation procedure using respondent data may not completely

reflect this difference either at the elemental level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was reduced substantially during the field operations by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were imputed by the computer by using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, questionnaires were edited during field data collection operations for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Questionnaires also were reviewed by census clerks for omissions, certain specific inconsistencies, and population coverage. For example, write-in entries such as "Don't know" or "NA" were considered unacceptable. For some district offices, the initial edit was automated; however, for the majority of the district offices, it was performed by clerks. As a result of this operation, a telephone or personal visit followup was made to obtain missing information. Potential coverage errors were included in the followup, as well as a sample of questionnaires with omissions and/or inconsistencies.

Subsequent to field operations, remaining incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaires was assigned

using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Imputations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item is inconsistent with other information for that same person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for persons or housing units with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

Another way in which corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or housing unit. When there was an indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for the people within the household or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. The assignment of the full set of housing characteristics occurred when there was no housing information available. If the housing unit was determined to be occupied, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed occupied unit. If the housing unit was vacant, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed vacant unit.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Error for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Total ¹	Size of publication area ²													
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000	1,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	25,000,000
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1,000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2,500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5,000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10,000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15,000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

¹For estimated totals larger than 10,000,000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

$$SE(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}\left(1 - \frac{\hat{Y}}{N}\right)}$$

N = Size of area

\hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

²The total count of persons in the area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of housing units in the area if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentage

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage ¹													
	500	750	1,000	1,500	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000	
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2	

¹For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error. This table should only be used for proportions, that is, where the numerator is a subset of the denominator.

$$SE(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B}\hat{p}(100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

\hat{p} = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Design Factors—Connecticut

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 15 percent	15 to 30 percent	30 to 45 percent	45 percent or more
POPULATION				
Age.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Sex.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Race.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Marital status.....	1.2	0.9	0.5	0.5
Household type and relationship.....	1.3	1.0	0.5	0.5
Children ever born.....	2.5	2.1	1.2	1.0
Work disability and mobility limitation status.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
Ancestry.....	1.9	1.6	0.8	0.7
Place of birth.....	2.0	1.7	0.9	0.8
Citizenship.....	1.8	1.5	0.9	0.7
Residence in 1985.....	2.1	1.9	1.0	0.9
Year of entry.....	1.5	1.2	0.6	0.5
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English.....	1.7	1.5	0.8	0.7
Educational attainment.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
School enrollment.....	1.8	1.4	0.8	0.7
Type of residence (urban/ rural).....	2.1	1.8	1.0	0.8
Household type.....	1.3	1.0	0.5	0.5
Family type.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
Group quarters.....	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Subfamily type and presence of children.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Employment status.....	1.3	1.0	0.5	0.5
Industry.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Occupation.....	1.3	1.1	0.5	0.5
Class of worker.....	1.5	1.3	0.6	0.6
Hours per week and weeks worked in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Number of workers in family.....	1.4	1.1	0.6	0.6
Place of work.....	1.5	1.3	0.6	0.6
Means of transportation to work.....	1.5	1.3	0.7	0.6
Travel time to work.....	1.4	1.1	0.6	0.5
Private vehicle occupancy.....	1.5	1.3	0.7	0.6
Time leaving home to go to work.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Type of income in 1989.....	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
Family income in 1989.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
Poverty status in 1989 (persons).....	1.6	1.3	0.7	0.6
Poverty status in 1989 (families).....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Armed Forces and veteran status.....	1.5	1.2	0.6	0.6
HOUSING				
Age of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Race of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Type of residence (urban/ rural).....	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.5
Condominium status.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
Units in structure.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Tenure.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Occupancy status.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Value.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Gross rent.....	1.3	1.1	0.5	0.5
Household income in 1989.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
Year structure built.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Rooms, bedrooms.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
Kitchen facilities.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
Source of water, plumbing facilities.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Sewage disposal.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
House heating fuel.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Telephone in housing unit.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Vehicles available.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Year householder moved into structure.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
Mortgage status and monthly mortgage costs.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989.....	1.3	1.1	0.5	0.5
Household income in 1989 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5

APPENDIX D.

Collection and Processing Procedures

CONTENTS

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ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first United States census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her “usual residence” in the 1990 census. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time or considers to be his or her usual residence. This place is not necessarily the same as the person’s legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 1990).

Enumeration Rules

Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person’s legal status or citizenship. In a departure from earlier censuses, foreign diplomatic personnel participated voluntarily in the census, regardless of their residence on or off the premises of an embassy. As in previous censuses, persons in the United States specifically excluded from the census were foreign travelers who had not established a residence.

Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in the 1990 census. United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents overseas, are included in the population counts for States for purposes of Congressional apportionment, but are excluded from all other tabulations for States and their subdivisions. The counts of United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents, were obtained from administrative records maintained by Federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas, such as employees of international agencies

and private businesses and students, were not enumerated, nor were their counts obtained from administrative sources. On the other hand, Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States.

Residence Rules

Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time or the place where the person considers to be his or her usual home. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on April 1, 1990.

Persons temporarily away from their usual residence, whether in the United States or overseas, on a vacation or on a business trip, were counted at their usual residence. Persons who occupied more than one residence during the year were counted at the one they considered to be their usual residence. Persons who moved on or near Census Day were counted at the place they considered to be their usual residence.

Persons in the Armed Forces—Members of the Armed Forces were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located, either on the installation or in the surrounding community. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (for example, with the Armed Forces person or at another location).

Each Navy ship not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport. If the homeport included more than one municipality, ships berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Ships attributed to the homeport, but not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet, were assigned to the municipality named on the Department of the Navy’s homeport list. These rules also apply to Coast Guard vessels.

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard ship were given the opportunity to report a residence off the ship. Those who did report an off-ship residence in the communities surrounding the homeport were counted there; those who did not were counted as residents of the ship. Personnel on Navy ships deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day were considered to be part of the overseas population.

Persons on Maritime Ships—Persons aboard maritime ships who reported an off-ship residence were counted at that residence. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship, and were attributed as follows:

1. The port where the ship was docked on Census Day, if that port was in the United States or its territories.
2. The port of departure if the ship was at sea, provided the port was in the United States or its territories.
3. The port of destination in the United States or its territories, if the port of departure of a ship at sea was a foreign port.
4. The overseas population if the ship was docked at a foreign port or at sea between foreign ports. (These persons were not included in the overseas population for apportionment purposes.)

Persons Away at School—College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions—Persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in Federal or State prisons; local jails; Federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill, were counted at these places.

Persons Away From Their Usual Residence on Census Day—Migrant agricultural workers who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day. Persons in worker camps who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the camp where they were on Census Day.

In some parts of the country, natural disasters displaced significant numbers of households from their usual place of residence. If these persons reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

Persons away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1990 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The questionnaire packet included general information about the 1990 census and an instruction guide explaining how to complete the questionnaire. Spanish-language questionnaires and instruction guides were available on request. Instruction guides also were available in 32 other languages.

Enumeration of Housing Units

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire:

1. A short-form questionnaire that contained a limited number of basic population and housing questions; these questions were asked of all persons and housing units and are often referred to as 100-percent questions.
2. A long-form questionnaire that contained the 100-percent items and a number of additional questions; a sampling procedure was used to determine those housing units that were to receive the long-form questionnaire.

Three sampling rates were employed. For slightly more than one-half of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long-form or sample questionnaire. In functioning local governmental units (counties and incorporated places, and in some parts of the country, towns and townships) estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire in order to enhance the reliability of the sample data for these small areas. For census tracts and block numbering areas having more than 2,000 housing units in the Census Bureau's address files, one in every eight housing units (about 13 percent) received a sample questionnaire, providing reliable statistics for these areas while permitting the Census Bureau to stay within a limit of 17.7 million sample questionnaires, or a one-in-six sample, nationwide.

The mail-out/mail-back procedure was used mainly in cities, suburban areas, towns, and rural areas where mailing addresses consisted of a house number and street name. In these areas, the Census Bureau developed mailing lists that included about 88.4 million addresses. The questionnaires were delivered through the mail and respondents were to return them by mail. Census questionnaires were delivered 1 week before Census Day (April 1, 1990).

The update/leave/mail-back method was used mainly in densely populated rural areas where it was difficult to develop mailing lists because mailing addresses did *not* use house number and street name. The Census Bureau compiled lists of housing units in advance of the census. Enumerators delivered the questionnaires, asked respondents to return them by mail, and added housing units not on the mailing lists. This method was used mainly in the South and Midwest, and also included some high-rise, low-income urban areas. A variation of this method was used in urban areas having large numbers of boarded-up buildings. About 11 million housing units were enumerated using this method.

The list/enumerate method (formerly called conventional or door-to-door enumeration) was used mainly in very remote and sparsely-settled areas. The United States

Postal Service delivered unaddressed short-form questionnaires before Census Day. Starting a week before Census Day, enumerators canvassed these areas, checked that all housing units received a questionnaire, created a list of all housing units, completed long-form questionnaires, and picked up the completed short-form questionnaires. This method was used mainly in the West and Northeast to enumerate an estimated 6.5 million housing units.

Followup

Nonresponse Followup—In areas where respondents were to mail back their questionnaires, an enumerator visited each address from which a questionnaire was not received.

Coverage and Edit-Failure Followup—In the mail-back areas, some households returned a questionnaire that did not meet specific quality standards because of incomplete or inconsistent information, or the respondent had indicated difficulty in deciding who was to be listed on the questionnaire. These households were contacted by telephone or by personal visit to obtain the missing information or to clarify who was to be enumerated in the household. In areas where an enumerator picked up the questionnaires, the enumerator checked the respondent-filled questionnaire for completeness and consistency.

Special Enumeration Procedures

Special procedures and questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters, such as college dormitories, nursing homes, prisons, military barracks, and ships. The questionnaires (Individual Census Reports, Military Census Reports, and Shipboard Census Reports) included the 100-percent population questions but did not include any housing questions. In all group quarters, all persons were asked the basic population questions; in most group quarters, additional questions were asked of a sample (one-in-six) of persons.

Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)

The Census Bureau collected data for various components of the homeless population at different stages in the 1990 census. "Shelter and Street Night" (S-Night) was a special census operation to count the population in four types of locations where homeless people are found. On the evening of March 20, 1990, and during the early morning hours of March 21, 1990, enumerators counted persons in pre-identified locations:

1. Emergency shelters for the homeless population (public and private; permanent and temporary).
2. Shelters with temporary lodging for runaway youths.
3. Shelters for abused women and their children.

4. Open locations in streets or other places not intended for habitation.

Emergency shelters include all hotels and motels costing \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night regardless of whether persons living there considered themselves to be homeless, hotels and motels (regardless of cost) used entirely to shelter homeless persons, and pre-identified rooms in hotels and motels used for homeless persons and families. Enumeration in shelters usually occurred from 6 p.m. to midnight; street enumeration, from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m.; abandoned and boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m.; and shelters for abused women, from 6 p.m. on March 20 to noon on March 21.

Other components, which some consider as part of the homeless population, were enumerated as part of regular census operations. These include persons doubled up with other families, as well as persons with no other usual home living in transient sites, such as commercial campgrounds, maternity homes for unwed mothers, and drug/alcohol abuse detoxification centers. In institutions, such as local jails and mental hospitals, the Census Bureau does not know who has a usual home elsewhere; therefore, even though some are literally homeless, these persons cannot be identified separately as a component of the homeless population.

There is no generally agreed-upon definition of "the homeless," and there are limitations in the census count that prevent obtaining a total count of the homeless population under any definition. As such, the Census Bureau does not have a definition and will not provide a total count of "the homeless." Rather, the Census Bureau will provide counts and characteristics of persons found at the time of the census in *selected* types of living arrangements. These selected components can be used as building blocks to construct a count of homeless persons appropriate to particular purposes as long as the data limitations are taken into account.

In preparation for "Shelter-and-Street-Night" enumeration, the regional census centers (RCC's) mailed a certified letter (Form D-33 (L)) to the highest elected official of each active functioning government of the United States (more than 39,000) requesting them to identify:

1. All shelters with sleeping facilities (permanent and temporary, such as church basements, armories, public buildings, and so forth, that could be open on March 20).
2. Hotels and motels used to house homeless persons and families.
3. A list of outdoor locations where homeless persons tend to be at night.
4. Places such as bus or train stations, subway stations, airports, hospital emergency rooms, and so forth, where homeless persons seek shelter at night.

5. The specific addresses of abandoned or boarded-up buildings where homeless persons were thought to stay at night.

The letter from the RCC's to the governmental units emphasized the importance of listing night-time congregating sites. The list of shelters was expanded using information from administrative records and informed local sources. The street sites were limited to the list provided by the jurisdictions. All governmental units were eligible for "Shelter and Street Night." For cities with 50,000 or more persons, the Census Bureau took additional steps to update the list of shelter and street locations if the local jurisdiction did not respond to the certified letter. Smaller cities and rural areas participated if the local jurisdiction provided the Census Bureau a list of shelters or open public places to visit or if shelters were identified through our inventory development, local knowledge update, or during the Special Place Prelist operation.

The Census Bureau encouraged persons familiar with homeless persons and the homeless themselves to apply as enumerators. This recruiting effort was particularly successful in larger cities.

For shelters, both long- and short-form Individual Census Reports (ICR's) were distributed. For street enumeration, only short-form ICR's were used. Persons in shelters and at street locations were asked the basic population questions. Additional questions about social and economic characteristics were asked of a sample of persons in shelters only.

Enumerators were instructed *not* to ask who was homeless; rather, they were told to count all persons (including children) staying overnight at the shelters, and everyone they saw on the street except the police, other persons in uniform, and persons engaged in employment or obvious money-making activities other than begging and panhandling.

At both shelter and street sites, persons found sleeping were not awakened to answer questions. Rather, the enumerator answered the sex and race questions by observation and estimated the person's age to the best of his or her ability. In shelters, administrative records and information from the shelter operator were used, when available, for persons who were already asleep.

Less than 1 percent of shelters refused to participate in the census count at first. By the end of the census period, most of those eventually cooperated and the number of refusals had been reduced to a few. For the final refusals, head counts and population characteristics were obtained by enumerators standing outside such shelters and counting people as they left in the morning.

The "street" count was restricted to persons who were visible when the enumerator came to the open, public locations that had been identified by local jurisdictions. Homeless persons who were well hidden, moving about, or in locations other than those identified by the local governments were likely missed. The number missed will never be known and there is no basis to make an estimate

of the number missed from census data. The count of persons in open, public places was affected by many factors, including the extra efforts made to encourage people to go to shelters for "Shelter and Street Night," the weather (which was unusually cold in many parts of the country), the presence of the media, and distrust of the census. Expectations of the number of homeless persons on the street cannot be based on the number seen during the day because the night-time situation is normally very different as more homeless persons are in shelters or very well hidden.

For both "Shelter-and-Street-Night" locations, the Census Bureau assumed that the usual home of those enumerated was in the block where they were found (shelter or street).

The "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation replaced and expanded the 1980 Mission Night (M-Night) and Casual Count operations. These two operations were aimed at counting the population who reported having no usual residence. M-Night was conducted a week after Census Day, in April 1980. Enumerators visited hotels, motels, and similar places costing \$4 or less each night; missions, flophouses, local jails and similar places at which the average length of stay was 30 days or less; and nonshelter locations, such as bus depots, train stations, and all night movie theaters. Questions were asked of everyone, regardless of age. Enumerators conducted M-Night up to midnight on April 8, 1980, and returned the next morning to collect any forms completed after midnight.

The Casual Count operation was conducted in May 1980 at additional nonshelter locations, such as street corners, pool halls, welfare and employment offices. This operation lasted for approximately 2 weeks. Casual Count was conducted during the day only in selected large central cities. Only persons who appeared to be at least 15 years of age were asked if they had been previously enumerated. Casual Count was actually a coverage-improvement operation. It was not specifically an operation to count homeless persons living in the streets. Persons were excluded if they said they had a usual home outside the city because it was not cost effective to check through individual questionnaires in another city to try to find the person.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

Respondents returned many census questionnaires by mail to 1 of over 344 census district offices or to one of six processing offices. In these offices, the questionnaires were "checked in" and edited for completeness and consistency of the responses. After this initial processing had been performed, all questionnaires were sent to the processing offices.

In the processing offices, the household questionnaires were microfilmed and processed by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computers (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied

by the respondent was indicated by filling circles in pre-designated positions. FOSDIC electronically "read" these filled circles from the microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred the information to computer tape. The computer tape did not include individual names, addresses, or handwritten responses.

The data processing was performed in several stages. All questionnaires were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred to computer disk. Selected written entries in the race question on both the short and long forms were keyed from the microfilm and coded using the data base developed from the 1980 census and subsequent content and operational tests. Keying of other written entries on the long forms occurred in the seven processing offices.

The information (for example, income dollar amounts or homeowner shelter costs) on these keyed files was merged with the FOSDIC data or processed further through one of three automated coding programs. The codes for industry, occupation, place-of-birth, migration, place-of-work, ancestry, language, relationship, race, and Hispanic origin were merged with the FOSDIC data for editing, weighting, and tabulating operations at Census Bureau headquarters. All responses to the questions on Individual Census Reports (ICR's), Military Census Reports (MCR's), and Shipboard Census Reports (SCR's) were keyed, not processed by microfilm or FOSDIC.

APPENDIX E.

Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

Your Guide for the 1990 U.S. Census Form

This guide gives helpful information on filling out your census form. If you need more help, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is on the cover of the questionnaire.** After you have filled out your form, please return it in the **envelope** we have provided.

On the inside	Page
How to fill out your census form	2
Example	2
Your answers are confidential	2
Instructions for the census questions	3 – 11
What the census is about	12
Why the census asks certain questions	12

CENSUS '90



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

D-4

How to Fill Out Your Census Form

Please use a black lead pencil only. Black lead pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens. Most questions ask you to fill in the circle, or to print the information. See **Example** below.

Make sure you print answers for everyone in this household. If someone in the household, such as a roomer or boarder, does not want to give you all the information for the form, print at least the person's name and answer questions 2 and 3. A census taker will call to get the other information directly from the person.

There may be a question you cannot answer exactly. For example, you might not know the age of an elderly person or the price for which your house would sell. Ask someone else in your household; if no one knows, give your best estimate.

Instructions for individual questions begin on page 3 of this guide. They will help you to understand the questions and answer them correctly.

If you have a question about filling out the census form or need assistance, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is given on the cover of the questionnaire.**

If you do not mail back your census form, a census taker will be sent out to assist you. But it saves time and your taxpayer dollars if you fill out the form yourself and mail it back.

Example

a. Age	b. Year of birth	a. Age	b. Year of birth
00 00 00 10 10 10 20 20 30 30 40 40 50 50 60 60 70 70 80 80 90 90	1 8 0 0 0 0 9 1 0 1 0 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 9 0 9 0	00 00 00 10 10 10 20 20 30 30 40 40 50 50 60 60 70 70 80 80 90 90	1 8 0 0 0 0 9 1 0 1 0 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 9 0 9 0

Your Answers Are Confidential

The law authorizing the census (Title 13, U.S. Code) also provides that your answers are confidential. No one except census workers may see your completed form and they can be fined and/or imprisoned for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years can your individual census form become available to other government agencies (whether federal, state, county, or local). Until then, no other person or business can see your individual report.

The same law that protects the confidentiality of your answers requires that you provide the information asked in this census to the best of your knowledge.

Information collected from the decennial census is used for a variety of statistical purposes. Census information is used to find out where funding is most needed for schools, health centers, highways, and other services. Census results are used by members of public and private groups—including community organizations—and by businesses and industries, as well as by agencies at all levels of government.

Instructions for Questions 1a through 7

- 1a. List everyone who lives at this address in question 1a. If you are not sure if you should list a person, see the rules on page 1 of the census form. If you are still not sure, answer as best you can and fill in "Yes" for question H1a or H1b, as appropriate.

If there are more than seven people in your household, please list all the persons in question 1a, complete the form for seven people, and mail it back in the enclosed envelope. A census taker will call to obtain the information for the additional persons.

- b. If everyone listed in question 1a usually lives at another address(es), print the address(es) in 1b.
2. Fill one circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1. If **Other relative** of the person in column 1, print the exact relationship such as son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, nephew, niece, mother-in-law, father-in-law, cousin, and so on. If the **Stepson/stepdaughter** of the person in column 1 also has been legally adopted by the person in column 1, mark **Stepson/stepdaughter** but do not mark **Natural-born or adopted son/daughter**. In other words, **Stepson/stepdaughter** takes precedence over **Adopted son/daughter**.
4. Fill ONE circle for the race each person considers himself/herself to be.

If you fill the **Indian (Amer.)** circle, print the name of the tribe or tribes in which the person is enrolled. If the person is not enrolled in a tribe, print the name of the principal tribe(s).

If you fill the **Other API** circle [under **Asian or Pacific Islander (API)**], only print the name of the group to which the person belongs. For example, the **Other API** category includes persons who identify as Burmese, Fijian, Hmong, Indonesian, Laotian, Bangladeshi, Pakistani, Tongan, Thai, Cambodian, Sri Lankan, and so on.

If you fill the **Other race** circle, be sure to print the name of the race.

If the person considers himself/herself to be **White, Black or Negro, Eskimo or Aleut**, fill one circle only. **Please do not print the race in the boxes.**

The **Black or Negro** category also includes persons who identify as African-American, Afro-American, Haitian, Jamaican, West Indian, Nigerian, and so on.

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

5. Print age at last birthday in the space provided (print "00" for babies less than 1 year old). Fill in the matching circle below each box. Also, print year of birth in the space provided. Then fill in the matching circle below each box. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the **Example** on page 2 of this guide.
6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark **Never married**.
7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin if the person's origin (ancestry) is Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Argentinean, Colombian, Costa Rican, Dominican, Ecuadorian, Guatemalan, Honduran, Nicaraguan, Peruvian, Salvadoran, from other Spanish-speaking countries of the Caribbean or Central or South America, or from Spain.

If you fill the **Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic** circle, print one group.

A person who is not of Spanish/Hispanic origin should answer this question by filling the **No (not Spanish/Hispanic)** circle. Note that the term "**Mexican-Am.**" refers only to persons of Mexican origin or ancestry.

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

Instructions for Question H1a through H1b

- H1a. Refer to the list of persons you entered in question 1a on page 1. If you left anyone out of your list because you were not sure if the person(s) should be listed, answer question H1a as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you did not list the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1a as **No**.
- b. If you included anyone on your list even though you were not sure that you should list the person(s), answer question H1b as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you listed the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1b as **No**.

Instructions for Questions H2 through H7b

H2. Fill only one circle.

Count all occupied and vacant apartments in the house or building. Do not count stores or office space.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. *Attached* means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall that goes from ground to roof. An example of **A one-family house attached to one or more houses** is a house in a row of houses attached to one another.

A mobile home or trailer that has had one or more rooms added or built onto it should be counted as a *one-family detached house*; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

H3. Count only whole rooms in your house, apartment, or mobile home used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, foyers, halls, half-rooms, porches, balconies, unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other unfinished space used for storage.

H4. Housing is owned if the owner or co-owner lives in it. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan** if the house, apartment, or mobile home is mortgaged or there is a contract to purchase. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)** if there is no mortgage or other debt. If the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned but the land is rented, mark this question to show the status of the house, apartment, or mobile home.

Mark **Rented for cash rent** if any money rent is paid, even if the rent is paid by persons who are not members of your household, or by a federal, state, or local government agency.

Mark **Occupied without payment of cash rent** if the unit is **not** owned or being bought by the occupants and if money rent is **not** paid or contracted. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. A house or apartment may be provided as part of wages or salary. Examples are: caretaker's or janitor's house or apartment; parsonages; tenant farmer or sharecropper houses for which the occupants do not pay cash rent; or military housing.

H5a. Answer H5a and H5b if you live in a one-family house or a mobile home; include only land that you own or rent.

b. A business is easily recognized from the outside; for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.

H6. If this is a house, include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the land. If this is a condominium unit, estimate the value for your house or apartment including your share of the common elements. If this is a mobile home, include the value of the mobile home and the value of the land. If you rent the land, estimate the value of the rented land and add it to the value of the mobile home.

H7a. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent for your house, apartment, or mobile home is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:	If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
By the day	30	4 times a year	3
By the week	4	2 times a year	6
Every other week	2	Once a year	12

b. Answer **Yes** if meals are included in the monthly rent payment, or you must contract for meals or a meal plan in order to live in this building.

Instructions for Questions H8 through H19b

H8. The person listed in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house, apartment, or mobile home.

H9. Include all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms in this house, apartment, or mobile home, even if they are currently being used for other purposes.

H10. Mark **Yes**, have all three facilities if you have all the facilities mentioned; all facilities must be in your house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time. Mark **No** if any of the three facilities is not present.

H11. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cookstove.

H12. Answer **Yes** only if the telephone is located in your house, apartment, or mobile home.

H13. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks of one-ton capacity or less that are regularly kept at home and used by household members for nonbusiness purposes. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.

H14. Fill the circle for the fuel used most to heat your house, apartment, or mobile home. In buildings containing more than one apartment you may obtain this information from the owner, manager, or janitor.

Solar energy is provided by a system that collects, stores, and distributes heat from the sun. **Other fuel** includes any fuel not separately listed; for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.

H15. If a well provides water for five or more houses, apartments, or mobile homes, mark **A public system**. If a well provides water for four or fewer houses, apartments, or mobile homes, fill one of the circles for **Individual well**.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. **Dug wells** are generally hand dug and are larger than 1½ feet wide.

H16. A **public sewer** may be operated by a government body or private organization. A **septic tank** or **cesspool** is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.

H17. Fill the circle corresponding to the period in which the original construction was completed, not the time of any later remodeling, additions, or conversions. In buildings containing more than one apartment, the owner, manager, or janitor may be of help in determining when the building was built.

If you live in a houseboat or a trailer or mobile home, fill the circle corresponding to the model year in which it was manufactured.

If you do not know the period when the building was first constructed, fill the circle for **Don't know**.

H18. A **condominium** is a type of ownership in which the apartments, houses, or mobile homes in a building or development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. Cooperative occupants should mark **No**.

H19a. Answer H19a and H19b if you live in a one-family house or mobile home.

b. This property is the acreage on which the house is located; it includes adjoining land you rent for your use. Report sales made in 1989 from this property by you or previous occupants.

Instructions for Questions H20 through H26

H20. If your house or apartment is rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels **only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H7a.**

If you live in a condominium, enter the costs for utilities and fuels **only if you pay for them in addition to your condominium fee.**

If your fuel and utility costs are already included in your rent or condominium fee, fill the **Included in rent or in condominium fee** circle. Do not enter any dollar amounts.

The amounts to be reported should be the total amount for the past 12 months. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. If you have lived in this house or apartment less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own house or apartment. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket [] the two utilities.

H21. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions (city or town, county, state, school district, etc.) even if they are included in your mortgage payment, not yet paid or paid by someone else, or are delinquent. Do not include taxes past due from previous years.

H22. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis. Enter the yearly amount even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.

H23a. The word *mortgage* is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans that are secured by real estate.

b. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a to change it to a monthly amount.

Include payments on first mortgages and contracts to purchase only. Payments for second or junior mortgages and home equity loans should be reported in H24b.

H24a. A second or junior mortgage or home equity loan is secured by real estate.

b. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H7a and change it to a monthly amount. Include payments on all second or junior mortgages or home equity loans.

H25. A *condominium fee* is normally assessed by the condominium owners' association for the purpose of improving and maintaining the common areas. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a on how to change it to a monthly amount.

H26. Report amount even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. Include payments for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees and license fees. Do not include real estate taxes already reported in H21. The amount to be reported should be the total amount for an entire 12-month billing period even if made in two or more installments. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Instructions for Question 8

8. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person was born. If the person was born in Washington, D.C., print District of Columbia. If the person was born in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas.

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the name of the foreign country or area where the person was born. Use current boundaries, not boundaries at the time of the person's birth. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland, or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies).

Instructions for Questions 9 through 13

9. A person should fill the **Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization** circle only if he/she has completed the naturalization process and is now a United States citizen. If the person was born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas, he/she should fill the **Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas** circle. If the person was born outside the United States (or at sea) and has at least one American parent, he/she should fill the **Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents** circle.

10. If the person has entered the United States (that is, the 50 states and the District of Columbia) more than once, fill the circle for the latest year he/she came to stay.

11. Do not include enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college.

A *public school* is any school or college that is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government. Schools are private if supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups.

12. Mark the category for the highest grade or level of schooling the person has **successfully completed** or the **highest degree** the person received. If the person is enrolled in school, mark the category containing the highest grade completed (the grade previous to the grade in which enrolled). Schooling completed in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American school system.

Persons who completed high school by passing an equivalency test, such as the General Educational Development (GED) examination, and did not attend college, should fill the circle for high school graduate.

Do not include vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges unless they were college level associate degrees or higher.

Some examples of *professional school degrees* include medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology. Do not include barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade.

Do not include honorary degrees awarded by colleges and universities to individuals for their accomplishments. Include only "earned" degrees.

13. Print the ancestry group. Ancestry refers to the person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage. Ancestry also may refer to the country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

Persons who have more than one origin and cannot identify with a single ancestry group may report two ancestry groups (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific. For example, print whether West Indian, Asian Indian, or American Indian. West Indian includes persons whose ancestors came from Jamaica, Trinidad, Haiti, etc. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese; French Canadian from Canadian; and Dominican Republic from Dominica Island.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

Instructions for Questions 14a through 19

- 14a.** Mark **Yes** if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1985, even if he/she moved away and came back since then. Mark **No** if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different lot or trailer site).

- b.** If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1985, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.

Part (1)

If the person lived in the United States on April 1, 1985, print the name of the State (or District of Columbia) where he or she lived. Continue with parts (2) through (4).

If the person lived in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print the name of the territory or commonwealth, such as Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas. Then go to question 15a.

If the person lived outside the United States, print the name of the foreign country or area where he or she lived. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies). Then go to question 15a.

Part (2)

If the person lived in Louisiana, print the parish name. If the person lived in Alaska, print the borough name. If the person lived in New York city and the county name is not known, print the borough name. If the person lived in an independent city (not in any county) or in Washington, D.C., leave blank and enter the city name in part (3).

Part (3)

If the person lived in New England, print the name of the town rather than the village name, unless the name of the town is not known. If the person lived outside the limits or boundaries of any city or town, print the name of the post office or the nearest town and mark **No, lived outside the city/town limits** in part (4).

Part (4)

Mark **Yes** if the location is now inside the city/town limits even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1985; that is, if the area was annexed by the city/town since that time.

- 15.** Mark **Yes** if the person sometimes or always speaks a language other than English at home.

Do not mark **Yes** for a language spoken only at school or if speaking is limited to a few expressions or slang.

Print the name of the language spoken at home. If this person speaks more than one non-English language and cannot determine which is spoken more often, report the first language the person learned to speak.

- 17a.** For a person with service in the National Guard or a military reserve unit, fill one of the two **Yes, active duty** circles if and only if the person has ever been called up for active duty other than training; otherwise, mark **Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only**. For a person whose only service was as a civilian employee or volunteer for the Red Cross, USO, Public Health Service, or War or Defense Department, mark **No**. Count **World War II Merchant Marine Seaman service** as active duty; do **not** count other Merchant Marine service as active duty.

- 18.** Mark **Yes** to part (a) if a health condition substantially limits this person in his or her choice of occupation or if the condition limits the amount of work that can be accomplished in a given period of time. Mark **Yes** to part (b) if the health condition prevents this person from holding any significant employment.

- 19.** Consider a person to have difficulty with these activities if any of the following situations apply: (1) it takes extra time or extra effort for the person to perform one or more of the activities, (2) there are times when the person cannot perform one or more of the activities, or (3) the person is completely unable to perform one or more of the activities.

Instructions for Questions 20 through 23b

- 20.** Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with you. Do not include miscarriages or stillborn children or any adopted, foster, or stepchildren.

21a. Count as work — Mark **Yes**:

- Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.
- Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.
- Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.
- Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work — Mark **No**:

- Housework or yard work at home.
- Unpaid volunteer work.
- School work.
- Work done as a resident of an institution.

- 22a.** Include the street type (for example, St., Road, Ave.) and the street direction (if a direction such as "North" is part of the address). For example, print 1239 N. Main St. or 1239 Main St., N.W. not just 1239 Main.

If the only known address is a post office box, give a description of the work location. For example, print the name of the building or shopping center where the person works, the nearest intersection, the nearest street where the workplace is located, etc. **DO NOT GIVE A POST OFFICE BOX NUMBER.**

If the person worked at a military installation or military base that has no street address, report the name of the military installation or base.

If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), print the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked. If the exact address of a school is not known, print the name of the school.

If the person worked on a college or university campus and the exact address of the workplace is not known, print the name of the building where he or she worked.

- d.** If the person worked in New York city and the county is not known, print the name of the borough where the person worked.

If the person worked in Louisiana, print the name of the parish where the person worked.

If the person worked in Alaska, print the name of the borough where the person worked.

- e.** If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 22e and leave the other parts of question 22 blank.

- 23a.** If the person usually used more than one type of transportation to get to work (for example, rode the bus and transferred to the subway), fill the circle of the one method of transportation that he/she used for most of the distance during the trip.

- b.** If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination, fill the circle for **Drove alone**.

DO NOT include persons who rode to school or some other nonwork destination in the count of persons who rode in the vehicle.

Instructions for Questions 24a through 30

- 24a.** Give the time of day the person usually *left home to go to work*. DO NOT give the time that the person usually began his or her work.

If the person usually left home to go to work sometime between 12:00 o'clock midnight and 12:00 o'clock noon, fill the **a.m.** circle.

If the person usually left home to go to work sometime between 12:00 o'clock noon and 12:00 o'clock midnight, fill the **p.m.** circle.

- b.** Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation or picking up passengers in a carpool.
- 25.** If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-by-day basis when work is available, mark **No**.
- 26a.** Mark **Yes** if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last 4 weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
- b.** Mark **No, already has a job** if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.
- Mark **No, temporarily ill** if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.
- Mark **No, other reasons** if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.
- 27.** Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work. Mark **Never worked** if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm, and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a.** If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that had no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his/her own business, print "self-employed."
- b.** Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a did. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person worked. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what to enter:

Enter a description like the following –

Metal furniture manufacturing
Retail grocery store
Petroleum refining
Cattle ranch

Do not enter –

Furniture company
Grocery store
Oil company
Ranch

- 29.** Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person did. If the person was a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description. Some examples of what to enter:

Enter a description like the following –

Production clerk
Carpenter's helper
Auto engine mechanic
Registered nurse

Do not enter –

Clerk
Helper
Mechanic
Nurse

- 30.** Mark **Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT . . . organization** if the person worked for a cooperative, credit union, mutual insurance company, or similar organization.

Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, and other international organizations should mark **PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT . . . organization**.

For persons who worked at a public school, college or university, mark the appropriate government category; for example, mark **State GOVERNMENT employee** for a state university, or mark **Local GOVERNMENT employee** for a county-run community college or a city-run public school.

Instructions for Questions 31a through 32h

- 31a.** Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work.

- b.** Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.

- 32.** Fill the **Yes** or **No** circle for each part and enter the amount received during 1989.

If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report, if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and fill the **No** circle for the other person.

- a.** Include wages and salaries from *all jobs before* deductions. Be sure to include any tips, commissions, or bonuses. Owners of *incorporated* businesses should enter their salary here. Military personnel should include base pay plus cash housing and/or subsistence allowance, flight pay, uniform allotments, reenlistment bonuses, etc.

- b.** Include **NONFARM** profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. *Exclude* profit (or loss) of incorporated businesses you own.

- c.** Include **FARM** profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. *Exclude* profit (or loss) of incorporated farm businesses you own. *Also exclude* amounts from land rented for cash but include amounts from land rented for shares.

- d.** Include interest received or credited to checking and savings accounts, money market funds, certificates of deposit (CDs), IRAs, KEOGHs, and government bonds.

Include dividends received, credited, or reinvested from ownership of stocks or mutual funds.

Include profit (or loss) from royalties and the rental of land, buildings or real estate, or from roomers or boarders. Income received by self-employed persons whose *primary* source of income is from renting property or from royalties should be included in questions 32b or 32c above. Include regular payments from an estate or trust fund.

- e.** Include Social Security (and/or Railroad Retirement) payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers, and to disabled workers before Medicare deductions.

- f.** Include Supplemental Security Income received by aged, blind, or disabled persons, Aid to Families with Dependent Children, or income from other government programs such as general or emergency assistance. Do not include assistance received from private charities. *Exclude* assistance to pay for heating (cooling) costs.

- g.** Include retirement, disability, or survivor benefits received from companies and unions; Federal, State, and local governments, and the U.S. military. Include regular income from annuities and IRA or KEOGH retirement plans.

- h.** Include Veterans' (VA) disability compensation and educational assistance payments (VEAP), unemployment compensation, child support or alimony, and all other regular payments such as Armed Forces transfer payments; assistance from private charities; regular contributions from persons not living in the household, etc.

Do not include the following as income in any item:

- Refunds or rebates of any kind
- Withdrawals from savings of any kind
- Capital gains or losses from the sale of homes, shares of stock, etc.
- Inheritances or insurance settlements
- Any type of loan
- Pay in-kind such as food, free rent, etc.

What the Census Is About — Some Questions and Answers

Why are we taking a census?

The most important reason for taking a decennial census is to determine how many representatives each state will have in Congress.

What does the Census Bureau do with the information you provide?

The individual information collected in the census is grouped together into statistical totals. Information such as the number of persons in a given area, their ages, educational background, the characteristics of their housing, etc., enable government, business, and industry to plan more effectively.

How long have we been taking the census?

The first census was taken in 1790 in accordance with the requirement in the first article of the constitution. A census has been taken every 10 years since. The 1990 Decennial Census marks the 200th anniversary of the census.

How are you being counted?

Census forms are delivered to all households a few days before census day. Households are requested to fill out the form and mail it back to the census office.

Why the Census Asks Certain Questions

Here are a few reasons for asking some of the questions.

It is as important to get information about people and their houses as it is to count them.

Name?

Names help make sure that everyone in a household is counted, but that no one is counted twice.

Value or rent?

Government and planning agencies use answers to these questions in combination with other information to develop housing programs to meet the needs of people at different economic levels.

Complete plumbing?

This question gives information on the quality of housing. The data are used with other statistics to show how the "level of living" compares in various areas and how it has changed over time.

Place of birth?

This question provides information used to study long-term trends as to where people move and to study migration patterns and differences in growth patterns.

Job?

Answers to the questions about the jobs people hold provide information on the extent and types of employment in different areas of the country. From this information, training programs can be developed and the need for new industries can be determined.

Income?

Income, more than anything else, determines how families or persons live. Income information makes it possible to compare the economic levels of different areas.

CENSUS '90

OFFICIAL 1990 U.S. CENSUS FORM



Thank you for taking time to complete and return this census questionnaire. It's important to you, your community, and the Nation.

The law requires answers but guarantees privacy.

By law (Title 13, U.S. Code), you're required to answer the census questions to the best of your knowledge. However, the same law guarantees that your census form remains confidential. For 72 years—or until the year 2062—only Census Bureau employees can see your form. No one else—no other government body, no police department, no court system or welfare agency—is permitted to see this confidential information under any circumstances.

How to get started—and get help.

Start by listing on the next page the names of all the people who live in your home. Please answer all questions with a black lead pencil. You'll find detailed instructions for answering the census in the enclosed guide. If you need additional help, call the toll-free telephone number to the left, near your address.

Please answer and return your form promptly.

Complete your form and return it by April 1, 1990 in the postage-paid envelope provided. Avoid the inconvenience of having a census taker visit your home.

Again, thank you for answering the 1990 Census.
Remember: Return the completed form by April 1, 1990.

Para personas de habla hispana -

(For Spanish-speaking persons)

Si usted desea un cuestionario del censo en español, llame sin cargo alguno al siguiente número: **1-800-CUENTAN**
(o sea 1-800-283-6826)

U.S. Department of Commerce
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
FORM D-2

OMB No. 0607-0628
Approval Expires 07/31/91

The 1990 census must count every person at his or her "usual residence." This means the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time.

1a. List on the numbered lines below the name of each person living here on Sunday, April 1, including all persons staying here who have no other home. If EVERYONE at this address is staying here temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, follow the instructions given in question 1b below.

Include

- Everyone who usually lives here such as family members, housemates and roommates, foster children, roomers, boarders, and live-in employees
- Persons who are temporarily away on a business trip, on vacation, or in a general hospital
- College students who stay here while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live here
- Newborn babies still in the hospital
- Children in boarding schools below the college level
- Persons who stay here most of the week while working even if they have a home somewhere else
- Persons with no other home who are staying here on April 1

Do NOT include

- Persons who usually live somewhere else
- Persons who are away in an institution such as a prison, mental hospital, or a nursing home
- College students who live somewhere else while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live somewhere else
- Persons who stay somewhere else most of the week while working

Print last name, first name, and middle initial for each person. Begin on line 1 with the household member (or one of the household members) in whose name this house or apartment is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, start on line 1 with any adult household member.

LAST	FIRST	INITIAL	LAST	FIRST	INITIAL
<u>1</u>			<u>7</u>		
<u>2</u>			<u>8</u>		
<u>3</u>			<u>9</u>		
<u>4</u>			<u>10</u>		
<u>5</u>			<u>11</u>		
<u>6</u>			<u>12</u>		

1b. If EVERYONE is staying here only temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, list the name of each person on the numbered lines above, fill this circle ☐ and print their usual address below. DO NOT PRINT THE ADDRESS LISTED ON THE FRONT COVER.

House number	Street or road/Rural route and box number	Apartment number
City	State	ZIP Code
County or foreign country	Names of nearest intersecting streets or roads	

NOW PLEASE OPEN THE FLAP TO PAGE 2 AND ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS FOR THE FIRST 7 PEOPLE LISTED. USE A BLACK LEAD PENCIL ONLY.

<p>Please fill one column → for each person listed in Question 1a on page 1.</p>	PERSON 1		PERSON 2	
	Last name		Last name	
<p>2. How is this person related to PERSON 1? Fill ONE circle for each person. If Other relative of person in column 1, fill circle and print exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, grandparent, son-in-law, niece, cousin, and so on.</p>	<p>START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented.</p> <p>If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.</p>		<p>If a RELATIVE of Person 1:</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Husband/wife <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister <input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter <input type="radio"/> Father/mother <input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter <input type="radio"/> Grandchild <input type="radio"/> Other relative</p> <p>If NOT RELATED to Person 1:</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner <input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative</p>	
<p>3. Sex Fill ONE circle for each person.</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female</p>	
<p>4. Race Fill ONE circle for the race that the person considers himself/herself to be. If Indian (Amer.), print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe. If Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API), print one group, for example: Hmong, Fijian, Laotian, Thai, Tongan, Pakistani, Cambodian, and so on. If Other race, print race.</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API) <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other API <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race)</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API) <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other API <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race)</p>	
<p>5. Age and year of birth a. Print each person's age at last birthday. Fill in the matching circle below each box. b. Print each person's year of birth and fill the matching circle below each box.</p>	<p>a. Age b. Year of birth</p> <p>0 0 0 0 0 1 8 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9</p>		<p>a. Age b. Year of birth</p> <p>0 0 0 0 0 1 8 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9</p>	
<p>6. Marital status Fill ONE circle for each person.</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced</p>	
<p>7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin? Fill ONE circle for each person. If Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic, print one group.</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.)</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano <input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.)</p>	
<p>FOR CENSUS USE →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p>		<p><input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p>	

NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1a--H26 FOR THIS HOUSEHOLD

PERSON 7		H1a. Did you leave anyone out of your list of persons for Question 1a on page 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, someone temporarily away on a business trip or vacation, a newborn baby still in the hospital, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home?		If this is a ONE-FAMILY HOUSE — H5a. Is this house on ten or more acres?	
Last name _____		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes, please print the name(s) and reason(s). _____ <input type="checkbox"/> No		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Print name _____ Middle initial _____					
If a RELATIVE of Person 1: <input type="checkbox"/> Husband/wife <input type="checkbox"/> Brother/sister <input type="checkbox"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter <input type="checkbox"/> Father/mother <input type="checkbox"/> Stepson/stepdaughter <input type="checkbox"/> Grandchild <input type="checkbox"/> Other relative _____		b. Did you include anyone in your list of persons for Question 1a on page 1 even though you were not sure that the person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person who usually lives somewhere else? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, please print the name(s) and reason(s). _____ <input type="checkbox"/> No		b. Is there a business (such as a store or barber shop) or a medical office on this property? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
If NOT RELATED to Person 1: <input type="checkbox"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="checkbox"/> Unmarried partner <input type="checkbox"/> Housemate, roommate <input type="checkbox"/> Other nonrelative _____					
<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female		H2. Which best describes this building? Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant. <input type="checkbox"/> A mobile home or trailer <input type="checkbox"/> A one-family house detached from any other house <input type="checkbox"/> A one-family house attached to one or more houses <input type="checkbox"/> A building with 2 apartments <input type="checkbox"/> A building with 3 or 4 apartments <input type="checkbox"/> A building with 5 to 9 apartments <input type="checkbox"/> A building with 10 to 19 apartments <input type="checkbox"/> A building with 20 to 49 apartments <input type="checkbox"/> A building with 50 or more apartments <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		Answer only if you or someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING this house or apartment — H6. What is the value of this property; that is, how much do you think this house and lot or condominium unit would sell for if it were for sale? <input type="checkbox"/> Less than \$10,000 <input type="checkbox"/> \$70,000 to \$74,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$10,000 to \$14,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$75,000 to \$79,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$15,000 to \$19,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$80,000 to \$89,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$20,000 to \$24,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$90,000 to \$99,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$25,000 to \$29,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$100,000 to \$124,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$30,000 to \$34,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$125,000 to \$149,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$35,000 to \$39,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$150,000 to \$174,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$40,000 to \$44,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$175,000 to \$199,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$45,000 to \$49,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$200,000 to \$249,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$50,000 to \$54,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$250,000 to \$299,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$55,000 to \$59,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$300,000 to \$399,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$60,000 to \$64,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$400,000 to \$499,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$65,000 to \$69,999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$500,000 or more	
<input type="checkbox"/> White <input type="checkbox"/> Black or Negro <input type="checkbox"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Eskimo <input type="checkbox"/> Aleut <input type="checkbox"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API) <input type="checkbox"/> Chinese <input type="checkbox"/> Japanese <input type="checkbox"/> Filipino <input type="checkbox"/> Asian Indian <input type="checkbox"/> Hawaiian <input type="checkbox"/> Samoan <input type="checkbox"/> Korean <input type="checkbox"/> Guamanian <input type="checkbox"/> Vietnamese <input type="checkbox"/> Other API _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Other race (Print race) _____					
a. Age _____ b. Year of birth _____		H3. How many rooms do you have in this house or apartment? Do NOT count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. <input type="checkbox"/> 1 room <input type="checkbox"/> 4 rooms <input type="checkbox"/> 7 rooms <input type="checkbox"/> 2 rooms <input type="checkbox"/> 5 rooms <input type="checkbox"/> 8 rooms <input type="checkbox"/> 3 rooms <input type="checkbox"/> 6 rooms <input type="checkbox"/> 9 or more rooms		Answer only if you PAY RENT for this house or apartment — H7a. What is the monthly rent? <input type="checkbox"/> Less than \$80 <input type="checkbox"/> \$375 to \$399 <input type="checkbox"/> \$80 to \$99 <input type="checkbox"/> \$400 to \$424 <input type="checkbox"/> \$100 to \$124 <input type="checkbox"/> \$425 to \$449 <input type="checkbox"/> \$125 to \$149 <input type="checkbox"/> \$450 to \$474 <input type="checkbox"/> \$150 to \$174 <input type="checkbox"/> \$475 to \$499 <input type="checkbox"/> \$175 to \$199 <input type="checkbox"/> \$500 to \$524 <input type="checkbox"/> \$200 to \$224 <input type="checkbox"/> \$525 to \$549 <input type="checkbox"/> \$225 to \$249 <input type="checkbox"/> \$550 to \$599 <input type="checkbox"/> \$250 to \$274 <input type="checkbox"/> \$600 to \$649 <input type="checkbox"/> \$275 to \$299 <input type="checkbox"/> \$650 to \$699 <input type="checkbox"/> \$300 to \$324 <input type="checkbox"/> \$700 to \$749 <input type="checkbox"/> \$325 to \$349 <input type="checkbox"/> \$750 to \$999 <input type="checkbox"/> \$350 to \$374 <input type="checkbox"/> \$1,000 or more	
H4. Is this house or apartment — <input type="checkbox"/> Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan? <input type="checkbox"/> Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)? <input type="checkbox"/> Rented for cash rent? <input type="checkbox"/> Occupied without payment of cash rent?					
<input type="checkbox"/> Now married <input type="checkbox"/> Separated <input type="checkbox"/> Widowed <input type="checkbox"/> Never married <input type="checkbox"/> Divorced		FOR CENSUS USE			
<input type="checkbox"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, Puerto Rican <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, Cuban <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinian, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) _____		A. Total persons _____		B. Type of unit <input type="checkbox"/> Occupied <input type="checkbox"/> Vacant <input type="checkbox"/> First form <input type="checkbox"/> Regular <input type="checkbox"/> Conf'n <input type="checkbox"/> Usual home elsewhere	
		D. Months vacant <input type="checkbox"/> Less than 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 6 up to 12 <input type="checkbox"/> 1 up to 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 12 up to 24 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 up to 6 <input type="checkbox"/> 24 or more		G. DO ID _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> 5 <input type="checkbox"/> 6 <input type="checkbox"/> 7 <input type="checkbox"/> 8 <input type="checkbox"/> 9		E. Complete after <input type="checkbox"/> LR <input type="checkbox"/> TC <input type="checkbox"/> QA <input type="checkbox"/> JC1 <input type="checkbox"/> P/F <input type="checkbox"/> RE <input type="checkbox"/> I/T <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> MV <input type="checkbox"/> ED <input type="checkbox"/> EN <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> P0 <input type="checkbox"/> P3 <input type="checkbox"/> P6 <input type="checkbox"/> JC2 <input type="checkbox"/> P1 <input type="checkbox"/> P4 <input type="checkbox"/> IA <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> P2 <input type="checkbox"/> P5 <input type="checkbox"/> SM <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> 5 <input type="checkbox"/> 6 <input type="checkbox"/> 7 <input type="checkbox"/> 8 <input type="checkbox"/> 9	
		F. Cov. <input type="checkbox"/> 1b <input type="checkbox"/> 1a <input type="checkbox"/> 7 <input type="checkbox"/> H1		<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> 5 <input type="checkbox"/> 6 <input type="checkbox"/> 7 <input type="checkbox"/> 8 <input type="checkbox"/> 9	
<input type="checkbox"/> C1. Vacancy status <input type="checkbox"/> For rent <input type="checkbox"/> For seas/rec/occ <input type="checkbox"/> For sale only <input type="checkbox"/> For migrant workers <input type="checkbox"/> Rented or sold, not occupied <input type="checkbox"/> Other vacant		<input type="checkbox"/> C2. Is this unit boarded up? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No			

<p>H8. When did the person listed in column 1 on page 2 move into this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> 1989 or 1990 <input type="radio"/> 1985 to 1988 <input type="radio"/> 1980 to 1984 <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1979 <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969 <input type="radio"/> 1959 or earlier </p>	<p>H14. Which FUEL is used MOST for heating this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood <input type="radio"/> Gas: bottled, tank, or LP <input type="radio"/> Electricity <input type="radio"/> Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. <input type="radio"/> Coal or coke <input type="radio"/> Wood <input type="radio"/> Solar energy <input type="radio"/> Other fuel <input type="radio"/> No fuel used </p>	<p>H20. What are the yearly costs of utilities and fuels for this house or apartment? If you have lived here less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.</p> <p>a. Electricity</p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00 Yearly cost — Dollars </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee <input type="radio"/> No charge or electricity not used </p>
<p>H9. How many bedrooms do you have; that is, how many bedrooms would you list if this house or apartment were on the market for sale or rent?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> No bedroom <input type="radio"/> 1 bedroom <input type="radio"/> 2 bedrooms <input type="radio"/> 3 bedrooms <input type="radio"/> 4 bedrooms <input type="radio"/> 5 or more bedrooms </p>	<p>H15. Do you get water from —</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> A public system such as a city water department, or private company? <input type="radio"/> An individual drilled well? <input type="radio"/> An individual dug well? <input type="radio"/> Some other source such as a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.? </p>	<p>b. Gas</p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00 Yearly cost — Dollars </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee <input type="radio"/> No charge or gas not used </p>
<p>H10. Do you have COMPLETE plumbing facilities in this house or apartment; that is, 1) hot and cold piped water, 2) a flush toilet, and 3) a bathtub or shower?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes, have all three facilities <input type="radio"/> No </p>	<p>H16. Is this building connected to a public sewer?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes, connected to public sewer <input type="radio"/> No, connected to septic tank or cesspool <input type="radio"/> No, use other means </p>	<p>c. Water</p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00 Yearly cost — Dollars </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee <input type="radio"/> No charge </p>
<p>H11. Do you have COMPLETE kitchen facilities; that is, 1) a sink with piped water, 2) a range or cookstove, and 3) a refrigerator?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No </p>	<p>H17. About when was this building first built?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> 1989 or 1990 <input type="radio"/> 1985 to 1988 <input type="radio"/> 1980 to 1984 <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1979 <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969 <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959 <input type="radio"/> 1940 to 1949 <input type="radio"/> 1939 or earlier <input type="radio"/> Don't know </p>	<p>d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.</p> <p> <input type="text"/> \$ <input type="text"/> .00 Yearly cost — Dollars </p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee <input type="radio"/> No charge or these fuels not used </p>
<p>H12. Do you have a telephone in this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No </p>	<p>H18. Is this house or apartment part of a condominium?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No </p> <p><i>If you live in an apartment building, skip to H20.</i></p>	
<p>H13. How many automobiles, vans, and trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 or more </p>	<p>H19a. Is this house on less than 1 acre?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes — Skip to H20 <input type="radio"/> No </p> <p>b. In 1989, what were the actual sales of all agricultural products from this property?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> \$1 to \$999 <input type="radio"/> \$1,000 to \$2,499 <input type="radio"/> \$2,500 to \$4,999 <input type="radio"/> \$5,000 to \$9,999 <input type="radio"/> \$10,000 or more </p>	

INSTRUCTION:

Answer questions H21 TO H26, if this is a one-family house, a condominium, or a mobile home that someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING; otherwise, go to page 6.

H21. What were the real estate taxes on THIS property last year?

\$.00
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ None

H22. What was the annual payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on THIS property?

\$.00
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ None

H23a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on THIS property?

- ☐ Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt } Go to H23b
☐ Yes, contract to purchase }
☐ No — Skip to H24a

b. How much is your regular monthly mortgage payment on THIS property? Include payment only on first mortgage or contract to purchase.

\$.00
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ No regular payment required — Skip to H24a

c. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for real estate taxes on THIS property?

- ☐ Yes, taxes included in payment
☐ No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required

d. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for fire, hazard, or flood insurance on THIS property?

- ☐ Yes, insurance included in payment
☐ No, insurance paid separately or no insurance

H24a. Do you have a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan on THIS property?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No — Skip to H25

b. How much is your regular monthly payment on all second or junior mortgages and all home equity loans?

\$.00
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ No regular payment required

Answer ONLY if this is a CONDOMINIUM —

H25. What is the monthly condominium fee?

\$.00
Monthly amount — Dollars

Answer ONLY if this is a MOBILE HOME —

H26. What was the total cost for personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees on this mobile home and its site last year? Exclude real estate taxes.

\$.00
Yearly amount — Dollars

Please turn to page 6. ➔

PERSON 1			
Last name	First name	Middle initial	
8. In what U.S. State or foreign country was this person born?		14a. Did this person live in this house or apartment 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)?	
<input type="text"/> (Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.)		<input type="radio"/> Born after April 1, 1985 — Go to questions for the next person <input type="radio"/> Yes — Skip to 15a <input type="radio"/> No	
9. Is this person a CITIZEN of the United States?		b. Where did this person live 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)?	
<input type="radio"/> Yes, born in the United States — Skip to 11 <input type="radio"/> Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas <input type="radio"/> Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents <input type="radio"/> Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization <input type="radio"/> No, not a citizen of the United States		(1) Name of U.S. State or foreign country	
		<input type="text"/> (If outside U.S., print answer above and skip to 15a.)	
		(2) Name of county in the U.S.	
		<input type="text"/>	
		(3) Name of city or town in the U.S.	
		<input type="text"/>	
		(4) Did this person live inside the city or town limits?	
		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No, lived outside the city/town limits	
10. When did this person come to the United States to stay?		15a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?	
<input type="radio"/> 1987 to 1990 <input type="radio"/> 1985 or 1986 <input type="radio"/> 1982 to 1984 <input type="radio"/> 1980 or 1981 <input type="radio"/> 1975 to 1979		<input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1974 <input type="radio"/> 1965 to 1969 <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1964 <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959 <input type="radio"/> Before 1950	
		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No — Skip to 16	
11. At any time since February 1, 1990, has this person attended regular school or college? Include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or a college degree.		b. What is this language?	
<input type="radio"/> No, has not attended since February 1 <input type="radio"/> Yes, public school, public college <input type="radio"/> Yes, private school, private college		<input type="text"/> (For example: Chinese, Italian, Spanish, Vietnamese)	
12. How much school has this person COMPLETED? Fill ONE circle for the highest level COMPLETED or degree RECEIVED. If currently enrolled, mark the level of previous grade attended or highest degree received.		c. How well does this person speak English?	
<input type="radio"/> No school completed <input type="radio"/> Nursery school <input type="radio"/> Kindergarten <input type="radio"/> 1st, 2nd, 3rd, or 4th grade <input type="radio"/> 5th, 6th, 7th, or 8th grade <input type="radio"/> 9th grade <input type="radio"/> 10th grade <input type="radio"/> 11th grade <input type="radio"/> 12th grade, NO DIPLOMA <input type="radio"/> HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE — high school DIPLOMA or the equivalent (For example: GED) <input type="radio"/> Some college but no degree <input type="radio"/> Associate degree in college — Occupational program <input type="radio"/> Associate degree in college — Academic program <input type="radio"/> Bachelor's degree (For example: BA, AB, BS) <input type="radio"/> Master's degree (For example: MA, MS, MEng, MEd, MSW, MBA) <input type="radio"/> Professional school degree (For example: MD, DDS, DVM, LLB, JD) <input type="radio"/> Doctorate degree (For example: PhD, EdD)		<input type="radio"/> Very well <input type="radio"/> Well <input type="radio"/> Not well <input type="radio"/> Not at all	
13. What is this person's ancestry or ethnic origin? (See instruction guide for further information.)		16. When was this person born?	
<input type="text"/> (For example: German, Italian, Afro-Amer., Croatian, Cape Verdean, Dominican, Ecuadorian, Haitian, Cajun, French Canadian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Irish, Polish, Slovak, Taiwanese, Thai, Ukrainian, etc.)		<input type="radio"/> Born before April 1, 1975 — Go to 17a <input type="radio"/> Born April 1, 1975 or later — Go to questions for the next person	
		17a. Has this person ever been on active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States or ever been in the United States military Reserves or the National Guard? If service was in Reserves or National Guard only, see instruction guide.	
		<input type="radio"/> Yes, now on active duty <input type="radio"/> Yes, on active duty in past, but not now <input type="radio"/> Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only — Skip to 18 <input type="radio"/> No — Skip to 18	
		b. Was active-duty military service during — Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.	
		<input type="radio"/> September 1980 or later <input type="radio"/> May 1975 to August 1980 <input type="radio"/> Vietnam era (August 1964–April 1975) <input type="radio"/> February 1955–July 1964 <input type="radio"/> Korean conflict (June 1950–January 1955) <input type="radio"/> World War II (September 1940–July 1947) <input type="radio"/> World War I (April 1917–November 1918) <input type="radio"/> Any other time	
		c. In total, how many years of active-duty military service has this person had?	
		<input type="text"/> Years	
		18. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months and which —	
		a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
		b. Prevents this person from working at a job? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
		19. Because of a health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months, does this person have any difficulty —	
		a. Going outside the home alone, for example, to shop or visit a doctor's office? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
		b. Taking care of his or her own personal needs, such as bathing, dressing, or getting around inside the home? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
		If this person is a female —	
		20. How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren or children she has adopted. None 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	
		21a. Did this person work at any time LAST WEEK?	
		<input type="radio"/> Yes — Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.) <input type="radio"/> No — Fill this circle if this person did not work, or did only own housework, school work, or volunteer work. — Skip to 25	
		b. How many hours did this person work LAST WEEK (at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.	
		<input type="text"/> Hours	
		22. At what location did this person work LAST WEEK? If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.	
		a. Address (Number and street)	
		<input type="text"/> (If the exact address is not known, give a description of the location such as the building name or the nearest street or intersection.)	
		b. Name of city, town, or post office	
		<input type="text"/>	
		c. Is the work location inside the limits of that city or town?	
		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No, outside the city/town limits	
		d. County	
		<input type="text"/>	
		e. State	
		<input type="text"/>	
		f. ZIP Code	
		<input type="text"/>	

23a. How did this person usually get to work LAST WEEK? If this person usually used more than one method of transportation during the trip, fill the circle of the one used for most of the distance.

- ☐ Car, truck, or van ☐ Motorcycle
☐ Bus or trolley bus ☐ Bicycle
☐ Streetcar or trolley car ☐ Walked
☐ Subway or elevated ☐ Worked at home
☐ Railroad ☐ Skip to 28
☐ Ferryboat ☐ Other method
☐ Taxicab ☐

If "car, truck, or van" is marked in 23a, go to 23b. Otherwise, skip to 24a.

b. How many people, including this person, usually rode to work in the car, truck, or van LAST WEEK?

- ☐ Drove alone ☐ 5 people
☐ 2 people ☐ 6 people
☐ 3 people ☐ 7 to 9 people
☐ 4 people ☐ 10 or more people

24a. What time did this person usually leave home to go to work LAST WEEK?

- ☐ a.m.
☐ p.m.

b. How many minutes did it usually take this person to get from home to work LAST WEEK?

Minutes — Skip to 28

25. Was this person TEMPORARILY absent or on layoff from a job or business LAST WEEK?

- ☐ Yes, on layoff
☐ Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.
☐ No

26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No — Skip to 27

b. Could this person have taken a job LAST WEEK if one had been offered?

- ☐ No, already has a job
☐ No, temporarily ill
☐ No, other reasons (in school, etc.)
☐ Yes, could have taken a job

27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?

- ☐ 1990 ☐ 1980 to 1984
☐ 1989 ☐ 1979 or earlier
☐ 1988 ☐ Never worked
☐ 1985 to 1987

28-30. CURRENT OR MOST RECENT JOB ACTIVITY. Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give information for his/her last job or business since 1985.

28. Industry or Employer

a. For whom did this person work?

If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, fill this circle — ☐ and print the branch of the Armed Forces.

(Name of company, business, or other employer)

b. What kind of business or industry was this?

Describe the activity at location where employed.

(For example: hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, retail bakery)

c. Is this mainly — Fill ONE circle

- ☐ Manufacturing ☐ Other (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)
☐ Wholesale trade
☐ Retail trade

29. Occupation

a. What kind of work was this person doing?

(For example: registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, cake icer)

b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?

(For example: patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, icing cakes)

30. Was this person — Fill ONE circle

- ☐ Employee of a PRIVATE FOR PROFIT company or business or of an individual, for wages, salary, or commissions
☐ Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT, tax-exempt, or charitable organization
☐ Local GOVERNMENT employee (city, county, etc.)
☐ State GOVERNMENT employee
☐ Federal GOVERNMENT employee
☐ SELF-EMPLOYED in own NOT INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm
☐ SELF-EMPLOYED in own INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm
☐ Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm

31a. Last year (1989), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No — Skip to 32

b. How many weeks did this person work in 1989?

Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.

Weeks

c. During the weeks WORKED in 1989, how many hours did this person usually work each week?

Hours

32. INCOME IN 1989 —

Fill the "Yes" circle below for each income source received during 1989. Otherwise, fill the "No" circle. If "Yes," enter the total amount received during 1989. For income received jointly, see instruction guide. If exact amount is not known, please give best estimate. If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.

a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from all jobs — Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Annual amount — Dollars

b. Self-employment income from own nonfarm business, including proprietorship and partnership — Report NET income after business expenses.

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Annual amount — Dollars

c. Farm self-employment income — Report NET income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper.

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Annual amount — Dollars

d. Interest, dividends, net rental income or royalty income, or income from estates and trusts — Report even small amounts credited to an account.

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Annual amount — Dollars

e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Annual amount — Dollars

f. Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments.

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Annual amount — Dollars

g. Retirement, survivor, or disability pensions — Do NOT include Social Security.

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Annual amount — Dollars

h. Any other sources of income received regularly such as Veterans' (VA) payments, unemployment compensation, child support, or alimony — Do NOT include lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Annual amount — Dollars

33. What was this person's total income in 1989?

Add entries in questions 32a through 32h; subtract any losses. If total amount was a loss, write "Loss" above amount.

- ☐ None OR
☐ \$

Annual amount — Dollars

Please turn the page and answer questions for Person 2 listed on page 1. If this is the last person listed in question 1a on page 1, go to the back of the form.

APPENDIX F.

Data Products and User Assistance

CONTENTS

Data Products	F-1
Geographic Products	F-3
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Sources of Assistance	F-4

The 1990 census data products, being released during 1991-93, are available in a variety of new and traditional media. The Census Bureau has increased the product options available to data users in an effort to meet a variety of requirements and maximize the usefulness of the data. For example, laser discs, called CD-ROM (compact disc—read-only memory), are a new data delivery medium.

The Census Bureau also has expanded services and sources of assistance available to data users. For example, the State Data Center Program has been expanded to include over 1,400 organizations to provide data and services to the public.

This appendix provides a detailed introduction to the 1990 census data products and related materials, such as maps and reference publications. It concludes by describing sources of assistance and other Census Bureau data available to the public.

DATA PRODUCTS

Printed reports and computer tape files traditionally are the most widely used products. The Census Bureau also offers data on microfiche, on CD-ROM laser discs, and through its online service, CENDATA™. These various products are described below. For information about prices and how to order, write or call Customer Services. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

The data products present statistics about the subjects covered in the 1990 census questionnaires. These subjects are listed in figure 1, page F-7. As the figure shows, there are 100-percent subjects (those covered in questions asked of everyone or about every housing unit) and sample subjects (those covered in questions asked at about one out of every six housing units). Generally, a data product presents either 100-percent data prepared by tabulating the responses to the 100-percent questions from all questionnaires, or sample data prepared by tabulating only the responses to the 100-percent and sample questions from the "long-form" questionnaires. Two report series, 1990 CPH-3 and 1990 CPH-4 (see figure 2, page F-8), present both 100-percent and sample data.

Printed Reports

Printed reports are the most convenient and readily available source of data for most census users. The Census Bureau releases the reports in several series (see figure 2) that are grouped under three broad titles: *1990 Census of Population and Housing* (1990 CPH), *1990 Census of Population* (1990 CP), and *1990 Census of Housing* (1990 CH). There also are reports, not reflected in figure 2, for the outlying areas of the Pacific. The reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

In several series, there are separate reports for each State. The geographic coverage of the State reports is listed in figure 2. The United States summaries for these report series contain, for the most part, data for the United States, regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), counties, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, places with 10,000 or more persons, and other large substate areas (for example, county subdivisions, such as towns and townships, with 10,000 or more persons in selected States).

Report series that present data for small areas, such as census tracts, contain limited subject-matter detail (for example, counts of people by age ranges—under 5 years, 5 to 9 years, etc.—rather than by single years). Report series that include greater amounts of subject-matter detail include less geographic detail.

Computer Tape Files

The Census Bureau provides more data on tape and other machine-readable products than in printed reports. These products are sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. There are several general types of data files released on computer tape (available on both reels and cartridges). They are introduced below, and more information is presented in figures 3 and 4, pages F-11 through F-13.

Public Law 94-171 Data—This data file presents the counts designed and formatted for use in legislative redistricting. These counts also are available on CD-ROM and paper listings. Excerpts are available on CENDATA™. The counts, for areas as small as blocks, census tracts, and voting districts, include totals for population, race groups, persons of Hispanic origin, population 18 years and over, and housing units. (See figure 4.)

Summary Tape Files (STF's)— These computer tape files provide statistics with greater subject-matter detail than printed reports. They also present statistics for some types of areas, such as block groups and blocks, that are not included in the reports. (See figure 3.)

Here are some important features of STF's:

- Each STF presents a particular set of data tables for specific types of geographic areas.
- Each STF has three or more file types (indicated by a letter suffix attached to the STF number) that differ in the geographic levels reported, but contain the same data detail.
- STF's 1 and 2 contain 100-percent data, and STF's 3 and 4 offer sample data.
- STF's 1 and 3 report on smaller areas and offer less data detail than STF's 2 and 4.
- STF's 1 through 4 offer greater data detail than the 1980 STF's 1 through 4.

Subject Summary Tape Files (SSTF's)—These files are the source of the subject reports and provide greater subject-matter detail than the STF's. They present data for the United States, regions, and divisions, and, in some cases, also for States, counties, and large cities. (See figure 4.)

Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files—These computer tape files (see figure 4) contain data from samples of long-form housing-unit records ("microdata") for large geographic areas. Each sample housing-unit record includes essentially all the 1990 census data collected about each person in a sample household and the characteristics of the housing unit. Information that could be used to identify an individual or a housing unit is not included in the file.

Microdata files enable users to prepare customized tabulations and cross-tabulations of most items on the census questionnaire. There are two PUMS files:

- A file presenting a 5-percent sample of housing units in which each household record includes codes to let the user know in what area, such as a group of counties, a single county, or a place, the household is located. Each area identified must have a population of at least 100,000 and boundaries that do not cross State lines.
- A file presenting a 1-percent sample of housing units. Its household records include codes associating them with MA's and other large areas, the boundaries of which may cross State lines. (For the 1980 census, there were two files with 1-percent samples. The 1-percent sample showing data for selected urbanized areas and other large areas will not be produced for the 1990 census.)

Other Special Computer Tape Files—Other files include the Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File and the County-to-County Migration File. (See figure 4.) The Census Bureau may prepare additional special files.

Microfiche

Block statistics are available on microfiche as they were for the 1980 census. The microfiche present, in table format, a subset of the tabulations for census blocks found in STF 1B (see figure 3). In the 1990 census, for the first time, the entire land area of the Nation and its possessions was block-numbered. This increased the number of blocks for which the Census Bureau provides data from 2.5 million in 1980 to 7 million for 1990. The cost and storage of block data of this magnitude would be prohibitive if the data were published in printed reports.

STF's 1A and 3A are available on microfiche, as well. As noted in figure 3, they provide data for a variety of geographic areas. Also, all printed reports are offered on microfiche from Customer Services soon after they are published.

Compact Disc—Read-Only Memory (CD-ROM)

For the 1990 census, the Public Law (P.L.) 94-171 file; an extract of STF 1B that presents selected statistics for blocks; and STF's 1A, 1C, 3A, 3B, and 3C are also available on CD-ROM. (One 4 3/4-inch CD-ROM, a type of optical or laser disc, can hold the contents of approximately 1,600 flexible diskettes, or three or four high-density computer tapes.)

Online Information Systems

The Census Bureau began CENDATA™, its online information service, in 1984. CENDATA™ is accessible through two information vendors, CompuServe and DIALOG. A number of Census Bureau reports, in whole or in part, are offered online. For the 1990 census, CENDATA™ provides up-to-date information about the availability of data products and carries selections of State, county, MA, and place data from the P.L. 94-171 tape file and STF's 1 and 3.

Custom Data Products

These products are for users who require unique tabulations that are not included in standard products; for example, information for locally defined geographic areas. Users also can order special microdata files.

The cost of preparing custom products must be paid by the users who request them. Any data that the Census Bureau provides in these products are subject to the same standards applied to other data to ensure that confidential individual information is not revealed.

User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) Tabulations—

UDAP can provide a set of predefined data tables for locally defined areas that do not correspond to standard 1990 census geographic areas. Users identify the geographic areas of interest to them by delineating boundaries around groupings of census blocks on 1990 census County

Block Maps or by electronically submitting the geographic components of their area of interest. (A contact for more information is given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

Special Tabulations—The Census Bureau can prepare special data tabulations for any specific geographic or subject-matter area. Users should rely on standard reports, tapes, microfiche, or user-defined area tabulations whenever possible, since special tabulations tend to be substantially more expensive and take time to arrange and produce. (Contacts for more information are given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS

Maps

Census Bureau maps are necessary for virtually all uses of small-area 1990 census data. They are needed to locate the specific geographic areas for which the census provides data and to study the spatial relationship of the data for analytic purposes. The Census Bureau prepares a variety of 1990 census maps. Among the most useful are these four series:

County Block Maps—These maps show census blocks and their numbers; boundaries for statistical and governmental entities, such as census tracts and places; and physical features. The P.L. 94-171 version of these maps also shows voting district boundaries in those States that furnished them. The maps are prepared on electrostatic plotters by county (or equivalent entity) with one or more map sheets each, depending on the size and shape of the area and the density of the block pattern. An average county requires 20 map sheets. The maps may be purchased from Customer Services.

County Subdivision Outline Maps—Maps in this State-based series present the boundaries of the counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas (including off-reservation trust lands), tribal designated statistical areas, and tribal jurisdiction statistical areas. Electrostatic-plotter copies are available for purchase from Customer Services. Also, they appear on multiple page-size sheets in the State reports of these series: 1990 CPH-1, 1990 CPH-2, 1990 CPH-5, 1990 CP-1, 1990 CP-2, 1990 CH-1, and 1990 CH-2.

Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps—Maps in this county-based series depict census tract or BNA boundaries and numbers, and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental units in relation to the census tracts/BNA's. Customer Services sells electrostatic-plotter copies, and the Superintendent of Documents sells printed copies.

Voting District Outline Maps—Maps in this county-based series depict voting district boundaries (for those counties for which States furnished boundary information) and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental unit boundaries in relation to the voting districts. They are prepared on electrostatic plotters and sold by Customer Services.

Geographic Publications

The *Geographic Identification Code Scheme* report in the 1990 CPH-R series shows the 1990 census geographic area codes and Federal information processing standards (FIPS) codes, as appropriate, for States, metropolitan areas, counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and other entities, along with some descriptive information about the codes. The code scheme also is offered on computer tape.

Machine-Readable Geographic Files

All 1990 census summary tape files include 1990 census geographic area codes, FIPS codes, certain area names, land and inland water area in square kilometers, geographic coordinates for an internal point for each entity, and other geographic information.

The Census Bureau developed an automated geographic data base, known as the TIGER (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) System, to produce the geographic products for the 1990 census. TIGER provides coordinate-based digital map information for the entire United States, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the Pacific territories over which the United States has jurisdiction.

The TIGER System has significantly improved the utility of 1990 census maps and geographic reference products. Extract files generated from the TIGER System permit users, with appropriate software, to perform such tasks as linking the statistical data in the P.L. 94-171 file or the STF's and displaying selected characteristics on maps or a video display screen at different scales and with whatever boundaries they select for any geographic area of the country. For example, a map for a particular county could show the distribution of the voting age population by city block.

The first extract of selected geographic and cartographic information intended for computer applications, such as plotting maps and building geographic information systems, is called the TIGER/Line™ files. TIGER/Line™ files contain attributes for the segments of each boundary and feature (for example, roads, railroads, and rivers), including 1990 census geographic codes for adjacent areas, latitude/longitude coordinates of segment end points and the curvature of segments, the name and type of the feature, and the relevant census feature class code identifying the feature segment by category. TIGER/Line™ files also furnish address ranges and associated ZIP

Codes for each side of street segments in major urban areas; provide the names of landmarks, such as lakes and golf courses; and include other information.

TIGER/Line™ files and other TIGER System extracts, such as TIGER/Boundary™ and TIGER/DataBase™, are released on computer tape and, in some cases, CD-ROM. For information on TIGER extract files, contact Customer Services.

REFERENCE MATERIALS

The Census Bureau issues several reference publications for data users. Some are sold by the Superintendent of Documents; others are distributed free by Customer Services. Addresses and phone numbers for the Superintendent of Documents and Customer Services are given in the following section.

- *1990 Census of Population and Housing, Guide.* This guide, in the 1990 CPH-R report series, provides detailed information about all aspects of the census and a comprehensive glossary of census terms. Sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.
- *1990 Census of Population and Housing Tabulation and Publication Program.* A free report describing 1990 census products, comparing 1990 products with those of 1980, and more. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census '90 Basics.* A free booklet covering how the 1990 census data were collected and processed, the full range of data products, the maps and geographic files, and more, but with less detail than the Guide (above). Request from Customer Services.
- *Census ABC's—Applications in Business and Community.* A free booklet that highlights key information about the 1990 census and illustrates a variety of ways the data can be used. Request from Customer Services.
- *Strength in Numbers.* A free, tabloid-size booklet designed to assist people in using 1990 census data in redistricting. Among other features, it includes illustrations of maps and Public Law 94-171 counts. Request from Customer Services.
- *TIGER: The Coast-to-Coast Digital Map Data Base.* A free booklet describing the structure and uses of the Census Bureau's TIGER System. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census and You.* The Census Bureau's monthly newsletter for data users. It reports on the latest 1990 census developments, selected new publications and computer tape files, other censuses and surveys, developments in services to users, and upcoming conferences and training courses. Subscriptions are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

- *Monthly Product Announcement.* A free monthly listing of all new Census Bureau publications; microfiche; maps; data files on tape, diskettes, or CD-ROM; and technical documentation. To subscribe, contact Customer Services.
- *Census Catalog and Guide.* A comprehensive annual description of data products, statistical programs, and services of the Census Bureau. It provides abstracts of the publications, data files, microfiche, maps, and items online. In addition, the Catalog/Guide offers such features as information about censuses and surveys and telephone contact lists of data specialists at the Census Bureau, the State Data Centers, and other data processing service centers. It is sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Users also can get listings of new Census Bureau products, updated daily, by subscribing to the *Daily List*. This information and selected statistics are available online through CENDATA™, the Census Bureau's online information service. For more information, contact Customer Services.

SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE

U.S. Bureau of the Census

The Census Bureau's Customer Services sells most of the machine-readable data products, microfiche, and maps described earlier. (The 1990 census printed reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, as noted below.) Also, users may consult with specialists at the Census Bureau's Washington headquarters and its 12 regional offices. From time to time, the specialists also conduct workshops, seminars, and training courses.

Washington, DC, Contacts—To order products, for a telephone contacts list of Census Bureau specialists, and for general information: Customer Services, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4100 (FAX number, 301-763-4794).

For User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) information: UDAP Staff, Decennial Planning Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4282.

For special tabulation information: Population—Rosemarie Cowan, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-5476; Housing—William Downs, Housing and Household Economic Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-8553.

Regional Office Contacts—

Atlanta, GA	404-347-2274
Boston, MA	617-565-7078
Charlotte, NC	704-371-6144
Chicago, IL	312-353-0980
Dallas, TX	214-767-7105
Denver, CO	303-969-7750
Detroit, MI	313-354-4654
Kansas City, KS	913-236-3711
Los Angeles, CA	818-904-6339
New York, NY	212-264-4730
Philadelphia, PA	215-597-8313
Seattle, WA	206-728-5314

Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office

The Superintendent of Documents handles the sale of most of the Federal Government's publications, including 1990 census reports. To order reports and for information: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, telephone 202-783-3238.

Other Sources of Products and Services

State Data Centers—The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. State Data Centers, in turn, offer publications for reference, printouts from computer tape, specially prepared reports, maps, and other products and assistance to data users. For a list of the State Data Centers, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services. The list also notes organizations in States participating in the Census Bureau's Business/Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program. The BIDC's help business people, economic development planners, and other data users obtain and use data.

National Services Program—The National Services Program (NSP) provides data-related services for nationally based nonprofit organizations that represent minorities or other segments of the population who have been historically undercounted in decennial censuses. The participants include social service, business, professional, civil rights, educational, and religious groups. Through a pilot project, the National Services Information Center (NSIC) Initiative, three of these nonprofit groups now offer their clientele reports, computer tape printouts, and other information from the Census Bureau. To learn more about the NSP and the NSIC, write to the National Services Program, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, or call 301-763-1384.

National Clearinghouse—The National Clearinghouse for Census Data Services is a listing of private companies and other organizations that offer assistance in obtaining and

using data released by the Census Bureau. For a list of participants in the National Clearinghouse, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services.

Depository Libraries—There are 1,400 libraries that receive (from the Government Printing Office) Federal publications that they think their patrons will need. Often some of these publications are Census Bureau reports. The Census Bureau provides free reports to an additional 120 census depository libraries. Also, many libraries purchase census reports and maps for their areas. The *Census Catalog and Guide* includes a list of all depository libraries.

OTHER CENSUS BUREAU RESOURCES

The Census Bureau has more to offer than just the results of the census of population and housing. Through other censuses, surveys, and estimates programs, it compiles and issues (in reports, computer tape, and other media) data on subjects as diverse as appliance sales, neighborhood conditions, and exports to other countries. Here are examples of the information published about—

- *People:* Age, race, sex, income, poverty, child care, child support, fertility, noncash benefits, education, commuting habits, pension coverage, unemployment, ancestry.
- *Business and industry:* Number of employees, total payroll, sales and receipts, products manufactured or sold.
- *Housing and construction:* Value of new construction, numbers of owners and renters, property value or rent paid, housing starts, fuels used, mortgage costs.
- *Farms:* Number, acreage, livestock, crop sales.
- *Governments:* Revenues and expenditures, taxes, employment, pension funds.
- *Foreign trade:* Exports and imports, origin and destination, units shipped.
- *Other nations:* Population, birth rates, death rates, literacy, fertility.

The other censuses, such as agriculture, retail trade, manufactures, and governments, are collected for years ending in "2" and "7." Surveys and estimates programs generate results as often as every month.

Many of the monthly "economic indicators" that measure how the Nation is doing come directly or indirectly from the Census Bureau. Examples: employment and unemployment; housing starts; wholesale and retail trade; manufacturers' shipments, inventories, and orders; export and import trade; and sales of single-family homes.

The other statistical activities of the Census Bureau are described below. Data users will find more information about them and descriptions of their data products in the

annual *Census Catalog and Guide*. Also, special guides and brochures are prepared for most of them. Contact the Census Bureau's Customer Services for more information.

Current Demographic and Housing Programs

Two types of current programs complement the 10-year census: population estimates and surveys. The total population of the United States is estimated monthly; the population of States, counties, and metropolitan areas is estimated annually; and the population of places and other governmental units is estimated every 2 years. Projections of future population are made at the national and State levels.

The Census Bureau's many household surveys update population and housing characteristics at the national level and sometimes for States and metropolitan areas, as well. These surveys also obtain many characteristics not included in the 10-year census. The Current Population Survey is taken monthly; the American Housing Survey national sample is taken biennially; the American Housing Survey metropolitan sample is taken in 44 areas, 11 per year in a 4-year cycle; most other surveys are annual or less frequent.

Economic Censuses and Surveys

The economic censuses provide statistics about business establishments once every 5 years, covering years ending in "2" and "7." The 1987 Economic Censuses include the censuses of retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, transportation, manufactures, mineral industries, and construction industries. Also included are related programs, such as statistics on minority- and women-owned businesses, enterprise statistics, and censuses of economic activity in Puerto Rico and some of the outlying areas under U.S. jurisdiction.

Several key statistics are tabulated for all industries covered in the censuses. They are number of establishments, number of employees, payroll, and measure of output (sales or receipts, and value of shipments or of work done). Other items vary from sector to sector.

The Census Bureau also has programs that provide current statistics on such measures as total sales of particular kinds of businesses or production of particular products. These programs include monthly, quarterly, and annual surveys, the results of which appear in publication series such as *Current Business Reports* and *Current Industrial Reports*. The County Business Patterns program offers annual statistics based on data compiled primarily from administrative records.

Agriculture Census and Surveys

The agriculture census is conducted concurrently with the economic censuses. It is the only source of uniform agriculture data at the county level. It provides data on such subjects as the number and size of farms; land use and ownership; livestock, poultry, and crops; and value of products sold.

Results of three surveys—the 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey, 1988 Census of Horticulture Specialties, and 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey—are published in conjunction with the 1987 Census of Agriculture. Also, the Census Bureau regularly issues reports from a survey on cotton ginnings.

Governments Census and Surveys

The census of governments, also for years ending in "2" and "7," covers all types of governments: Federal, State, county, municipal (place), township (county subdivision), school district, and special district. It provides data on such subjects as number of public employees, payrolls, revenue, and expenditures.

Annual and quarterly surveys cover the same principal subjects but generate data only for States and the largest local governments.

Foreign Trade Statistics

Monthly U.S. merchandise trade data compiled by the Census Bureau summarize export and import transactions and are based on the official documents filed by shippers and receivers. These figures reflect the flow of merchandise but not intangibles like services and financial commitments. The trade figures trace commodity movements out of and into the U.S. Customs jurisdiction, which includes Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands as well as the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Data are published separately on trade between the United States and Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions.

Other Statistical Activities

The Census Bureau also offers international data. It maintains an international data base which is available to the public on computer tape and is used to produce the biennial *World Population Profile* report. It prepares studies dealing with the demographic and economic characteristics of other countries and world regions.

Statistical compendia are another important data product. These publications (sometimes also offered in machine-readable form) draw data from many sources and reorganize them for convenient use. The most widely used compendia are the annual *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, the *County and City Data Book* (published every 5 years), and the *State and Metropolitan Area Data Book* (published approximately every 4 years).

Figure 1. 1990 Census Content

100-PERCENT COMPONENT

Population

Household relationship
Sex
Race
Age
Marital status
Hispanic origin

Housing

Number of units in structure
Number of rooms in unit
Tenure—owned or rented
Value of home or monthly rent
Congregate housing (meals included in rent)
Vacancy characteristics

SAMPLE COMPONENT

Population

Social characteristics:

Education—enrollment and attainment
Place of birth, citizenship, and year of entry into U.S.
Ancestry
Language spoken at home
Migration (residence in 1985)
Disability
Fertility
Veteran status

Economic characteristics:

Labor force
Occupation, industry, and class of worker
Place of work and journey to work
Work experience in 1989
Income in 1989
Year last worked

Housing

Year moved into residence
Number of bedrooms
Plumbing and kitchen facilities
Telephone in unit
Vehicles available
Heating fuel
Source of water and method of sewage disposal
Year structure built
Condominium status
Farm residence
Shelter costs, including utilities

NOTE: Questions dealing with the subjects covered in the 100-percent component were asked of all persons and housing units. Those covered by the sample component were asked of a sample of the population and housing units.

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports

Series	Title	Report(s) Issued for	Description	Geographic areas
1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING (1990 CPH)				
100-Percent Data				
1990 CPH-1	Summary Population and Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Population and housing unit counts, and summary statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, household relationship, units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
1990 CPH-2	Population and Housing Unit Counts	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Total population and housing unit counts for 1990 and previous censuses	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, State component parts of metropolitan areas (MA's) and urbanized areas (UA's), and summary geographic areas (for example, urban and rural)
100-Percent and Sample Data				
1990 CPH-3	Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas	MA's, and the nonmetropolitan balance of each State, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	In MA's: census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and counties. In the remainder of each State: census tracts/BNA's, places of 10,000 or more, and counties
1990 CPH-4	Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress	States and DC	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	Congressional districts (CD's) and, within CD's, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
Sample Data				
1990 CPH-5	Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population and housing subjects	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)				
100-Percent Data				
1990 CP-1	General Population Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)—Con.				
100-Percent Data—Con.				
1990 CP-1-1A	General Population Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CP-1-1B	General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CP-1-1C	General Population Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
Sample Data				
1990 CP-2	Social and Economic Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and the State portion of American Indian areas
1990 CP-2-1A	Social and Economic Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as for CP-1-1A
1990 CP-2-1B	Social and Economic Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual MA's, as for CP-1-1B
1990 CP-2-1C	Social and Economic Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual UA's, as for CP-1-1C
1990 CP-3	Population Subject Reports	Selected subjects	Approximately 30 reports on population census subjects such as migration, education, income, the older population, and racial and ethnic groups	Generally limited to the U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) Issued for	Description	Geographic areas
1990 CENSUS OF HOUSING (1990 CH)				
100-Percent Data				
1990 CH-1	General Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural
1990 CH-1-1A	General Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CH-1-1B	General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CH-1-1C	General Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
Sample Data				
1990 CH-2	Detailed Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and State parts of American Indian areas
1990 CH-2-1A	Detailed Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as in 1990 CH-1-1A
1990 CH-2-1B	Detailed Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual MA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1B
1990 CH-2-1C	Detailed Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual UA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1C
1990 CH-3	Housing Subject Reports	Selected subjects	Approximately 10 reports on housing census subjects such as structural characteristics and space utilization	Generally limited to U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files

**Summary Tape File
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)
and data type
(100 percent or
sample)¹**

	Geographic areas	Description
STF 1 (100 percent)	A ^{2 3}	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's). Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas
	B ^{2 3}	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's, blocks. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas
	C ³	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), American Indian and Alaska Native areas
	D	Congressional districts (CD's) of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and American Indian areas
STF 2 (100 percent)	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's
	B	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas
	C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's
STF 3 (Sample)	A ^{2 3}	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas
	B ³	Five-digit ZIP Codes within each State
	C ³	U.S., regions, divisions, States, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's
	D	CD's of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files—Con.

Summary Tape File
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)
and data type
(100 percent or
sample)¹

		Geographic areas	Description
STF 4 (Sample)	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNAs. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNAs	
	B	State (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	Over 8,500 cells/items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 4 files will include a set of tabulations for the total population and separate presentations of tabulations by race and Hispanic origin.
	C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including urban and rural and metropolitan and nonmetropolitan components), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	

¹Similar STF's will be prepared for Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

²Also available on microfiche. STF 1B microfiche provides only part of the data for blocks and other areas in the tape file.

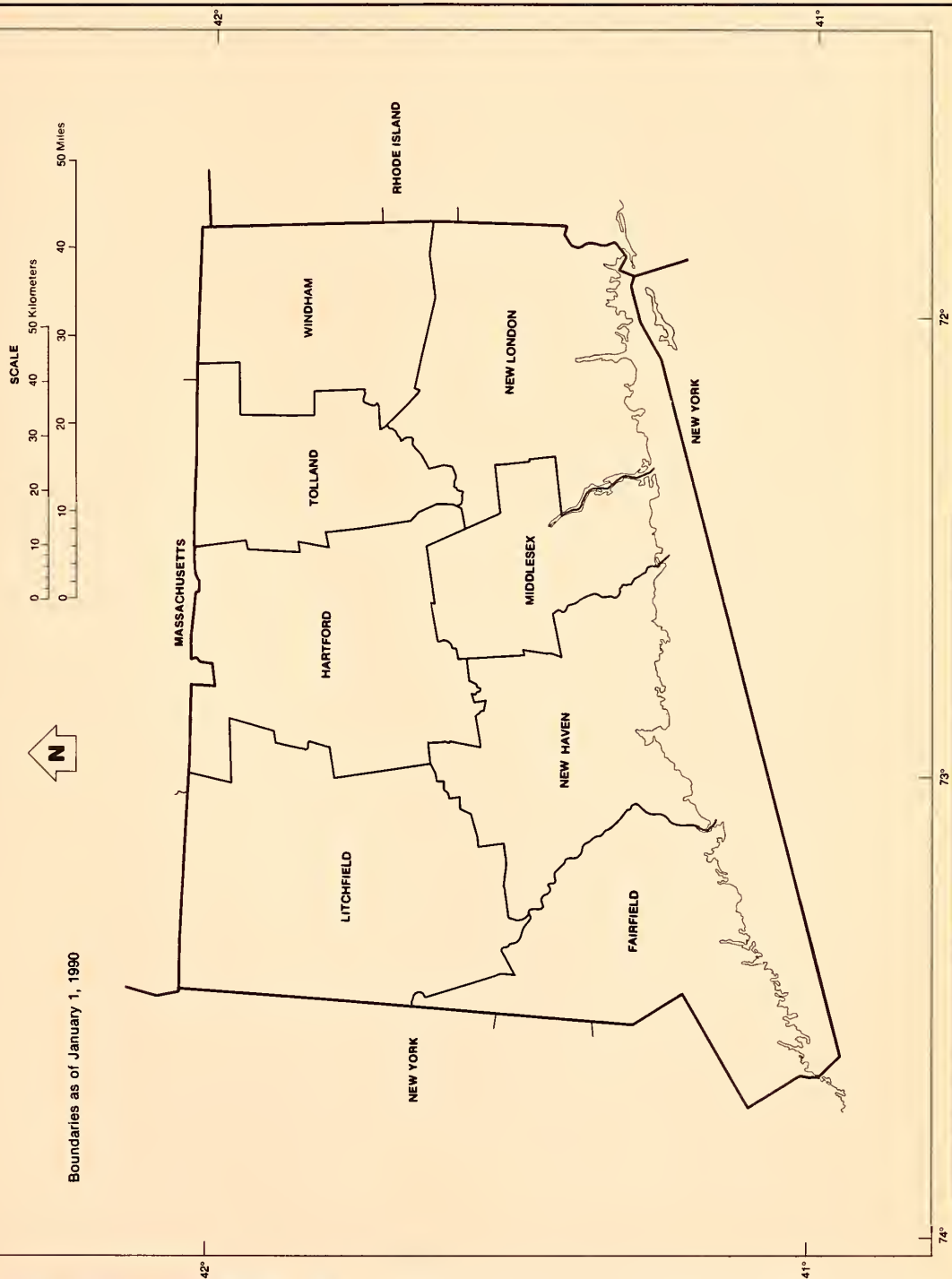
³Also available on laser disc (CD-ROM). STF 1B CD-ROM presents the same file extract as STF 1B microfiche.

Figure 4. Other 1990 Census Data Products

Title	Description	Geographic areas
Subject Summary Tape Files	About 20 computer tape files used to produce the subject reports (1990 CP-3 and 1990 CH-3 series). On the average, a file is the source of two subject reports	U.S., regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), and large counties and places
Public Law 94-171 Data File (redistricting data)	Counts by total, race, and Hispanic origin for the total population and population 18 years old and over, and counts of housing units. Available on tape, CD-ROM, and paper listings	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's), and blocks; voting districts where States have identified them for the Census Bureau; and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File	Sample tabulations showing detailed occupations and educational attainment data by age; cross tabulated by sex, Hispanic origin, and race	Counties, MA's, places of 50,000 or more inhabitants
County-to-County Migration File	Summary statistics for all intra-state county-to-county migration streams and significant inter-state county-to-county migration streams. Each record will include codes for the geographic area of destination, and selected characteristics of the persons who made up the migration stream	States, counties
Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files	Machine-readable files containing a sample of individual long-form census records showing most population and housing characteristics but with identifying information removed	County groups, counties, county subdivisions, and places with 100,000 or more inhabitants MA's and other large areas with 100,000 or more inhabitants
5 Percent—PUMS Areas 1 Percent—Metropolitan Areas (1990)		
User-Defined Areas Tabulations	A set of standard tabulations provided on printouts, tapes, or other products with maps and narrative (if requested)	User-defined areas created by aggregating census blocks
Special Tabulations	User-defined tabulations for specified geographic areas provided on printouts, tapes, or other products	User-defined areas or standard areas




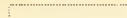


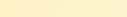
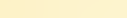


APPENDIX G. Maps

Counties



County Subdivision Outline Map Legend and County Location Index

MAP LEGEND

	State
	County
	American Indian Reservation
	Tribal Designated Statistical Area
	County Subdivision
	Incorporated Place
	Census Designated Place
	Large River, Lake, Water Body, or Shoreline
	An asterisk following a place name indicates that the place is coextensive with a county subdivision. The county subdivision name is shown only when it differs from the place name.
	A fishhook joins contiguous and/or discontinuous parts of the same geographic entity.

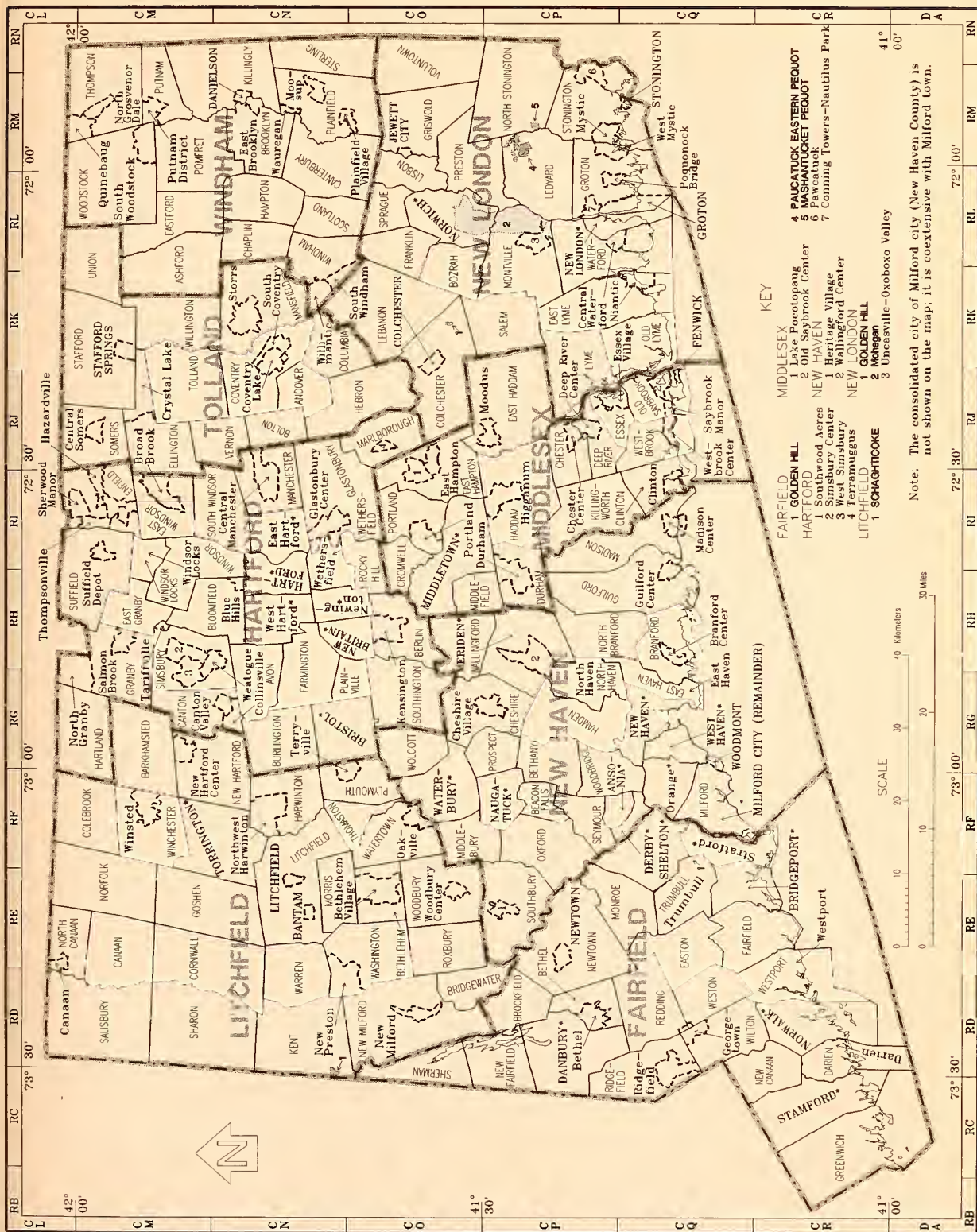
Note: All legal boundaries and names are as of January 1, 1990. Where State, county, and/or county subdivision boundaries coincide, the map shows the boundary symbol for only the highest-ranking of these geographic entities. Where a State, county, or county subdivision boundary coincides with a place boundary, the map does not show the place boundary symbol.

COUNTY LOCATION INDEX

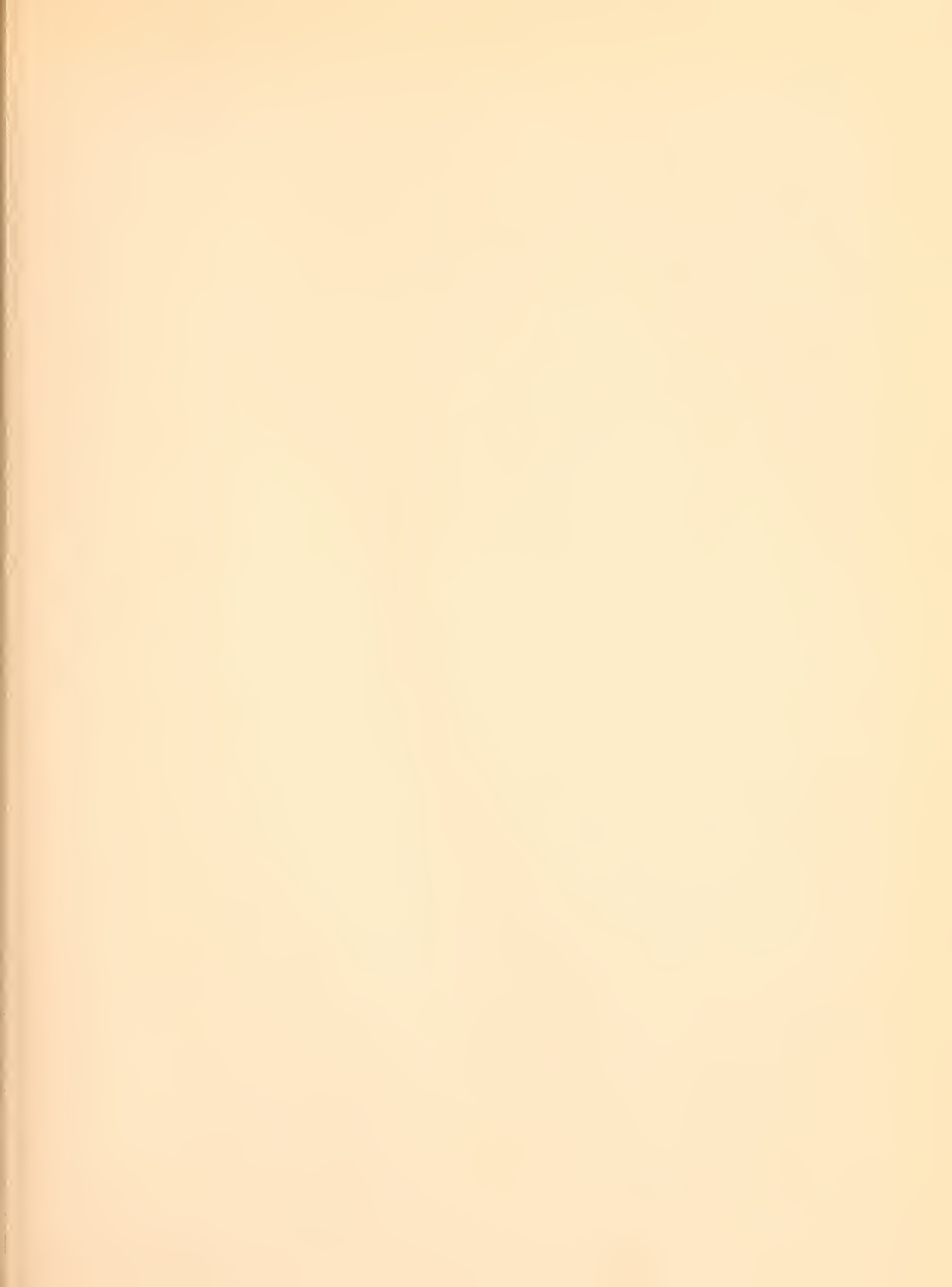
This list presents the reference coordinates for each county on the county subdivision outline map.

COUNTY	MAP REF
Fairfield.....	RD-CQ
Hartford.....	RH-CN
Litchfield.....	RE-CN
Middlesex.....	RI-CP
New Haven.....	RG-CP
New London.....	RL-CP
Tolland.....	RK-CN
Windham.....	RL-CN

American Indian Areas, Counties, County Subdivisions, and Places



Note: The consolidated city of Milford city (New Haven County) is not shown on the map; it is coextensive with Milford town.









U.S. Department of Commerce
Economics and Statistics Administration
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Issued July 1992

REFERENCE COPY

Connecticut

1990 CPH-5-8

1990 Census of Population and Housing

Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics

Corrected Tables 5 and 6, Employment Status and Journey to Work

Characteristics: 1990, and Tables 7 and 8, Disability Status: 1990

The Census Bureau discovered that 1990 census data on weeks worked in 1989, usual hours worked per week in 1989, and mobility and self-care limitations are in error. These data are incorrect in the 1990 CPH-5, *Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics*, report series, tables 5 and 6, Employment Status and Journey to Work Characteristics: 1990, and tables 7 and 8, Disability Status: 1990. The corrected tables for the above-specified State are attached; they replace the tables in the printed report.

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[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons 16 years and over															
	Labor force					Worked in 1989					Females with own children under 6 years					
	Percent in labor force		Civilian labor force		Percent un- employed	Workers			Worked 40 or more weeks in 1989		Total	Females with own children under 6 years				
	Total	Female	Total	Percent using car, truck, or van		Percent in carpools	Percent using public trans- portation	Total	Usually worked 35 or more hours per week, 50 to 52 weeks	Total		Percent in labor force				
Total	Female	Total	Female	60.9	1 788 693	5.4	1 673 442	88.9	11.2	3.9	1 937 128	1 526 052	1 129 095	193 621	59.3	148 631
Fairfield County	640 770	347 031	48.9	59.7	455 092	5.4	423 064	85.5	10.0	7.3	486 973	385 445	288 206	48 735	54.4	33 888
Fairfield County	680 240	357 981	68.5	61.3	498 310	5.7	432 836	89.5	11.2	4.3	498 310	392 157	296 993	49 181	57.8	38 499
Litchfield County	137 667	71 068	71.5	63.2	98 307	4.7	91 914	91.5	10.5	1.0	105 008	84 253	60 051	10 296	62.4	6 860
Madison County	115 392	59 751	71.5	65.0	82 183	4.1	77 665	91.5	10.6	1.3	89 473	71 116	52 924	6 084	66.5	36 297
New Haven County	640 508	338 978	67.6	60.0	432 504	5.8	398 221	90.1	11.3	2.9	464 390	364 056	267 489	47 562	58.4	12 382
New London County	200 834	99 432	70.2	59.6	127 836	6.0	130 451	87.3	13.3	1.5	151 678	118 087	87 198	15 769	58.4	6 439
Tolland County	102 569	51 602	71.8	66.6	73 541	3.7	69 728	90.9	12.1	1.1	83 044	62 128	44 343	7 591	66.2	5 324
Windham County	78 747	41 232	68.9	60.7	54 010	6.7	49 563	92.1	14.8	.7	58 299	44 790	31 891	6 400	61.8	
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION																
Andover town, Tolland County	1 942	990	77.9	70.9	1 524	3.3	1 464	93.5	13.2	2.9	1 614	1 356	863	180	63.3	149
Andover town, Tolland County	1 479	779	67.7	60.9	978	3.6	921	92.1	13.6	1.6	1 076	863	595	103	62.3	938
Andover town, New Haven County	14 443	7 679	53.2	40.9	9 763	2.6	8 760	92.1	10.2	1.6	10 226	8 203	6 302	203	62.3	230
Asheford town, Windham County	2 865	1 451	75.6	69.5	2 483	2.1	2 035	92.1	16.9	1.9	2 326	1 849	1 352	253	66.8	149
Barnum town, Hartford County	11 226	5 794	68.6	56.7	7 700	2.1	7 447	94.3	5.5	1.3	8 583	6 556	5 139	460	51.0	360
Barnum town, Litchfield County	610	340	68.0	56.5	415	7.7	364	91.5	8.5	.7	413	323	237	47	83.0	42
Barkhamsted town, Litchfield County	2 615	1 306	78.9	72.9	2 062	2.3	1 990	94.0	9.6	1.2	2 154	1 664	1 196	199	69.3	200
Barkhamsted town, New Haven County	3 972	2 017	75.4	68.5	2 944	5.0	2 810	97.6	10.0	—	3 137	2 709	2 042	313	62.3	300
Beech Falls town, New Haven County	13 400	6 777	50.5	37.5	9 623	4.2	8 657	94.5	8.8	.7	10 852	8 533	5 962	855	70.0	455
Berlin town, Hartford County	3 540	1 768	76.6	69.9	2 772	2.5	2 597	94.0	9.5	1.7	2 893	2 373	1 836	216	68.6	227
Berlin town, New Haven County																
Bethel town, Fairfield County	13 380	6 892	75.7	65.0	10 122	5.1	9 529	93.5	8.6	2.6	10 734	8 736	6 395	1 185	49.7	720
Bethel town, Fairfield County	9 627	3 648	74.3	63.7	4 807	5.8	4 464	92.5	9.5	2.9	5 402	4 539	3 457	629	49.0	493
Bethlehem town, Litchfield County	2 437	1 188	76.8	71.4	1 871	6.2	1 698	87.6	6.1	1.6	1 960	1 533	1 037	215	65.6	98
Bethlehem town, Litchfield County	1 563	764	73.0	67.7	1 141	6.2	1 052	89.0	3.7	2.1	1 237	942	736	149	66.4	98
Bloomfield town, Hartford County	16 186	8 401	97.9	61.0	10 959	4.7	10 202	81.2	17.7	1.5	11 292	8 141	7 123	993	72.2	1 052
Bloomfield town, Hartford County	16 186	8 401	97.9	61.0	10 959	4.7	10 202	81.2	17.7	1.5	11 292	8 141	7 123	993	72.2	1 052
Baldon town, Fairfield County	3 605	1 798	76.6	68.5	2 810	1.8	2 634	97.0	9.3	1.0	2 863	2 522	1 822	281	60.1	197
Barnum town, Litchfield County	1 797	890	76.3	70.0	1 372	7.0	1 250	93.7	11.0	1.4	1 421	1 168	778	108	66.7	118
Barnum town, New Haven County	22 855	12 264	72.4	64.3	16 500	4.1	15 574	93.5	9.5	1.5	17 599	14 417	10 727	1 458	58.8	1 127
Barnum town, New Haven County	4 805	2 663	67.3	57.2	3 216	2.4	3 080	91.2	6.9	1.7	3 471	2 917	2 054	271	58.7	222
Bridgeport city, Fairfield County	108 353	58 167	64.6	57.2	69 874	10.6	60 875	86.0	16.6	6.4	72 471	56 300	41 540	9 474	58.8	7 045
Bridgeport city, Fairfield County	108 353	58 167	64.6	57.2	69 874	10.6	60 875	86.0	16.6	6.4	72 471	56 300	41 540	9 474	58.8	7 045
Bridgeport city, Fairfield County	108 353	58 167	64.6	57.2	69 874	10.6	60 875	86.0	16.6	6.4	72 471	56 300	41 540	9 474	58.8	7 045
Bristol city, Hartford County	48 582	25 326	72.0	64.9	34 948	5.3	32 377	94.5	11.3	1.0	36 714	30 325	22 719	3 575	70.5	3 208
Bristol city, Hartford County	48 582	25 326	72.0	64.9	34 948	5.3	32 377	94.5	11.3	1.0	36 714	30 325	22 719	3 575	70.5	3 208
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
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Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
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Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4	1 908	93.2	13.6	2.5	2 180	1 786	1 483	320	53.1	181
Brook Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 721	1 354	74.6	64.5	1 987	4.4										

Table 6. Employment Status and Journey to Work Characteristics: 1990 — Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons 16 years and over										Females with own children under 6 years					Own children under 6 years in families, oil subfamilies, oil parents in household in labor force																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
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	Percent in labor force			Civilian labor force			Workers				Worked 40 or more weeks in 1989						Total																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
	Total			Percent un- employed			Percent using car, truck, or van		Means of transportation to work		Total						Usually worked 35 or more hours per week, 50 to 52 weeks					Total																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
	Female	Total	Male	Total	Female	Male	Percent in car, truck, or van	Percent using public trans- portation	Percent in carpools	Percent using public trans- portation	Total	Female	Total	Male	Female		Total	Male																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																										
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Table 6. Employment Status and Journey to Work Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability; see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Place and [in Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons 16 years and over										Own children under 6 years in families, all subfamilies, all parents in household in labor force
	Labor force					Worked in 1989			Females with own children under 6 years		
	Percent in labor force		Civilian labor force	Workers		Total	Usually worked 35 or more hours per week, 50 to 52 weeks				
	Total	Female		Means of transportation to work							
				Percent using car, truck, or van	Percent using public trans- portation						
Total	Female	Total	Female	Percent un- employed	Total	Percent in carpools	Percent using public trans- portation	Total	Total	Percent in labor force	
Conn.											
Kearseville CDP, Hartford County	6 436	3 480	70.0	63.6	4 643	4.0	97.0	8.4	3	4 012	429
Manchester CDP, Hartford County	2 337	1 181	72.7	65.6	1 686	4.7	94.8	11.4	3	1 479	169
Manchester CDP, Hartford County	12 192	6 453	70.5	60.7	8 533	4.4	94.8	11.4	7	7 976	76.9
Killingworth town, Windham County	3 778	1 937	69.9	59.2	2 640	9.4	95.2	14.8	1.8	6 995	862
Lake Pocotopag CDP, Middlesex County	2 475	1 193	83.4	77.5	1 912	5.0	89.1	8.2	1.0	2 953	60.9
Lebanon town, New London County	4 539	2 251	76.4	71.4	3 455	4.4	92.4	12.8	8.8	1 849	144
Ledyard town, New London County	11 200	5 498	64.8	64.8	8 029	16.1	93.6	12.4	3.6	7 343	233
Litchfield CDP, Litchfield County	2 929	1 475	72.3	63.5	2 066	6.8	96.2	7.5	6	1 817	155
Litchfield borough, Litchfield County	1 139	581	59.2	49.1	720	21.1	86.1	7.5	6	641	468
Litchfield town, Litchfield County	6 655	3 356	66.1	56.0	4 398	5.7	91.8	8.6	9	3 698	137
Lyme town, New London County	1 426	804	66.6	56.3	1 079	4.2	86.4	8.1	2.7	915	365
Madison town, New Haven County	12 155	6 297	67.0	57.1	8 133	4.6	90.9	10.3	1.8	6 875	50.6
Madison Center CDP, New Haven County	1 874	1 042	64.8	52.1	1 210	4.4	88.3	12.2	2.0	1 313	505
Manchester town, Hartford County	41 764	22 319	71.1	64.4	29 591	3.7	91.3	12.9	2.8	25 420	76
Manchester town, Hartford County	18 948	9 774	57.3	56.0	10 842	3.7	90.8	12.9	2.8	9 035	303
Meriden town, Hartford County	4 156	2 067	76.2	61.3	2 989	4.1	94.7	8.9	1.0	2 742	465
Meriden city, New Haven County	46 444	24 730	69.0	61.3	29 846	5.1	93.9	11.2	4.8	27 458	3 901
Middlebury town, New Haven County	4 984	2 577	67.8	59.6	3 378	2.7	94.4	12.8	9.2	2 874	227
Middlefield town, Middlesex County	3 140	1 563	73.8	66.7	2 317	4.6	96.4	10.5	9.9	2 522	67.8
Middletown city, Middlesex County	35 424	18 599	70.9	67.0	23 035	4.4	87.5	11.4	2.1	21 180	354
Middletown town, Middlesex County	35 424	18 599	70.9	67.0	23 035	4.4	87.5	11.4	2.1	21 180	354
Milford town, New Haven County	40 328	20 997	70.2	61.8	28 296	5.5	92.9	10.0	2.8	24 094	2 809
Milford city (remainder), New Haven											
County											
Monroe town, Fairfield County	38 847	20 229	70.1	61.6	27 200	5.5	93.0	10.0	2.7	23 181	2 725
Monroe town, Fairfield County	12 768	6 511	75.3	65.3	9 590	4.3	94.6	9.2	1.1	8 209	1 118
Monktonville town, New London County	13 044	6 290	71.9	65.3	9 187	7.0	95.2	11.4	7.7	8 048	51.5
Moodus CDP, Middlesex County	850	449	66.8	61.7	568	—	98.9	16.2	—	608	85
Moodus CDP, Windham County	2 433	1 275	65.5	51.6	1 562	11.3	95.3	15.1	—	1 702	66.3
Morris town, Litchfield County	1 596	797	72.0	62.7	1 149	6.3	91.1	9.5	1.0	1 234	94
Mystic CDP, New London County	2 191	1 135	68.7	57.4	1 463	3.7	88.4	7.6	—	1 309	113
Naugatuck borough, New Haven County	23 372	12 256	72.9	64.2	17 025	5.2	95.6	12.3	7.7	14 739	2 301
Naugatuck town, New Haven County	23 372	12 256	72.9	64.2	17 025	5.2	95.6	12.3	7.7	14 739	2 301
New Britain city, Hartford County	61 075	32 463	65.3	58.2	39 809	7.9	90.3	14.2	3.0	42 272	3 482
New Britain town, Hartford County	61 075	32 463	65.3	58.2	39 809	7.9	90.3	14.2	3.0	42 272	3 482
New Canaan town, Fairfield County	14 133	7 108	64.2	52.2	9 071	2.8	93.0	7.0	16.2	10 112	59.4
New Fairfield town, Fairfield County	9 793	4 915	72.8	64.0	6 703	4.7	94.4	11.0	2.1	7 684	43.2
New Hartford town, Litchfield County	4 460	2 275	77.3	69.8	3 322	3.2	95.5	12.0	2.7	3 579	546
New Hartford center CDP, Litchfield County	1 093	537	75.8	66.9	828	6.5	97.9	15.3	—	684	372
New Hartford center CDP, Litchfield County	1 093	537	75.8	66.9	828	6.5	97.9	15.3	—	684	372
New Haven city, New Haven County	102 837	55 556	62.5	56.9	64 126	9.3	93.8	13.5	9.3	70 928	8 138
New Haven city, New Haven County	102 837	55 556	62.5	56.9	64 126	9.3	93.8	13.5	9.3	70 928	8 138
Newington town, New Haven County	24 239	12 958	70.0	63.8	16 942	3.4	95.8	10.7	1.5	18 184	1 303
Newington town, New Haven County	24 239	12 958	70.0	63.8	16 942	3.4	95.8	10.7	1.5	18 184	1 303
New London city, New London County	23 318	11 557	68.1	57.3	13 636	9.3	94.6	14.6	3.1	17 421	1 269
New London town, New London County	23 318	11 557	68.1	57.3	13 636	9.3	94.6	14.6	3.1	17 421	1 269
New Milford CDP, Litchfield County	4 596	2 402	75.3	65.6	3 459	5.6	91.7	12.1	1.2	3 630	64.4
New Milford town, Litchfield County	18 047	9 213	75.8	66.2	13 667	4.9	92.5	10.8	1.0	14 614	1 337
New Preston CDP, Litchfield County	967	506	69.0	57.9	667	6.7	98.7	9.5	3.6	694	62.1
New Preston CDP, Litchfield County	967	506	69.0	57.9	667	6.7	98.7	9.5	3.6	694	62.1
Newtown borough, Litchfield County	1 416	734	71.5	63.9	1 013	2.2	96.5	6.9	1.3	997	74
Newtown town, Fairfield County	16 104	8 072	70.8	60.9	11 382	4.6	94.0	7.1	1.0	12 281	1 358
Newtown town, Fairfield County	16 104	8 072	70.8	60.9	11 382	4.6	94.0	7.1	1.0	12 281	1 358
Norfolk CDP, New London County	2 557	1 283	70.1	60.3	1 785	3.1	94.1	16.8	1.5	1 600	87.5
Norfolk town, Litchfield County	1 551	792	71.6	66.3	1 108	2.6	94.6	8.7	1.1	966	60.6
Norfolk town, New Haven County	10 182	5 163	74.8	67.2	7 596	2.8	95.9	6.9	—	6 507	572
North Branford town, Litchfield County	2 759	1 417	66.4	59.4	1 831	6.3	88.3	6.8	1.0	2 017	137
North Branford town, Litchfield County	2 759	1 417	66.4	59.4	1 831	6.3	88.3	6.8	1.0	2 017	137
North Granby CDP, Hartford County	1 028	517	72.4	59.6	744	1.7	91.8	6.8	—	681	66
North Granby CDP, Hartford County	1 028	517	72.4	59.6	744	1.7	91.8	6.8	—	681	66
County											
North Haven town, New Haven County	1 285	658	66.5	60.8	854	6.0	89.9	17.5	2.3	935	119
North Haven town, New Haven County	1 285	658	66.5	60.8	854	6.0	89.9	17.5	2.3	935	119
North Stonington town, New London	18 139	9 455	69.2	60.8	12 541	3.7	94.7	10.6	9.9	10 569	7 720
North Stonington town, New London	18 139	9 455	69.2	60.8	12 541	3.7	94.7	10.6	9.9	10 569	7 720
Northwest Hartford CDP, Litchfield County	3 669	1 822	72.4	62.9	2 617	3.4	94.8	11.8	—	2 346	1 793
Northwest Hartford CDP, Litchfield County	3 669	1 822	72.4	62.9	2 617	3.4	94.8	11.8	—	2 346	1 793
Norwalk city, Fairfield County	64 232	33 851	74.1	66.6	47 594	4.7	85.7	9.9	8.0	40 587	4 380
Norwalk city, Fairfield County	64 232	33 851	74.1	66.6	47 594	4.7	85.7	9.9	8.0	40 587	4 380

Table 6. **Employment Status and Journey to Work Characteristics: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons 16 years and over										Females with own children under 6 years			Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies, all parents in household in labor force
	Labor force					Worked in 1989					Total			
	Percent in labor force		Civilian labor force		Total	Workers		Worked 40 or more weeks in 1989		Total	Percent in labor force			
	Total	Female	Total	Percent un- employed		Means of transportation to work		Usually worked 35 or more hours per week, 50 to 52 weeks						
	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Percent using car, truck, or van	Percent in corporate	Percent using public trans- portation	Total	Percent in labor force	Total	Percent in labor force		
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION — Con.														
Norwalk town, Fairfield County	64 232	33 851	74.1	66.6	47 594	4.7	85.7	9.9	8.0	49 673	61.3	4 380		
Norwalk city, New London County	29 269	15 474	65.8	55.3	18 724	7.3	17 381	92.0	16.7	20 432	2.5	3 675		
Norwich town, New London County	29 269	15 474	65.8	55.3	18 724	7.3	17 381	92.0	16.7	20 432	61.5	2 073		
Old Lyme town, New London County	6 984	3 611	72.3	64.9	5 030	4.7	4 686	94.9	12.6	5 356	48.3	4 519		
Old Lyme town, New London County	7 910	4 216	65.8	57.1	5 315	3.8	3 977	92.1	8.2	5 915	33.0	216		
Old Saybrook Center CDP, Middlesex County	7 910	4 317	65.8	57.1	5 180	3.8	4 926	92.1	9.0	5 915	61.2	377		
Orange town, New Haven County	1 585	987	62.4	55.2	1 085	2.9	1 031	87.0	10.9	1 208	28.6	48		
Orange town, New Haven County	10 327	5 297	66.6	56.4	6 861	3.2	6 537	93.6	6.6	7 345	88.9	458		
Orange town, New Haven County	10 327	5 297	66.6	56.4	6 861	3.2	6 537	93.6	6.6	7 345	53.4	458		
Oxford town, New Haven County	6 439	3 191	76.5	69.3	4 925	4.5	4 654	93.6	1.6	5 204	64.2	562		
Pawcatuck CDP, New London County	4 313	2 201	66.5	58.2	2 750	8.8	2 510	93.5	15.0	3 073	75.9	828		
Pawcatuck CDP, New London County	10 615	5 481	70.1	59.4	7 384	8.0	6 769	94.2	17.7	7 802	42.6	170		
Plainfield Village CDP, Windham County	2 150	1 137	68.4	58.3	1 445	6.3	1 369	90.8	10.5	1 532	109	61.5		
Plainville town, Hartford County	14 158	7 421	73.0	66.5	10 295	4.8	9 674	96.1	10.3	10 763	72.0	883		
Plainville town, Hartford County	9 157	4 421	69.5	62.3	6 623	3.7	6 181	93.2	8.4	7 036	40.6	616		
Plainville town, Hartford County	2 344	1 030	74.0	66.6	1 735	3.3	1 652	88.2	9.4	1 856	17.6	176		
Plainville town, Hartford County	2 032	1 030	70.4	61.6	1 385	3.9	1 300	95.0	12.5	1 574	56.3	153		
Plainville town, Hartford County	6 439	3 191	65.8	57.1	4 925	4.5	4 654	93.6	1.6	5 204	53.4	458		
Plainville town, Hartford County	4 144	2 003	61.6	56.0	2 533	3.2	2 420	94.7	11.8	2 862	55.9	157		
Preston town, New London County	6 156	3 175	71.9	63.8	4 419	4.5	4 108	96.3	10.8	4 655	58.2	435		
Preston town, New London County	7 034	3 790	62.8	53.9	5 037	8.1	3 969	92.7	17.1	4 772	65.4	609		
Putnam town, Hartford County	5 249	2 835	63.8	55.9	3 350	10.0	2 956	92.3	19.5	3 592	61.4	381		
Putnam town, Hartford County	6 179	3 179	72.0	64.9	4 506	9.1	4 254	95.6	6.0	4 871	100.0	309		
Putnam town, Hartford County	5 217	2 804	69.2	56.2	3 408	2.9	3 446	87.4	6.2	3 991	30.2	132		
Ridgefield town, Fairfield County	16 417	8 501	73.5	62.1	12 064	2.8	11 557	88.1	7.0	12 969	45.5	773		
Ridgefield town, Fairfield County	13 967	7 058	72.4	69.8	10 068	2.4	9 653	92.3	8.5	10 743	89.3	822		
Rocky Hill town, Hartford County	1 464	734	68.0	55.4	996	3.3	936	85.6	5.7	1 097	45.1	57		
Roxbury town, Litchfield County	2 426	1 216	78.7	69.8	1 852	6.3	1 764	96.1	12.8	2 003	102	184		
Salem town, New London County	3 290	1 814	62.2	51.6	2 048	4.0	1 910	72.1	4.3	2 254	59.8	145		
Salem town, New London County	7 818	4 901	79.8	71.8	4 201	2.5	3 340	91.9	10.4	4 508	138	168		
Saybrook town, Middlesex County	882	458	73.9	69.2	589	7.9	589	91.0	9.7	730	54.5	77		
Saybrook town, Middlesex County	912	468	75.9	69.2	687	5.2	640	94.5	9.7	724	93	92		
Seaton town, Windham County	11 544	5 950	70.2	63.7	8 084	4.7	7 599	95.1	10.0	8 582	81.2	591		
Seaton town, Windham County	2 399	1 227	70.3	62.7	1 686	2.7	1 621	74.4	10.8	1 801	127	53.8		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	89.0	1 099		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	17 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	13 136	976		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	95.0	9.8	21 383	37 176	1 336		
Seaton town, Windham County	27 975	14 353	71.5	62.1	19 971	4.4	18 663	9						

Table 6. Employment Status and Journey to Work Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Place and [in Selected States] County Subdivision	Persons 16 years and over										Persons with own children under 6 years					
	Labor force					Workers					Worked 40 or more weeks in 1989			Females with own children under 6 years		
	Percent in labor force		Civilian labor force		Percent un- employed	Means of transportation to work			Total	Percent using car, truck, or van	Percent in carpools	Percent using public trans- portation	Total	Usually worked 35 or more hours per week, 30 to 32 weeks	Total	Percent in labor force
	Total	Female	Total	Percent using car, truck, or van		Percent using carpools	Percent using public trans- portation									
Total	Female	Total	Female	Percent un- employed	Total	Percent using car, truck, or van	Percent in carpools	Percent using public trans- portation	Total	Usually worked 35 or more hours per week, 30 to 32 weeks	Total	Percent in labor force	Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies, oil household in labor force			
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.																
Sheffield CDP, Fairfield County	40 503	21 656	65.6	5.0	24 820	94.0	10.2	2.0	28 051	22 737	17 232	2 555	63.6	2 020		
Sheffield town, Fairfield County	9 047	4 641	68.6	3.5	5 902	90.3	7.1	1.3	6 840	5 355	3 839	622	58.7	479		
Southford CDP, Hartford County	1 107	616	49.4	4.2	547	83.0	4.0	1.3	698	453	314	34	50.0	21		
Torrville CDP, Hartford County	1 124	519	46.2	3.4	594	97.9	1.7	1.2	755	706	577	98	62.2	86		
Torrville town, Hartford County	1 124	519	46.2	3.4	594	97.9	1.7	1.2	755	706	577	98	62.2	86		
Torrville CDP, Fairfield County	4 308	2 238	69.8	3.0	2 868	95.9	8.3	1.1	3 245	2 694	1 910	336	56.3	256		
Thomaston town, Litchfield County	5 431	2 852	72.6	5.6	3 656	94.2	10.8	5.5	4 152	3 293	2 382	425	58.8	353		
Thompson town, Windham County	6 471	3 478	67.7	4.5	4 286	94.6	12.5	4.4	4 924	3 954	2 814	570	73.0	507		
Thompsonville CDP, Hartford County	6 696	3 698	66.4	5.4	4 083	92.6	12.9	1.1	4 719	3 659	2 765	572	65.0	535		
Tolland town, Tolland County	8 219	4 083	79.8	1.7	6 320	95.2	14.0	1.7	7 012	5 683	4 347	738	71.4	699		
Torrington city, Litchfield County	27 254	14 422	67.9	5.1	17 204	93.4	11.2	8.8	19 777	16 315	11 988	1 908	65.9	1 707		
Torrington town, Litchfield County	27 254	14 422	67.9	5.1	17 204	93.4	11.2	8.8	19 777	16 315	11 988	1 908	65.9	1 707		
Trombly CDP, Fairfield County	25 712	13 457	66.7	4.4	16 206	94.6	8.6	1.5	18 507	14 603	10 943	1 678	50.8	1 125		
Uxbridge-Oxonoboxe Valley CDP, New London County	2 338	1 172	69.7	9.6	1 440	94.7	19.2	3.3	1 739	1 323	965	168	58.9	154		
Union town, Tolland County	23 471	12 311	73.0	2.6	16 330	90.6	15.8	7.7	18 365	15 285	11 458	1 838	66.7	1 600		
Vernon town, Tolland County	32 379	16 889	71.5	4.5	21 640	93.1	12.6	6.6	24 387	19 594	14 433	2 430	63.1	2 041		
Wallingford town, New Haven County	14 381	7 591	69.9	5.1	9 371	94.1	10.6	5.7	10 479	8 490	6 213	1 013	65.9	916		
Warren town, Litchfield County	962	468	67.3	4.0	612	84.0	5.4	2.0	708	570	412	67	47.8	43		
Warebury city, Litchfield County	3 087	1 589	69.2	5.9	1 981	85.6	9.0	3.2	2 365	1 802	1 177	225	38.5	163		
Warebury town, New Haven County	85 804	46 324	65.0	7.8	49 858	91.4	15.2	3.2	58 385	46 229	34 069	6 609	54.7	4 864		
Warebury town, New Haven County	85 804	46 324	65.0	7.8	49 858	91.4	15.2	3.2	58 385	46 229	34 069	6 609	54.7	4 864		
Warebury CDP, Litchfield County	14 309	8 365	71.3	5.5	9 021	94.8	10.7	1.9	10 483	8 177	6 041	1 521	48.2	1 271		
Wareburg CDP, Windham County	16 695	8 354	65.2	5.1	10 340	88.3	12.5	1.9	12 445	10 330	7 263	95	47.4	95		
Watogue CDP, Windham County	1 982	1 021	78.5	2.5	1 486	94.4	3.5	1.9	1 632	1 244	951	136	52.2	95		
Westbrook CDP, Hartford County	4 543	2 346	65.8	7.8	2 815	90.9	11.2	—	3 283	2 527	1 891	186	46.8	146		
Westbrook Center CDP, Middlesex County	1 803	962	63.6	4.1	1 047	91.6	15.8	—	1 248	967	770	57	57.9	48		
West Hartford town, Hartford County	49 701	27 759	62.7	4.0	29 349	89.0	8.6	4.2	34 074	26 816	19 422	2 960	61.1	2 326		
West Hartford CDP, Hartford County	43 651	23 108	69.2	5.5	27 749	91.1	13.7	3.5	32 969	26 142	19 227	2 193	59.1	2 480		
West Haven town, New Haven County	43 651	23 108	69.2	5.5	27 749	91.1	13.7	3.5	32 969	26 142	19 227	2 193	59.1	2 480		
West Mystic CDP, New London County	2 967	1 565	68.3	3.0	1 927	88.0	8.5	1.3	2 254	1 845	1 359	207	61.4	130		
Westport town, Fairfield County	6 772	3 503	68.9	5.0	4 376	74.9	4.8	13.4	5 233	3 946	3 034	642	43.6	313		
Westport town, Fairfield County	20 218	10 615	69.1	3.2	13 390	72.0	5.5	16.0	15 217	11 604	8 578	1 287	49.4	750		
Westport CDP, Fairfield County	20 218	10 615	69.1	3.2	13 390	72.0	5.5	16.0	15 217	11 604	8 578	1 287	49.4	750		
Westport town, Fairfield County	21 523	11 705	61.5	3.5	12 497	91.8	11.5	3.7	14 585	11 558	8 434	1 137	63.8	880		
Wethersfield town, Hartford County	21 523	11 705	61.5	3.5	12 497	91.8	11.5	3.7	14 585	11 558	8 434	1 137	63.8	880		
Wethersfield CDP, Windham County	11 874	6 418	64.2	6.6	6 946	87.0	16.0	2.0	8 699	6 143	3 864	845	65.6	780		
Willimantic CDP, Windham County	4 672	2 320	80.1	4.1	3 043	94.3	11.9	1.3	4 047	3 155	2 143	366	69.9	369		
Willington town, Tolland County	12 497	6 507	68.0	3.8	8 492	79.7	4.1	10.4	9 462	7 370	5 319	877	38.3	496		
Wilton town, Fairfield County	10 084	5 180	73.0	4.6	6 087	90.6	10.9	1.0	7 033	5 675	4 056	435	58.1	1 021		
Windsor town, Litchfield County	22 063	11 540	71.7	4.6	14 748	92.9	10.9	2.9	16 789	13 530	10 356	1 678	60.5	1 216		
Windsor town, Hartford County	10 157	5 161	73.5	4.6	6 992	93.5	12.2	2.2	8 009	6 471	5 027	603	76.3	675		
Windsor Locks town, Hartford County	10 157	5 161	73.5	4.6	6 992	93.5	12.2	2.2	8 009	6 471	5 027	603	76.3	675		
Windsor Locks CDP, Hartford County	10 157	5 161	73.5	4.6	6 992	93.5	12.2	2.2	8 009	6 471	5 027	603	76.3	675		
Winsted CDP, Litchfield County	6 566	3 519	70.2	61.4	4 282	91.8	14.5	1.1	4 948	4 003	2 863	412	56.1	332		
Wolcott town, New Haven County	10 912	5 590	73.0	5.8	7 353	96.4	9.6	4.4	8 406	6 868	4 991	740	67.8	709		
Woodbridge town, New Haven County	6 259	3 166	74.6	4.2	3 789	93.6	6.8	—	4 338	3 526	2 604	427	63.2	396		
Woodbury town, Litchfield County	9 957	5 533	69.5	3.3	6 335	93.6	2.7	2.7	7 033	5 666	4 711	358	68.4	471		
Woodbury Center CDP, Litchfield County	1 481	768	74.0	1.8	1 029	90.3	11.8	4.7	1 098	913	674	84	71.4	76		
Woodstock town, New Haven County	4 619	2 370	62.2	5.2	3 053	86.9	11.0	2.2	3 558	2 647	2 064	333	51.1	219		
Woodstock town, Windham County	40 328	20 997	70.2	5.5	26 283	92.9	10.0	2.8	30 393	24 094	18 236	2 809	60.2	2 137		

Table 7. Disability Status: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years						Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over				Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—			
	Total	Percent with a work disability		Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Total	Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation
		Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation		Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation				
The State	2 136 889	6.4	2.7	3.7	1.6	2.9	417 404	18.7	13.7	11.5	49.3	82.6	31.3	81.3
Fairfield County	546 685	5.4	2.3	3.7	1.5	3.0	103 833	18.1	13.4	11.2	48.1	81.4	32.0	80.3
Bethel town	11 771	4.1	1.4	2.1	.8	1.6	1 604	18.6	15.7	8.1	56.8	84.9	19.4	84.2
Bethel CDP	5 873	4.0	1.8	2.7	1.1	2.0	1 054	17.6	14.7	8.4	46.8	86.3	8.1	85.6
Bridgeport town	87 689	8.8	4.4	8.1	2.9	6.8	18 117	25.7	18.2	16.4	40.8	80.3	30.3	78.3
Bridgeport city	87 689	8.8	4.4	8.1	2.9	6.8	18 117	25.7	18.2	16.4	40.8	80.3	30.3	78.3
Brookfield town	9 890	3.8	1.3	1.6	.9	.9	1 144	13.7	11.1	8.7	54.0	82.5	37.0	81.8
Oanbury town	43 739	5.7	2.1	3.7	1.1	3.3	7 009	21.0	15.5	12.1	56.4	85.0	47.0	83.8
Oanbury city	43 739	5.7	2.1	3.7	1.1	3.3	7 009	21.0	15.5	12.1	56.4	85.0	47.0	83.8
Dorien town	11 890	3.9	1.2	1.2	.9	.8	2 241	11.4	9.1	6.3	60.9	74.6	35.7	74.5
Dorien CDP	11 831	3.9	1.3	1.3	.9	.8	2 241	11.4	9.1	6.3	60.9	74.6	35.7	74.4
Easton town	4 110	6.2	2.0	4.3	1.9	3.2	855	18.5	16.7	11.3	42.4	76.7	5.1	76.0
Fairfield town	34 816	4.6	1.8	2.3	1.2	1.6	8 353	14.4	10.4	8.9	50.9	78.2	32.5	77.5
Greenwich town	38 463	3.7	1.5	2.1	.9	1.6	8 840	12.9	11.1	8.6	47.0	75.8	36.8	75.0
Monroe town	11 433	4.9	1.9	3.3	1.1	2.8	3 116	12.6	11.9	8.5	47.0	83.2	45.2	81.8
New Canaan town	11 678	2.2	.4	1.6	.3	1.3	2 265	12.3	9.7	6.8	65.3	73.7	42.9	73.6
New Fairfield town	8 652	5.4	2.4	2.5	1.2	1.7	1 141	23.0	14.3	13.5	51.7	82.1	35.2	81.1
Newtown town	13 612	3.9	1.3	2.0	1.0	1.5	1 691	16.2	12.4	10.7	52.5	82.3	35.3	81.5
Newtown borough	1 178	5.3	1.7	2.4	.6	2.0	238	15.1	15.1	7.6	46.0	83.3	—	81.8
Norwalk town	54 337	5.8	2.4	4.1	1.6	3.4	9 365	18.0	12.7	11.2	54.1	85.7	27.5	84.8
Norwalk city	54 337	5.8	2.4	4.1	1.6	3.4	9 365	18.0	12.7	11.2	54.1	85.7	27.5	84.8
Redding town	5 488	3.0	1.2	1.6	.7	1.1	691	5.1	5.1	.7	41.5	79.2	22.5	78.5
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	255	6.3	—	3.5	3.5	—	34	38.2	38.2	—	56.3	89.5	100.0	87.0
Ridgefield town	14 833	2.8	1.0	1.1	.6	.8	1 779	10.2	9.1	4.4	54.7	80.2	26.8	79.8
Ridgefield CDP	4 411	3.3	.8	1.6	.6	1.1	806	11.5	10.9	5.0	70.1	78.1	53.6	78.0
Shelton town	23 441	5.3	2.3	2.5	1.1	1.9	3 826	17.1	12.5	11.1	41.6	84.8	27.9	83.1
Shelton city	23 441	5.3	2.3	2.5	1.1	1.9	3 826	17.1	12.5	11.8	41.6	84.8	27.9	83.1
Sherman town	1 914	5.0	2.5	1.2	1.2	.4	361	18.3	11.9	11.1	34.4	83.6	—	82.1
Stamford town	73 999	5.2	2.5	4.1	1.8	3.4	13 605	19.3	14.6	13.0	44.9	83.6	32.4	82.5
Stamford city	73 999	5.2	2.5	4.1	1.8	3.4	13 605	19.3	14.6	13.0	44.9	83.6	32.4	82.5
Stratford town	30 717	6.3	2.6	3.2	1.4	2.6	9 475	16.0	11.8	9.1	49.9	84.5	24.7	83.1
Stratford CDP	30 717	6.3	2.6	3.2	1.4	2.6	9 475	16.0	11.8	9.1	49.9	84.5	24.7	83.1
Trumbull town	20 682	4.3	1.7	2.6	1.1	2.1	4 742	16.6	12.4	10.3	48.6	80.9	29.4	80.1
Trumbull CDP	20 682	4.3	1.7	2.6	1.1	2.1	4 742	16.6	12.4	10.3	48.6	80.9	29.4	80.1
Weston town	6 057	3.1	.6	.8	.5	.6	715	14.1	13.3	7.4	49.5	74.5	32.3	73.9
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	137	4.4	4.4	—	—	—	18	50.0	50.0	—	—	87.8	—	83.9
Westport CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Westport town	16 827	3.3	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.6	3 160	12.0	10.2	8.6	64.4	77.2	53.6	77.0
Westport CDP (pt.)	16 810	3.3	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.6	3 160	12.0	10.2	8.6	64.4	77.3	53.6	77.1
Wilton town	10 697	2.7	.9	.6	.4	.4	1 518	14.3	11.2	8.8	56.3	76.7	54.3	76.3
Georgetown CDP (pt.)	730	1.1	—	—	—	—	154	11.0	4.5	6.5	—	80.7	—	79.9
Hartford County	554 643	6.3	2.7	4.4	1.9	3.4	111 306	18.9	13.5	11.7	47.7	83.1	33.6	81.8
Avon town	9 359	3.8	1.1	2.1	1.0	1.5	1 705	11.7	10.0	6.7	55.6	79.6	17.8	79.3
Berlin town	10 722	5.7	2.1	3.9	1.3	3.4	2 559	13.7	8.9	7.0	48.2	87.1	13.3	85.9
Kensington CDP	5 156	4.1	1.9	3.2	1.4	2.7	1 416	14.1	8.3	8.5	43.6	89.2	—	88.6
Bloomfield town	12 257	6.0	1.9	5.1	2.0	4.1	3 355	20.3	13.9	11.6	56.4	85.8	43.2	84.9
Blue Hills CDP	2 116	4.8	1.8	6.3	1.2	5.1	440	10.7	10.7	2.5	62.4	83.0	48.0	82.4
Bristol town	40 140	7.0	3.0	3.6	1.7	2.6	7 875	20.3	14.0	13.1	50.1	87.1	27.0	85.5
Bristol city	40 140	7.0	3.0	3.6	1.7	2.6	7 875	20.3	14.0	13.1	50.1	87.1	27.0	85.5
Burlington town	4 779	3.9	1.2	.6	.4	.4	457	9.6	9.6	5.0	44.3	87.2	—	85.9
Canton town	5 668	4.7	1.3	2.1	.4	1.9	866	13.2	11.7	4.7	56.2	87.9	—	86.7
Canton Valley CDP	1 006	2.3	.6	1.2	.6	1.2	246	21.1	18.3	2.8	73.9	88.6	—	88.8
Collinsville CDP	1 834	4.1	.4	4.1	.4	4.1	273	9.9	9.9	4.8	82.7	89.0	—	89.1
East Granby town	2 952	3.8	1.4	1.7	.8	1.2	460	8.5	8.5	1.3	50.4	85.0	16.7	84.2
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
East Hartford town	33 563	7.1	2.8	4.5	1.6	3.5	7 406	17.2	12.8	9.7	52.0	86.3	36.9	84.6
East Hartford CDP	33 563	7.1	2.8	4.5	1.6	3.5	7 406	17.2	12.8	9.7	52.0	86.3	36.9	84.6
East Windsor town	6 747	5.4	1.9	3.5	1.5	2.5	1 036	15.7	9.2	10.6	50.1	87.8	13.3	86.8
Brook Brook CDP	2 361	3.6	2.4	3.5	1.7	2.1	316	13.3	6.6	9.2	32.9	84.0	—	83.6
Enfield town	29 745	6.8	2.6	4.4	1.6	3.3	6 616	20.0	14.4	10.2	50.9	86.6	33.1	84.6
Hazardville CDP	3 320	6.6	2.7	1.8	1.6	3.5	479	11.6	9.0	8.2	87.0	80.0	44.4	83.3
Sherwood Manor CDP	4 524	7.0	2.3	3.8	2.0	2.3	515	21.6	18.8	8.3	59.4	85.2	29.7	84.5
Southwood Acres CDP	6 474	5.3	2.4	4.4	1.5	3.6	608	16.8	12.2	8.4	44.3	86.7	28.6	85.3
Thompsonville CDP	5 081	10.6	4.4	3.6	1.8	2.5	1 362	23.9	17.9	13.0	50.0	86.3	20.9	83.6
Formington town	13 536	4.9	2.1	2.5	1.5	2.0	2 892	15.0	12.2	8.7	46.5	83.8	33.3	82.7
Glastonbury town	18 958	3.4	1.3	1.8	1.0	1.3	3 147	14.4	10.7	8.9	54.4	83.3	38.9	82.2
Glastonbury Center CDP	4 713	4.3	1.3	2.7	1.3	1.8	1 241	15.6	10.2	10.1	57.7	83.9	42.4	83.3
Wethersfield CDP (pt.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Granby town	6 434	4.6	1.1	1.7	1.3	.8	778	10.4	7.7	5.8	62.3	84.3	56.6	83.7
North Granby CDP (pt.)	924	.8	—	—	—	—	77	9.1	9.1	9.1	100.0	77.5	—	77.7
Salmon Brook CDP	1 574	6.6	.7	3.2	2.5	1.8	207	17.9	7.7	12.6	79.8	89.5	85.0	88.9
Hartford town	89 886	9.7	5.5	9.4	4.0	7.3	12 958	27.1	18.7	18.5	32.8	72.4	30.9	70.3
Hartford city	89 886	9.7	5.5	9.4	4.0	7.3	12 958	27.1	18.7	18.5	32.8	72.4	30.9	70.3
Hartland town	1 220	6.1	2.3	1.5	.8	1.5	149	11.4	10.1	6.0	34.7	83.1	—	80.8
North Granby CDP (pt.)	25	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	80.0	—	80.0
Manchester town	33 460	6.1	2.2	3.1	1.5	2.3	7 410	19.7	14.4	12.6	55.3	87.3	42.9	86.0
Central Manchester CDP	19 987	7.2	2.6	3.1	1.7	2.3	4 978	20.6	15.2	13.5	57.4	88.0	41.3	86.6
Marlborough town	3 748	3.8	1.2	2.9	.6	2.8	307	18.9	12.1	10.1	60.1	84.2	—	83.5
Terraviva CDP	690	3.9	.7	—	—	—	78	9.6	9.6	—	81.5	87.8	—	87.5
New Britain town	47 873	7.1	3.5	4.6	2.0	3.6	12 207	22.8	15.5	15.6	42.3	83.0	21.9	81.3
New Britain city	47 873	7.1	3.5	4.6	2.0	3.6	12 207	22.8	15.5	15.6	42.3	83.0	21.9	81.3
New														

Table 7. Disability Status: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years						Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over				Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—				
	Total	Percent with a work disability		Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Total	Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation	
		Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation		Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation					
Hartford County—Con.															
Windsor Locks town	8 250	4.3	1.6	2.9	.7	2.7	1 728	17.9	11.3	11.7	55.6	87.8	8.2	87.0	
Windsor Locks CDP (pt.)	8 250	4.3	1.6	2.9	.7	2.7	1 728	17.9	11.3	11.7	55.6	87.8	8.2	87.0	
Litchfield County	112 730	6.1	1.8	2.9	1.1	2.3	23 238	17.0	12.4	10.3	60.2	85.2	40.3	84.1	
Barkhamsted town	2 328	3.9	.6	2.2	1.5	1.0	287	9.8	4.2	7.7	79.1	87.1	63.9	87.1	
Bethlehem town	2 163	3.7	.6	3.1	.9	2.5	274	2.6	2.6	2.6	75.3	83.0	70.0	82.8	
Bethlehem Village CDP	1 378	4.4	.9	4.3	1.5	3.4	185	3.8	3.8	3.8	80.3	80.2	70.0	80.3	
Bridgewater town	1 133	5.3	3.1	2.6	1.7	.9	216	18.5	16.7	11.6	33.3	82.3	10.5	80.9	
Canaan town	678	5.9	1.8	.3	—	.3	147	17.7	17.7	12.9	70.0	83.9	—	83.0	
Colebrook town	893	4.7	1.1	3.4	1.5	1.9	188	13.8	8.5	6.4	71.4	85.9	23.1	85.6	
Cornwall town	901	6.7	1.0	4.8	2.6	2.8	249	14.1	12.4	7.2	71.7	84.9	73.9	84.3	
Goshen town	1 517	4.9	1.1	3.3	1.3	2.4	294	13.9	8.8	9.9	64.9	82.4	30.0	82.0	
Harwinton town	3 491	5.0	1.4	3.1	.6	2.5	599	11.0	11.0	2.7	65.5	86.4	63.6	85.5	
Northwest Harwinton CDP	2 198	5.0	2.0	3.5	1.0	2.6	427	8.4	8.4	1.2	50.0	87.6	63.6	86.0	
Kent town	1 904	6.1	2.1	2.4	1.2	1.5	394	17.0	11.2	13.5	65.5	84.2	22.7	83.8	
Litchfield town	5 157	5.5	1.3	1.7	.5	1.5	1 267	18.4	14.1	12.3	67.0	81.5	40.0	80.9	
Bantam borough	457	7.0	2.6	.7	—	.7	153	25.5	17.6	19.6	62.5	87.8	—	86.0	
Litchfield borough	740	2.7	—	2.0	.5	1.5	280	—	13.6	7.5	90.0	83.9	100.0	84.0	
Morris town	1 315	6.4	2.7	.9	.6	.3	281	16.0	13.2	9.6	53.6	84.6	25.0	83.8	
New Hartford town	3 942	4.3	1.5	3.7	.8	3.3	518	18.1	18.1	6.2	49.1	88.2	30.0	86.9	
New Hartford Center CDP	979	3.8	2.0	10.3	—	10.3	114	31.6	31.6	13.2	45.9	85.2	—	83.8	
New Milford town	15 873	5.5	1.8	2.1	1.2	1.4	1 897	14.8	10.9	7.7	54.7	85.7	49.7	84.5	
New Milford CDP	3 956	8.0	3.8	3.9	2.3	2.3	536	22.8	17.9	15.7	44.5	89.5	62.0	86.4	
Norfolk town	1 244	5.0	2.1	5.2	1.0	4.8	299	18.4	12.4	13.7	30.0	84.9	8.3	83.9	
North Canaan town	2 057	5.6	1.0	5.6	1.1	4.9	561	19.4	16.0	10.3	75.9	85.1	100.0	84.4	
Canaan CDP	689	7.0	1.7	3.8	2.2	2.6	307	26.1	23.8	11.1	58.3	87.7	100.0	85.3	
Plymouth town	7 610	6.4	1.6	4.0	1.2	3.4	1 499	22.1	16.5	13.1	66.3	86.0	35.6	85.3	
Terryville CDP	3 404	7.3	1.8	4.5	.9	4.1	904	17.4	15.4	9.3	62.5	86.9	25.0	85.7	
Roxbury town	1 223	6.7	2.0	3.2	1.0	2.8	241	14.5	11.6	6.6	51.2	78.6	58.3	77.0	
Salisbury town	2 341	5.8	1.6	2.1	.9	2.1	871	15.4	12.2	9.6	68.1	80.6	—	80.6	
Sharon town	1 883	4.2	1.6	1.3	1.0	.3	516	7.8	4.1	4.7	61.3	82.3	50.0	81.7	
Thomaston town	4 444	4.9	1.4	1.9	.7	1.1	987	25.3	18.8	14.6	57.5	86.1	15.2	85.2	
Torrington town	20 951	7.9	2.3	3.1	1.2	2.6	5 740	18.1	11.7	12.4	59.5	86.2	31.3	84.8	
Torrington city	20 951	7.9	2.3	3.1	1.2	2.6	5 740	18.1	11.7	12.4	59.5	86.2	31.3	84.8	
Warren town	788	6.9	2.0	2.5	1.0	2.2	174	20.1	17.8	11.5	59.3	79.2	37.5	78.2	
Washington town	2 446	5.2	2.1	2.6	1.3	1.8	605	11.6	10.1	8.4	45.2	81.4	16.1	80.4	
New Preston CDP	757	4.0	.7	4.2	1.8	3.0	192	16.7	12.0	16.7	53.3	83.8	—	84.1	
Watertown town	13 448	5.7	2.1	3.2	1.4	2.7	2 571	17.9	13.3	9.6	58.3	85.4	43.2	84.5	
Dakville CDP	5 686	5.8	2.6	3.0	.9	2.4	1 187	19.6	12.7	13.6	53.2	87.7	17.0	86.4	
Winchester town	7 400	8.2	2.6	3.1	1.4	2.3	1 593	16.1	10.2	11.6	63.9	86.5	43.6	85.2	
Winsted CDP	5 212	9.7	2.5	3.8	1.7	2.6	1 263	18.2	12.4	13.0	68.6	85.6	50.0	84.6	
Woodbury town	5 600	5.4	1.4	2.7	.6	2.3	970	14.7	12.5	4.8	56.0	84.7	34.4	83.4	
Woodbury Center CDP	741	8.0	1.2	1.2	—	1.2	216	11.6	6.9	4.6	67.8	85.0	—	83.7	
Middlesex County	94 892	5.5	1.8	2.8	1.2	2.1	17 464	16.5	11.9	10.0	59.3	85.4	45.0	84.4	
Chester town	2 139	4.5	1.3	4.4	1.5	2.9	445	16.2	12.4	11.2	66.7	87.4	59.4	86.9	
Chester Center CDP	1 032	2.7	.9	3.2	.7	2.5	191	16.2	12.6	16.2	67.9	86.1	100.0	85.5	
Clinton town	8 503	6.2	1.8	2.8	1.1	2.1	1 210	15.8	10.0	10.0	62.0	85.9	40.2	84.9	
Clinton CDP	2 237	7.0	2.0	4.6	.9	3.1	464	14.9	11.9	9.7	56.4	84.3	35.7	83.2	
Cromwell town	8 016	4.9	1.6	2.5	.8	1.9	1 737	12.9	9.3	8.3	53.6	87.1	21.2	86.0	
Deep River town	2 835	3.8	1.4	3.0	1.1	2.8	501	16.0	12.4	9.8	44.4	83.1	15.6	82.3	
Deep River Center CDP	1 585	3.1	2.2	3.4	1.6	3.0	307	13.4	10.1	7.8	28.6	85.8	19.2	85.1	
Durham town	3 783	5.4	1.8	2.2	1.3	1.3	449	24.5	20.7	12.7	60.5	85.2	50.0	84.3	
Durham CDP	1 789	4.6	2.1	2.1	.4	1.6	278	29.1	25.5	15.5	53.7	84.7	—	83.7	
East Haddam town	4 350	5.1	1.4	5.5	1.6	2.2	705	23.8	20.1	10.4	62.9	87.4	16.9	87.3	
Moodus CDP	683	2.3	1.2	2.6	1.2	1.5	167	34.7	29.3	9.6	50.0	84.0	—	84.1	
East Hampton town	6 950	4.9	1.1	2.3	.9	1.9	1 637	16.8	12.2	11.8	72.1	88.7	56.9	88.2	
East Hampton CDP	1 542	8.9	1.6	6.7	2.6	6.0	249	11.2	8.4	8.4	75.9	88.5	62.5	88.0	
Lake Pocotopaug CDP	2 066	4.4	1.3	.7	.3	.7	258	13.6	13.6	10.5	62.2	91.9	—	90.9	
Essex town	3 424	6.7	2.8	2.0	1.4	1.1	1 236	14.8	10.7	8.7	53.0	85.0	14.9	83.8	
Essex Village CDP	1 454	8.7	4.1	4.0	3.1	1.8	483	20.8	14.7	11.0	49.2	81.5	14.9	80.9	
Haddam town	4 747	6.5	1.4	6.3	1.4	1.7	639	16.9	14.9	9.4	69.8	88.2	16.2	87.6	
Higganum CDP	1 250	11.3	3.2	3.7	1.3	2.9	174	11.5	8.0	7.5	63.1	92.5	37.5	89.9	
Killingworth town	3 308	4.2	2.0	1.6	.8	.8	470	9.6	9.6	1.9	47.8	79.0	—	78.4	
Middlefield town	2 608	6.0	1.1	3.5	1.2	2.3	532	14.5	12.6	10.0	71.3	86.7	78.1	85.9	
Middletown town	29 239	5.5	1.8	3.2	1.5	2.4	4 907	18.9	12.9	11.0	59.1	84.8	58.6	83.7	
Middletown city	29 239	5.5	1.8	3.2	1.5	2.4	4 907	18.9	12.9	11.0	59.1	84.8	58.6	83.7	
Old Saybrook town	6 057	5.6	1.5	2.7	1.1	1.6	1 591	12.5	6.8	8.0	65.9	81.7	89.9	80.7	
Ferwick borough	32	18.8	—	9.4	9.4	9.4	44	11.4	11.4	—	100.0	50.0	100.0	55.2	
Old Saybrook Center CDP	1 150	5.8	.9	1.7	—	1.7	595	10.4	6.1	5.9	73.1	85.3	—	84.6	
Saybrook Manor CDP	702	7.0	3.7	7.4	—	7.4	180	15.0	8.9	10.6	12.2	87.6	—	82.3	
Portland town	5 459	6.2	2.8	3.3	1.5	2.4	1 147	19.7	15.6	12.2	41.1	86.6	27.4	84.7	
Portland CDP	3 538	6.9	3.4	3.6	1.9	2.5	890	20.1	15.6	12.2	38.4	85.7	19.1	83.6	
Westbrook town	3 474	6.1	2.1	4.0	.8	3.2	1 058	12.8	7.9	8.6	53.1	82.8	—	81.6	
Westbrook Center CDP	1 275	7.0	2.7	2.6	.6	2.0	517	10.3	10.3	3.3	60.7	82.1	—	81.1	
New Haven County	518 095	7.2	3.2	4.0	1.9	3.1	110 234	19.5	14.3	12.1	47.1	82.5	26.8	81.0	
Ansonia town	11 335	7.3	4.0	3.4	1.6	2.6	3 084	18.0	12.5	11.1	43.6	84.7	21.5	82.7	
Ansonia city	11 335	7.3	4.0	3.4	1.6	2.6	3 084	18.0	12.5	11.1	43.6	84.7	21.5	82.7	
Beacon Falls town	3 431	4.8	1.9	4.0	2.0	2.5	541	24.2	20.7	17.0	43.6	88.2	50.0	86.7	
Bethany town	3 105	6.1	2.2	2.4	.9	1.7	435								

Table 7. Disability Status: 1990—Con.

(Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

State County County Subdivision Place	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years						Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over				Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—			
	Total	Percent with a work disability		Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Total	Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation
		Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation		Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation				
New Haven County—Con.														
Milford town	33 326	6.0	2.6	2.9	1.4	2.1	6 573	15.6	12.0	9.2	47.1	83.9	19.8	82.6
Milford city (remainder)	32 065	6.0	2.6	2.7	1.4	2.1	6 353	15.2	11.8	9.1	47.4	83.7	19.8	82.4
Woodmont borough	1 261	5.6	2.6	4.7	1.2	4.3	220	25.0	19.1	13.2	40.8	87.4	20.0	85.6
Naugatuck town	19 596	6.6	2.2	3.0	1.2	2.1	3 656	15.5	11.2	9.8	60.9	86.5	42.6	85.3
Naugatuck borough	19 596	6.6	2.2	3.0	1.2	2.1	3 656	15.5	11.2	9.8	60.9	86.5	42.6	85.3
New Haven town	86 047	8.8	4.5	5.9	2.6	4.6	14 799	28.0	20.0	17.4	40.6	74.6	26.9	72.8
New Haven city	86 047	8.8	4.5	5.9	2.6	4.6	14 799	28.0	20.0	17.4	40.6	74.6	26.9	72.8
North Branford town	8 920	5.1	2.2	3.2	.9	2.7	1 241	17.6	11.5	12.8	43.5	83.8	49.4	82.0
North Haven town	14 187	5.7	2.1	3.2	1.7	2.5	3 793	17.8	11.4	10.3	57.4	84.6	46.7	83.6
North Haven CDP (pt.)	14 187	5.7	2.1	4.5	1.6	3.5	3 793	17.8	11.4	10.3	57.4	84.6	46.7	83.6
Orange town	8 188	5.9	2.0	2.7	1.2	1.9	2 036	12.6	12.2	6.2	58.8	80.3	18.0	79.8
Orange CDP	8 188	5.9	2.0	2.7	1.2	1.9	2 036	12.6	12.2	6.2	58.8	80.3	18.0	79.8
Oxford town	5 739	5.1	1.3	1.2	.7	1.2	700	14.1	9.9	9.3	68.4	84.7	23.3	84.3
Prospect town	5 167	8.1	2.8	5.2	3.0	3.6	811	17.5	12.1	10.6	61.7	85.2	53.9	84.2
Seymour town	9 518	7.3	2.4	3.4	1.7	2.4	2 004	16.4	12.9	9.6	54.4	84.9	31.7	83.5
Southbury town	7 904	4.1	1.5	1.9	1.0	1.5	3 969	17.5	14.0	9.6	44.3	80.7	26.8	79.7
Heritage Village CDP	750	10.0	4.9	3.9	3.9	1.2	2 796	17.6	14.1	8.9	37.3	69.9	34.5	68.0
Wallingford town	26 539	6.4	2.4	2.7	1.4	2.1	4 931	16.3	11.6	10.0	53.3	86.0	24.4	84.7
North Haven CDP (pt.)	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0
Wallingford Center CDP	11 460	7.7	3.1	2.1	1.5	1.4	2 600	16.7	13.2	10.0	52.8	87.3	15.8	85.7
Waterbury town	67 672	9.8	4.8	5.7	2.9	4.2	16 603	21.1	15.4	14.1	41.5	83.1	25.6	80.6
Waterbury city	67 672	9.8	4.8	5.7	2.9	4.2	16 603	21.1	15.4	14.1	41.5	83.1	25.6	80.6
West Haven town	35 513	7.2	3.2	4.7	1.7	3.8	7 432	16.6	10.9	12.3	45.1	83.8	22.9	82.0
West Haven city	35 513	7.2	3.2	4.7	1.7	3.8	7 432	16.6	10.9	12.3	45.1	83.8	22.9	82.0
Wolcott town	9 256	6.1	2.5	3.0	1.8	2.1	1 525	15.4	11.9	10.6	46.4	85.8	24.7	84.4
Woodbridge town	5 057	4.1	1.8	2.2	1.4	1.5	1 159	12.9	9.3	10.0	49.8	76.1	46.6	75.4
New London County	155 227	8.0	3.1	3.0	1.7	2.0	28 356	19.3	14.3	11.5	51.3	82.2	26.7	80.6
Bazroth town	1 503	10.6	4.8	2.2	2.2	.6	272	17.3	8.8	13.2	54.7	92.3	—	90.3
Colchester town	7 183	6.3	2.2	4.0	1.8	3.4	928	18.9	16.8	12.9	49.9	85.8	26.9	84.5
Colchester borough	2 059	6.1	2.7	4.2	.9	4.2	297	25.9	23.2	19.9	51.2	86.7	—	85.3
East Lyme town	9 708	6.2	2.7	2.8	1.7	1.8	1 632	9.3	9.3	3.7	49.2	84.0	19.3	82.9
Niantic CDP	1 987	8.7	3.6	3.5	1.5	2.4	562	8.4	8.4	3.4	58.4	86.9	30.0	85.3
Franklin town	1 239	6.6	2.7	2.7	1.5	1.9	1 188	11.7	10.1	4.8	51.2	83.9	52.6	82.2
Griswold town	6 547	12.0	4.0	4.3	2.0	3.3	1 125	20.8	13.0	14.4	55.0	82.2	27.3	80.0
Jewett City borough	2 045	14.0	4.0	6.5	2.0	5.8	469	23.5	15.8	16.2	56.6	82.2	22.0	79.8
Groton town	22 191	7.2	2.9	2.6	1.5	1.6	3 624	20.9	16.5	10.5	49.0	80.2	38.7	78.5
Conning Towers-Nautilus Park CDP	3 468	6.8	2.5	2.5	1.4	1.7	140	32.1	32.1	12.9	47.2	65.4	20.0	64.8
Groton city	6 178	8.6	3.0	3.2	1.7	2.0	1 038	22.5	17.4	10.3	60.4	83.9	51.4	82.4
Poquonock Bridge CDP	1 691	11.4	7.6	4.4	2.8	2.8	276	29.0	18.1	15.2	30.6	83.2	39.6	78.3
West Mystic CDP	2 347	4.1	1.2	1.6	.9	.9	452	16.8	14.6	5.8	47.9	82.0	—	81.4
Lebanon town	4 051	8.7	2.7	1.1	1.1	—	477	14.7	13.0	7.5	61.3	84.5	21.7	83.2
Ledyard town	9 420	6.0	1.4	1.9	1.3	1.1	915	20.0	17.7	11.6	60.6	80.4	36.9	79.8
Lisbon town	2 509	8.8	3.2	2.1	1.6	.4	369	20.3	5.7	14.6	43.9	85.4	12.2	82.9
Lyme town	1 280	6.4	1.8	3.0	2.3	1.7	342	11.4	8.8	6.7	58.5	77.5	65.5	76.6
Montville town	11 132	7.6	3.6	3.4	2.0	2.1	1 558	15.9	12.3	11.4	44.9	83.9	24.6	82.1
Uncasville-Oxoboxe Valley CDP	1 841	8.4	2.9	3.6	3.1	1.3	432	17.8	10.4	11.3	56.5	84.2	38.6	83.2
New London town	17 371	10.4	4.3	3.8	2.0	2.4	3 404	21.0	15.4	13.6	49.5	78.5	22.1	76.6
New London city	17 371	10.4	4.3	3.8	2.0	2.4	3 404	21.0	15.4	13.6	49.5	78.5	22.1	76.6
North Stonington town	3 195	6.5	2.3	1.6	.8	1.3	383	9.7	6.8	9.7	58.0	81.1	—	80.3
Norwich town	22 812	10.9	4.9	4.0	2.2	2.7	5 334	21.2	15.1	12.0	47.6	83.1	21.5	80.5
Norwich city	22 812	10.9	4.9	4.0	2.2	2.7	5 334	21.2	15.1	12.0	47.6	83.1	21.5	80.5
Old Lyme town	4 205	4.9	2.0	1.9	1.2	.9	992	17.9	12.8	11.3	44.2	82.0	—	81.1
Preston town	3 049	7.4	1.8	2.7	1.0	2.5	551	31.9	22.9	17.6	68.4	82.8	—	82.6
Salem town	2 154	4.5	1.5	1.7	.7	1.7	214	41.1	34.6	17.8	54.2	86.7	—	85.9
Sprague town	2 007	8.3	2.2	4.4	1.6	3.1	311	30.5	17.7	20.9	63.3	78.2	62.5	77.2
Stonington town	11 006	7.2	2.8	2.2	1.4	1.1	2 707	18.4	12.2	11.2	52.8	83.2	14.3	81.9
Mystic CDP	1 693	3.0	.8	1.2	.8	.4	409	11.7	7.8	6.6	72.5	81.7	—	82.1
Powwotuck CDP	3 300	9.0	3.7	2.6	2.3	.9	863	25.3	13.3	18.3	54.1	82.7	10.4	81.8
Stonington borough	693	6.1	2.0	2.7	1.6	2.0	266	15.4	13.5	9.0	47.6	87.7	18.2	86.4
Voluntown town	1 387	8.8	2.8	3.9	1.2	3.4	201	15.4	8.0	10.4	57.4	86.1	37.5	84.1
Waterford town	11 278	4.9	1.6	2.6	1.3	2.0	2 929	18.4	14.0	10.9	59.0	81.6	58.9	80.8
Central Waterford CDP	1 850	7.6	1.4	5.1	3.0	4.3	523	17.6	15.3	14.0	82.3	86.1	76.4	86.1
Tolland County	89 128	5.3	1.9	1.9	.9	1.4	11 214	18.6	13.4	11.1	55.0	82.3	30.5	81.3
Andover town	1 733	7.3	2.3	1.0	.9	.6	225	12.9	10.2	9.3	63.0	87.7	40.0	86.3
Bolton town	3 175	6.0	2.8	2.4	1.5	1.8	430	10.7	9.5	6.3	43.7	87.1	27.1	85.4
Columbia town	3 004	4.7	1.5	.7	.2	.5	453	13.5	10.6	7.7	51.4	89.1	100.0	87.3
Coventry town	6 908	5.9	2.3	3.5	1.7	3.0	812	16.9	12.4	10.6	54.9	86.1	22.8	85.3
Coventry Lake CDP	1 968	6.4	3.7	4.1	1.8	3.7	252	9.5	9.5	—	38.1	80.6	20.0	78.9
South Coventry CDP	816	6.9	4.2	3.8	2.3	2.7	166	24.1	19.3	16.9	39.3	92.1	—	90.6
Ellington town	7 818	4.3	1.0	.9	.4	.8	971	17.1	14.4	9.2	68.3	88.0	29.0	87.4
Crystall Lake CDP (pt.)	831	4.9	2.0	—	—	—	113	20.4	10.6	15.0	53.7	87.6	—	85.9
Hebron town	4 794	4.0	2.1	1.8	.7	1.0	348	12.9	2.0	12.9	47.1	84.9	62.9	83.5
Mansfield town	17 098	3.4	1.0	1.1	.5	.9	1 521	15.3	12.7	7.3	48.6	82.5	45.6	82.1
Storrs CDP	11 169	2.0	.5	.6	.3	.5	607	12.0	10.5	7.9	35.2	50.6	34.5	50.1
Somers town	5 080	6.4	2.0	1.5	.5	1.3	823	13.2	9.4	6.2	57.4	82.3	64.0	80.8
Central Somers CDP	1 003	9.3	3.1	.8	.8	—	278	12.9	12.9	5.0	51.6	83.3	100.0	80.2
Stafford town	7 053	7.4	2.9	2.0	.6	1.8	1 296	19.2	12.6	12.3	53.6	85.7	15.0	83.7
Stafford Springs borough	2 485	9.0	3.3	2.2	.8	1.8	568	28.0	15.6	14.9	54.0	87.5	28.6	84.5
Tolland town	7 609	4.5												

Table 7. **Disability Status: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County County Subdivision Place	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years						Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over				Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—				
	Total	Percent with a work disability		Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Total	Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation	
		Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation		Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation					
Windham County—Con.															
Pomfret town	2 063	4.8	2.2	.4	.4	.2	274	15.3	13.5	9.9	53.1	82.7	—	81.6	
Putnam town	5 411	12.5	5.8	3.4	1.5	3.2	1 487	24.1	20.0	12.1	42.7	83.2	—	79.3	
Putnam District COP	4 088	14.0	6.0	2.7	1.1	2.4	1 161	26.8	21.7	14.7	44.3	84.4	—	79.7	
Scotland town	784	4.7	1.1	.5	.5	.3	123	20.3	17.1	4.1	75.7	84.3	50.0	84.1	
Sterling town	1 471	9.5	5.0	3.2	1.7	2.9	234	15.0	12.8	11.1	42.1	86.6	20.0	83.4	
Thompson town	5 456	5.6	3.8	5.1	1.5	4.1	1 160	19.2	14.9	12.1	30.2	83.6	13.6	81.6	
North Grosvenor Dale COP	1 090	10.5	6.0	5.8	.9	4.9	195	28.2	19.5	25.1	37.7	82.4	50.0	78.0	
Quinebaug COP	609	9.7	7.4	2.1	2.1	2.1	241	6.2	3.3	4.6	23.7	85.6	—	81.4	
Windham town	14 434	7.8	3.7	3.8	1.8	3.0	2 712	22.7	15.7	15.9	41.7	79.0	28.9	77.0	
South Windham COP	1 062	5.8	1.3	.7	.7	.7	216	22.7	14.8	19.4	54.8	80.4	—	79.4	
Williamantic COP	9 780	7.7	4.0	3.4	2.0	2.4	1 959	24.6	17.4	16.2	37.4	78.9	23.3	76.7	
Woodstock town	3 837	6.7	2.6	2.9	2.4	1.4	782	15.0	12.4	11.6	59.0	83.1	49.5	82.3	
South Woodstock COP	730	4.7	1.2	1.9	.8	1.1	148	30.4	21.6	23.6	73.5	83.0	100.0	82.5	

Table 8. Disability Status: 1990

(Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years						Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over				Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—			
	Percent with a work disability			Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Total	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	
	Total	Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	Total	Total	Mobility limitation					Self-care limitation
The State	2 136 889	6.4	2.7	3.7	1.6	2.9	417 404	18.7	13.7	11.5	49.3	82.6	31.3	81.3
COUNTY														
Fairfield County	546 685	5.4	2.3	3.7	1.5	3.0	103 833	18.1	13.4	11.2	48.1	81.4	32.0	80.3
Hartford County	554 643	6.3	2.7	4.4	1.9	3.4	111 306	18.9	13.5	11.7	47.7	83.1	33.6	81.8
Litchfield County	112 730	6.1	1.8	2.9	1.1	2.3	23 238	17.0	12.4	10.3	60.2	85.2	40.3	84.1
Middlesex County	94 892	5.5	1.8	2.8	1.2	2.1	17 464	16.5	11.9	10.0	59.3	85.4	45.0	84.4
New Haven County	518 095	7.2	3.2	4.0	1.9	3.1	110 234	19.5	14.3	12.1	47.1	82.5	26.8	81.0
New London County	155 227	8.0	3.1	3.0	1.7	2.0	28 356	19.3	14.3	11.5	51.3	82.2	26.7	80.6
Tolland County	89 128	5.3	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.4	11 214	18.6	13.4	11.1	55.0	82.3	30.5	81.3
Windham County	65 489	8.7	3.7	3.4	1.8	2.5	11 759	21.1	15.9	13.0	48.2	83.1	30.4	81.0
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION														
Andover town, Tolland County	1 733	7.3	2.3	1.0	.9	.6	225	12.9	10.2	9.3	63.0	87.7	40.0	86.3
Ansonia city, New Haven County	11 335	7.3	4.0	3.4	1.6	2.6	3 084	18.0	12.5	11.1	43.6	84.7	21.5	82.7
Ansonia town, New Haven County	11 335	7.3	4.0	3.4	1.6	2.6	3 084	18.0	12.5	11.1	43.6	84.7	21.5	82.7
Asheford town, Windham County	2 532	6.1	1.7	3.5	2.4	1.7	315	30.2	13.0	24.1	71.4	84.4	87.1	83.5
Avon town, Hartford County	9 359	3.8	1.1	2.1	1.0	1.5	1 705	11.7	10.0	6.7	55.6	79.6	17.8	79.3
Bantam borough, Litchfield County	457	7.0	2.6	.7	—	.7	153	25.5	17.6	19.6	62.5	87.8	—	86.0
Barkhamsted town, Litchfield County	2 328	3.9	.6	2.2	1.5	1.0	287	9.8	4.2	7.7	79.1	87.1	63.9	87.1
Beacon Falls town, New Haven County	3 431	4.8	1.9	4.0	2.0	2.5	541	24.2	20.7	17.2	43.6	88.2	50.0	86.7
Berlin town, Hartford County	10 722	5.7	2.1	3.9	1.1	3.4	2 559	13.7	8.9	7.0	48.2	87.1	13.3	85.9
Bethany town, New Haven County	3 105	6.1	2.2	2.4	.9	1.7	435	12.4	8.3	6.2	53.2	86.1	27.6	84.7
Bethel town, Fairfield County	11 771	4.1	1.4	2.1	.8	1.6	1 604	18.6	15.7	8.1	56.8	84.9	19.4	84.2
Bethel CDP, Fairfield County	5 873	4.0	1.8	2.7	1.1	2.0	1 054	17.6	14.7	8.4	46.8	86.3	8.1	85.6
Bethlehem town, Litchfield County	2 163	3.7	.6	3.1	.9	2.5	274	2.6	2.6	2.6	75.3	83.0	70.0	82.8
Bethlehem Village CDP, Litchfield County	1 378	4.4	.9	4.3	1.5	3.4	185	3.8	3.8	3.8	80.3	80.2	70.0	80.3
Bloomfield town, Hartford County	12 257	6.0	1.9	5.1	2.0	4.1	3 355	20.3	13.9	11.6	56.4	85.8	43.2	84.9
Blue Hills CDP, Hartford County	2 116	4.8	1.8	6.3	1.2	5.1	440	10.7	10.7	2.5	62.4	83.0	48.0	82.4
Bolton town, Tolland County	3 175	6.0	2.8	2.4	1.5	1.8	430	10.7	9.5	6.3	43.7	87.1	27.1	85.4
Borah town, New London County	1 503	10.6	4.8	2.2	2.2	.6	272	17.3	8.8	13.2	54.7	92.3	—	90.3
Brantford town, New Haven County	18 621	6.4	2.2	2.9	1.4	2.1	4 032	16.3	12.8	10.6	57.0	85.5	25.3	84.5
Brantford Center CDP, New Haven County	3 538	8.2	2.1	5.4	1.6	4.9	1 233	23.7	18.5	14.2	67.9	85.7	30.9	85.1
Bridgeport city, Fairfield County	87 689	8.8	4.4	8.1	2.9	6.8	18 117	25.7	18.2	16.4	40.8	80.3	30.3	78.3
Bridgeport town, Fairfield County	87 689	8.8	4.4	8.1	2.9	6.8	18 117	25.7	18.2	16.4	40.8	80.3	30.3	78.3
Bridgeview town, Litchfield County	1 133	5.3	3.1	2.6	1.7	.9	216	18.5	16.7	11.6	33.3	82.3	10.5	80.9
Bristol city, Hartford County	40 140	7.0	3.0	3.6	1.7	2.6	7 875	20.3	14.0	13.1	50.1	87.1	27.0	85.5
Bristol town, Hartford County	40 140	7.0	3.0	3.6	1.7	2.6	7 875	20.3	14.0	13.1	50.1	87.1	27.0	85.5
Broad Brook CDP, Hartford County	2 361	3.6	2.4	3.5	1.7	2.1	316	13.3	6.6	9.2	32.9	84.0	—	83.6
Brookfield town, Fairfield County	9 890	3.8	1.3	1.6	.9	.9	1 144	13.9	11.1	8.7	54.0	82.5	37.0	81.8
Brooklyn town, Windham County	4 218	10.4	4.4	3.3	1.4	2.9	591	22.2	18.8	9.8	45.0	85.8	14.8	82.5
Burlington town, Hartford County	4 779	3.9	1.2	.6	.4	.4	457	9.6	9.6	5.0	44.3	87.2	—	85.9
Canaan CDP, Litchfield County	689	7.0	1.7	3.8	2.2	2.6	307	26.1	23.8	11.1	58.3	87.7	100.0	85.3
Canaan town, Litchfield County	678	5.9	1.8	.3	—	.3	147	17.7	17.7	12.9	70.0	83.9	—	83.0
Cantonbury town, Windham County	2 894	8.1	3.0	2.1	1.1	1.7	386	17.1	14.0	12.4	52.3	83.2	—	81.6
Canton town, Hartford County	5 668	4.7	1.3	2.1	.4	1.9	866	13.2	11.7	4.7	56.2	87.9	—	86.7
Canton Valley CDP, Hartford County	1 006	2.3	.6	1.2	.6	1.2	246	21.1	18.3	2.8	73.9	88.6	—	88.8
Central Manchester CDP, Hartford County	19 987	7.2	2.6	3.1	1.7	2.3	4 978	20.6	15.2	13.5	57.4	88.0	41.3	86.6
Central Somers CDP, Tolland County	1 003	9.3	3.1	.8	.8	.8	278	12.9	12.9	5.0	51.6	83.3	100.0	80.2
Central Waterford CDP, New London County	1 850	7.6	1.4	5.1	3.0	4.3	523	17.6	15.3	14.0	82.3	86.1	76.4	86.1
Chaplin town, Windham County	1 369	9.5	3.4	4.0	3.5	.8	188	18.1	16.5	11.2	52.3	87.9	27.1	86.6
Cheshire town, New Haven County	15 635	4.5	1.6	1.9	1.0	1.3	2 623	15.7	11.6	9.8	58.5	82.9	42.9	82.1
Cheshire Village CDP, New Haven County	3 630	6.4	2.5	2.5	1.6	1.7	903	12.2	9.6	8.0	55.1	84.0	50.9	82.6
Chester town, Middlesex County	2 139	4.5	1.3	4.4	1.5	2.9	445	16.2	12.4	11.2	66.7	87.4	59.4	86.9
Chester Center CDP, Middlesex County	1 032	2.7	.9	3.2	.7	2.5	191	16.2	12.6	16.2	67.9	86.1	100.0	85.5
Clinton town, Middlesex County	8 503	6.2	1.8	2.8	1.1	2.1	1 210	15.8	10.0	11.2	62.0	85.9	40.2	84.9
Clinton CDP, Middlesex County	2 237	7.0	2.0	4.6	1.9	3.1	464	14.9	11.9	9.7	56.4	84.3	35.7	83.2
Colchester borough, New London County	2 059	6.1	2.7	4.2	.9	4.2	297	25.9	23.2	19.9	51.2	86.7	—	85.3
Colchester town, New London County	7 183	6.3	2.2	4.0	1.8	3.4	928	18.9	16.8	12.9	49.9	85.8	26.9	84.5
Colebrook town, Litchfield County	893	4.7	1.1	3.4	1.5	1.9	1 188	13.8	8.5	6.4	71.4	85.3	23.1	85.6
Collierville CDP, Hartford County	1 334	4.1	.4	4.1	.4	.4	273	9.9	9.9	4.8	82.7	89.0	—	89.1
Columbia town, Windham County	3 004	4.7	1.5	.7	.2	.5	453	13.5	10.6	7.7	51.4	89.1	100.0	87.3
Conning Towers-Nautilus Park CDP, New London County	3 468	6.8	2.5	2.5	1.4	1.7	140	32.1	32.1	12.9	47.2	65.4	20.0	64.8
Cornwall town, Litchfield County	901	6.7	1.0	4.8	2.6	2.8	249	14.1	12.4	7.2	71.7	84.9	73.9	84.3
Coventry town, Tolland County	6 908	5.9	2.3	3.5	1.7	3.0	812	16.9	12.4	10.6	54.9	86.1	22.8	85.3
Coventry Lake CDP, Tolland County	1 968	6.4	3.7	4.1	1.8	3.7	252	9.5	9.5	—	38.1	80.6	20.0	78.9
Cromwell town, Middlesex County	8 016	4.9	1.6	2.5	.8	1.9	1 737	12.9	9.3	8.3	53.6	87.1	21.2	86.0
Crystal Lake CDP, Tolland County	831	4.9	2.0	—	—	—	113	20.4	10.6	15.0	53.7	87.6	—	85.9
Danbury city, Fairfield County	43 739	5.7	2.1	3.7	1.1	3.3	7 009	21.0	15.5	12.1	56.4	85.0	47.0	83.8
Danbury town, Fairfield County	43 739	5.7	2.1	3.7	1.1	3.3	7 009	21.0	15.5	12.1	56.4	85.0	47.0	83.8
Danielson borough, Windham County	2 874	10.1	3.1	3.4	2.6	1.6	525	17.7	16.0	6.9	56.4	84.6	29.3	83.2
Darien town, Fairfield County	11 890	3.9	1.2	1.2	.9	.8	2 241	11.7	9.1	6.3	60.9	74.6	35.7	74.5
Darien CDP, Fairfield County	11 831	3.9	1.3	1.3	.9	.8	2 241	11.4	9.1	6.3	60.9	74.6	35.7	74.4
Deep River town, Middlesex County	2 835	3.8	1.4	3.0	1.1	2.8	501	16.0	12.4	9.8	44.4	83.1	15.6	82.3
Deep River Center CDP, Middlesex County	1 585	3.1	2.2	3.4	1.6	3.0	307	13.4	10.1	7.8	28.6	85.8	19.2	85.1
Derby city, New Haven County	7 883	6.5	2.8	4.7	1.1	4.4	2 060	28.2	16.7	19.0	47.3	86.5	—	84.8
Derby town, New Haven County	7 883	6.5	2.8	4.7	1.1	4.4	2 060	28.2	16.7	19.0	47.3	86.5	—	84.8
Durham CDP, Middlesex County	1 789	4.6	2.1	2.1	.4	.6	278	29.1	25.5	15.5	53.7	84.7	—	83.7
Durham town, Middlesex County	3 783	5.4	1.8	2.2	1.3	1.3	449	24.5	20.7	12.7	60.5	85.2	50.0	84.3
East Brookfield CDP, Windham County	9 772	19.3	7.8	4.1	.9	2.8	230	21.7	21.7	10.9	34.0	83.7	100.0	73.8
Eastford town, Windham County	859	5.8	1.2	3.7	1.2	2.5	158	17.1	13.9	6.0	64.0	81.2	40.0	80.7
East Granby town, Hartford County	2 952	3.8	1.4	1.7	.8	1.2	460	8.5	8.5	1.3	50.4	85.0	16.1	

Table 8. Disability Status: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years					Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over					Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—					
	Percent with a work disability		Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation										
	Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation	
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total
Enfield town, Hartford County	29 745	6.8	2.6	4.4	1.6	3.3	4 616	20.0	14.4	10.2	50.9	86.1	33.1	84.6	84.6	84.6
Essex town, Middlesex County	3 424	6.7	2.8	2.0	1.4	1.1	1 236	14.8	10.7	8.7	53.0	85.0	14.9	83.8	83.8	83.8
Essex Village CDP, Middlesex County	1 506	8.0	4.1	4.0	3.1	1.8	483	20.7	14.7	11.0	49.2	81.5	14.9	80.9	80.9	80.9
Fairfield town, Fairfield County	34 816	4.6	1.8	2.3	1.2	1.6	8 353	14.4	10.4	8.9	50.9	78.2	32.5	77.5	77.5	77.5
Formington town, Hartford County	13 536	4.9	2.1	2.5	1.5	2.0	2 892	15.0	12.2	8.7	46.5	83.8	33.3	82.7	82.7	82.7
Fernwick borough, Middlesex County	32	18.8	—	9.4	9.4	9.4	44	11.4	11.4	6.8	100.0	50.0	100.0	55.2	55.2	55.2
Franklin town, New London County	1 239	6.6	2.7	2.7	1.5	1.9	188	11.7	10.1	4.8	51.2	83.9	52.6	82.2	82.2	82.2
Georgetown CDP, Fairfield County	1 122	2.7	5	—	—	—	206	18.9	14.1	4.9	30.0	83.5	100.0	81.9	81.9	81.9
Glastonbury town, Hartford County	18 958	3.4	1.3	1.8	1.0	1.3	3 147	14.4	10.7	8.9	54.4	83.1	38.9	82.5	82.5	82.5
Glastonbury Center CDP, Hartford County	4 713	4.3	1.3	2.7	1.3	1.8	1 241	15.6	10.2	10.1	57.7	83.9	42.4	83.3	83.3	83.3
Goshen town, Litchfield County	1 517	4.9	1.1	3.3	1.3	2.4	294	13.9	8.8	9.9	64.9	82.4	50.0	82.0	82.0	82.0
Granby town, Hartford County	6 434	4.6	1.1	1.7	1.3	8	778	10.4	7.7	5.8	62.3	84.3	56.6	83.7	83.7	83.7
Greenwich town, Fairfield County	38 663	3.7	1.5	2.1	1.9	1.6	8 860	14.9	11.1	8.6	47.0	75.8	36.8	75.0	75.0	75.0
Griswold town, New London County	6 547	12.0	4.0	4.3	2.0	3.3	1 125	20.8	13.0	14.4	55.0	82.2	27.3	80.0	80.0	80.0
Graton city, New London County	6 178	8.6	3.0	3.2	1.7	2.0	1 038	22.5	17.4	10.3	60.4	83.9	51.4	82.4	82.4	82.4
Graton town, New London County	22 191	7.2	2.9	2.6	1.5	1.6	3 624	20.9	16.5	10.5	49.0	80.2	38.7	78.5	78.5	78.5
Gulfport town, New Haven County	13 398	4.2	1.4	1.2	1.7	6	1 867	15.9	14.6	7.7	60.5	83.4	32.3	82.9	82.9	82.9
Gulfport Center CDP, New Haven County	1 621	6.4	3.1	1.4	1.4	4	526	20.0	17.3	3.6	42.3	83.2	72.7	80.7	80.7	80.7
Haddam town, Middlesex County	4 747	14.5	1.4	1.8	8	3	639	16.9	14.9	9.4	68.8	88.2	16.2	87.6	87.6	87.6
Hamden town, New Haven County	32 910	5.8	2.3	2.5	1.3	1.9	9 700	18.4	13.5	11.0	52.0	84.6	19.0	83.5	83.5	83.5
Hampton town, Windham County	1 060	7.2	2.0	1.8	1.2	1.4	171	21.6	16.4	15.2	63.2	88.4	15.4	87.5	87.5	87.5
Hartford city, Hartford County	89 886	9.7	5.5	9.4	4.0	7.3	12 958	22.7	18.7	18.5	53.8	77.4	30.9	70.3	70.3	70.3
Hartford town, Hartford County	89 886	9.7	5.5	9.4	4.0	7.3	12 958	22.7	18.7	18.5	53.8	77.4	30.9	70.3	70.3	70.3
Hartford town, Hartford County	1 220	6.1	2.3	1.5	8	1.5	149	11.4	10.1	6.0	34.7	83.1	—	80.8	80.8	80.8
Harwinton town, Litchfield County	3 491	5.0	1.4	3.1	6	2.5	599	11.0	11.0	2.7	65.5	86.4	63.6	85.5	85.5	85.5
Hazardville CDP, Hartford County	3 320	6.6	2.7	4.8	1.6	3.5	679	17.2	11.9	8.2	39.0	87.0	36.5	84.6	84.6	84.6
Hebron town, Tolland County	4 794	4.0	2.1	1.8	7	1.0	348	12.9	2.0	12.9	47.1	84.9	62.9	83.5	83.5	83.5
Heritage Village CDP, New Haven County	750	10.0	4.9	3.9	3.9	1.2	2 796	17.6	14.1	8.9	37.3	69.9	34.5	68.0	68.0	68.0
Hingham CDP, Middlesex County	1 250	11.3	3.2	3.7	1.3	2.9	174	11.5	8.0	7.5	63.1	92.5	37.5	89.8	89.8	89.8
Jewett City borough, New London County	2 045	14.0	4.0	6.5	2.0	5.8	469	23.5	15.8	16.2	56.6	82.2	22.0	79.9	79.9	79.9
Kensington CDP, Hartford County	5 156	4.1	1.9	3.2	1.4	2.7	1 416	14.1	8.3	8.5	43.6	89.2	—	88.6	88.6	88.6
Kent town, Litchfield County	1 904	6.1	2.1	2.4	1.2	1.5	394	17.0	11.2	13.5	65.6	84.2	22.7	83.8	83.8	83.8
Killingly town, Windham County	10 049	9.0	3.2	3.1	2.1	0.9	1 801	19.9	15.1	11.3	53.9	85.2	36.1	83.4	83.4	83.4
Killingworth town, Middlesex County	3 308	4.2	2.0	1.6	8	8	470	9.6	9.6	9	47.8	79.0	—	78.4	78.4	78.4
Lake Pocotopaug CDP, Middlesex County	2 066	4.4	1.3	7	3	8	258	13.6	13.6	10.5	62.2	91.9	—	90.9	90.9	90.9
Lebanon town, New London County	4 051	8.7	2.7	1.1	1.1	—	477	14.7	13.0	7.5	61.3	84.5	21.7	83.2	83.2	83.2
Ledyard town, New London County	9 420	6.0	1.4	1.9	1.3	1.1	915	20.0	17.7	11.6	60.6	80.4	36.9	79.8	79.8	79.8
Lisbon town, New London County	2 509	8.8	3.2	2.1	1.6	4	369	20.3	5.7	14.6	43.9	85.4	12.2	82.9	82.9	82.9
Litchfield borough, Litchfield County	740	2.7	—	2.0	1.5	1.5	280	17.1	13.6	7.5	90.0	83.9	100.0	84.0	84.0	84.0
Litchfield town, Litchfield County	5 157	5.5	1.3	1.7	5	1.5	1 267	18.4	14.1	12.3	67.0	81.5	40.0	80.9	80.9	80.9
Lyme town, New London County	1 280	6.4	1.8	3.0	2.3	1.7	342	11.4	8.8	6.7	58.5	77.5	65.5	76.6	76.6	76.6
Madison town, New Haven County	10 174	4.2	1.5	1.3	9	1.0	1 846	10.5	9.5	2.3	54.2	77.9	18.0	77.5	77.5	77.5
Madison Center CDP, New Haven County	1 500	4.6	3.5	2.5	2.5	1.3	869	12.5	12.5	13.0	78.1	—	—	—	—	—
Manchester town, Hartford County	33 460	3.2	—	3.1	1.2	2.3	6	12.0	14.4	12.6	55.3	83.3	42.9	86.0	86.0	86.0
Mansfield town, Tolland County	17 098	3.4	1.0	1.1	5	9	1 521	15.3	12.7	7.3	48.6	62.5	45.6	62.1	62.1	62.1
Mariaborough town, Hartford County	3 748	3.8	1.2	2.9	6	2.8	307	18.9	12.1	10.1	60.1	84.2	—	83.8	83.8	83.8
Meriden city, New Haven County	37 571	7.6	3.4	4.7	2.1	3.5	7 930	22.7	17.8	12.7	48.1	85.3	29.7	83.7	83.7	83.7
Meriden town, New Haven County	37 571	7.6	3.4	4.7	2.1	3.5	7 930	22.7	17.8	12.7	48.1	85.3	29.7	83.7	83.7	83.7
Middlebury town, New Haven County	3 980	5.5	2.5	2.8	2.1	1.4	948	9.0	7.8	5.6	47.3	81.5	18.3	80.9	80.9	80.9
Middlefield town, Middlesex County	2 608	6.0	1.1	3.5	1.2	2.3	532	14.5	12.6	10.0	71.3	86.7	78.1	85.9	85.9	85.9
Middletown city, Middlesex County	29 239	5.5	1.8	3.2	1.5	2.4	4 907	18.9	12.9	11.0	59.1	84.8	58.6	83.7	83.7	83.7
Middletown town, Middlesex County	29 239	5.5	1.8	3.2	1.5	2.4	4 907	18.9	12.9	11.0	59.1	84.8	58.6	83.7	83.7	83.7
Milford town, New Haven County	33 326	6.0	2.6	2.9	1.4	2.1	6 573	15.6	12.0	9.2	47.1	83.9	19.8	82.6	82.6	82.6
Milford city (remainder), New Haven County	32 065	6.0	2.6	2.9	1.4	2.1	6 353	15.2	11.8	9.1	47.4	83.7	19.8	82.6	82.6	82.6
Monroe town, Fairfield County	11 433	4.9	1.9	3.3	1.1	2.8	1 316	12.6	11.9	8.5	47.0	83.2	45.2	81.8	81.8	81.8
Montville town, New London County	11 132	7.6	3.6	3.4	2.0	2.1	1 458	15.9	12.3	11.4	44.9	83.9	24.6	82.1	82.1	82.1
Moodus CDP, Middlesex County	683	2.3	1.2	2.6	1.2	1.5	167	34.7	29.3	9.6	50.0	84.0	—	84.1	84.1	84.1
Moosup CDP, Windham County	2 031	10.8	4.8	4.0	1.6	2.4	371	27.0	25.3	10.5	46.6	79.9	21.2	77.2	77.2	77.2
Morris town, Litchfield County	1 315	6.4	2.7	8	3	3	281	16.0	13.2	9.6	53.6	84.6	25.0	83.0	83.0	83.0
Mystic CDP, New London County	1 693	3.0	—	1.2	8	4	409	11.7	7.8	6.6	72.5	81.7	—	82.1	82.1	82.1
Naugatuck borough, New Haven County	19 596	6.6	2.2	3.0	1.2	2.1	3 656	15.5	11.2	9.8	60.9	86.5	42.6	85.3	85.3	85.3
Naugatuck town, New Haven County	19 596	6.6	2.2	3.0	1.2	2.1	3 656	15.5	11.2	9.8	60.9	86.5	42.6	85.3	85.3	85.3
New Britain city, Hartford County	47 873	7.1	3.5	4.6	2.0	3.6	12 207	22.8	15.5	15.6	42.3	83.0	21.9	81.3	81.3	81.3
New Britain town, Hartford County	47 873	7.1	3.5	4.6	2.0	3.6	12 207	22.8	15.5	15.6	42.3	83.0	21.9	81.3	81.3	81.3
New Canaan town, Fairfield County	11 878	2.2	4	1.6	3	1.3	2 265	12.3	9.7	6.8	65.3	73.7	42.9	73.6	73.6	73.6
New Fairfield town, Fairfield County	8 652	5.4	2.4	2.5	1.2	1.7	1 141	23.0	14.3	13.5	51.7	82.1	35.2	81.1	81.1	81.1
New Hartford town, Litchfield County	3 942	4.3	1.5	3.7	8	3.3	518	18.1	18.1	6.2	49.1	88.2	30.0	86.9	86.9	86.9
New Hartford Center CDP, Litchfield County	979	3.8	2.0	10.3												

Table 8. Disability Status: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years						Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over						Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—			
	Percent with a work disability			Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation						A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation
	Total	Prevented from working		Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	Total									
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.	Total	Total		Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation	Total	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation			A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation
Norwalk town, Fairfield County	54 337	5.8	2.4	4.1	1.6	3.4	9 365	18.0	12.7	11.2	54.1	85.7	27.5	—	84.8	—
Norwich city, New London County	22 812	10.9	4.9	4.0	2.2	2.7	5 334	21.2	15.1	12.0	47.6	83.1	21.5	—	80.5	—
Norwich town, New London County	22 812	10.9	4.9	4.0	2.2	2.7	5 334	21.2	15.1	12.0	47.6	83.1	21.5	—	80.5	—
Oakville CDP, Litchfield County	5 866	5.8	2.6	3.0	.9	2.4	1 187	19.6	12.7	13.6	53.2	87.7	17.0	—	86.4	—
Old Lyme town, New London County	4 205	4.9	2.0	1.9	1.2	1.9	992	17.9	12.8	11.3	44.2	82.0	—	—	81.1	—
Old Saybrook town, Middlesex County	6 057	5.6	1.5	2.7	1.1	1.6	1 591	12.5	6.8	8.0	65.9	81.7	89.9	—	80.7	—
Old Saybrook Center CDP, Middlesex County	1 150	5.8	.9	1.7	—	1.7	595	10.4	6.1	5.9	73.1	85.3	—	—	84.6	—
Orange town, New Haven County	8 188	5.9	2.0	2.7	1.2	1.9	2 036	12.6	12.2	6.2	58.8	80.3	18.0	—	79.8	—
Orange CDP, New Haven County	8 188	5.9	2.0	2.7	1.2	1.9	2 036	12.6	12.2	6.2	58.8	80.3	18.0	—	79.8	—
Oxford town, New Haven County	5 339	5.1	1.3	1.2	.7	1.2	700	14.1	9.9	9.3	68.4	84.7	23.3	—	84.3	—
Powcatuck CDP, New London County	3 700	9.0	3.7	2.6	2.3	.9	863	25.3	13.3	18.3	54.1	82.7	10.4	—	81.8	—
Plainfield town, Windham County	9 052	11.5	5.0	3.9	2.2	2.5	1 377	22.6	16.5	13.2	50.4	83.9	32.0	—	81.1	—
Plainfield Village CDP, Windham County	1 703	16.2	8.5	4.0	2.9	2.3	296	37.2	22.0	24.3	45.7	88.4	38.0	—	82.8	—
Plainville town, Hartford County	11 633	6.2	2.7	3.8	1.5	3.0	2 291	14.1	11.8	7.4	48.1	88.4	39.2	—	86.5	—
Plymouth town, Litchfield County	7 610	6.4	1.6	4.0	1.2	3.4	499	22.1	16.5	13.1	66.3	86.0	35.6	—	85.3	—
Plainfield town, Windham County	2 063	4.8	2.2	4.4	.4	2.2	274	15.3	9.9	5.9	53.1	82.7	—	—	81.6	—
Poquonock Bridge CDP, New London County	1 691	11.4	7.6	4.4	2.8	2.8	276	29.0	18.1	15.2	30.6	83.2	39.6	—	78.3	—
Portland town, Middlesex County	5 459	6.2	2.8	3.3	1.5	2.4	1 147	19.7	15.6	12.2	41.1	86.6	27.4	—	84.7	—
Portland CDP, Middlesex County	3 538	6.9	3.4	3.6	1.9	2.5	890	20.1	15.6	12.2	38.4	85.7	19.1	—	83.6	—
Preston town, New London County	3 049	7.4	1.8	2.7	1.0	2.5	551	31.9	22.9	17.6	68.4	82.8	—	—	82.6	—
Prospect town, New Haven County	5 167	8.1	2.8	5.2	3.0	3.6	811	17.5	12.1	10.6	61.7	85.2	53.9	—	84.2	—
Putnam town, New Haven County	5 411	12.5	5.8	3.4	1.5	3.2	1 487	24.1	20.0	12.1	42.7	83.2	—	—	79.3	—
Putnam District CDP, Windham County	4 088	14.0	6.0	2.7	1.1	2.4	1 161	26.8	21.4	14.7	44.3	84.4	—	—	79.7	—
Quinebaug CDP, Windham County	609	9.7	7.4	2.1	2.1	2.1	241	6.2	3.3	4.6	27.7	85.6	—	—	81.4	—
Redding town, Fairfield County	5 488	3.0	1.2	1.6	.7	1.1	691	5.1	3.1	7	41.5	79.2	22.5	—	78.5	—
Ridgefield CDP, Fairfield County	4 411	3.3	.8	1.6	.6	1.1	1 806	11.5	10.9	5.0	70.1	78.1	53.6	—	78.0	—
Ridgefield town, Fairfield County	14 583	2.8	1.0	1.1	.6	.8	1 779	10.2	9.1	4.4	54.7	80.2	26.8	—	79.8	—
Rocky Hill town, Hartford County	11 119	5.1	1.4	2.6	1.6	1.7	1 757	11.7	9.0	5.2	67.5	89.2	47.7	—	88.8	—
Roxbury town, Litchfield County	1 223	6.7	2.0	3.2	1.0	2.8	241	14.5	11.6	6.6	51.2	78.6	58.3	—	77.0	—
Salem town, New London County	2 154	4.5	1.5	1.7	.7	1.7	214	41.1	34.6	17.8	54.2	86.7	—	—	85.9	—
Salisbury town, Litchfield County	2 341	5.8	1.6	2.1	.9	2.1	871	15.4	12.2	9.6	68.1	80.6	—	—	80.6	—
Salmon Brook CDP, Hartford County	1 574	6.6	.7	3.2	2.5	1.8	207	17.9	7.7	12.6	79.8	89.5	85.0	—	88.9	—
Saybrook Manor CDP, Middlesex County	702	7.0	3.7	7.4	—	7.4	180	15.0	8.9	10.6	12.2	87.6	—	—	82.3	—
Seaford town, Windham County	784	4.7	1.1	.5	.5	.3	123	20.3	17.1	4.1	75.7	84.3	50.0	—	84.1	—
Seymour town, New Haven County	9 518	7.3	2.4	3.4	1.7	2.4	2 004	16.4	12.9	9.6	54.4	84.9	31.7	—	85.5	—
Sharon town, Litchfield County	1 883	4.2	1.6	1.3	1.0	.3	516	7.8	4.1	4.7	61.3	82.3	50.0	—	81.7	—
Shelton city, Fairfield County	23 441	5.3	2.3	2.5	1.1	1.9	3 826	17.1	12.5	11.8	41.6	84.8	27.9	—	83.1	—
Shelton town, Fairfield County	23 441	5.3	2.3	2.5	1.1	1.9	3 826	17.1	12.5	11.8	41.6	84.8	27.9	—	83.1	—
Sherman town, Fairfield County	1 914	5.0	2.5	1.2	1.2	.4	361	18.3	11.9	11.1	34.4	83.6	—	—	82.1	—
Sherwood Manor CDP, Hartford County	4 524	7.0	2.3	3.8	2.0	2.3	515	21.6	18.8	8.3	59.4	85.2	29.7	—	84.5	—
Simsbury town, Hartford County	14 958	3.7	1.1	2.2	1.3	1.5	2 058	14.3	11.2	6.9	64.2	81.8	56.1	—	81.4	—
Simsbury Center CDP, Hartford County	3 742	4.9	1.2	4.5	2.9	3.0	699	17.2	14.7	6.3	67.6	84.4	67.6	—	84.0	—
Somers town, Tolland County	5 080	6.4	2.0	1.5	.5	1.3	823	13.2	9.4	6.2	57.4	82.3	64.0	—	80.8	—
Southbury town, New Haven County	7 904	4.1	1.5	1.9	1.0	1.5	3 969	17.5	14.0	9.6	44.3	80.7	26.8	—	79.7	—
South Coventry CDP, Tolland County	816	6.9	4.2	3.8	2.3	2.7	166	24.1	19.3	16.9	39.3	92.1	—	—	90.6	—
Southington town, Hartford County	25 735	5.3	1.4	2.9	1.2	2.5	4 493	19.0	13.8	12.4	64.4	85.0	49.4	—	84.3	—
South Windsor CDP, Windham County	1 062	5.8	1.3	.7	.7	.7	216	22.7	14.8	19.4	54.8	80.4	—	—	79.4	—
South Windsor town, Hartford County	15 413	4.6	1.1	2.0	.9	1.5	1 609	11.7	8.5	6.6	63.0	87.8	48.9	—	87.0	—
Southwest Acres CDP, Hartford County	6 474	5.3	2.4	4.4	1.5	3.6	608	16.8	12.2	8.4	44.3	86.7	28.6	—	85.3	—
South Woodstock CDP, Windham County	730	4.7	1.2	1.9	.8	1.1	148	30.4	21.6	23.6	73.5	83.0	100.0	—	82.5	—
Sprague town, New London County	2 007	8.3	2.2	4.4	1.6	3.1	311	30.5	17.7	20.9	63.3	78.2	62.5	—	77.2	—
Stafford town, Tolland County	7 053	7.4	2.9	2.0	.6	1.8	1 296	19.2	12.6	12.3	53.6	85.7	15.0	—	83.7	—
Stafford Springs borough, Tolland County	2 485	9.0	3.3	2.2	.8	1.8	568	21.5	16.2	15.0	48.9	87.5	28.6	—	84.5	—
Stamford city, Fairfield County	73 999	5.2	2.5	4.1	1.8	3.4	13 605	19.3	14.6	13.0	44.9	83.6	32.4	—	82.5	—
Stamford town, Fairfield County	73 999	5.2	2.5	4.1	1.8	3.4	13 605	19.3	14.6	13.0	44.9	83.6	32.4	—	82.5	—
Sterling town, Windham County	1 471	9.5	5.0	3.2	1.7	2.9	254	15.0	12.8	12.1	42.1	86.6	20.0	—	83.4	—
Stromington borough, New London County	1 693	6.1	2.0	2.7	1.6	2.0	266	13.4	13.5	9.0	47.6	87.7	18.2	—	86.4	—
Stonington town, New London County	11 006	7.2	2.8	2.2	1.4	1.1	2 707	18.4	12.2	11.2	52.8	83.2	14.3	—	81.9	—
Storrs CDP, Tolland County	11 169	2.0	.5	.6	.3	.5	607	12.0	10.5	7.9	35.2	50.6	34.5	—	50.3	—
Stratford town, Fairfield County	30 717	6.3	2.6	3.2	1.4	2.6	9 475	16.0	11.8	9.1	49.9	84.5	24.7	—	83.1	—
Stratford CDP, Fairfield County	30 717	6.3	2.6	3.2	1.4	2.6	9 475	16.0	11.8	9.1	49.9	84.5	24.7	—	83.1	—
Stratford town, Hartford County	7 528	5.6	2.0	2.4	1.3	1.6	1 484	15.4	11.0	10.2	55.6	80.9	34.7	—	80.0	—
Suffield Depot CDP, Hartford County	823	7.2	2.2	—	—	—	249	30.9	17.7	20.5	57.6	61.0	—	—	60.8	—
Torrville CDP, Hartford County	1 005	7.2	3.2	1.2	.6	1.2	119	36.1	36.1	14.3	55.6	89.4	—	—	87.5	—
Terrington CDP, Hartford County	690	3.9	.7	—	—	—	73	9.6	9.6	—	81.5	87.8	—	—	87.5	—
Terrville CDP, Litchfield County	3 404	7.3	1.8	4.5	.9	4.1	904	17.4	15.4	9.3	62.5	86.9	25.0	—	85.7	—
Thermon town, Litchfield County	4 444	1.9	1.4	1.9	.7	1.9	987	19.3	18.8	14.6	42.1	86.6	15.2	—	85.2	—
Thompson town, Windham County	5 456	5.6	3.8	5.1	1.5	4.1	1 160	19.2	14.9	12.1	30.2	83.6	13.6	—	81.6	—
Thompsonville CDP, Hartford County	5 081	10.6	4.4	3.6	1.8	2.5	1 362	23.9	17.9	13.0	50.0	86.3	20.9	—	83.6	—
Tolland town, Tolland County	7 609	4.5	1.0	1.4	.3	1.4	601	29.6	18.3	18.5	70.2	86.3	—	—	85.8	—
Torrington city, Litchfield County	20 951	7.9	2.3	3.1	1.2	2.6	5 740	18.1	11.7	12.4	59.5	86.2	31.3	—	84.8	—
Torrington town, Litchfield County	20 951	7.9	2.3	3.1	1.2	2.6	5 740	18.1	11.7	12.4	59.5	86.2	31.3	—	84.8	—
Trumbull town, Fairfield County	20 682	4.3	1.7	2.6	1.1	2.1	4 742	16.6	12.4	10.3	48.6	80.9	29.4	—	80.1	—
Trumbull CDP, Fairfield County	20 682	4.3	1.7	2.6	1.1	2.1	4 742	16.6	12.4	10.3	48.6	80.9	29.4	—	80.1	—
Uncasville-Oxoboxo Valley CDP, New London County	1 841	8.4	2.9	3.6	3.1	1.3	432	17.8	10.4	11.3	56.5	84.2	38.6	—	83.2	—
Union town, Tolland County	20 195	6.5	2.7	2.8	1.7	1.5	3 296	22.7	16.8	13.5	51.5	89.2	26.0	—	87.8	—
Vernon town, Tolland County	1 387	8.8	2.8	3.9	1.2	3.4	201	15.4	8.0	10.4	57.4	86.1	37.5	—	84.1	—

Table 8. **Disability Status: 1990—Con.**

(Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

State County Place and [In Selected States] County Subdivision	Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years						Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over				Percent in labor force of civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years with—				
	Total	Percent with a work disability		Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			Total	Percent with a mobility or self-care limitation			A work disability	No work disability	A mobility limitation	No mobility limitation	
		Total	Prevented from working	Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation		Total	Mobility limitation	Self-care limitation					
PLACE AND COUNTY SUBDIVISION— Con.															
West Hartford town, Hartford County -----	36 166	4.5	1.7	3.7	1.3	2.9	12 083	17.4	12.4	10.5	51.2	81.3	39.6	80.5	80.5
West Hartford CDP, Hartford County -----	36 166	4.5	1.7	3.7	1.3	2.9	12 083	17.4	12.4	10.5	51.2	81.3	39.6	80.5	80.5
West Haven city, New Haven County -----	35 513	7.2	3.2	4.7	1.7	3.8	7 432	16.6	10.9	12.3	45.1	83.8	22.9	82.0	82.0
West Haven town, New Haven County -----	35 513	7.2	3.2	4.7	1.7	3.8	7 432	16.6	10.9	12.3	45.1	83.8	22.9	82.0	82.0
West Mystic CDP, New London County -----	2 347	4.1	1.2	1.6	.9	.9	452	16.8	14.6	5.8	47.9	82.0	—	81.4	81.4
Weston town, Fairfield County -----	6 057	3.1	.6	.8	.5	.6	715	14.1	13.3	7.4	49.5	74.5	32.3	73.9	73.9
Westport town, Fairfield County -----	16 827	3.3	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.6	3 160	12.0	10.2	8.6	64.4	77.2	53.6	77.0	77.0
Westport CDP, Fairfield County -----	16 810	3.3	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.6	3 160	12.0	10.2	8.6	64.4	77.3	53.6	77.1	77.1
West Simsbury CDP, Hartford County -----	1 295	3.6	.9	1.9	1.3	.9	167	12.6	12.6	3.0	61.7	76.4	100.0	75.6	75.6
Wethersfield town, Hartford County -----	15 689	5.7	2.5	3.7	1.9	2.9	5 594	18.4	13.9	10.3	46.1	81.5	35.5	80.3	80.3
Wethersfield CDP, Hartford County -----	15 689	5.7	2.5	3.7	1.9	2.9	5 594	18.4	13.9	10.3	46.1	81.5	35.5	80.3	80.3
Willimantic CDP, Windham County -----	9 780	7.7	4.0	3.4	2.0	2.4	1 959	24.6	17.4	16.2	37.4	78.9	23.3	76.7	76.7
Willingtown town, Tolland County -----	4 286	5.4	1.3	2.4	1.2	1.3	342	18.4	8.2	13.7	62.7	87.4	30.2	86.8	86.8
Wilton town, Fairfield County -----	10 697	2.7	.9	.6	.4	.4	1 518	14.3	11.2	8.8	56.3	76.7	54.3	76.3	76.3
Winchester town, Litchfield County -----	7 400	8.2	2.6	3.1	1.4	2.3	1 593	16.1	10.2	11.6	63.9	86.5	43.6	85.2	85.2
Windham town, Windham County -----	14 434	7.8	3.7	3.8	1.8	3.0	2 712	22.7	15.7	15.9	41.7	79.0	28.9	77.0	77.0
Windsor town, Hartford County -----	18 076	5.0	1.9	2.8	1.3	2.1	3 332	19.5	15.2	11.2	52.9	86.2	37.4	85.1	85.1
Windsor Locks town, Hartford County -----	8 250	4.3	1.6	2.9	.7	2.7	1 728	17.9	11.3	11.7	55.6	87.8	8.2	87.0	87.0
Windsor Locks CDP, Hartford County -----	8 250	4.3	1.6	2.9	.7	2.7	1 728	17.9	11.3	11.7	55.6	87.8	8.2	87.0	87.0
Winsted CDP, Litchfield County -----	5 212	9.7	2.5	3.8	1.7	2.6	1 263	18.2	12.4	13.0	68.6	85.6	50.0	84.6	84.6
Wolcott town, New Haven County -----	9 256	6.1	2.5	3.0	1.8	2.1	1 525	15.4	11.9	10.6	46.4	85.8	24.7	84.4	84.4
Woodbridge town, New Haven County -----	5 057	4.1	1.8	2.2	1.4	1.5	1 159	12.9	9.3	10.0	49.8	76.1	46.6	75.4	75.4
Woodbury town, Litchfield County -----	5 600	5.4	1.4	2.7	.6	2.3	970	14.7	12.5	4.8	56.0	84.7	34.4	83.4	83.4
Woodbury Center CDP, Litchfield County -----	1 741	8.0	1.2	1.2	—	1.2	216	11.6	6.9	4.6	67.8	85.0	—	83.7	83.7
Woodmont borough, New Haven County -----	1 261	5.6	2.6	4.7	1.2	4.3	220	25.0	19.1	13.2	40.8	87.4	20.0	85.6	85.6
Woodstock town, Windham County -----	3 837	6.7	2.6	2.9	2.4	1.4	782	15.0	12.4	11.6	59.0	83.1	49.5	82.3	82.3
Millford city, New Haven County -----	33 326	6.0	2.6	2.9	1.4	2.1	6 573	15.6	12.0	9.2	47.1	83.9	19.8	82.6	82.6

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